

Checking of

Toeppfer. Scattering of Magnetized Electrons  
with Ions

Phys. Rev., A 66 (2002) 07274 ~~07274~~

$$\vec{\nabla} V_B = -\frac{ze^2}{m} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dt'}{r^3(t')} \vec{T}'(\Omega t') \cdot \vec{r}(t')$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = [r_0^2 + \bar{v}^2 (t-t_0)^2]^{1/2} =$$

$$= r_0 \left[ 1 + \frac{\bar{v}^2 (t-t_0)^2}{r_0^2} \right]^{1/2} =$$

$$= r_0 [1 + (\tau - \tau_0)^2]^{1/2}$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} b \sin \theta - v_{\perp} t \\ -b \cos \theta \\ (v_{\parallel} - v_{\text{vir}}) t \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= r_0 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{b}{r_0} \sin \theta - \frac{v_{\perp}}{\bar{v}} \frac{\bar{v} t}{r_0} \\ -\frac{b}{r_0} \cos \theta \\ \frac{v_{\parallel} - v_{\text{vir}}}{\bar{v}} \frac{\bar{v} t}{r_0} \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= r_0 \begin{pmatrix} \beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau \\ -\beta \cos \theta \\ \gamma_{\parallel} \tau \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= -\frac{ze^2}{m} \frac{r_0}{\bar{v}} \int_{-\infty}^{\tau} \frac{d\tau'}{r_0^3 [1 + (\tau' - \tau_0)^2]^{3/2}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \frac{\Omega r_0}{\bar{v}} \tau' & \sin \frac{\Omega r_0}{\bar{v}} \tau' & 0 \\ -\sin \frac{\Omega r_0}{\bar{v}} \tau' & \cos \frac{\Omega r_0}{\bar{v}} \tau' & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \\ -\beta \cos \theta \\ \gamma_{\parallel} \tau' \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sigma = \tau' - \tau_0$$

$$d\tau' = d\sigma$$

$$= -\frac{ze^2}{m} \frac{1}{\bar{v} r_0} \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma'}{(1 + \sigma'^2)^{3/2}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \omega \tau' & \sin \omega \tau' & 0 \\ -\sin \omega \tau' & \cos \omega \tau' & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \\ -\beta \cos \theta \\ \gamma_{\parallel} \tau' \end{pmatrix}$$

3.36

$$x'' : \cos \omega \tau' (\beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau') + \beta \cos \theta \sin \omega \tau' = \quad (2)$$

$$= \beta [\sin \theta \cos \omega \tau' + \cos \theta \sin \omega \tau'] + \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \cos \omega \tau' = \beta \sin(\theta + \omega \tau') + \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \cos \omega \tau'$$

$$y'' : -\beta \sin \omega \tau' (\beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau') + \beta \cos \theta \sin \omega \tau' =$$

$$= -\beta [\sin \theta \sin \omega \tau' + \cos \theta \cos \omega \tau'] + \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \sin \omega \tau' = -\beta \cos(\omega \tau' - \theta) + \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \sin \omega \tau'$$

Смотрим z-компоненту от  $\vec{S}\vec{V}_B(t)$  при  $t \rightarrow \infty$ :

$$(\vec{S}\vec{V}_B)_z \Big|_{t \rightarrow \infty} = -\frac{ze^2}{m} \frac{1}{\sqrt{v_0}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\sigma'}{[1+\sigma'^2]^{3/2}} \gamma_{\perp} \tau' = -\frac{ze^2}{m} \frac{\gamma_{\perp}}{\sqrt{v_0}} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sigma' d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} + \tau_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} \right]$$

= 0 из-за нечетности функции  $\frac{\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}}$

$= \frac{\sigma'}{\sqrt{1+\sigma'^2}} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} = 2$

OK (3.39c)

Смотрим x-компоненту:

$$(\vec{S}\vec{V}_B)_x \Big|_{t \rightarrow \infty} = -\frac{ze^2}{m} \frac{1}{\sqrt{v_0}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} \left[ \beta \sin(\omega \tau' + \theta) + \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \cos \omega \tau' \right]$$

