

1- a)  $DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / 25 - x^2 - y^2 \ge 0 \land x - y \ne 0\}$ 

b) 
$$DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / 9 - x^2 - y^2 \ge 0\}$$

b) 
$$DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / 9 - x^2 - y^2 \ge 0\}$$
 c)  $DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{25} - 1 > 0\}$ 

d) 
$$Dom F = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / x + 5y > 0\}$$

e) 
$$DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / x - 2y - 4 > 0 \land \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{y^2}{16} - 1 \neq 0\}$$

f) 
$$DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / x^2 + y > 0\}$$

g) 
$$DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2\}$$

h) 
$$Dom F = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / x^2 - 1 \neq 0\}$$

i) 
$$DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / x + y - 4 \neq 0\}$$

j) 
$$DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / 2x + y > 0 \land 1 - x^2 - y^2 \ge 0\}$$

k) 
$$DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / 9 - 2x - 3y \ge 0\}$$

k) 
$$DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / 9 - 2x - 3y \ge 0\}$$
 1)  $DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / 16 - x^2 + 4y^2 > 0\}$ 

2- a) 
$$C_{-2} = \{\}$$
 
$$C_{-1} = \{(x, y) = (0,0)\}$$
 
$$C_{0} = \{(x, y) \in DomF/x^{2} + y^{2} = 1\}$$

$$C_1 = \{(x, y) \in DomF/x^2 + y^2 = 2\}$$

$$C_2 = \{(x, y) \in DomF/x^2 + y^2 = 3\}$$

$$C_3 = \{(x, y) \in DomF/x^2 + y^2 = 4\}$$

b) 
$$C_{-2} = C_{-1} = \{\}$$
  
 $C_0 = \{(x, y) \in DomF/x^2 + y^2 = 36\}$   
 $C_1 = \{(x, y) \in DomF/x^2 + y^2 = 35\}$ 

$$C_2 = \{(x, y) \in DomF/x^2 + y^2 = 32\}$$

$$C_3 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / x^2 + y^2 = 27\}$$

c) 
$$C_{-2} = \{(x, y) \in DomF \mid y = -\frac{1}{x}\}$$
 d)  $C_{-2} = C_0 = C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = \{\}$   $C_{-1} = \Re^2$ 

$$C_{-1} = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -\frac{1}{2x}\}$$

$$C_0 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = 0 \land x = 0\}$$

$$C_1 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = \frac{1}{2x}\}$$

$$C_2 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = \frac{1}{x}\}$$

$$C_3 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = \frac{3}{2x}\}$$

d) 
$$C_{-2} = C_0 = C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = \{\}\ C_{-1} = \Re^2$$

e) 
$$C_{-2} = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2\}$$

$$C_{-1} = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x^2 - 3\}$$

$$C_0 = \{ \}$$

$$C_1 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = x^2 + 1\}$$

$$C_2 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = \frac{1}{2}x^2\}$$

$$C_3 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = \frac{1}{3}x^2 - \frac{1}{3}\}$$

f) 
$$C_{-2} = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -2x^2 - 1\}$$

$$C_{-1} = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x^2\}$$

$$C_0 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = 1\}$$

$$C_1 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = x^2 + 2\}$$

$$C_2 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = 2x^2 + 3\}$$

$$C_3 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = 3x^2 + 4\}$$



g) 
$$C_{-2} = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x - 2\}$$
  
 $C_{-1} = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x - 1\}$   
 $C_{0} = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x\}$ 

$$C_1 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x + 1\}$$

$$C_2 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x + 2\}$$

$$C_3 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x + 3\}$$

i) 
$$C_{-2} = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x - \frac{1}{2}\}$$

$$C_{-1} = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x\}$$

$$C_0 = \{\}$$

$$C_1 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x\}$$

$$C_2 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x + \frac{1}{2}\}$$

$$C_3 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x + \frac{1}{3}\}$$

h) 
$$C_{-2} = C_{-1} = \{\}$$

$$C_0 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x - 1\}$$

$$C_1 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x\}$$

$$C_2 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x + 3\}$$

$$C_3 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = -x + 8\}$$

j) 
$$C_{-2} = \{(x, y) \in DomF / -\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{y^2}{2} = 1\}$$

$$C_{-1} = \{(x, y) \in DomF / -x^2 + y^2 = 1\}$$

$$C_0 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = x \land y = -x\}$$

$$C_1 = \{(x, y) \in DomF/x^2 - y^2 = 1\}$$

$$C_2 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{y^2}{2} = 1\}$$

$$C_3 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / \frac{x^2}{3} - \frac{y^2}{3} = 1\}$$

3- a) 
$$DomF = \{(x, y) \in \Re^2 / 1 - x^2 - y^2 \ge 0 \land x + 2y + 1 \ge 0\}$$

b) 
$$C_{rac{5}{2}}$$

4- a)  $F_x = -9$  es la pendiente de la Recta Tangente en (2; -3; 6) a la Curva que queda determinada por la intersección de la gráfica de F con el plano vertical y = -3

