

# 小范围核心预测

综合写作版 – 181017 发布  
针对 2018/10/20 考试

## 【综合写作出题规律】

小站机经团队，将 2017 年考题与往年真题进行查重比对，现总结出如下出题规律：

- ◆ 2017 年，综合写作的新题数量与往年相比明显增加。到 11 月 15 日为止的 40 场考试中，有 22 题为新题，19 题为旧题。新题和旧题的比率大致呈**对半开**的趋势。
- ◆ 从出题规律来看，2017 年综合写作与往年重复的 19 道旧题中，2016 年重复 11 次，2015 年 7 次，2014 年 1 次。因此，**2016 年的题目**是复习的重中之重。**2015 和 2014 年的题目**也可以作为重点来复习。
- ◆ 从题材分类来看，2017 年综合写作部分考查最多的是**生物类**，其次是**考古类、历史类和环境类**，其他题材考到的频次相对较少。和往年相同，生物、考古、历史等话题一直是综合写作的热门题材，所以同学们可以有针对性地复习。

## 综合写作 Integrated Writing – W1

场次	170225CN ( new )
题目：	棕榈油的生产是积极的还是消极的。
阅读：	<p>palm oil 的生产有积极的影响，应该要扩大生产。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 可以帮助保护森林，需要的土地少。</li> <li>2. 可以用于生产环境友好的 biodiesel。</li> <li>3. 可以减少小规模生产的农民们的贫困。</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>palm oil 生产同时也会有消极的影响，不应该扩大生产。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 种植虽然可以成为森林且需要的土地少，但是在以砍伐其他森林为目的的，也是破坏了森林。</li> <li>2. 可以用于生产 biodiesel，但是在砍伐完其他森林以后，需要焚烧 peat，这个东西的燃烧会产生更多的二氧化碳，对环境不利</li> <li>3. 是可以减少小规模生产的农民们的贫困，但是小规模生产的农民们对于 palm oil 生产的控制时间并不长，随后大的规模的生产机构也对 palm oil 感兴趣，这样小规</li> </ol>

模生产的农民们将失去对 palm oil 生产的控制，增收很少。

场次	170311CN (new)
题目：	保护濒危鸟类 Hermit Ibis。
阅读：	<p>保护濒危鸟类 Hermit Ibis 很困难，因为：</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. habitat destruction 生存环境的破坏，大多由于人的占用导致。</li> <li>2. 附近捕食者(比如秃鹰和乌鸦)对幼鸟和蛋的攻击. Eggs and juvenile are vulnerable to the predators, which, however, cannot be killed because they are also important to ecosystem.</li> <li>3. 保护濒危物种通常科学家会 raise them in captivity 然后 release into the wild, 但是 Hermit Ibis 是迁徙类动物，它们是从父母那里学习 how and where to migrate，如果人工饲养然后放回大自然，它们无法生存。</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>问题可以解决</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. hermit ibis 可以在很多地方筑巢，人工搭建的栖息地，比如建筑物的外墙。这个不是问题。</li> <li>2. 虽然 eggs and juvenile are vulnerable，但是它们的天敌都比较胆小，只要在 eggs and juvenile 成年之前人类通过吹哨子赶走天敌，Hermit Ibis 成年后生活就没有问题了。</li> <li>3. 人类也可以教给年幼的 hermit ibis 如何迁徙，比如 pilot 带着年幼的 hermit ibis 随着它们迁徙的路线飞行，它们也可以学会如何迁徙，放回大自然后它们的生存就不会有任何问题。</li> </ol>

场次	170325CN (new)
题目：	关于小麦的三个理论。
阅读：	<p>阅读：</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1、Dating Error</li> </ol> <p>因为土地沉降问题，所以 soil layer 对于时间上的证明是不准确的。</p>

	<p>2、Trade</p> <p>小麦并不是当地的农作物，而是有其他地方通过贸易手段到英国的。</p> <p>3、British Farmers</p> <p>当时英国还是以打猎为主，但是已经有部分的农民出现，只是没有大范围出现而已。</p>
听力：	<p>听力：</p> <p>1、这种情况很少见，而且因为英国的土壤非常 dense,这种 transportation 不太可能发生，而且在小麦的地层没有其他植物，所以不存在 transportation。</p> <p>2、那个时候只有南欧有小麦，在那个年代长距离贸易是非常困难的，所以不太可能。</p> <p>3、小麦有 reproduction process，所以一定会产生 pollen，但是只发现了同时期其他植物的花粉，但是没有小麦的花粉，所以也不存在。</p>

场次	161029CN (new)
题目：	拯救白鲸的三种方式。
阅读：	<p>阅读：有一些措施能够拯救 belugas (白鲸)</p> <p>1. 完善法律，增加规定</p> <p>2. 养殖后再放生的方式</p> <p>3. 不抓走 young belugas</p>
听力：	<p>听力：这些措施都没什么用。</p> <p>1. 有些人忽视法律以及规定</p> <p>2. 并不是长期的办法，而且环境也会改变</p> <p>3. 除非有 dams，否则很难做到</p>