"1" "2"

$$I_2'' = \gamma_{\perp} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} (\sigma' + \tau_0) \cos[\omega(\sigma' + \tau_0)] = \gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega \sigma' \cos \omega \tau_0 - \sin \omega \sigma' \sin \omega \tau_0}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} d\sigma'$$

= 0 из-за нечетности функции  $\frac{\sin \omega \sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}}$

$$= \gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \left[ \cos \omega \tau_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} - \sin \omega \tau_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} \right] = 2\gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \cos \omega \tau_0 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \gamma_{\perp} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sigma' (\cos \omega \sigma' \cos \omega \tau_0 - \sin \omega \sigma' \sin \omega \tau_0) d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} =$$

$$= \gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \left[ \cos \omega \tau_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} - \sin \omega \tau_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} \right] +$$

$\underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}}}_{=0 \text{ не берем}}$

$$+ \gamma_{\perp} \left[ \cos \omega \tau_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x \cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} - \sin \omega \tau_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x \sin \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} \right] =$$

$\underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x \cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}}}_{=0 \text{ не берем}}$

$$= 2\gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \cos \omega \tau_0 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} - \sin \omega \tau_0 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sin \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$\underbrace{\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}}}_{I_1}$   $\underbrace{\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sin \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}}}_{\approx 3754.3}$

Итак найдем  $I$  методом сравнения

$\omega K_0(\omega)$

$$I(a) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+a^2 x^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2} + x^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} K_0\left(\frac{\omega}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

тогда

$$I = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} = -2 \frac{\partial}{\partial a} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+a x^2)^{1/2}}$$

$\approx 3754.2$

$$I(\beta) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{\sqrt{\beta + x^2}} = K_0(\sqrt{\beta} \omega), \quad \text{тогда}$$

$\approx 3754.2$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} = -2 \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{\sqrt{\beta + x^2}} \right) \Big|_{\beta=1} = -2 \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} (K_0 \sqrt{\beta} \omega) \Big|_{\beta=1} =$$

$$= -2 \frac{1}{2} \frac{\omega}{\sqrt{\beta}} K'_0(\sqrt{\beta}\omega) \Big|_{\beta=1} = -\omega K'_0(\omega) = \omega K_1(\omega)$$

↑  
8.48618

и max,

$$_{12}'' = 2\gamma_{\perp} \left[ \omega \tau_0 \cos(\omega \tau_0) K_1(\omega) - \omega \sin(\omega \tau_0) K_0(\omega) \right]$$

Теперь  $_{11}''$ :

$$_{11}'' = \beta \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(\omega \tau' + \theta) d\tau'}{(1+\tau'^2)^{3/2}} = \beta \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(\omega \sigma' + \omega \tau_0 + \theta) d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} =$$

$$= \beta \left[ \sin(\omega \tau_0 + \theta) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} + \cos(\omega \tau_0 + \theta) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} \right] = 2\beta \sin(\omega \tau_0 + \theta) \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} =$$

= 0 из-за  
нечётности

↑  
найдено ранее  
и равно  $\omega K_1(\omega)$

$$= 2\beta \omega \sin(\omega \tau_0 + \theta) K_1(\omega)$$

Т.о.  $_{11}'' + _{12}''$ :

$$_{11}'' + _{12}'' = 2\beta \omega \sin(\omega \tau_0 + \theta) K_1(\omega) + 2\gamma_{\perp} \left[ \omega \tau_0 \cos(\omega \tau_0) K_1(\omega) - \omega \sin(\omega \tau_0) K_0(\omega) \right] =$$

$$= 2\gamma_{\perp} \omega K_0(\omega) \sin \omega \tau_0 + 2\omega K_1(\omega) \left[ \beta \sin(\omega \tau_0 + \theta) + \gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \cos(\omega \tau_0) \right]$$

