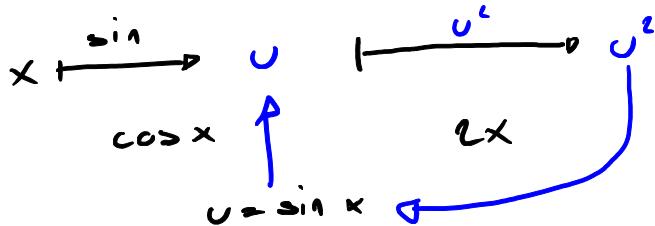


## Kapitel 9.6

$$y = \sin^2(x) = \sin x \cdot \sin x$$

$$y' = u'v + uv' = \cos x \cdot \sin x + \sin x \cdot \cos x = 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$y = x^2 \quad y = u^2 \quad y = \sin x \quad u = \sin x \\ y' = 2x \quad y' = 2u \quad y' = \cos x \quad u' = \cos x$$



### Kettenregel

$$f(g(x)) = (f \circ g) x$$

$$x \xrightarrow{\text{innere Funktion}} g(x) \xrightarrow{\text{äußere Funktion}} f(g(x))$$

$$f'(g(x)) = f'(x) \cdot g'(x)$$

$\Rightarrow$  äußere Ableitung  $\cdot$  innere Ableitung

### Bsp:

$$y = \sin(x^2 - 4)$$

$$x \xrightarrow{\text{innere Funktion}} u \xrightarrow{\text{äußere Funktion}} \sin u$$

Annotations:  
 -  $u = x^2 - 4$   
 -  $y = x^2 - 4$   
 -  $y' = 2x$   
 -  $u = \sin u$   
 -  $y' = \cos u$   
 -  $u' = \cos u$

$$y' = 2x \cdot \cos u = 2x \cdot \cos(x^2 - 4)$$

Bsp:

1)

$$\begin{aligned} y &= u^2 & u &= 3x^2 + 1 \\ y &= 2u & u' &= 6x \\ y' &= 2u \cdot 6x = 2(3x^2+1)6x = 12x(3x^2+1) \end{aligned}$$

2)

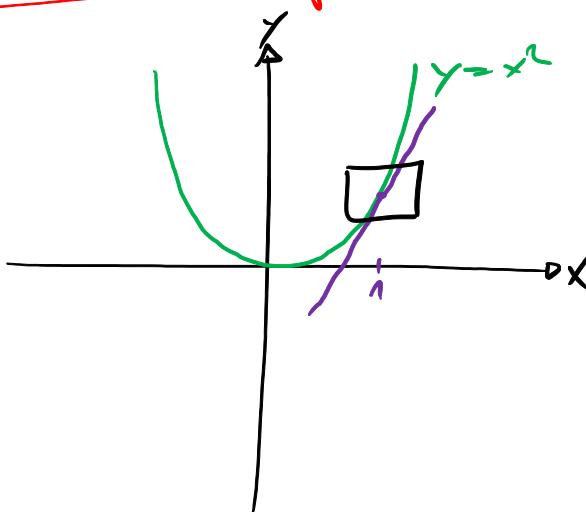
$$\begin{aligned} y &= \sin(-2x) & u &= -2x \\ y &= \sin x & y' &= \cos x \\ y &= -2 & y' &= -2 \\ y' &= -2 \cdot \cos u = -2 \cdot \cos(-2x) \end{aligned}$$

3)

$$\frac{\sin^2 x}{(x^2+1)^2} = \frac{u^2}{v^2} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Funktion} \\ u = 2 \sin x \cos x \\ v = 2(x^2+1) \cdot 3x^2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left[ \frac{u}{v} \right]' &= \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^2} \\ &= \frac{2 \sin x \cos x (x^2+1)^2 - \sin^2 x \cdot 2(x^2+1) \cdot 3x^2}{(x^2+1)^3} \\ &= \frac{-2 \sin x [\cos x (x^2+1) - \sin x \cdot 3x^2]}{(x^2+1)^3} \end{aligned}$$

### 3.9 Linearisierung

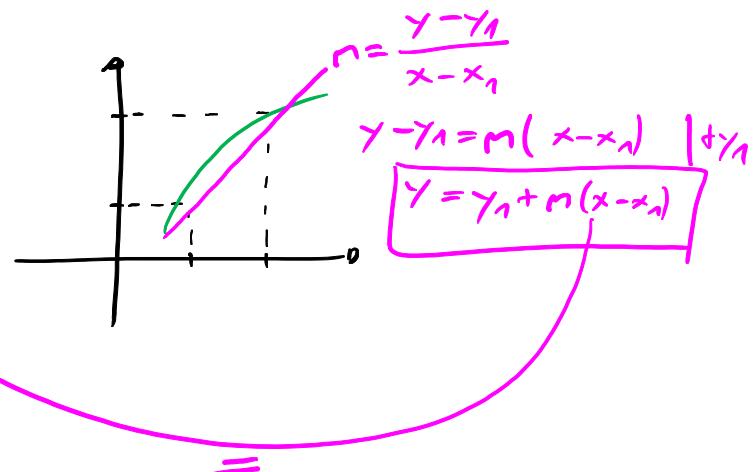


$$\begin{aligned} y' &= 2x \\ x &= 1 \\ y' &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

Stützpunkt

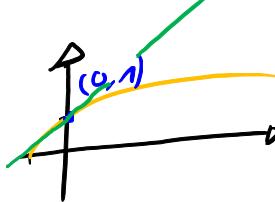
$$\begin{aligned} x &= a \\ y &= f(a) \end{aligned}$$

$$L(x) = f(a) + f'(a)(x-a)$$



Bsp:

$$y = \sqrt{x+1} \quad y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x+1}}$$

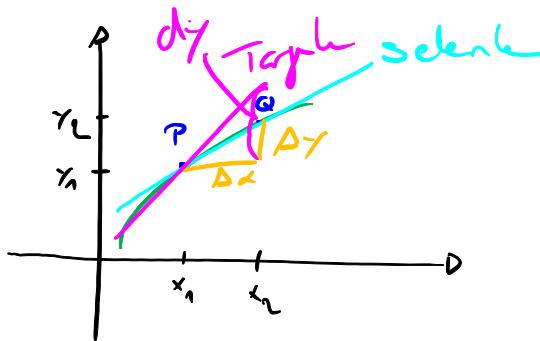


$$a = 0$$

$$f(a) = f(0) = \sqrt{1} = 1$$

$$L(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{0+1}} \cdot (x - 0) = 1 + \frac{x}{2}$$

## Differenziale



$$dy \approx \Delta y$$

$$f \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$m \approx f'(x)$$

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \approx f'(x) \Rightarrow \Delta y = dy = f'(x) dx$$

Bsp:

$$\sqrt{102}$$

$$\sqrt{100}$$

$$y = \sqrt{x}$$

$$x_1 = 100 \quad x_2 = 102 \quad \Delta x = dx = 2$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{100}} = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$dy = \frac{1}{20} \cdot dx = \frac{1}{20} \cdot 2 = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\sqrt{102} = \sqrt{100} + \frac{1}{10} = 10.1$$