场次	161217CN (new)
题目：	建造太阳能道路。

阅读：	<p>Build solar roads by paving glass, glass can absorb the sun's energy and translate into electricity.</p> <p>态度：Oppose</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. It is not a logical place. The roads are flat, not tilted.</li> <li>2. Glass are not safe, especially in wet or icy condition</li> <li>3. Will be very expensive.</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>态度：agree</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. It will be more efficient. The solar panel will produce more energy. It will reflect the sun in cloudy days not just in one direction but in many different directions.</li> <li>2. A new kind of glass will solve the problem. The engineers have already researched for it, it will also useful in wet days.</li> <li>3. The solar roads will produce more power which can be sold to other counties; its revenue can be the cost.</li> </ol>

场次	160709CN (new)
题目：	Hypothesis about why Vikings left Greenland in the 15th century (关于维京人离开格陵兰岛原因的几个假说)
阅读：	<p>阅读 1：Because of climate change the temperature got lower so the Vikings didn't have enough food. (气候变化导致农作物减产，食物不足)</p> <p>阅读 2：The Vikings were driven out by the local enemies. (维京人被当地人驱赶出格陵兰岛)</p> <p>阅读 3：The trade between the Vikings and the European countries was cut off by Norway. (挪威王室不允许维京人和欧洲其他国家通商)</p>
听力：	<p>听力 1：Vikings relied on fish for food and climate change didn't change the ocean and the fish. (维京人以鱼类为主食，并没有面临饥荒)</p> <p>听力 2：When the Vikings left, they took away all their valuables and tidied up, if they were driven out they would have been in a rush. (维京人离开时整齐有序，并没有落荒而逃的迹象)</p> <p>听力 3：The formal trade was cut off but the illegal and unofficial trade was still on-going. Even the Norwegian King complained about the illegal trade</p>

was hard to control (虽然正式的贸易被禁止了,但是非法的和私下的通商依旧繁荣)

场次	160710CN (new)
题目 :	Three possible theories of what a sea-dwelling microorganism's eye might be for.
阅读 :	<p>阅读 1 : The eye is used for following preys.</p> <p>阅读 2 : The eye is used for sensing sunlight.</p> <p>阅读 3 : The eye is used for aiming at having a better accuracy at other tiny life-forms when it is going to stab them.</p>
听力 :	<p>听力 1 : Other closely-related microorganisms which have no eyes could follow their prey successfully. Therefore, their eyes must be for other purposes.</p> <p>听力 2 : Scientists studying the evolution of microorganism find that they are becoming less and less dependent on sunlight for energy. Compared with their ancestors, the sea-dwelling microorganism is with a much more complex eye. So it must have other functions.</p> <p>听力 3 : After examining the eye thoroughly, researchers find that its eye couldn't focus quite well, thus not being able to have better accuracy at other tiny life-forms when stabbing them.</p>

场次	160716CN (new)
题目 :	Three possible theories of why sturgeon fish jump into the air.
阅读 :	<p>阅读 1 : They need to feed themselves by the insects in the air</p> <p>阅读 2 : They want to remove the parasites on the scales.</p> <p>阅读 3 : They are aggressive when the tourists' boats invade their territory.</p>
听力 :	<p>听力 1 : they don't eat in the summer since they are fed in winter with enough, and they are bottom fed, they eat from the sea floor</p> <p>听力 2 : The most dangerous parasites are internal, not external, even some domesticated have external parasites.</p> <p>听力 3 : The human invasion is accidently, even without the invasion, the fish also jumped.</p>

场次	160827CN (new)
题目：	登录火星是否可行。
阅读：	<p>人类即将开展宇航员登陆火星的项目，但是有一些很棘手的安全问题需要解决。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 着陆的时候冲击力大容易产生损害。</li> <li>2. 没有办法携带足够多的燃油，包括去程和返程的。</li> <li>3. 太阳辐射会直接伤害到宇航员的身体。</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>目前已经有很多的办法去解决阅读中所提到的安全问题。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 着陆时可以通过电脑控制或者人工控制来选择适合的着陆点并减少冲击力。</li> <li>2. 只需要带去程的燃料就可以了，返程的燃料可以通过火星上所有的固态冰现做。</li> <li>3. 可以在 spaceship 上制造一个类似于地球磁场的防护罩，来阻挡太阳辐射的伤害</li> </ol>

场次	160910CN (上午) (new)
题目：	一个爱尔兰航海学家是否到达过北美。
阅读：	<p>理论证明一个航海家从爱尔兰到北美</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. written theories 有关文件记载</li> <li>2. boat 研究人员造船试航</li> <li>3. old marking 像航海家那个时代的 alphabetic</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>这些力量不够说服力</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 文件记载所到的地方可能是别的地方</li> <li>2. 虽然船的大小和制作材料一样但不能证明</li> <li>3. old markings 可能是土著的 carve pictures</li> </ol>