ищем

$$\begin{aligned} [ ] &= \underbrace{\beta \cos \theta}_{3.30} \sin(\omega \tau_0) + \beta \sin \theta \cos \omega \tau_0 + \gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \cos \omega \tau_0 = \sin(\omega \tau_0) \sin \Psi + \\ &+ \cos(\omega \tau_0) \underbrace{[\beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau_0]}_{3.31} = \sin(\omega \tau_0) \sin \Psi + \gamma_{\perp} \cos \Psi \cos(\omega \tau_0) \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{r}_0 \rightarrow (\delta \vec{V}_B)_x \Big|_{t \rightarrow \infty} = -\frac{ze^2}{m\vec{v}r_0} \left[ 2\omega K_1(\omega) (\gamma_{||} \cos \psi \cos \omega \tau_0 + \gamma_{\perp} \sin \psi \sin \omega \tau_0) + 2\omega K_0(\omega) \gamma_{\perp} \sin \omega \tau_0 \right] \quad (3.37a) \quad (5)$$

*Собнарэі с'Тоеффлэ*

~~Аналогично~~

Аналогично:

$$(\delta \vec{V}_B)_y \Big|_{t \rightarrow \infty} = -\frac{ze^2}{m\vec{v}r_0} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} \left[ \underbrace{\beta \cos(\omega \tau' - \theta)}_{\text{"3"}} + \underbrace{\gamma_{\perp} \tau' \sin \omega \tau'}_{\text{"4"}} \right]$$

илием:

$$\text{"3"} = \beta \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(\omega \tau' - \theta) d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} = \beta \left[ \cos(\omega \tau_0 - \theta) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} + \sin(\omega \tau_0 - \theta) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} \right] =$$

*у-3е керітмоу*

$$= 2\beta \cos(\omega \tau_0 - \theta) \underbrace{\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}}}_{\text{см. парелл} = \omega K_1(\omega)} = 2\beta \omega K_1(\omega) \cos(\omega \tau_0 - \theta)$$

$$\text{"4"} = \gamma_{\perp} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\tau' \sin \omega \tau' d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} = \gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(\omega \sigma' + \omega \tau_0) d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} + \gamma_{\perp} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sigma' \sin(\omega \sigma' + \omega \tau_0) d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} =$$

$$= \gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \left[ \cos \omega \tau_0 \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}}}_{\substack{\text{у-3е} \\ \text{керітмоу}}} + \sin \omega \tau_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} \right] + \gamma_{\perp} \cos \omega \tau_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x \sin \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} +$$

$$+ \sin \omega \tau_0 \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x \cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}}}_{\substack{\text{у-3е} \\ \text{керітмоу}}} \Big] = 2\gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \left[ \sin \omega \tau_0 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} + \cos \omega \tau_0 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sin \omega x dx}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} \right] =$$

$$= 2\gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \left[ \omega K_1(\omega) \cdot \sin \omega \tau_0 + \gamma_{\perp} \cos \omega \tau_0 \omega K_0(\omega) \right] = 2\omega \gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \left[ K_1(\omega) \cdot \sin \omega \tau_0 + K_0(\omega) \cos \omega \tau_0 \right]$$

$$= -\frac{Ze^2}{m\bar{v}r_0} \left[ -2\omega K_0(\omega) \gamma_{\perp} \cos \omega \tau_0 + 2\omega K_1(\omega) \underbrace{[-\beta \cos(\omega \tau_0 - \theta) + \gamma_{\perp} \tau_0 \sin \omega \tau_0]} \right]$$

$$= \underbrace{\beta \cos \theta}_{3.30} \cos \omega \tau_0 + (\underbrace{\beta \sin \theta}_{3.31} + \gamma_{\perp} \tau_0) \sin \omega \tau_0 = + \sin \psi \cos \omega \tau_0 + \gamma_{\parallel} \cos \psi \sin \omega \tau_0$$

