

Function	Arguments (other than <code>self</code>)	Description
<code>__str__()</code>		Enables Python <code>str()</code> function: the “pretty” string formatter. Recursively applies <code>str()</code> to all components of <code>self</code> .
<code>__repr__()</code>		Enables Python <code>repr()</code> function: the “representation” string formatter (strings returned by this function are nearly equivalent to the original EXFOR entry). Recursively applies <code>repr()</code> to all components in <code>self</code> .
<code>__getitem__(key)</code>	<code>key</code>	Enables element access with the <code>[]</code> operator (e.g. <code>[key]</code>)Return the <code>X4SubEntry</code> instance with subentry number <code>key</code> .
<code>deleted()</code>		Returns True if this entry has been deleted (a skeletal version of the entry remains in the EXFOR database though).
<code>getDataSets()</code>		Returns a Python dict containing all of the <code>X4DataSets</code> contained in <code>self</code> . The keys of the dict are a tuple: (<code>entry #</code> , <code>subentry #</code> , <code>pointer</code>).
<code>getSimplifiedDataSets()</code>	<code>makeAllColumns = False</code>	Similar to <code>getDataSets</code> except that data has been parsed (if possible), producing a simpler dataset that may be interpreted easier (and plotted!). See <code>X4DataSet</code> below.
<code>meta()</code>		Return an instance of the meta data derived from <code>self</code> .
<code>meta().citation()</code>		Returns a string containing the citation for the current entry. Suitable for publication.
<code>meta().legend()</code>		Returns a string containing information for the current entry. Suitable for use as a plot legend.
<code>meta().xmgraceHeader()</code>		Returns a string containing information for the current entry. Use this as the header for a dataset you are plotting in <code>xmgrace</code> .