场次	161022CN (new)
题目：	starlings 椋鸟是否会带来危害。
阅读：	<p>starlings 椋鸟的一些危害</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 危害农作物，他们乱吃果实</li> <li>2. 危害航空安全，乱闯跑道</li> <li>3. 危及濒危物种，因为他们会霸占一些为濒危物种特制的安全笼子</li> </ol>
听力：	并没有危害



1. 它们不仅吃果实，同时也吃害虫，省却了杀虫剂的费用
2. 可以制作一个大的笼子把鸟关在里面
3. 制定一些小入口的笼子让鸟进不去

场次	160625CN (new)
题目：	Peru 沙漠里的一种地形 Nazca lines，关于 Nazca lines 存在的三种理论。
阅读：	<p>阅读 1：作为 astronomical calendar，去跟踪一些特殊的 events，比如说冬至。也有发现表明它确实与一些天体有关系。</p> <p>阅读 2：for monumental arts, 总而彰显当地的文化和地位及重要性。就像埃及见金字塔一样。</p> <p>阅读 3：人们留下的足迹。有可能最为跑步的赛道。</p>
听力：	<p>听力 1：阅读里没有提到有 sky 中很多天体这一事实，所以阅读里所说的相关可能只是偶然。</p> <p>听力 2：实际上这些 lines 很大，只有在高空中才可以看到它的全貌，而如果站在附件的话，不能够进行识别，也不会给人留下深刻的印象。</p> <p>听力 3：这些 lines 有一些是 images of animals, too complex for human's footprint. 另外听力推测，当地有宗教习惯是走一些不寻常的路径，所以有可能这些 lines 是 religious ritual 留下来的。</p>

场次	160528CN (new)
题目：	Topic：Mysterious prints reported in an English newspaper.
阅读：	<p>Thesis：The reading points out three hypotheses to explain the mysterious prints.</p> <p>Sub-point1：This was kangaroo footprint.</p> <p>Sub-point2：It was made by hot air balloon, which can be demonstrated by the broken rope and blots.</p> <p>Sub-point3：The whole story was invented although reported trustworthy.</p>
听力：	<p>Thesis：Refute the three explanations mentioned in reading passage.</p> <p>Sub-point1：Kangaroo's sharp and powerful claws would make deep marks during long trails. And if the footprints were left by the fleeing kangaroo, there must have been reports about this incident, but there wasn't.</p> <p>Sub-point2：There was a forest area in the way, and the hot air balloon</p>

	<p>would be entangled by tree branches and could not travel that long distance.</p> <p>Sub-point3 : The report was based on reliable materials. For one thing, there' s letter from Devin who found the footprints; For another thing, newspaper office collected a lot of details about the print. Thus the report wouldn' t be invented.</p>
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场次	160910CN ( 下午 ) ( new )
题目 :	太阳能吸收器放在太空有三个好处
阅读 :	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 能够吸收更多能量</li> <li>2. 能过避免彗星的冲撞</li> <li>3. 能够对环境有好处</li> </ol>
听力 :	<p>太阳能吸收器放在太空其实并没有什么好处</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 如果在太空的吸收器坏了。地面上要送一宇航员上去修理。这不仅非常花钱。而且，到达太空时间非常长。这一段吸收器不工作的时间，许多原本能被吸收的能量就浪费了。</li> <li>2. 尽管彗星这种大的星体能够避免。但是太空中的 space dust 科学家时无法跟踪的。这些 dust 以非常高的速度运行，会给吸收器带来非常大的热量，从而造成损害。</li> <li>3. 这些吸收器在太空吸收完能量后，会以 beam 或 ray 的形式把能量发回地面。Beam 和 ray 会对大气层中的臭氧层造成损害，从而更多的紫外线会之间照射到人类、动物和植物。人类和动物会产生许多健康问题。植物的产量也会因此而减少。</li> </ol>

场次	160911CN ( new )
题目 :	哺乳动物的祖先从非洲大陆到达马达加斯加岛是有证据证明的
阅读 :	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 是通过偶然因素才会到达马达加斯加的，比如洪水，自然灾害等</li> <li>2. 周围的海水是不会把动物带到岛屿的，因为海水不会朝那个方向流</li> <li>3. 大陆与岛屿之间有 400 km，因此旅途会很长，动物活不了那么久</li> </ol>
听力 :	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 基因研究发现，岛上至少有四种物种的基因来自于大陆哺乳动物</li> <li>2. 通过地形地貌变化，海水流经的位置现在是向南的，可以把动物送达马达加斯加</li> <li>3. 动物在旅途中会降低自己的基础代谢，消耗很少，不会渴死饿死</li> </ol>