$$(\delta \vec{V}_B)_y \Big|_{t \rightarrow \infty} = -\frac{ze^2}{mV_0} \left[ +2\omega K_1(\omega) (-\gamma_{\parallel} \cos \gamma \sin \omega \tau_0 + \sin \gamma \cos \omega \tau_0) + 2\omega K_0(\omega) \gamma_{\perp} \cos \omega \tau_0 \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta r_{||}^{(1)}(t) &= -\frac{ze^2}{m\sqrt{2}} \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} d\sigma' \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma'} \frac{\gamma_{||}(\sigma'' + \tau_0)}{(1 + \sigma''^2)^{3/2}} d\sigma'' = -\frac{ze^2}{m\sqrt{2}} \gamma_{||} \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} d\sigma' \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma'} \frac{\sigma'' d\sigma''}{(1 + \sigma''^2)^{3/2}} + \tau_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma'} \frac{d\sigma''}{(1 + \sigma''^2)^{3/2}} \right] \\ \text{PRO (3.41)} \quad &= -\frac{ze^2}{m\sqrt{2}} \gamma_{||} \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} d\sigma' \left[ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sigma''^2}} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\sigma'} + \tau_0 \frac{\sigma''}{\sqrt{1 + \sigma''^2}} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\sigma'} \right] = -\frac{ze^2}{m\sqrt{2}} \gamma_{||} \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma'}{\sqrt{1 + \sigma'^2}} \left[ -\frac{\sigma'}{\sqrt{1 + \sigma'^2}} + \tau_0 \left( \frac{\sigma'}{\sqrt{1 + \sigma'^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sigma'^2}} \right) \right] \end{aligned}$$

Our hypothesis:

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}^3} = \frac{2(2cx+b)}{\Delta \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \quad (\Delta = 4ac - b^2) \rightarrow \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1+x^2}^3} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$$

$$\int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}^3} = -\frac{2(2a+bx)}{\Delta \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \rightarrow \int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{1+x^2}^3} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$$

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{x \sin \omega x dx}{\sqrt{1+x^2}^3} = \omega K_0(\omega) \quad 3.754.3 \quad \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{i\omega x} dx}{\sqrt{\beta+x^2}^3} = K_0(\sqrt{\beta}\omega) \quad 3.754.2 \rightarrow \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{i\omega x} dx}{\sqrt{\beta+x^2}^3} = \frac{\omega}{\sqrt{\beta}} K_0'(\sqrt{\beta}\omega) = -\frac{\omega}{\sqrt{\beta}} K_1(\sqrt{\beta}\omega)$$

$$\vec{r}_\perp^{(1)}(t) = -\frac{ze^2}{m\bar{v}^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} d\sigma' \begin{pmatrix} \cos \omega \tau' & -\sin \omega \tau' \\ \sin \omega \tau' & \cos \omega \tau' \end{pmatrix} \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma'} \frac{d\sigma''}{(1+\sigma''^2)^{3/2}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \omega \tau'' & \sin \omega \tau'' \\ -\sin \omega \tau'' & \cos \omega \tau'' \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \beta \sin \theta - \gamma_1 \tau'' \\ -\beta \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\tau = \sigma + \tau_0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \omega \tau' &= \cos \omega(\sigma' + \tau_0) = \cos \omega \tau_0 \cos \omega \sigma' - \sin \omega \tau_0 \sin \omega \sigma' \\ \sin \omega \tau' &= \sin(\sigma' + \tau_0) = \cos \omega \tau_0 \sin \omega \sigma' + \sin \omega \tau_0 \cos \omega \sigma' \end{aligned}$$

u amonuzaw que  $\sigma$

$$\vec{r}_\perp^{(1)}(t) = -\frac{ze^2}{m\bar{v}^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} d\sigma' \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma'} \frac{d\sigma''}{(1+\sigma''^2)^{3/2}} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \cos \omega \tau' & -\sin \omega \tau' \\ \sin \omega \tau' & \cos \omega \tau' \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \omega \tau'' & \sin \omega \tau'' \\ -\sin \omega \tau'' & \cos \omega \tau'' \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \beta \sin \theta - \gamma_1 \tau'' \\ -\beta \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}}_M =$$

