Introduction to Text Mining

Hongning Wang CS@UVa

What is "Text Mining"?

- "Text mining, also referred to as text data mining, roughly equivalent to text analytics, refers to the process of deriving high-quality information from text." - wikipedia
- "Another way to view text data mining is as a process of exploratory data analysis that leads to heretofore unknown information, or to answers for questions for which the answer is not currently known." - Hearst, 1999

Two different definitions of mining

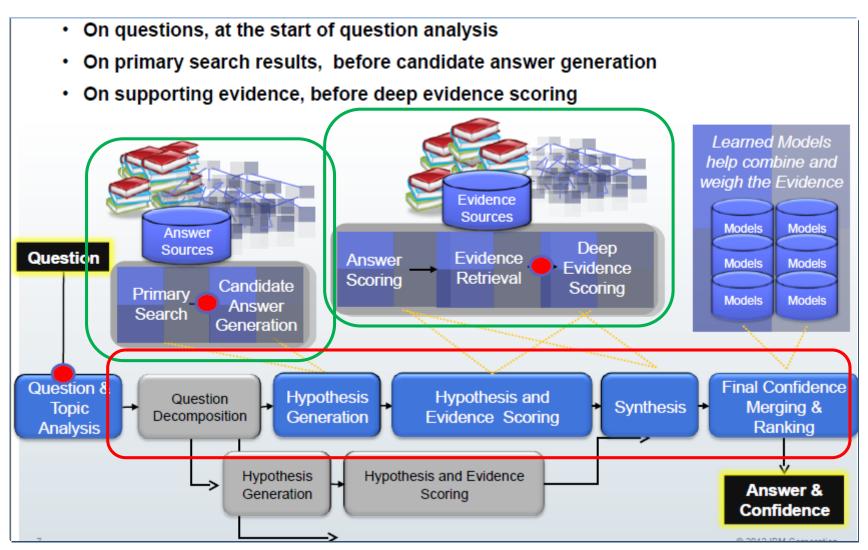
- Goal-oriented (effectiveness driven)
 - Any process that generates useful results that are nonobvious is called "mining".
 - Keywords: "useful" + "non-obvious"
 - Data isn't necessarily massive
- Method-oriented (efficiency driven)
 - Any process that involves extracting information from massive data is called "mining"
 - Keywords: "massive" + "pattern"
 - Patterns aren't necessarily useful

Knowledge discovery from text data

IBM's Watson wins at Jeopardy! - 2011



An overview of Watson



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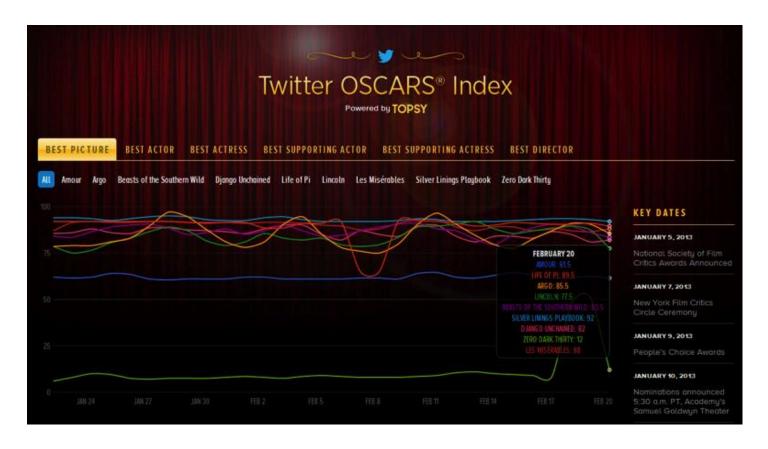
What is inside Watson?

- "Watson had access to <u>200 million pages</u> of structured and unstructured content consuming four terabytes of disk storage including the full text of Wikipedia" – PC World
- "The sources of information for Watson include encyclopedias, dictionaries, thesauri, newswire articles, and literary works. Watson also used databases, taxonomies, and ontologies. Specifically, DBPedia, WordNet, and Yago were used." – AI Magazine

What is inside Watson?