场次	161112CN (new)
题目：	lemur 狐猴，如何防止其灭绝，或数量下降。
阅读：	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 把那些把森林与森林之间隔开的农田变成森林走廊，这样森林之间就连上了。</li> <li>2. 禁止非法捕猎，加大管理力度。</li> <li>3. 囚禁 ( captivity ) 它们，人工饲养保护。</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>听力：并无多大效果</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 猴狐生活之外的森林对于它们来说很危险，即便退耕造林建起连接的走廊，它们也不会走。</li> <li>2. 不只有大量的人把狐猴抓起来做宠物，也会捕食它们，所以范围太大，方法多样，很难有效管控。</li> <li>3. 狐猴的种类很多，习性不同，针对不同狐猴进行饲养可能有 20 多种食物，这样可能很难保证饲养。</li> </ol>

场次	161211CN (new)
题目：	犀牛角非常的珍贵，以至于一些偷猎者不惜一切代价地猎杀犀牛，对犀牛的种群数量造成了严重的影响。为了保护犀牛，人们想出一种办法：把犀牛运到别的栖息地 ( relocation plan ) ,防止偷猎者的捕杀。阅读和听力讨论这种 relocation 的方法是否有效。
阅读：	<p>阅读：relocation 对保护犀牛没有用。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 犀牛在 relocation 的过程中有 2%-5% 的死亡率。众所周知，犀牛是濒危物种，因此在运输过程中造成犀牛死亡，这中做法是不可取的。</li> <li>2. 犀牛有着非常紧密的种族社会关系，如果把犀牛 relocate 的话，就会造成公犀牛和母犀牛的数量不平衡，会对犀牛的繁殖造成影响，此外它们的种族纽带也会被切断。</li> <li>3. relocation 不能完全防止偷猎者猎杀犀牛，因为犀牛角的价值很高，所以就算把犀牛运到别的地方偷猎者还是会紧随不放，所以不能从根本上解决问题。</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>听力： relocation 可以很好地保护犀牛种群。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 虽然犀牛在运输途中不可避免地会发生伤亡，但是死亡的犀牛毕竟是少数。特别是把运输途中犀牛死亡率和盗猎者猎杀犀牛导致的死亡率对比时，会发现运输途中犀牛死亡数量远远低于盗猎者猎杀犀牛的数量。相比两种情况，还是 relocation 更好一些。</li> <li>2. 阅读中所提到的犀牛性别不平衡问题在进行 relocation 之前就可以避免。保护者们会挑选一定数量的公犀牛和母犀牛，保持比例平衡。另外带着幼崽的母犀牛不</li> </ol>

会进行 relocation，不会拆散它们的社会关系。

3. 把犀牛运到别的地方，那里地域广阔，犀牛有很大的活动空间，盗猎者在如此大的范围之内发现犀牛非常困难。另外，有些地方人很难通过，偷猎者无法到达。

场次	150110CN
题目：	讨论关于 birds anting 这一习性的三种解释。
阅读：	<p>Demonstrate three theories to explain why birds have the habit.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Birds use anting to irrigate skin during feather change in summer.</li> <li>2. The acid released during anting by ants can help resist parasites growing on birds.</li> <li>3. Anting is a way for birds to feed on those ants.</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>Refute the three explanations mentioned in reading passage.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. It is just a coincidence between the time of feather change and bird anting.</li> <li>2. Anting cannot reduce the growth of parasites on some birds.</li> <li>3. Birds will have other things to rub themselves, but they do not tend to eat those things.</li> </ol>

场次	150125CN
题目：	讨论健康计划 Wellness Programs (即公司推出奖励计划给达到 healthy-related goal 的员工) 是否对员工有益。
阅读：	<p>Wellness Programs in United States bring lots of benefits to companies and employees.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The programs can become a motivational tool for people to lose weight and quit smoking, bringing much healthier lifestyle.</li> <li>2. Employees will be more inclined to take exercises and have wholesome diets through the motivation of the Wellness Programs.</li> <li>3. Although the program might cost companies a great deal of money at beginning, it saves more compared to the spending for employees' sickness.</li> </ol>

听力：	<p>The program does not work.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The program may be an effective way to motivate employees in short term, but it cannot keep for a long period. Research shows that after several years, people are back to their bad habits.</li> <li>2. The program is not fair for every employee, because cases differ. Some who have to take care of their family or cope with chores do not have enough time to exercise, while others are genetically fat.</li> <li>3. Companies might suffer great financial loss in long term, because many employees will not stay in one company forever.</li> </ol>
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场次	150201CN
题目：	讨论关于 40 年前黄腿山蛙数量下降的三种解释。
阅读：	<p>Demonstrate three theories to explain why the number of yellow-legged mountain frogs declined 40 years ago.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A kind of fish, the trout, was introduced to this area and the trout ate tadpoles of the frogs.</li> <li>2. The use of pesticides contaminated the habitat.</li> <li>3. The frogs there were infected by a fungal disease.</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>Refute the three explanations mentioned in reading passage.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The trout was introduced 100 years ago, however the decline happened 40 years ago. The time does not match.</li> <li>2. Rainfall tends to wash the pesticides to lower and farther places. However, frogs lived in areas with higher altitude than that of farms using pesticides.</li> <li>3. Yellow-legged mountain frogs can produce some antibodies within their bodies, so that they can resist to the infection of fungal disease.</li> </ol>

场次	150328CN
题目：	Mary Rose 号沉没的原因。
阅读：	There are three reasons to explain why Mary Rose sank.