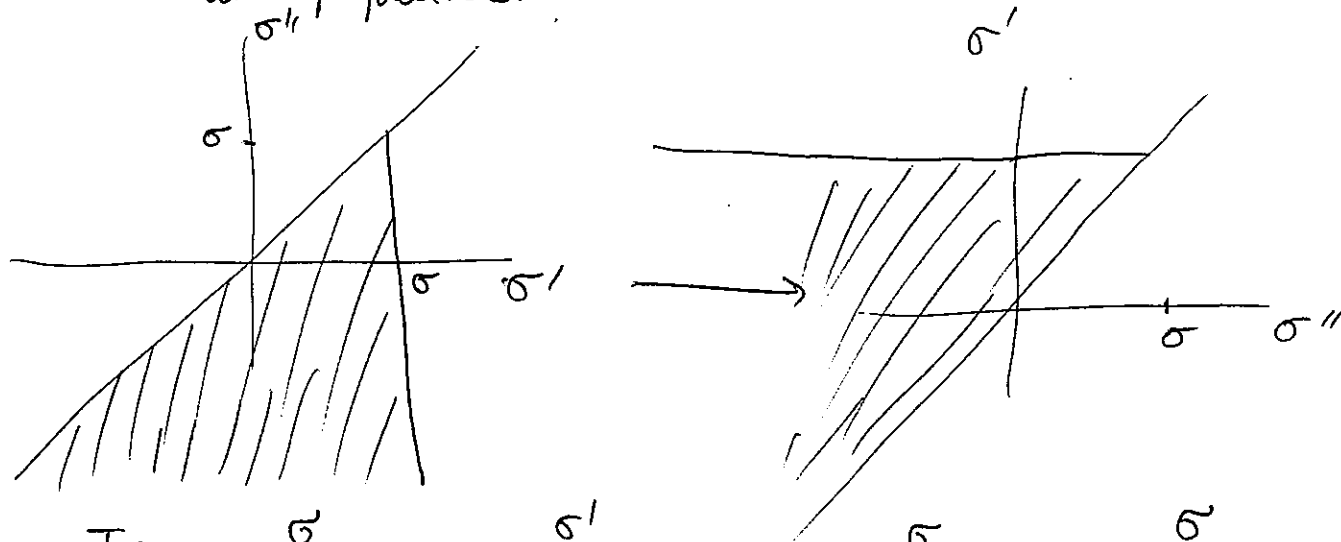
$$\begin{aligned} M &= \begin{pmatrix} \cos \omega(\tau' - \tau'') & \sin \omega(\tau' - \tau'') \\ \sin \omega(\tau' - \tau'') & \cos \omega(\tau' - \tau'') \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \beta \sin \theta - \gamma_1 \tau'' \\ -\beta \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \omega(\sigma' - \sigma'') (\beta \sin \theta - \gamma_1 \tau'') + \sin \omega(\sigma' - \sigma'') \beta \cos \theta \\ \sin \omega(\sigma' - \sigma'') (\beta \sin \theta - \gamma_1 \tau'') - \cos \omega(\sigma' - \sigma'') \beta \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \beta \sin[\omega(\sigma' - \sigma'') + \theta] - \gamma_1(\sigma'' + \tau_0) \cos \omega(\sigma' - \sigma'') \\ -\beta \cos[\omega(\sigma' - \sigma'') + \theta] - \gamma_1(\sigma'' + \tau_0) \sin \omega(\sigma' - \sigma'') \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

(7)



область интегрирования

(8)



Тогда 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} f_1(\sigma') d\sigma' \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma'} f_2(\sigma'') d\sigma'' = \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} d\sigma'' f_2(\sigma'') \int_{\sigma''}^{\sigma} f_1(\sigma') d\sigma' = \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} f_2(\sigma'') d\sigma'' \int_{\sigma''}^{\sigma} f_1(\sigma') d\sigma'$$

