

bollamr2_hybridimages

February 15, 2020

1 Programming Project #1: Hybrid Images

1.1 CS445: Computational Photography - Spring 2020

1.1.1 Part I: Hybrid Images

```
[1]: !pip install opencv-python
!pip install opencv-contrib-python
!pip install pillow
!pip install matplotlib
import cv2

import numpy as np
from matplotlib.colors import LogNorm
from scipy import signal

import utils
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: opencv-python in
/home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages (4.2.0.32)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.14.5 in
/home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from opencv-python) (1.16.4)
Requirement already satisfied: opencv-contrib-python in
/home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages (4.2.0.32)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.14.5 in
/home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from opencv-contrib-python)
(1.16.4)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow in
/home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages (6.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in
/home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages (3.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: cyclor>=0.10 in
/home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib) (0.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in
/home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib) (1.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=2.0.4,!=2.1.2,!=2.1.6,>=2.0.1 in
/home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib) (2.4.0)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.1 in
/home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib) (2.8.0)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.11 in
/home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib) (1.16.4)
Requirement already satisfied: six in /home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from cyclor>=0.10->matplotlib) (1.12.0)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in
/home/raja/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
kiwisolver>=1.0.1->matplotlib) (41.0.1)
```

```
[2]: %matplotlib notebook
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
[3]: # im1_file = './nutmeg.jpg'
im1_file = './lion.jpg'
im2_file = './dea2.jpg'
# im2_file = './DerekPicture.jpg'

im1 = cv2.imread(im1_file, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
im2 = cv2.imread(im2_file, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
```

```
[4]: pts_im1 = utils.prompt_eye_selection(im1)
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

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```
[5]: pts_im2 = utils.prompt_eye_selection(im2)
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[6]: im1, im2 = utils.align_images(im1_file,
    ↪im2_file, pts_im1, pts_im2, save_images=False)
```

```
[7]: # convert to grayscale
im1 = cv2.cvtColor(im1, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY) / 255.0
im2 = cv2.cvtColor(im2, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY) / 255.0
```

```
[8]: #Images sanity check
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2)
axes[0].imshow(im1, cmap='gray')
axes[0].set_title('Image 1'), axes[0].set_xticks([]), axes[0].set_yticks([])
axes[1].imshow(im2, cmap='gray')
```

```

axes[1].set_title('Image 2'), axes[1].set_xticks([]), axes[1].set_yticks([]);

fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2)
plt.subplot(121)
plt.imshow(np.log(np.abs(np.fft.fftshift(np.fft.fft2(im1)))))
plt.title("FFT Image 1")
plt.show()

plt.subplot(122)
plt.imshow(np.log(np.abs(np.fft.fftshift(np.fft.fft2(im2)))))
plt.title("FFT Image 2")
plt.show()

```

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```

[9]: def hybridImage(im1, im2, cutoff_low, cutoff_high):
    """
    Inputs:
        im1:    RGB (height x width x 3) or a grayscale (height x width) image
                as a numpy array.
        im2:    RGB (height x width x 3) or a grayscale (height x width) image
                as a numpy array.
        cutoff_low: standard deviation for the low-pass filter
        cutoff_high: standard deviation for the high-pass filter

    Output:
        Return the combination of both images, one filtered with a low-pass
        ↪ filter
        and the other with a high-pass filter.
    """
    gaussian_kernal_high = utils.gaussian_kernel(cutoff_high, cutoff_high * 4)
    gaussian_kernal_low = utils.gaussian_kernel(cutoff_low, cutoff_high * 4)

    im1_high_pass_filter = signal.convolve2d(im1, gaussian_kernal_high)
    im2_low_pass_filter = signal.convolve2d(im2, gaussian_kernal_low)

```