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The gunspot was not closed after getting fire, but they forgot to close it. Water poured in to gunspot.</li> <li>2. Sailors dislike the captain and do not follow his lead.</li> <li>3. French made significant damage to the ship.</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>Refute the three reasons mentioned in reading passage.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. According to a research, there were still some cannonballs in the gunspot, which proved that it cannot be opened.</li> <li>2. Mary rose is flag ship. Sailors are all capable, so they will not fail to follow the captain's lead under such dangerous situation.</li> <li>3. Frenchmen told a lie in order to show that they were powerful than English.</li> </ol>

场次	150524CN
题目：	关于 Pearl Poet 是谁的三个假说。
阅读：	<p>There are 3 possible hypotheses.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. John Massey might be possible, because he lived in northwestern England, where the poems came out, and the handwritings of John Massey and Pearl Poet are the same.</li> <li>2. It might be Hugh, because he wrote poems about Garwin and those 4 famous handwritten poems are also related to Garwin. What's more, the poems all adopt the rhetorical method of alliteration.</li> <li>3. The 4 poems might not be written by one person because the poems referred different areas in England.</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>None of the 3 hypotheses is reasonable.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. There was same copier in 14th century. That is why the handwritings are the same.</li> <li>2. It cannot be Hugh because the dialect used in the poems of Pearl Poet and Hugh is totally different.</li> <li>3. The poems cannot be made by several persons, because the wording of the 4 poems is very similar, which is impossible for different authors.</li> </ol>

场次	150711CN
题目：	关于降低风力发电涡轮对蝙蝠数量影响的方案。
阅读：	<p>Three solutions can be used to lower the effect of wind turbines upon bats.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The wind turbines should be built in the areas far away from the migratory routes of the bats.</li> <li>2. The wind turbines should be turned off in the night for bats are nocturnal.</li> <li>3. Radars should be used to repel the bats, for the bats hate radar waves.</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>Those three solutions are not feasible.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The migratory routes of bats are exactly the places where wind turbines should be built, for if they are built in the remote areas, such as flat plain, the wind speed will decline.</li> <li>2. Though the bats are not active in the daytime, they will choose sleep on tall structures, and the tops of the turbines are such places.</li> <li>3. If bats meet the electromagnetic waves emitted by radars, those waves will prominently influence the reproductive systems of the bats.</li> </ol>

场次	150912CN
题目：	prevent jellyfish booms from happening
阅读：	<p>The writer puts forward three methods to address the problem.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Use chemicals to destroy the polyp.</li> <li>2. Harvest for human consumption</li> <li>3. The government makes stricter regulation, letting workers clean the ballast water.</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>The measures are unconvincing.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The remains of polyp would breed the next generation quickly. Besides, using chemical ways might destroy other species in the marine or other places.</li> <li>2. Only 12 kinds of jellyfish are edible. And people can only eat one percent of them.</li> <li>3. Boat companies and fishermen will not be willing to do so, for it wastes a lot of time and has a negative influence on their economic profits.</li> </ol>

场次	150913CN
题目：	犀鸟 ( toucan bird ) 的巨大的鸟嘴的三种功能。
阅读：	<p>3 reasons can explain why toucan evolved a bill.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Weapons against predators</li> <li>2. Color and shape to hide from predator</li> <li>3. Get rid of excess body heat</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>None of the 3 reasons about the bill' s function is reasonable.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. It cannot function as weapons. It is made of hollow bones filled with air, so it is thin and lightweight or else it cannot fly. If it is used as a weapon, it will be easily damaged in activities like jabbing.</li> <li>2. They have to call out to each other in order to use the color and shape to blend into surrounding areas. If they do this, they are going to draw attention from predators.</li> <li>3. Healthy toucan does not use their bills. They need bill to get rid of heat in the daytime but at night when the temperature is lower, they do not. They then need to retain body heat.</li> </ol>

场次	151024CN
题目：	考古学家 Schliemann 发现的金面具到底是不是真的。
阅读：	<p>Heinrich Schliemann discovered a golden mask of warrior king. He claimed that the golden mask is the Mask of Agamemnon. However, the archaeology industry suspects that the golden mask is a fake. There are three reasons for that.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Firstly, Schliemann has a reputation of faking his discovery and excavation. He used to buy an antique from a craftsman and claim that the item is from ancient Greek until it was identified a fake. Therefore, the golden mask is very suspicious and Schliemann is incredible.</li> <li>2. Secondly, some features of the golden mask are different from the authentic golden masks from Ancient Greek. Ancient Greek golden masks have very flat appearance and no pointed hairs. The golden mask</li> </ol>



