Multilingual Scene Text VQA

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Abstract

Short work summary (around 100 words).

Index Terms

Visual Question Answering, ST-VQA, Optical Character Recognition, Multilingual embeddings

I. Introduction

PROBLEM definition and working hypothesis

A. Subsection Heading Here
Subsection text here, if needed...

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II. STATE OF THE ART

As the introduction has pointed out, the main objective of this project is to adapt current Visual Question Answering (VQA) models to work on multiple languages and not just English. To achieve the goals of this project, a series of VQA methods have been used, alongside Object Character Recognition (OCR) techniques and Multilingual embedding methods to encode the different languages into a single, common space. In this section, we present a brief history on all the topics related to the project, from their beginnings to the latest and most important developments.

In view of that, Section II-A focuses on VQA: Section II-A1 explains some of the methodologies to solve this computer vision task while Section II-A2 focuses on the most important datsets that have been released. Next, II-B spotlights on Optical Character Recognition: Section II-B1 on single language OCR and Section II-B2 on multiple language OCR. Following, Section II-C explains the different approaches to obtain Multilingual embeddings: II-C1 explains several techniques to obtain word embeddings while II-C2 explains the approaches to obtain sentence embeddings. To finish up, Section II-D wraps up the most important state-of-the-art research works seen in the following lines.

A. Visual Question Answering

VQA is a computer vision task where a system is given a text-based question about an image, and the algorithm must infer the answer based on information extracted on the image. Questions can be arbitrary and they encompass many sub-problems in computer vision, such as:

- Object recognition: "What is in the image?"
- Object detection: "Are there any cats in the image?"
- Attribute classification: "What color is the cat?"
- Scene classification: "Is it sunny?"
- Counting: "How many cats are in the image?"
- 1) VQA Methods: Historically, VQA methods have focused on using text found on the image to answer the given question.
- 2) VQA Datasets:

B. Optical Character Recognition

OCR is a computer vision task used to extract text –printed or handwritten— from images. As we have seen from Section II-A1, it is one of the backbones on almost all VQA approaches.

- 1) Single language OCR:
- 2) Multiple language OCR:

C. Multilingual embeddings

Multilingual embeddings are used to represent words or sentences from multiple languages in a single vector space. Unsupervised methods acquire the embeddings without the need of a cross-lingual supervision, which is a significant advantage over traditional, supervised methods that require some sort of supervision between languages [1].

- 1) Word embeddings:
- 2) Sentence embeddings:

D. Summary

[2], [3], [4], [5], [6], [7], [8], [9], [10], [11], [12], [13], [14], [15], [16], [17], [18], [19], [20], [21], [1], [22], [23], [24], [25], [26], [27], [28], [29], [30], [31], [32], [33], [34], [35], [36]

III. METHOD

Computational approach used to solve the problem

IV. EXPERIMENTS

All the details about the experiments design and process

V. RESULTS

Explanation about the performance evaluation procedure and results analysis.

VI. CONCLUSIONS

Summary about the degree of achievement according to the given problem and the adopted hypothesis; and outline about open research lines...

APPENDIX A APPENDIX TITLE

Appendix one text goes here.

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