CL-FORMS

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1 Introduction

CL-FORMS is a web forms handling library for Common Lisp.

Although it is potentially framework agnostic, it runs on top of Hunchentoot at the moment.

It features:

- Several form field types: String, boolean, integer, email, password fields. And more.
- Custom fields. CL-FORMS is extensible and it is possible to define new field types.
- Server and client side validation
- Rendering backends. Forms can be rendered via CL-WHO, or Djula, or something else; the backend is pluggable. The default renderer is CL-WHO.
- Themes (like Bootstrap)
- Control on rendering and layout.
- Handling of form errors.
- CSRF protection

2 Installation

3 Usage

3.1 Basics

```
Use [DEFFORM], page 13 to define a form. Example:
```

```
(defform fields-form (:action "/fields-post")
  ((name :string :value "")
   (ready :boolean :value t)
   (sex :choice :choices (list "Male" "Female") :value "Male")
   (submit :submit :label "Create")))
```

On your web handler, grab the form via 'get-form', select a renderer with 'with-form-renderer' and then render the form with 'render-form':

To handle the form, grab it via 'get-form' and then call 'handle-request' (you should probably also call 'validate-form' after). Then bind form fields via either 'with-form-field-values', that binds the form field values; or 'with-form-fields' that binds the form fields.

Plase have a look at the demo sources for more examples of how to use the library

:enctype "multipart/form-data")

3.2 Demo

There's a demo included. To run:

```
(require :cl-forms.demo)
(forms.test:run-demo)
```

3.2.1 Basic example

Define a form. Render the form via CL-WHO backend, doing:

```
(forms:with-form-renderer :who
          (forms:render-form form))
Then handle and validate the form.
Source code:
    (in-package :forms.test)
    (forms:defform fields-form (:action "/fields-post")
```

```
((name :string :value "")
  (ready :boolean :value t)
  (sex :choice :choices (list "Male" "Female") :value "Male")
  (avatar :file :upload-handler 'handle-file-upload)
  (disabled :string :disabled-p t :required-p nil)
  (readonly :string :read-only-p t :required-p nil)
  (readonly-checkbox :boolean :read-only-p t :required-p nil)
  (disabled-checkbox :boolean :disabled-p t :required-p nil)
  (submit :submit :label "Create")))
(defun fields-demo ()
  (who:with-html-output (forms.who::*html*)
    (:h1 (who:str "Fields example"))
    (:div :class :container
         (:div :class :row
                (:div :class :heading
                      (:h3 (who:str "Simple form")))
                (let ((form (forms::get-form 'fields-form)))
                  (forms:with-form-renderer :who
                    (forms:render-form form)))
          (:div :class :row
                (:div :class :heading
                      (:h3 (who:str "Choices")))
                (let ((form (forms::get-form 'choices-form)))
                  (forms:with-form-renderer :who
                    (forms:render-form form))))))
(hunchentoot:define-easy-handler (fields-demo-handler :uri "/fields") ()
  (render-demo-page :demo #'fields-demo
                    :source (asdf:system-relative-pathname :cl-forms.demo
                                                           "test/demo/fields.lisp")
                    :active-menu :fields))
(hunchentoot:define-easy-handler (fields-form-post
                                  :uri "/fields-post"
                                  :default-request-type :post) ()
 (flet ((fields-post ()
           (let ((form (forms:get-form 'fields-form)))
             (forms::handle-request form)
             (forms::with-form-fields (name ready sex avatar) form
               (who:with-html-output (forms.who::*html*)
                  (:li (who:fmt "Name: ~A" (forms::field-value name)))
                  (:li (who:fmt "Ready: ~A" (forms::field-value ready)))
                  (:li (who:fmt "Sex: ~A" (forms::field-value sex)))
                  (:li (who:fmt "Avatar: ~A" (forms::file-name avatar))
                       (when (forms::file-name avatar)
```

```
(who:htm
                          (:img :width 200 :height 200
                                :src (format nil "/files?f=~A" (forms::file-
name avatar))))))))))))
    (render-demo-page :demo #'fields-post
                      :source (asdf:system-relative-pathname :cl-forms.demo
                                                              "test/demo/fields.lisp")
                      :active-menu :fields)))
;; Choices widget test
(forms:defform choices-form (:action "/choices-post")
  ((sex :choice
        :choices (list "Male" "Female")
        :value "Male")
   (sex2 :choice
         :choices (list "Male" "Female")
         :value "Female"
         :expanded t)
   (choices :choice
            :choices (list "Foo" "Bar")
            :value (list "Foo")
            :multiple t)
   (choices2 :choice
             :choices (list "Foo" "Bar")
             :value (list "Bar")
             :multiple t
             :expanded t)
   (submit :submit :label "Ok")))
(hunchentoot:define-easy-handler (choices-form-post :uri "/choices-post"
                                                     :default-request-type :post) ()
  (flet ((choices-post ()
           (let ((form (forms:get-form 'choices-form)))
             (forms::handle-request form)
             (forms::validate-form form)
             (forms::with-form-field-values (sex sex2 choices choices2) form
               (who:with-html-output (forms.who::*html*)
                  (:li (who:fmt "Sex: ~A" sex))
                  (:li (who:fmt "Sex2: ~A" sex2))
                  (:li (who:fmt "Choices: ~A" choices))
                  (:li (who:fmt "Choices2: ~A" choices2))))))))
    (render-demo-page :demo #'choices-post
                      :source (asdf:system-relative-pathname :cl-forms.demo
                                                              "test/demo/fields.lisp")
                      :active-menu :fields)))
```

```
;; File handling
     (defvar *files* nil)
     (defvar *files-path* (pathname "/tmp/cl-forms/"))
     (defun handle-file-upload (file-field)
       ;; Store the file
       (let ((new-path (merge-pathnames
                            (forms::file-name file-field)
                            *files-path*)))
         (rename-file (forms::file-path file-field)
                      (ensure-directories-exist new-path))
         ;; Save for handler
         (push (cons (forms::file-name file-field)
                     (list new-path (forms::file-content-type file-field)))
               *files*)))
     (defun handle-uploaded-file ()
       (let ((finfo (cdr (assoc (hunchentoot:parameter "f") *files* :test #'equalp))))■
         (hunchentoot:handle-static-file (first finfo) (second finfo))))
     (push
      (hunchentoot:create-prefix-dispatcher "/files" 'handle-uploaded-file)
      hunchentoot:*dispatch-table*)
3.2.2 Validation
Example of forms validation.
  Add Clavier constraints to the form. Then call VALIDATE-FORM after HANDLE-
REQUEST.
     (in-package :forms.test)
     (forms:defform validated-form (:action "/validation-post"
                                             :client-validation nil)
       ((name :string :value "" :constraints (list (clavier:is-a-string)
                                                    (clavier:not-blank)
                                                    (clavier:len :max 5)))
        (single :boolean :value t)
        (sex :choice :choices (list "Male" "Female") :value "Male")
        (age :integer :constraints (list (clavier:is-an-integer)
                                          (clavier:greater-than -1)
                                          (clavier:less-than 200)))
        (email :email)
        (birth-date :date :required-p nil)
```

