

LSE 推导

$$Ax + b = y$$

$$\| (Ax - b) \|^2 = (Ax - b)^T (Ax - b)$$

$$= x^T A^T A x - 2b^T A x + b^T b$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} = 2A^T A x - 2A^T b$$

$$A^T A x = A^T b$$

$$x = \textcircled{A} (A^T A)^{-1} A^T b$$