```

    im1_high_pass = cv2.subtract(im1, utils.crop_image(im1_high_pass_filter, np.
→array([[cutoff_high * 4, cutoff_high * 4], [cutoff_high * 4 + im2.shape[1],
→cutoff_high * 4 + im2.shape[0]]])) # high pass image 1
    im2_low_pass = utils.crop_image(im2_low_pass_filter, np.array([[cutoff_low
→* 4, cutoff_low * 4], [cutoff_low * 4 + im2.shape[1], cutoff_low * 4 + im2.
→shape[0]]]))

    fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2)
    axes[0][0].imshow(im1_high_pass, cmap = 'gray')
    axes[0][0].set_title('High-Pass Strawberries'), axes[0][0].set_xticks([],
→axes[0][0].set_yticks([])
    axes[0][1].imshow(im2_low_pass, cmap = 'gray')
    axes[0][1].set_title('Low-Pass Strawberries'), axes[0][1].set_xticks([],
→axes[0][1].set_yticks([])

    axes[1][0].imshow(np.log(np.abs(np.fft.fftshift(np.fft.
→fft2(im1_high_pass)))))
    axes[1][0].set_title('FFT H-P Strawberries'), axes[1][0].set_xticks([],
→axes[1][0].set_yticks([])
    axes[1][1].imshow(np.log(np.abs(np.fft.fftshift(np.fft.
→fft2(im2_low_pass)))))
    axes[1][1].set_title('FFT L-P Strawberries'), axes[1][1].set_xticks([],
→axes[1][1].set_yticks([])

    return im1_high_pass + im2_low_pass

```

```

[10]: arbitrary_value = 20 # you should choose meaningful values; you might want to
→set to a fraction of image size

cutoff_low = 4
cutoff_high = 5
im_hybrid = hybridImage(im2, im1, cutoff_low, cutoff_high)

```

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<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```

[11]: # Optional: Select top left corner and bottom right corner to crop image
# the function returns dictionary of
# {
#   'cropped_image': np.ndarray of shape H x W
#   'crop_bound': np.ndarray of shape 2x2
# }
cropped_object = utils.interactive_crop(im_hybrid)

```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[12]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2)
      # plt.subplot(121)
      axes[0].imshow(im_hybrid, cmap = 'gray')
      axes[0].set_title('Hybrid Strawberries'), axes[0].set_xticks([]), axes[0].
      →set_yticks([])
      axes[1].imshow(np.log(np.abs(np.fft.fftshift(np.fft.fft2(im_hybrid)))), cmap =
      →'gray')
      axes[1].set_title('FFT Hybrid Image'), axes[1].set_xticks([]), axes[1].
      →set_yticks([])
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[12]: (Text(0.5, 1.0, 'FFT Hybrid Image'), [], [])
```

1.1.2 Part II: Image Enhancement

Two out of three types of image enhancement are required. Choose a good image to showcase each type and implement a method. This code doesn't rely on the hybrid image part.

Contrast enhancement

```
[13]: import cv2

      img = cv2.imread("./dea1.jpg")
      fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2)
      axes[0].imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
      axes[0].set_title("Original Dea"), axes[0].set_xticks([]), axes[0].
      →set_yticks([])

      # hist = cv2.equalizeHist(img)
      clahe = cv2.createCLAHE(clipLimit = 1)
      lab = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2LAB)
      l, a, b = cv2.split(lab)
      lab = cv2.merge((clahe.apply(l), a, b))
      img2 = cv2.cvtColor(lab, cv2.COLOR_LAB2BGR)
      axes[1].imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img2, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
      axes[1].set_title("Contrast Increased Dea"), axes[1].set_xticks([]), axes[1].
      →set_yticks([])
```

```

gray_im = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY) / 255.0
gray_im2 = cv2.cvtColor(img2, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY) / 255.0
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2)
plt.subplot(121)
plt.imshow(np.log(np.abs(np.fft.fftshift(np.fft.fft2(gray_im)))))
plt.title("FFT Original Dea")
plt.show()

plt.subplot(122)
plt.imshow(np.log(np.abs(np.fft.fftshift(np.fft.fft2(gray_im2)))))
plt.title("FFT Contrasted Dea")
plt.show()

```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Color enhancement

[14]: `import cv2`