(submit :submit :label "Create")))

```
(defun validation-demo (&optional form)
  (forms:with-form-renderer :who
    (who:with-html-output (forms.who::*html*)
      (:h1 (who:str "Server side validation"))
      (:p (who:str "This is a demo of server side validation. Submit the form and play
ues to see how it works. Also look at field constraints in source code tab."))■
      (let ((form (or form (forms::get-form 'validated-form))))
        (forms:render-form form)))))
(hunchentoot:define-easy-handler (validated-form-post :uri "/validation-
post"
                                                       :default-request-
type :post) ()
  (flet ((validation-post ()
           (let ((form (forms:get-form 'validated-form)))
             (forms::handle-request form)
             (if (forms::validate-form form)
                 ;; The form is valid
                 (forms::with-form-field-values (name single sex age email birth-
date) form
                   (who:with-html-output (forms.who::*html*)
                     (:ul
                      (:li (who:fmt "Name: ~A" name))
                      (:li (who:fmt "Single: ~A" single))
                      (:li (who:fmt "Sex: ~A" sex))
                      (:li (who:fmt "Age: ~A" age))
                      (:li (who:fmt "Email: ~A" email))
                      (:li (who:fmt "Birth date: ~A" birth-date)))))
                 ;; The form is not valid
                 (validation-demo form)))))
    (render-demo-page :demo #'validation-post
                      :source (asdf:system-relative-pathname :cl-forms.demo
                                                              "test/demo/validation.lis
                      :active-menu :validation)))
(hunchentoot:define-easy-handler (validation-demo-handler :uri "/valida-
tion") ()
  (render-demo-page :demo #'validation-demo
                    :source (asdf:system-relative-pathname :cl-forms.demo
                                                            "test/demo/validation.lisp"
                    :active-menu :validation))
```

