

a) Without padding

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Applying K on I,

$$O = \begin{bmatrix} ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) + (1 \times 1)) + ((0 \times 0) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 0)) + ((0 \times 1) + (0 \times 0) + (1 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) + (0 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 0) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 0)) + ((0 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) + (1 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (0 \times 0) + (0 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 0) + (1 \times 1) + (0 \times 0)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) + (1 \times 1)) \\ ((0 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) + (1 \times 1)) + ((0 \times 0) + (0 \times 1) + (1 \times 0)) + ((0 \times 1) + (0 \times 0) + (1 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) + (1 \times 1)) + ((0 \times 0) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 0)) + ((0 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) + (1 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) + (0 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 0) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 0)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) + (0 \times 1)) \\ ((0 \times 1) + (0 \times 0) + (1 \times 1)) + ((0 \times 0) + (0 \times 1) + (1 \times 0)) + ((0 \times 1) + (0 \times 0) + (1 \times 1)) & ((0 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) + (1 \times 1)) + ((0 \times 0) + (1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) + (0 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 0) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 0) + (1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (0 \times 0) + (0 \times 1)) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) with padding.

Since after applying the convolution filter K on image I, the output image size decreases.

By padding zeroes, we try to keep the output image size consistent with the input image size.

So, image I = 5x5

i.e., m=5 & n=5

filter K = 3x3

i.e., a=3, b=3

output image size desired = 5x5

i.e., p=5, q=5

padding for height:

$$= (m - a + 1)$$

$$= (5 - 3 + 1)$$

$$= 3$$

since $(m - a + 1) = 3 < p = 5$

$$\text{we have to pad by } \frac{|(m - a + 1) - p|}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

similarly, padding for width = 1

$$I_p = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Applying filter K on I_p ,

$$O_p = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q2

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 9 & 6 & 3 \\ 8 & 3 & 5 & 3 \\ 2 & 6 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Applying max pooling filter of 2x2 & stride=2,

$$O = \begin{bmatrix} \max(3, 4, 1, 9) & \max(2, 5, 6, 3) \\ \max(8, 3, 2, 6) & \max(5, 3, 5, 0) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 6 \\ 8 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q3

we have R, B, & G channel

Applying convolution filter K on each channel without padding, stride=1,

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O_R = \begin{bmatrix} ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) \\ ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) \\ ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O_R = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 9 & 9 \\ 9 & 9 & 9 \\ 9 & 9 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

Similarly

 O_B will be addition of all 5's in each cell of the stride

$$\therefore O_B = \begin{bmatrix} 45 & 45 & 45 \\ 45 & 45 & 45 \\ 45 & 45 & 45 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O_G = \begin{bmatrix} ((2 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1)) + ((2 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1)) + ((2 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) & ((0 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((0 \times 1) + (2 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((0 \times 1) + (3 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) \\ ((2 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1)) + ((2 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1)) + ((2 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1) + (2 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1) + (2 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1) + (2 \times 1)) & ((0 \times 1) + (2 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((0 \times 1) + (3 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((0 \times 1) + (4 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) \\ ((2 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1)) + ((2 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1)) + ((2 \times 1) + (1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1)) & ((1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1) + (3 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1) + (3 \times 1)) + ((1 \times 1) + (0 \times 1) + (3 \times 1)) & ((0 \times 1) + (3 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((0 \times 1) + (4 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) + ((0 \times 1) + (5 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O_G = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 9 & 9 \\ 9 & 12 & 12 \\ 9 & 15 & 15 \end{bmatrix}$$