R Module 6 Rubric

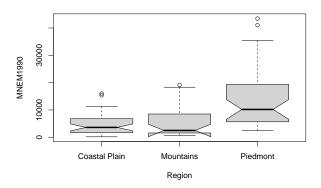
Question 1: Boxplot

Notched boxplot of your regions

Base R:

```
library(sf)
NC <- read_sf("data/NC_REGION.shp")
boxplot(MNEM1990 ~ Region, data = NC, notch = TRUE)</pre>
```

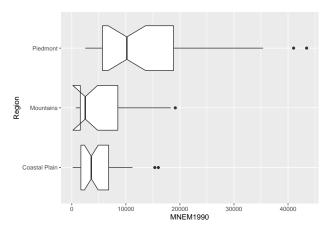
Warning in (function (z, notch = FALSE, width = NULL, varwidth = FALSE, : some notches went outside
hinges ('box'): maybe set notch=FALSE



ggplot2:

```
library(ggplot2)

ggplot(NC, aes(x = MNEM1990, y = Region)) +
  geom_boxplot(notch = TRUE)
```



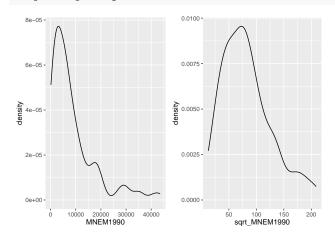
Question 2: ANOVA

Report your F-Statistic and if you should reject or fail to reject the null hypothesis

```
anova <- aov(MNEM1990 ~ Region, data = NC)
print(anova)
## Call:
##
     aov(formula = MNEM1990 ~ Region, data = NC)
##
## Terms:
##
                      Region Residuals
## Sum of Squares 2127131896 6155559536
## Deg. of Freedom
## Residual standard error: 7966.139
## Estimated effects may be unbalanced
summary(anova)
##
              Df
                    Sum Sq
                             Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Region
              2 2.127e+09 1.064e+09
                                      16.76 5.6e-07 ***
## Residuals 97 6.156e+09 6.346e+07
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
Question 3: oneway.test, Equal Variance
oneway.test(MNEM1990 ~ Region, data = NC, var.equal = TRUE)
##
   One-way analysis of means
##
## data: MNEM1990 and Region
## F = 16.76, num df = 2, denom df = 97, p-value = 5.6e-07
Question 4: Bartlett K-Squared
bartlett.test(MNEM1990 ~ Region, data = NC)
##
## Bartlett test of homogeneity of variances
## data: MNEM1990 by Region
## Bartlett's K-squared = 38.195, df = 2, p-value = 5.083e-09
Question 5: oneway.test, Unequal Variance
oneway.test(MNEM1990 ~ Region, data = NC, var.equal = FALSE)
##
## One-way analysis of means (not assuming equal variances)
## data: MNEM1990 and Region
## F = 11.66, num df = 2.000, denom df = 47.748, p-value = 7.526e-05
```

Question 6: Shapiro-Wilk Normality Test

```
# Student's don't need to use dplyr or even transform the data, as long as the
# distribution is normal.
library(dplyr)
NC <- NC %>%
  mutate(
    sqrt_MNEM1990 = sqrt(MNEM1990)
  )
shapiro.test(NC$sqrt_MNEM1990)
##
##
    Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: NC$sqrt_MNEM1990
## W = 0.94203, p-value = 0.0002569
Illustrate data using density plot for both un-transformed and transformed data
unt \leftarrow ggplot(NC, aes(x = MNEM1990)) +
  geom_density()
tra <- ggplot(NC, aes(x = sqrt_MNEM1990)) +
  geom_density()
# This is just to get two plots side-by-side
cowplot::plot_grid(unt, tra)
```



Question 7: Tukey Test

```
aov <- aov(sqrt_MNEM1990 ~ Region, data = NC)

tukey <- TukeyHSD(aov)
tukey

## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##</pre>
```