3.2.3 Client validation

```
To validate in the client, just set :client-validation to T.

(in-package :forms.test)
```

```
(forms:defform client-validated-form (:action "/client-validation-post"
                                               :client-validation t)
  ((name :string :value "" :constraints (list (clavier:is-a-string)
                                              (clavier:not-blank)
                                              (clavier:len :max 5))
         :validation-triggers '(:focusin))
   (single :boolean :value t)
   (sex :choice :choices (list "Male" "Female") :value "Male")
   (age :integer :constraints (list (clavier:is-an-integer)
                                    (clavier:greater-than -1)
                                    (clavier:less-than 200)))
   (email :email)
   (submit :submit :label "Create")))
(defun client-validation (&optional form)
  (let ((form (or form (forms::get-form 'client-validated-form))))
    (forms:with-form-renderer :who
      (who:with-html-output (forms.who::*html*)
        (:h1 (who:str "Client side validation"))
        (:p (who:str "This is an example of how client side validation works. Client s
        (:p (who:str "The interesting thing about the implementation is that validatio
        (forms:render-form form)))))
(hunchentoot:define-easy-handler (client-validation-handler
                                  :uri "/client-validation") ()
  (render-demo-page :demo #'client-validation
                    :source (asdf:system-relative-pathname :cl-forms.demo
                                                            "test/demo/client-validatio
                    :active-menu :client-validation))
(hunchentoot:define-easy-handler (client-validation-post :uri "/client-validation/post
  (flet ((client-validation-post ()
           (let ((form (forms:get-form 'client-validated-form)))
             (forms::handle-request form)
             (if (forms::validate-form form)
                 ;; The form is valid
                 (forms::with-form-field-values (name single sex age email) form
                   (who:with-html-output (forms.who::*html*)
                     (:ul
                      (:li (who:fmt "Name: ~A" name))
                      (:li (who:fmt "Single: ~A" single))
                      (:li (who:fmt "Sex: ~A" sex))
                      (:li (who:fmt "Age: ~A" age))
                      (:li (who:fmt "Email: ~A" email)))))
                 ;; The form is not valid
                 (client-validation form)))))
```

```
(render-demo-page :demo #'client-validation-post
                           :source (asdf:system-relative-pathname :cl-forms.demo
                                                                   "test/demo/client-validat
                           :active-menu :client-validation)))
3.2.4 Models
     (in-package :forms.test)
     (defclass person ()
       ((name :initarg :name
              :accessor person-name
              :initform nil)
        (single :initarg :single
                :accessor person-single
                :initform t)
        (sex :initarg :sex
             :accessor person-sex
             :initform :male)))
     (forms:defform-builder model-form (person)
       (make-instance 'forms::form
                      :name 'model-form
                      :model person
                      :action "/models-post"
                      :fields (forms::make-form-fields
                                '((name :string :label "Name"
                                                :accessor person-name)
                                 (single :boolean :label "Single"
                                                   :accessor person-single)
                                  (sex :choice :label "Sex"
                                               :choices (:male :female)
                                               :accessor person-sex
                                               :formatter format-sex)
                                 (submit :submit :label "Update")))))
     (defun format-sex (sex stream)
       (write-string
        (if (equalp sex :male) "Male" "Female")
        stream))
     (defun models-demo ()
       (who:with-html-output (forms.who::*html*)
         (:h1 (who:str "Form models"))
         (:p "Forms can be attached to model objects. Model objects are CLOS instances from
```