	<p>of warrior king discovered by Schliemann has very well-defined lips and pointed beard. Therefore, the golden mask is a fake.</p> <p>3. Thirdly, Schliemann immediately shut down the site where the golden mask is discovered after he found the golden mask. This is a very suspicious behavior. Usually archeologist will continue to excavate the site in the hope of finding more cultural information about the discovery, such as the historical context and identify whose mask it is. More information about the mask could have been discovered to identify the mask, however, Schliemann close the site in a rush, revealing his afraid of being found that the mask is a fake.</p>
听力：	<p>Though many archeologists think the golden mask of warrior king is a fake, but I think that is an authentic item from Ancient Greek. There are three reasons to refute the points in the passage.</p> <p>1. Firstly, Schliemann did have a reputation of faking discovery and excavation. However, for this mask, it's not easy to fake. The Greek government is familiar with Schliemann's reputation of dishonesty and specifically assigned a supervisor to closely supervise and monitor Schliemann's work of excavation. If Schliemann really cheated on this discovery, it's hard to do so without being caught by the supervisor.</p> <p>2. Secondly, a golden mask of lion from Ancient Greek, which was proved an authentic antique, was compared with the golden mask of warrior king. The golden lion mask also has three-dimensioned lips and nose, and all pointed hair. All the features are comparable to the golden mask of warrior king.</p> <p>3. Thirdly, the timing of the site being shut down immediately after the golden mask was discovered can be explained. Schliemann was not a real archeologist but a treasure hunter. It fitted a treasure hunter's habit to close the site immediately after he depleted all the valuable things in the site. Therefore, Schliemann's behavior of shutting down the site is not suspicious.</p>

场次	161126CN(下午场) <i>new</i>
题目：	fort 能不能起到防御作用
阅读：	一些考古学家认为公元前两千多年的 forts 不能起到很好的防御作用

	<p>1. 不是所有的 sides 都有 walls 所以很容易受到敌人攻击</p> <p>2. multiple entranceways, enemies are easy to enter</p> <p>3. no evidence of water and wells , 当被包围的时候很容易败</p>
听力 :	<p>这些都是误解 原因如下</p> <p>1. 有些地方不用 walls 就可以起到防御的 , 比如有悬崖峭壁 cliff</p> <p>2. 敌人发现 Spot 之前就 block 封锁掉</p> <p>3. 可能是之前挖的井干了所以后人没看到不代表没有证据 ; 不可能存在围攻的问题 , 因为敌人不会一直 wait out 的</p>

场次	151115CN
题目 :	防止蝙蝠白鼻综合征 (WNS)的方式。
阅读 :	<p>Suggestions to fight White Nose Syndrome (a kind of fungus killed lots of North American bats in the past few years)</p> <p>1. One suggestion is restricting people to access the caves where bats live, because fungus can be spread cave to cave by riding on people' s clothes.</p> <p>2. The second suggestion is studying a species of bats that is resistant to fungus.</p> <p>3. The third suggestion is heating the cave.</p>
听力 :	<p>Refute the three explanations mentioned in reading passage.</p> <p>1. The lecturer refutes the point by saying that people are not main factors to help spread fungus, and it is bats themselves that spread the fungus, because in some caves where people cannot access, there' s fungus still.</p> <p>2. Resistance is formed during the process of complex biological evolution. And understanding the process needs decades. However, the bats will die out in 10 years if there' s no effective remedy.</p> <p>3. Bats die because the fungus wakes them up and forces them to face starvation. If the caves are heated, bats will be unable to sleep and thus suffer the starvation. Therefore this suggestion will make the situation worse.</p>

场次	151128CN
题目：	讨论 the reasons about the death of Ichthyosaurs.
阅读：	<p>Three possible reasons</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. They died of toxic algae.</li> <li>2. They stranded in shallow water.</li> <li>3. They were preserved in a pattern by other creatures.</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>The reasons are not established.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The fossils of ichthyosaurs show that they died in different time. Some were formed earlier than others.</li> <li>2. According to the seafloor, it was deep water in the past.</li> <li>3. These nine bones were put in order; however, this creature only put them at random.</li> </ol>

场次	151212CN
题目：	The reason that causes the low production of rhino in parks.
阅读：	<p>Three causes can explain the low production of rhino in parks.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Infertility results from the alfalfa and hay in animal fodder, which increasing it hormone.</li> <li>2. Rhinos develop foot disease for often walking on the hard surface.</li> <li>3. Brain disorder in the newborn rhinos makes them cannot live long.</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>The listening argues against the three reasons mentioned in the reading.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Infertility can be cured by regulating the rhino' s hormone.</li> <li>2. Advanced radiographic image equipment can detect the early anomaly of the bone and feet, which can heal the foot disease.</li> <li>3. The reason for the little rhino' s brain disorder is that its mother is so old that it carries toxic chemical element. So letting younger rhino bear child is one of the solution.</li> </ol>