- DeepQA system
 - "Watson's main innovation was not in the creation of a new algorithm for this operation but rather its ability to quickly execute hundreds of proven language analysis algorithms simultaneously to find the correct answer." — New York Times
 - The DeepQA Research Team

Sentiment analysis



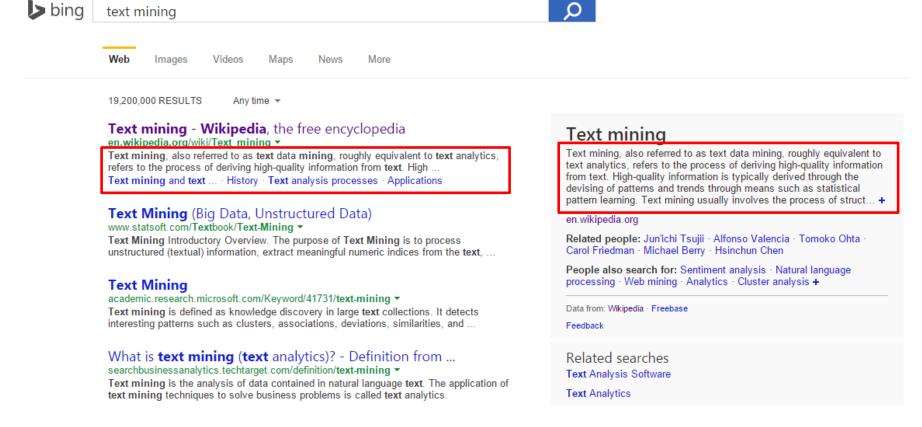
Sentiment analysis



Document summarization



Document summarization



Movie recommendation

FOREIGN SUGGESTIONS (about 104) See all >



Tell No One

Because you enjoyed: Memento Syriana Children of Men



Not Interested

Let the Right One In

Because you enjoyed: Seven Samurai This Is Spinal Tap The Big Lebowski



Not Interested

I've Loved You So Long

Because you enjoyed: The Queen Syriana Good Night, and Good Luck



Not Interested

Downfall

Because you enjoyed: Das Boot The Killing Fields Seven Samurai





Not Interested

The Wrestler

Because you enjoyed: Sin City Reservoir Dogs The Big Lebowski



The Visitor

Because you enjoyed: Gandhi The Motorcycle Diaries The Queen



Brick

Because you enjoyed: The Big Lebowski Rushmore Fight Club



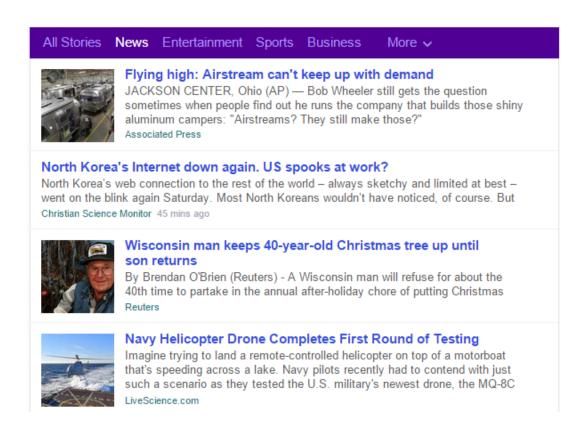
Not Interested

The Pianist

Because you enjoyed: Amadeus The Killing Fields Empire of the Sun

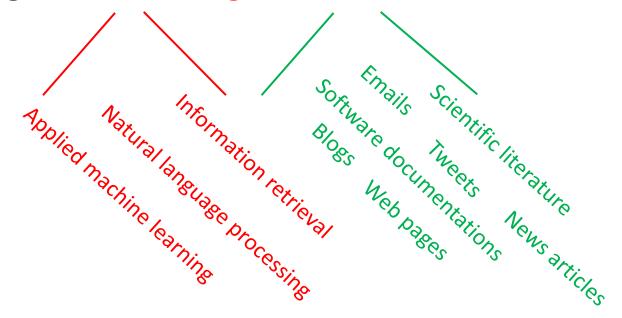


News recommendation



How to perform text mining?

