Course Outline: Time Series Data in R

Harrison Brown

2022-05-04

Contents

Welcome			5	
1	Introduction to time series data			
	1.1	What is a time series	7	
	1.2	Stationary vs Non-Stationary series	7	
	1.3	Dickey-Fuller Test of Stationarity	7	
2	Creating and Manipulating Time Series			
	2.1	ts Class	9	
	2.2		9	
	2.3	Trends and Seasons	10	
3	Lags and Autocorrelation			
	3.1	Lag	11	
	3.2			
4	Forecasting Time Series			
	4.1	Methods for Forecasting	13	

4 CONTENTS

Welcome

Welcome to the course outline for *Time Series Data in R!* This course offers methods and workflows for analyzing and interpreting time series data, an overview of when, why, and how to use time series data, and various utilities and packages in R that are beneficial to analysts.

By the end of this course, students will have the skills to:

- Interpret and understand time series plots
- Import ts data to create and manipulate ts objects from the stats package
- Understand why time series data is fundamentally different than non-ts data.
- Analyze time series data with plots
- ?Intro to Wavelet analysis?

6 CONTENTS

Introduction to time series data

1.1 What is a time series

• Sampled at equi-spaced points in time

1.2 Stationary vs Non-Stationary series

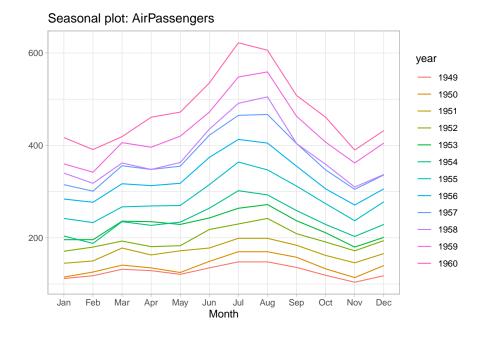
Non-stationary time series are defined by:

- Time-dependent Mean
- Time-dependent Variance
- Time-dependent Autocorrelation/Covariance

1.3 Dickey-Fuller Test of Stationarity

Creating and Manipulating Time Series

- 2.1 ts Class
- 2.2 Creating a ts.plot()
- 2.2.1 Interpreting Plots



- 2.2.3 Polar Seasonality Plot
- 2.3 Trends and Seasons
- 2.3.1 Decomposition
- 2.3.2 De-trending Data

Lags and Autocorrelation

- 3.1 Lag
- 3.2 Autocorrelation

Forecasting Time Series

- 4.1 Methods for Forecasting
- 4.1.1 BATS/TBATS
- 4.1.2 ARIMA/SARIMA
- 4.1.3 One-Step Ahead