场次	151213CN
题目：	hammer head shark 锤头鲨头部的功能。
阅读：	1. 提高了转弯的速度 2. 提高了对电场的感知能力 3. 作为捕食的工具
听力：	1. 转弯主要是靠脊椎，同时，年轻的鱼转弯更快。 2. 试验中，把锤头鲨和其它类型的鲨鱼放在一个导线连接的有感应的池子里，所有的鲨鱼对猎物的感知度一样，锤头鲨并没有体现出更高的敏感度。 3. 由于眼睛长在头上。因此，如果拿头去捕食，会损害眼睛，甚至会瞎。

场次	150516CN
题目：	公司如何继续成长。
阅读：	Three ways to promote the products' development. 1. The company can launch new version under existing products. 2. The company can launch related products. 3. The company can cooperate with another company to produce new product.
听力：	Those three ways are risky. 1. The regular customers may still prefer the old products, while new customers may feel the products is old-fashioned. 2. The related products may have bad quality, which will exert negative influence on the company' s reputation and make the sales decrease. 3. The partner company may also the new product, thus the partner becomes the competitor.

场次	151205CN
题目：	whether the canned food is the factor that contributes to the lead poisoning and the death of crew in Kashi.

阅读：	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The lead that was carefully stilled to the can would not contact the food.</li> <li>2. No other evidence of death of the crew was found in other ship.</li> <li>3. Water purification system may be the source of poisoning.</li> </ol>
听力：	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Company has limited time to finish this work. Workers are under time pressure and it is reasonable that they are careless and apply lead to the cans in a hurry way.</li> <li>2. First, it is difficult to judge whether sailors are affected by lead without careful tests. Second, the symptoms of lead poisoning are common, such as feeling tired or headache and they can be easily overlooked.</li> <li>3. The water in the purification system is used for ship engineering since the salt water cannot be used. The water for cooking and drinking comes from a different way.</li> </ol>

场次	150807NA
题目：	关于 saber-toothed cat(剑齿猫)是否是群居动物。
阅读：	<p>saber-toothed cat 是群居动物。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fossils of saber-toothed cats with broken bones indicate that they were fed by other saber-toothed cats when they were injured</li> <li>2. There are large numbers of saber-toothed cats in the trap. The saber-toothed cats hunted together. The sound of dears in the trap attracted them to fall in the trap together</li> <li>3. Saber-toothed cats lived with other predators such as lions and wolves. Saber-toothed cats have to live in group to compete with those predators.</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>剑齿猫不是群居动物。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The fossils of saber-toothed cats with broken bones indeed indicate that they could survive when they were injured. However it doesn' t necessarily mean that they have to be fed by other saber-toothed cats. Many predators can find dead animals to eat. So did the saber-toothed cats</li> <li>2. The large numbers of saber-toothed cats in the trap doesn' t mean that they hunt together. The saber-toothed cats hunt separately. One of the saber-toothed cats heard the sound of the trapped dear, went to the trap and fell. Then another saber-toothed cat also heard the sound of</li> </ol>

	<p>the trapped deer, came to the trap and fell again</p> <p>3. Saber-toothed cats were large predators. Take tigers for example, one tiger is strong enough to fight against the social predators such as lions and wolves. So the saber-toothed cats don't have to live together to compete with lions and wolves.</p>
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场次	140322CN
题目：	Arizona 发现一个 2 亿年前的虫子的巢化石是不是蜂巢。
阅读：	<p>很多人认为这是蜂巢，但这是不可信的。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2 亿年前还没有蜜蜂，哪里来的蜂巢；</li> <li>2 亿年前连 flowering plants 都没有，怎么会有需要吃花蜜的蜜蜂；</li> <li>现代蜜蜂的巢都有个盖子 cap，那个化石没有，所以这个巢很可能是其他虫子的。</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>反对，这个化石是蜂巢。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>没有发现有 200 百万年前的蜜蜂化石不代表没有 200 百万年前的蜜蜂，那时候蜜蜂筑巢的树比较难留下来，所以没有化石也正常。</li> <li>古时候的蜜蜂就一定要吃花蜜吗？他们不能吃 nonflowering plants 吗？</li> <li>没有盖子 cap 可能因为化学原因，腐蚀掉了什么的，再说为什么要跟 modern bee 一样呢？</li> </ol>

场次	140323CN
题目：	Whether the declining of bison was caused by the European American settlers.
阅读：	<p>About bison, a kind of animal, something like cattle or horse. The passage suggests that the declining bison was due to the European American settlers:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When European American cross prairies, they hunted bison as food because there is no food in prairies.</li> <li>They brought cattle and horses, which competed with bison for resources.</li> </ol>