- As computer scientists, we view it as
 - Text Mining = Data Mining + Text Data

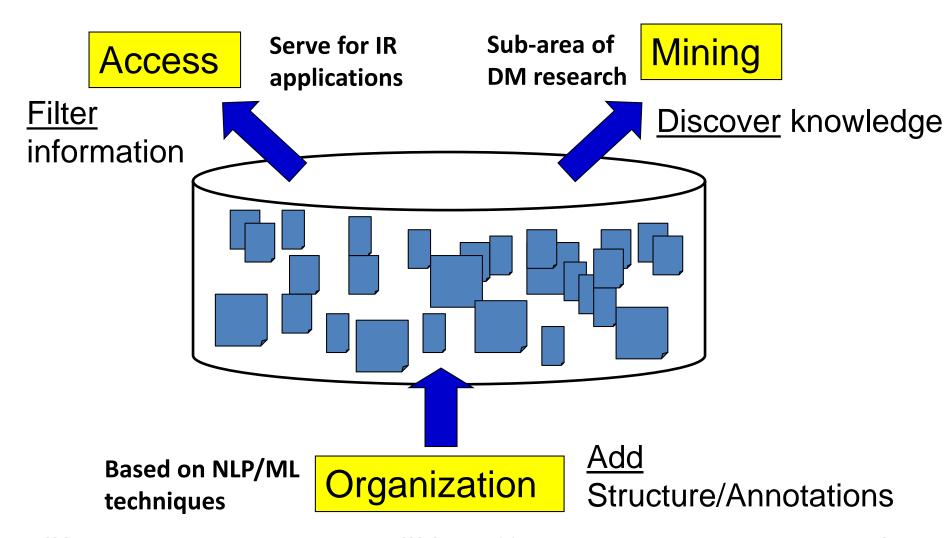


Text mining v.s. NLP, IR, DM...

- How does it relate to data mining in general?
- How does it relate to computational linguistics?
- How does it relate to information retrieval?

	Finding Patterns	Finding "Nuggets"	
		Novel	Non-Novel
Non-textual data	General data-mining	Exploratory	Database queries
Textual data	Comp Text N	1ining ysis	Information retrieval

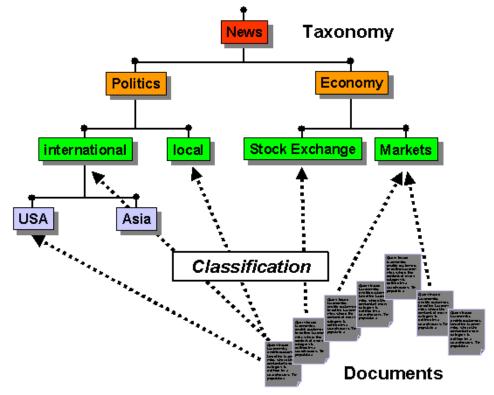
Text mining in general



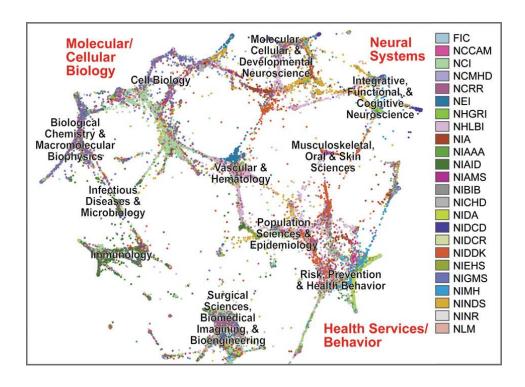
Challenges in text mining

- Data collection is "free text"
 - Data is not well-organized
 - Semi-structured or unstructured
 - Natural language text contains ambiguities on many levels
 - Lexical, syntactic, semantic, and pragmatic
 - Learning techniques for processing text typically need annotated training examples
 - Expensive to acquire at scale
- What to mine?