(:p "To work with models, forms are defined via defform-builder instead of defform (:p "This is an example of a form attached to a person object. Please have a look

```
(render-model-form)))
     (defun render-model-form (&optional form)
       (let ((form (or form
                       (let ((person (make-instance 'person
                                                    :name "Foo"
                                                    :single t
                                                    :sex :male)))
                         (forms::get-form 'model-form person)))))
         (forms:with-form-renderer:who
           (forms:render-form form))))
     (hunchentoot:define-easy-handler (model-form :uri "/models") ()
       (render-demo-page :demo #'models-demo
                         :source (asdf:system-relative-pathname :cl-forms.demo
                                                                 "test/demo/models.lisp")
                         :active-menu :models))
     (hunchentoot:define-easy-handler (model-form-post :uri "/models-post"
                                                        :default-request-type :post) ()
       (flet ((model-post ()
                (let ((person (make-instance 'person)))
                  (let ((form (forms:get-form 'model-form person)))
                    (forms::handle-request form)
                    (forms::validate-form form)
                    (who:with-html-output (forms.who::*html*)
                       (:li (who:fmt "Name: ~A" (person-name person)))
                       (:li (who:fmt "Single: ~A" (person-single person)))
                       (:li (who:fmt "Sex: ~A" (person-sex person)))))))))
         (render-demo-page :demo #'model-post
                           :source (asdf:system-relative-pathname :cl-forms.demo
                                                                   "test/demo/models.lisp")
                           :active-menu :models)))
3.2.5 Composition
     (in-package :forms.test)
     (forms:defform member-form ()
       ((name :string :value "" :required-p nil)
        (ready :boolean :value t :required-p nil)
```

(sex :choice :choices (list "Male" "Female") :value "Male")))

(forms:defform composition-form (:action "/composition-post")

;; Subforms

```
(main-member :subform :subform 'member-form)
  (secondary-member :subform :subform 'member-form)
      ;; Simple list
  (todo :list :type '(:string :required-p nil)
         :empty-item-predicate (lambda (field)
                                 (let ((val (forms:field-value field)))
                                   (or (null val)
                                       (string= val "")))))
 ;; Subform list
  (members :list :type '(:subform :subform member-form)
            :empty-item-predicate (lambda (field)
                                    (let* ((subform (forms:field-value field))■
                                           (val (forms:get-field-value subform 'name))
                                      (or (null val)
                                          (string= val "")))))
  (save :submit :label "Save")))
(defun form-composition-demo (&optional form)
  (let ((form (or form (get-form 'composition-form))))
    (forms:with-form-renderer :who
      (who:with-html-output (forms.who::*html*)
        (:h1 (who:str "Forms composition"))
        (:p (who:str "These are examples of subforms and the list field type"))■
        (forms::render-form-start form)
        (:h2 (who:str "Subforms"))
        (:p (who:str "This is an example of subform composition. main-member and secon
        (forms::render-field 'main-member form)
        (forms::render-field 'secondary-member form)
        (forms::render-field 'save form)
        (:h2 (who:str "List field"))
        (:p (who:str "This is an example of the list field. In this case, the list has
        (forms::render-field 'todo form)
        (forms::render-field 'save form)
        (:h2 (who:str "List of subforms"))
        (:p (who:str "This is the most complex example. This shows a list of subforms.
        (forms::render-field 'members form)
        (forms::render-field 'save form)
        (forms::render-form-end form)))))
(hunchentoot:define-easy-handler (composition-demo :uri "/composition") ()■
  (render-demo-page :demo #'form-composition-demo
                    :source (asdf:system-relative-pathname :cl-forms.demo
                                                            "test/demo/composition.lisp
                    :active-menu :composition))
(hunchentoot:define-easy-handler (composition-demo-post :uri "/composition-post") ()■
  (let ((form (forms:get-form 'composition-form)))
```

4 API

4.1 CL-FORMS package

CL-FORMS [PACKAGE]

External definitions

Variables

BASE64-ENCODE [CL-FORMS]

If T, encode form parameters in base64

Macros

CL-FORMS: WITH-FORM-FIELD-VALUES (fields form &body body) [Macro]

CL-FORMS:WITH-FORM (form &body body) [Macro]

Bind *FORM* to FORM and evaluate BODY in that context.

CL-FORMS: DEFFORM-BUILDER (form-name args &body body) [Macro]

Registers a function with arguments ARGS and body BODY as a form builder.

BODY is expected to instantiate a FORM object using ARGS in some way.

FORM-NAME is the symbol under which the FORM is registered.

Use GET-FORM with FORM-NAME and expected arguments to obtain the registered form.

CL-FORMS: WITH-FORM-THEME (form-theme &body body) [Macro] Bind *FORM-THEME* to FORM-THEME and evaluate BODY in that context.

CL-FORMS: WITH-FORM-FIELDS (fields form &body body) [Macro] Bind FIELDS to the form fields in FORM under BODY.

(with-form-field-values (name single sex age email) form (print (list name single sex age email)))

CL-FORMS: WITH-FORM-TEMPLATE ((&optional form-var) form-name args [Macro] &body body)

CL-FORMS: WITH-FORM-RENDERER (renderer &body body) [Macro] Bind *FORM-RENDERER* to RENDERER and evaluate BODY in that context.