	3. The evolving technology, especially guns, let hunters kill several bison in a short time.
听力：	<p>The professor contradicts each of these three points:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The European American moved from east to west, but the bison decline in the western part of America. The pattern of how bison disappeared gradually was different from that of movement of European American.</li> <li>2. Bison have double furs covering their bodies and unique head structure, which allow them to live in harsher and colder areas. The areas were unreachable for cattle and horses. How could different species compete with each other in separate territories?</li> <li>3. The advanced technology should not be blame worthy for the decreasing bison. The ancient methods are as effectively as guns. Skilled ancient American hunters could kill several bison with short intervals.</li> </ol>

场次	140524CN
题目：	两种哺乳动物：有袋动物和无袋动物。有袋动物是否比无袋动物更原始，发育不完全，缺乏竞争力。
阅读：	<p>有袋动物 marsupials 比无袋动物 placental 更原始。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 第一因为幼崽在母亲的袋子里生活使得发育不完全，免疫能力差。</li> <li>2. 第二它们对温度的控制能力差。</li> <li>3. 第三在澳洲有袋动物占多数因为没有太多无袋动物，而其他地方有袋和无袋生活在一起有竞争，所以说有袋竞争不过无袋动物。</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>听力反驳。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 第一有袋幼崽其实发育的很好，它们喝奶的时候同时也从奶中获得了抗体因此免疫好。</li> <li>2. 第二有袋动物体温会变是为了适应环境，比如降低体温来减少能量消耗。</li> <li>3. 第三很久以前在澳洲有袋和无袋一起生活的，而后来有袋占多数说明无袋竞争不过有袋。</li> </ol>

场次	140927CN
题目：	讨论 wetland 里面的鬼火 ( will-o'-the-wisp ) 形成的原因是什么。
阅读：	<p>有 3 个可能的原因。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Protection against cold (losing heat).</li> <li>2. Protection against fungal spores infection, block out water so insects have meanings of fungal infection.</li> <li>3. Eliminate night time light, in order to track up to the regular time to produce flowers.</li> </ol>
听力：	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The plants have no source of internal heating, so whether folding or unfolding suffer the same freezing damage.</li> <li>2. Even though the plants are folding, they cannot block out all the water and fungal spores only require a few water.</li> <li>3. Some plants in densely shaded area where no light is reaching still fold their leaves, therefore some other reasons may explain.</li> </ol>

场次	141011CN
题目：	讨论是在北美发现的土堆 ( Mima Mound ) 形成的原因是什么。
阅读：	<p>Three theories to explain how the Mima Mound is formed.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Mima Mounds were formed by human labor because they were arranged in order.</li> <li>2. Mima Mounds were caused by earthquake. After shaking, the land becomes loose and reshape to the Mima Mound.</li> <li>3. Build by pocket gopher to build nest.</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>These three theories are all unconvincing at all.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. It cannot be created by human labor because there are no human activities and remains to support the theory.</li> <li>2. Earthquake is impossible to take place in where Mima Mound existed. Besides, there were no enough earthquake to loosen the soil.</li> <li>3. There are gophers nowadays, but no new Mima Mounds have been found.</li> </ol>

场次	161210CN(上午) <i>new</i>
题目：	威胁 Inuktitut 加拿大语言的三个要素
阅读：	<p>Inuktitut 这种语言是在加拿大一部分地区被人使用的语言，由于说这种语言的人很少，政府采取措施保护这种语言，但是很多人认为威胁这个语言的还有一些其他因素，列举的三个威胁 Inuktitut 语言的因素如下：</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 调查表明，当地有少于 25% 的 16 岁以下的人说这种语言，如果如此少的年轻人说这个语言的话，那么它传承下去的可能性比较小。</li> <li>2. 当地很多的家长是渔民，需要用英语做生意，很多家长意识到了英语的重要性，于是让孩子学习英语，这个也会威胁 Inuktitut 语。</li> <li>3. 电视和其他的媒体方式对孩子的影响比较大，但是当地 Inuktitut 语言的电视节目比较少，且最近还关掉了两个 Inuktitut 语言的节目。</li> </ol>
听力：	<p>并没有这么多的其他因素可以影响到 Inuktitut 语言的使用情况。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 调查的数据不准确，另一批研究人们研究表明，当地说 Inuktitut 语言的人并不是低于 25%，只是说传统的 Inuktitut 语言的人比较少，大部分的人都是在使用现代版的 Inuktitut 语言。</li> <li>2. 很多家长在意识到英语的重要性之后，让孩子说两种语言，及英语和 Inuktitut 语言都使用。</li> <li>3. 再一次的调查研究表明 Inuktitut 语言节目在当地不论是电视还是电台都有 strong appearance,并不像文章中说的的那样。</li> </ol>



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