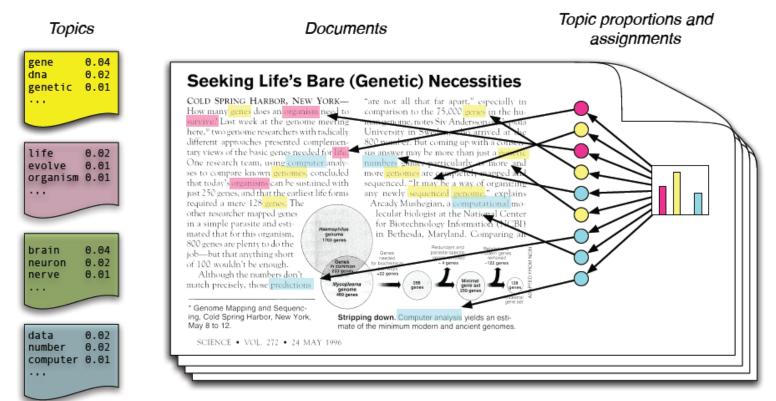
- Document categorization
 - Adding structures to the text corpus



- Text clustering
 - Identifying structures in the text corpus

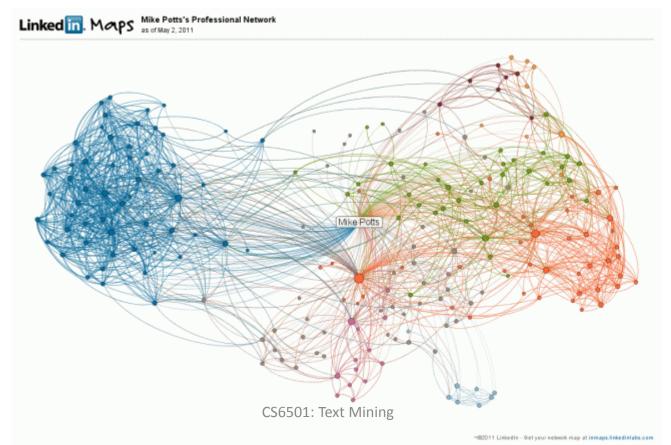


- Topic modeling
 - Identifying structures in the text corpus



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- Social media and network analysis
 - Exploring additional structure in the text corpus

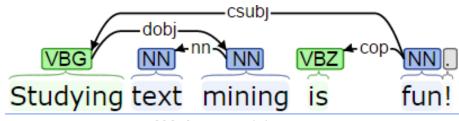


We will also briefly cover

- Natural language processing pipeline
 - Tokenization
 - "Studying text mining is fun!" -> "studying" + "text" + "mining" + "is" + "fun" + "!"
 - Part-of-speech tagging
 - "Studying text mining is fun!" -> Studying text mining is fun!

VBG

- Dependency parsing
 - "Studying text mining is fun!" ->



We will also briefly cover

- Machine learning techniques
 - Supervised methods
 - Naïve Bayes, k Nearest Neighbors, Logistic Regression
 - Unsupervised methods
 - K-Means, hierarchical clustering
 - Semi-supervised methods
 - Expectation Maximization

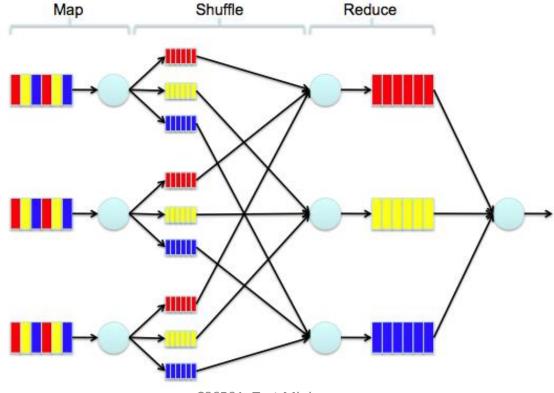
Text mining in the era of Big Data

- Huge in size
 - Google processes 5.13B queries/day (2013)
 - Twitter receives 340M tweets/day (2012)
 - Facebook has 2.5 PB of user data + 15 TB/day (4/2000)
 - eBay has 6.5 PB of user data + 50 TB/da
 640K ought to be enough for anybody.
- 80% data is unstructured (IBM, 2010,

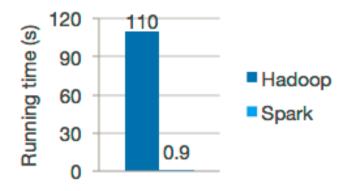


Scalability is crucial

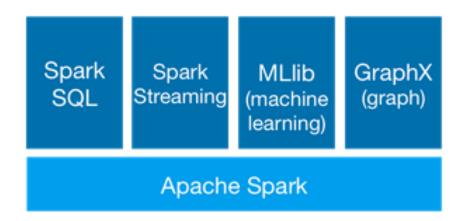
- Large scale text processing techniques
 - MapReduce framework