В частности, если

$$f_1(\sigma) = \frac{dg(\sigma)}{d\sigma}$$

то 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} \frac{dg(\sigma')}{d\sigma'} d\sigma' \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma'} f_2(\sigma'') d\sigma'' = \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} f_2(\sigma') d\sigma' \int_{\sigma'}^{\sigma} \frac{dg_1(\sigma'')}{d\sigma''} d\sigma'' =$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} f_2(\sigma') d\sigma' g(\sigma'') \Big|_{\sigma'}^{\sigma} = g(\sigma) \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} f_2(\sigma') d\sigma' - \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} g(\sigma') f_2(\sigma') d\sigma'$$

Это из  
Appendix

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \omega \tau' & -\sin \omega \tau' \\ \sin \omega \tau' & \cos \omega \tau' \end{pmatrix} = -\frac{1}{\omega} \frac{d}{d\tau'} \begin{pmatrix} \sin \omega \tau' & \cos \omega \tau' \\ -\cos \omega \tau' & \sin \omega \tau' \end{pmatrix}$$

Тогда в соответствии с этим выражением при представлении переменной интегрирования имеем

$$\vec{E}_\perp^{(1)}(t) = -\frac{ze^2}{m\bar{v}^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} \frac{1}{\omega} \frac{d}{d\sigma'} \begin{pmatrix} \sin \omega \tau' & \cos \omega \tau' \\ -\cos \omega \tau' & \sin \omega \tau' \end{pmatrix} \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma'} \frac{d\sigma''}{(1+\sigma''^2)^{3/2}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \omega \tau'' & \sin \omega \tau'' \\ -\sin \omega \tau'' & \cos \omega \tau'' \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau'' \\ -\beta \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\omega} \left( \frac{ze^2}{m\bar{v}^2} \right) \begin{pmatrix} \sin \omega \tau & \cos \omega \tau \\ -\cos \omega \tau & \sin \omega \tau \end{pmatrix} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\sigma''}{(1+\sigma''^2)^{3/2}} T(\omega \tau') \begin{pmatrix} \beta \sin \theta - \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \\ -\beta \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} - \frac{1}{\omega} \left( -\frac{ze^2}{m\bar{v}^2} \right) \times$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \omega \tau' & \sin \omega \tau' \\ -\sin \omega \tau' & \cos \omega \tau' \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\times \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} \begin{pmatrix} \sin \omega \tau' & \cos \omega \tau' \\ -\cos \omega \tau' & \sin \omega \tau' \end{pmatrix} d\sigma' \frac{1}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \omega \tau' & \sin \omega \tau' \\ -\sin \omega \tau' & \cos \omega \tau' \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \\ -\beta \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{r_0}{\omega \bar{v}} \vec{E}_\perp(t) - \frac{1}{\omega} \left( -\frac{ze^2}{m\bar{v}^2} \right) \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} \begin{pmatrix} \beta \cos \theta \\ \beta \sin \theta - \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$\downarrow \text{перемножение матриц!}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \sin \omega \tau' & \cos \omega \tau' \\ -\cos \omega \tau' & \sin \omega \tau' \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \omega \tau' & \sin \omega \tau' \\ -\sin \omega \tau' & \cos \omega \tau' \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \\ -\beta \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \frac{r_0}{\omega \bar{v}} \vec{E}_\perp(t) - \frac{ze^2}{m\bar{v}^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma'}{(1+\sigma'^2)^{3/2}} \begin{pmatrix} \beta \cos \theta \\ \beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{это (3.42)}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \\ -\beta \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\beta \cos \theta \\ -(\beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau') \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= - \begin{pmatrix} \beta \cos \theta \\ \beta \sin \theta + \gamma_{\perp} \tau' \end{pmatrix}$$