CL-FORMS: DEFFORM (form-name args fields) [Macro]
Define a form at top-level.

ARGS are the arguments passed to FORM class via MAKE-INSTANCE. FIELDS are the form field specs.

```
(clavier:not-blank)
                                                           (clavier:len :max 5))
                    :validation-triggers '(:focusin))
              (single :boolean :value t)
              (sex :choice :choices (list "Male" "Female") :value "Male")
              (age :integer :constraints (list (clavier:is-an-integer)
                                                 (clavier:greater-than -1)
                                                 (clavier:less-than 200)))
              (email :email)
              (submit :submit :label "Create")))
Generic functions
CL-FORMS:FIELD-ACCESSOR (sb-pcl::object)
                                                               [Generic-Function]
CL-FORMS: FIELD-WRITER (field)
                                                                [Generic-Function]
CL-FORMS: FIELD-READER (field)
                                                                [Generic-Function]
CL-FORMS:FIELD-PARSER (sb-pcl::object)
                                                               [Generic-Function]
CL-FORMS: FORM-ERRORS (sb-pcl::object)
                                                                [Generic-Function]
CL-FORMS: FORMAT-FIELD-VALUE (form-field field-value)
                                                               [Generic-Function]
         &optional stream)
CL-FORMS: FIELD-FORMATTER (sb-pcl::object)
                                                               [Generic-Function]
CL-FORMS:FIELD-VALUE (field)
                                                                [Generic-Function]
CL-FORMS: FIELD-VALID-P (form-field &optional (form))
                                                               [Generic-Function]
Functions
CL-FORMS: RENDER-FORM (&optional (form *form*) &rest args)
                                                                       [Function]
CL-FORMS: FILL-FORM-FROM-MODEL (form model)
                                                                       [Function]
     Fill a FORM from a MODEL
CL-FORMS: RENDER-FIELD (field &optional (form *form*) &rest args)
                                                                       [Function]
CL-FORMS: REMOVE-FIELD (form field)
                                                                       [Function]
CL-FORMS:FORM-VALID-P (form)
                                                                       [Function]
CL-FORMS:GET-FIELD (form field-name &optional (error-p t))
                                                                       [Function]
CL-FORMS:GET-FIELD-VALUE (form field-name &optional (error-p t))
                                                                       [Function]
CL-FORMS: RENDER-FORM-END (&optional (form *form*))
                                                                       [Function]
CL-FORMS: HANDLE-REQUEST (&optional (form *form*) (request
                                                                       [Function]
         hunchentoot:*request*))
     Populates FORM from parameters in HTTP request. After this, the form field con-
     tains values, but they are not validated. To validate call VALIDATE-FORM after.
CL-FORMS:FILL-MODEL-FROM-FORM (form model)
                                                                       [Function]
     Set a MODEL's values from FORM field values
```

CL-FORMS: MAKE-FORMATTER (symbol) [Function] Create a field formatter. SYMBOL is the function to call. CL-FORMS: RENDER-FIELD-LABEL (field &optional (form *form*) [Function] &rest args) CL-FORMS:GET-FORM (name &rest args) [Function] Get the form named NAME. ARGS is the list of arguments to pass to a possible form builder function. See: DEFFORM-BUILDER macro. CL-FORMS: FORMAT-FIELD-VALUE-TO-STRING (form-field &optional) [Function] (field-value (field-value form-field))) CL-FORMS: RENDER-FIELD-ERRORS (field &optional (form *form*) [Function] &rest args) CL-FORMS:SET-FIELD-VALUE (form field-name value) [Function] CL-FORMS: VALIDATE-FORM (&optional (form *form*)) [Function] Validates a form. Usually called after HANDLE-REQUEST. Returns multiple values; first value is true if the form is valid; second value a list of errors. The list of errors is an association list with elements (<field> . <field errors strings list>). CL-FORMS: RENDER-FORM-START (&optional (form *form*) &rest args) [Function] CL-FORMS: RENDER-FIELD-WIDGET (field & optional (form *form*) [Function] &rest args) CL-FORMS: ADD-FORM-ERROR (field error-msg &optional (form *form*)) [Function] Add an error on FIELD CL-FORMS: RENDER-FORM-ERRORS (&optional (form *form*) &rest [Function] args) CL-FORMS: ADD-FIELD (form field) [Function] Classes CL-FORMS: INTEGER-FORM-FIELD [Class] An integer input field Class precedence list: integer-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t CL-FORMS: SUBFORM-FORM-FIELD [Class] A field that contains a form (subform) Class precedence list: subform-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t CL-FORMS: URL-FORM-FIELD [Class] An url input field Class precedence list: url-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t CL-FORMS: DATETIME-FORM-FIELD [Class] A date input field Class precedence list: datetime-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t