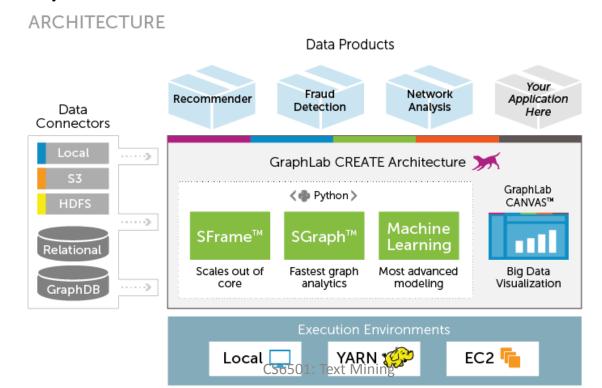
- Apache Spark (<u>spark.apache.org</u>)
 - In-memory MapReduce
 - Specialized for machine learning algorithms
 - Speed
 - 100x faster than Hadoop MapReduce in memory, or 10x faster on disk.



- Apache Spark (<u>spark.apache.org</u>)
 - In-memory MapReduce
 - Specialized for machine learning algorithms
 - Generality
 - Combine SQL, streaming, and complex analytics



- GraphLab (graphlab.com)
 - Graph-based, high performance, distributed computation framework



- GraphLab (graphlab.com)
 - Specialized for sparse data with local dependencies for iterative algorithms



Text mining in the era of Big Data



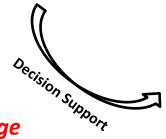


Human-generated data

Text data

Behavior data

Knowledge service system





Data Generation W. As data producer

As knowledge

consumer

Challenges:

- 1. Implicit feedback
- 2. Diverse and dynamic

Human: big data producer and consumer

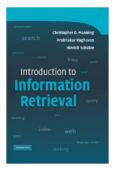
Challenges:

- 1. Unstructured data
- 2. Rich semantic

Text books



 Mining Text Data. Charu C. Aggarwal and ChengXiang Zhai, Springer, 2012.

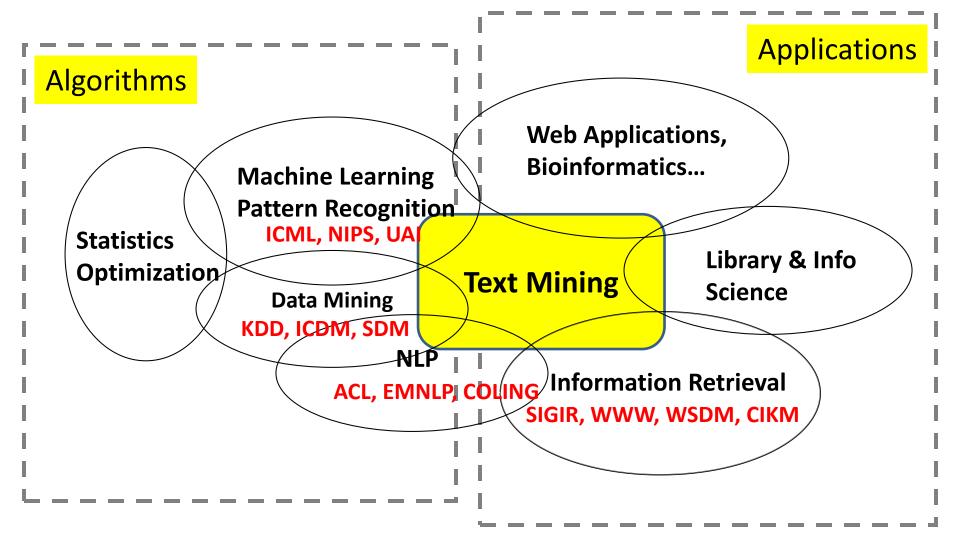


Introduction to Information Retrieval.
 Christopher D. Manning, Prabhakar Raghavan,
 and Hinrich Schuetze, Cambridge University
 Press, 2007.



Speech and Language Processing. Daniel
Jurafsky and James H. Martin, Pearson Education,
2000.

What to read?



• Find more on course website for resource

Welcome to the class of "Text Mining"!