```

img = cv2.imread('./dea1.jpg', 1)
img_enhanced = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2HSV).astype(np.float32)

h, s, v = cv2.split(img_enhanced)
img_enhanced = cv2.merge((h, s, v * 0.6))
img_enhanced = cv2.cvtColor(img_enhanced.astype(np.uint8), cv2.COLOR_HSV2RGB)

fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2)
axes[0].imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
axes[0].set_title('Original Dea'), axes[0].set_xticks([]), axes[0].
    ↳set_yticks([])
axes[1].imshow(img_enhanced)
axes[1].set_title('Reduced Brightness Dea'), axes[1].set_xticks([]), axes[1].
    ↳set_yticks([]);

```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Color Shift

```
[15]: import cv2

img = cv2.imread("./mango.jpg")
img_lab = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2Lab)
img_red = img_lab.copy()
img_yellow = img_lab.copy()

img_red[:, :, 1] = img_red[:, :, 1] + img_red[:, :, 1] * 0.15
img_yellow[:, :, 1] = img_yellow[:, :, 1] - img_yellow[:, :, 1] * 0.17

fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 3)
axes[0].imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img_lab, cv2.COLOR_Lab2RGB))
axes[0].set_title('Original mango'), axes[0].set_xticks([]), axes[0].
    →set_yticks([])
axes[1].imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img_red, cv2.COLOR_Lab2RGB))
axes[1].set_title('++red mango'), axes[1].set_xticks([]), axes[1].
    →set_yticks([]);
axes[2].imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img_yellow, cv2.COLOR_Lab2RGB))
axes[2].set_title('--yellow mango'), axes[2].set_xticks([]), axes[2].
    →set_yticks([]);
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Bells and Whistles

```
[16]: # Gaussian Pyramid
%matplotlib notebook
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import cv2

img = cv2.imread("./deaf1.jpg")
img_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
img_gray = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY) / 255.0

gaussian_pyramid = [img_gray]

pyramid_cnt = 3
gaussian_kernel = utils.gaussian_kernel(4, 3*4)

for i in range(pyramid_cnt):
    temp = signal.convolve2d(gaussian_pyramid[-1], gaussian_kernel)
    temp = cv2.resize(temp, (0,0), fx = 0.5, fy = 0.5, interpolation = cv2.
    →INTER_NEAREST)
```

```

        gaussian_pyramid.append(temp)

print("Gaussian Pyramids")
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2)
for i in range(len(gaussian_pyramid)):
    axes[int(i/2)][i%2].imshow(gaussian_pyramid[i], cmap='gray')
    axes[int(i/2)][i%2].set_title(i), axes[int(i/2)][i%2].set_xticks([],
→axes[int(i/2)][i%2].set_yticks([])

laplacian_pyramid = [img_gray]
for i in range(pyramid_cnt):
    temp = cv2.resize(laplacian_pyramid[-1], (0,0), fx = 0.5, fy = 0.5,
→interpolation = cv2.INTER_NEAREST)
    temp_gauss = signal.convolve2d(temp, gaussian_kernal)
    lap = cv2.subtract(temp, utils.crop_image(temp_gauss, np.array([[3*4,
→3*4], [3*4 + temp.shape[1], 3*4 + temp.shape[0]]]])))
    laplacian_pyramid.append(lap)

print("Laplacian Pyramids")
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2)
for i in range(len(laplacian_pyramid)):
    axes[int(i/2)][i%2].imshow(laplacian_pyramid[i], cmap='gray')
    axes[int(i/2)][i%2].set_title(i), axes[int(i/2)][i%2].set_xticks([],
→axes[int(i/2)][i%2].set_yticks([])

```

Gaussian Pyramids

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Laplacian Pyramids

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[ ]: print("The End")
```

```
[ ]:
```