CL-FORMS: PASSWORD-FORM-FIELD

[Class]

A password input field

Class precedence list: password-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t

CL-FORMS: EMAIL-FORM-FIELD

[Class]

A string input field

Class precedence list: email-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t

CL-FORMS: CHOICE-FORM-FIELD

[Class]

A multi-purpose field used to allow the user to "choose" one or more options. It can be rendered as a select tag, radio buttons, or checkboxes. NOTE: the defaults of this field type are too complicated for just working with string choices. STRING-CHOICE-FIELD is more convenient for that.

Class precedence list: choice-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t Slots:

- choices initarg: :choices; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-choices)

 An alist with the choices. Or a function with which to obtain the choices.
- preferred-choices initarg: :preferred-choices; reader: cl-forms::field-preferred-choices; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-preferred-choices)

 If this option is specified, then a sub-set of all of the options will be moved to the top of the select menu.
- expanded initarg: :expanded; reader: cl-forms::field-expanded; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-expanded)

If set to true, radio buttons or checkboxes will be rendered (depending on the multiple value). If false, a select element will be rendered.

• multiple — initarg: :multiple; reader: cl-forms::field-multiple; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-multiple)

If true, the user will be able to select multiple options (as opposed to choosing just one option). Depending on the value of the expanded option, this will render either a select tag or checkboxes if true and a select tag or radio buttons if false.

• key-reader — initarg: :key-reader; reader: cl-forms::field-key-reader; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-key-reader)

Function to read the option key from the request

• hash-function — initarg: :hash-function; reader: cl-forms::field-hash-function; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-hash-function)

The function to use for choices key

• test — initarg: :test; reader: cl-forms::field-test; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-test)

Function to test equality between choices

• use-key-as-value — initarg: :use-key-as-value; reader: cl-forms::use-key-as-value; writer: (setf cl-forms::use-key-as-value)

When T, use the key/s of the field as value of the field when it is read from request

CL-FORMS:FILE-FORM-FIELD [Class] A file input field Class precedence list: file-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t Slots: • multiple — initarg: :multiple-p; reader: cl-forms::multiple-p; writer: (setf cl-forms::multiple-p) If this fields handles multiple file uploads • upload-handler — initarg: :upload-handler; reader: cl-forms::upload-handler; writer: (setf cl-forms::upload-handler) Function that handles the file upload • accept — initarg: :accept; reader: cl-forms::file-accept; writer: (setf cl-forms::file-accept) Files accepted. See https://www.w3schools.com/tags/att_input_accept.asp CL-FORMS: BOOLEAN-FORM-FIELD [Class] A boolean input Class precedence list: boolean-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t CL-FORMS: DATE-FORM-FIELD [Class] A date input field Class precedence list: date-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t CL-FORMS: FORM-FIELD [Class] A form field Class precedence list: form-field, standard-object, t Slots: • name — initarg: :name; reader: cl-forms::field-name; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-name) The field name • label — initarg: :label; reader: cl-forms::field-label; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-label) The field label • value — initarg: :value Field value • default-value — initarg: :default-value; reader: cl-forms::field-default-value; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-default-value) Value to use when the field value is nil • placeholder — initarg: :placeholder; reader: cl-forms::field-placeholder: writer: (setf cl-forms::field-placeholder) Field placeholder (text that appears when the field is empty) • help-text — initarg: :help-text; reader: cl-forms::field-help-text; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-help-text)

Field help text

• parser — initarg:

(setf cl-forms:field-parser) Custom field value parser • formatter — initarg: :formatter; reader: cl-forms:field-formatter; writer: (setf cl-forms:field-formatter) The field formatter. The function takes two arguments, a VALUE and STREAM to format it into. constraints — initarg: :constraints; reader: cl-forms::field-constraints; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-constraints) A list of CLAVIER validators. • required — initarg: :required-p; reader: cl-forms::field-required-p; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-required-p) Whether the field is required • required-message — initarg: :required-message; reader: cl-forms::field-required-message writer: (setf cl-forms::field-required-message) Message to display when field is required • invalid-message — initarg: :invalid-message; reader: cl-forms::field-invalid-message; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-invalid-message) Message to display when field is invalid • read-only — initarg: :read-only-p; reader: cl-forms::field-read-only-p; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-read-only-p) Whether the field is read only disabled — initarg: :disabled-p; reader: cl-forms::field-disabled-p; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-disabled-p) Whether the field is disabled • accessor — initarg: :accessor; reader: cl-forms:field-accessor; writer: (setf cl-forms:field-accessor) The field accessor to the underlying model • reader — initarg: :reader The function to use to read from the underlying model • writer — initarg: :writer The function to use to write to underlying model :trim-p; reader: • trim — initarg: cl-forms::field-trim-p; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-trim-p) Trim the input • validation-triggers initarg: :validation-triggers; reader: cl-forms::field-validation-triggers; writer: (setf cl-forms::field-validation-triggers Client side validation triggers. A list of :change, :focus, :focusout, :focusin, etc :form; cl-forms::field-form; • form — initarg: reader: writer: (setf cl-forms::field-form) The form the field belongs to

:parser; reader: cl-forms:field-parser; writer:

CL-FORMS: SUBMIT-FORM-FIELD [Class] A submit input button Class precedence list: submit-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t CL-FORMS: HIDDEN-FORM-FIELD [Class] A hidden form field Class precedence list: hidden-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t CL-FORMS:STRING-FORM-FIELD [Class] A string input field Class precedence list: string-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t CL-FORMS:LIST-FORM-FIELD [Class] A field that contains a list of elements (either other fields or subforms) Class precedence list: list-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t Slots: • type — initarg: :type; reader: cl-forms::list-field-type; writer: (setf cl-forms::list-field-type) The list elements type. • empty-item-predicate — initarg: :empty-item-predicate; cl-forms::empty-item-predicate; writer: (setf cl-forms::empty-item-predicate) A predicate that tells when a list item is considered empty, and so it is removed from the list • add-button — initarg: :add-button; reader: cl-forms::add-button-p; writer: (setf cl-forms::add-button-p) Whether have a list 'ADD' button or not • remove-button — initarg: :remove-button; reader: cl-forms::remove-button-p; writer: (setf cl-forms::remove-button-p) Whether add an item removal button or not CL-FORMS: FORM [Class] A form Class precedence list: form, standard-object, t • id — initarg: :id; reader: cl-forms::form-id; writer: (setf cl-forms::form-id) The form id • name — initarg: :name; reader: cl-forms::form-name; writer: (setf cl-forms::form-name) The form name • action — initarg: :action; reader: cl-forms::form-action; writer: (setf cl-forms::form-action)

The form action

• method — initarg: :method; reader: cl-forms::form-method; writer: (setf cl-forms::form-method)

The form method

• enctype — initarg: :enctype; reader: cl-forms::form-enctype; writer: (setf cl-forms::form-enctype)

Form encoding type. i.e. Use multipart/form-data for file uploads

• fields — initarg: :fields; reader: cl-forms::form-fields; writer: (setf cl-forms::form-fields)
Form fields

• model — initarg: :model; reader: cl-forms::form-model; writer: (setf cl-forms::form-model)

The form model object

• csrf-protection — initarg: :csrf-protection; reader: cl-forms::form-csrf-protection-p; writer: (setf cl-forms::form-csrf-protection-p)

T when csrf protection is enabled

- csrf-field-name initarg: :csrf-field-name; reader: cl-forms::form-csrf-field-name; writer: (setf cl-forms::form-csrf-field-name)

 csrf field name
- errors reader: cl-forms:form-errors; writer: (setf cl-forms:form-errors) Form errors after validation. An association list with elements (<field> . <field errors strings list>).
- display-errors initarg: :display-errors; reader: cl-forms::display-errors;
 writer: (setf cl-forms::display-errors)

A list containing the places where to display errors. Valid options are :list and :inline

• client-validation — initarg: :client-validation; reader: cl-forms::client-validation; writer: (setf cl-forms::client-validation)

When T, form client validation is enabled

CL-FORMS: TEXT-FORM-FIELD

[Class]

A text field. Renders as a text area

Class precedence list: text-form-field, string-form-field, form-field, standard-object, t

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