 $F_{v} = -2$  es la pendiente de la Recta Tangente en (2; -3; 6) a la Curva que queda determinada por la intersección de la gráfica de F con el plano vertical x = 2

b) 
$$F_{\rm r} = 22 \ F_{\rm v} = -10$$

c) 
$$F_x = F_y = -\frac{1}{16}$$

5- a) 
$$F_x = 2xy + \cos x$$

$$F_{y} = x^2 + 3.sen(3y)$$

c) 
$$F_x = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\ln(3x-y)}} \cdot \frac{3}{3x-y} + 2.x.e^{x^2}$$

$$F_y = \frac{1}{2.\sqrt{\ln(3x-y)}} \cdot \frac{-1}{3x-y} - \frac{3}{2}.\sqrt{y}$$

b) 
$$F_x = -\frac{y^2}{x^2} + 2^{xy} \cdot \ln 2.y$$

$$F_y = \frac{2y}{x} + 2^{xy} \cdot \ln 2.x$$

d) 
$$F_x = \frac{1}{2} e^{\frac{xy}{z}} \cdot \frac{y}{z} + z \cdot \cos(xz)$$

$$F_{y} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot e^{\frac{xy}{z}} \cdot \frac{x}{z}$$

$$F_z = \frac{1}{2} \cdot e^{\frac{xy}{z}} \cdot (-\frac{xy}{z^z}) + x \cdot \cos(xz)$$



e) 
$$F_x = 4.\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} + \frac{4x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$$

e) 
$$F_x = 4.\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} + \frac{4x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$$
 f)  $F_x = \frac{(2x.e^{xy + y^2} + x^2.e^{xy + y^2}.y)(2y + x^2) - x^2.e^{xy + y^2}.2x}{(2y + x^2)^2}$ 

$$F_y = 8y + \frac{4xy}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$$

$$F_{y} = \frac{x^{2} \cdot e^{xy+y^{2}} \cdot (x+2y)(2y+x^{2}) - x^{2} \cdot e^{xy+y^{2}} \cdot 2}{(2y+x^{2})^{2}}$$

g) 
$$F_x = -\frac{5}{2}.(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-\frac{3}{2}}.2x$$
  
 $F_y = -\frac{5}{2}.(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-\frac{3}{2}}.2y$   
 $F_z = -\frac{5}{2}.(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-\frac{3}{2}}.2z$ 

h) 
$$F_x = \frac{(\frac{3}{2\sqrt{x}}.e^{\frac{y}{x}} + 3.\sqrt{x}.e^{\frac{y}{x}}.(-\frac{y}{x^2})).(3y^2 + 2x^3) - 3\sqrt{x}.e^{\frac{y}{x}}.6x^2}{(3y^2 + 2x^3)^2}$$

$$F_{y} = \frac{3.\sqrt{x}.e^{\frac{y}{x}}.\frac{1}{x}.(3y^{2} + 2x^{3}) - 3\sqrt{x}.e^{\frac{y}{x}}.6y}{(3y^{2} + 2x^{3})^{2}}$$

i) 
$$F_x = 4.yz.x^{y-1} + \frac{2z}{x}$$

i) 
$$F_x = 4.yz.x^{y-1} + \frac{2z}{x}$$
 j)  $F_x = \frac{2(x-y).(x+y)-(x-y)^2}{(x+y)^2} - (3y-1)^{2x^3+4}.\ln(3y-1).6x^2$ 

$$F_y = 4z..x^y.\ln(x) - \frac{z}{y}$$

$$F_y = 4z..x^y . \ln(x) - \frac{z}{y}$$
  $F_y = \frac{-2(x-y).(x+y) - (x-y)^2}{(x+y)^2} - (2x^3 + 4).3.(3y-1)^{2x^3+3}$ 

$$F_z = 4..x^y + \ln(\frac{x^2}{y})$$

6- a) 
$$\nabla F(\pi; 1) = (2; \pi. \ln \pi + \pi)$$

 $dF(1; 2) = 8\Delta x + 3\Delta y$ 

- b)  $\nabla F(1; 2) = (2; 4)$
- c)  $\nabla F(1; 1; 0) = (0; 0; 1)$

7- a) 
$$F_x = 3x^2y^2 + y.x^{y-1}$$
  $F_{xx} = 6xy^2 + y.(y-1).x^{y-1}$   $F_{xy} = 6x^2y + x^{y-1} + y.x^{y-1}.\ln x$   $F_{yy} = 2x^3 + x.(\ln x)^2$ 

b) 
$$F_x = e^y - 2xsen(xy) - x^2y.\cos(xy)$$
  $F_{xx} = -2sen(xy) - 4xy.\cos(xy) + x^2y^2.sen(xy)$   
 $F_y = x.e^y - x^3.\cos(xy)$   $F_{yy} = x.e^y + x^4.sen(xy)$ 

$$F_{xy} = e^y - 3.x^2.\cos(xy) + x^3.y.sen(xy)$$
8- a)  $\Delta F(1; 2) = 8\Delta x + 3\Delta y + 3\Delta x.\Delta y + (\Delta x)^2$ 

b) 
$$\Delta F(P_0) = (6x_0 - y_0)\Delta x + (4y_0 - x_0)\Delta y + 3(\Delta x)^2 - \Delta x \cdot \Delta y + 2(\Delta y)^2$$
  

$$dF(P_0) = (6x_0 - y_0)\Delta x + (4y_0 - x_0)\Delta y$$



9- a)  $dF(P; \Delta x; \Delta y) = (2x + 3x^2y^3 \cdot \cos(x^3 \cdot y))\Delta x + (2y \cdot \sin(x^3y) + y^2x^3 \cos(x^3y))\Delta y$ 

b) 
$$dF(P; \Delta x; \Delta y) = (\frac{1}{v^2} + \frac{1}{x})\Delta x + (-\frac{2x}{v^3} + \frac{1}{v})\Delta y$$

c) 
$$dF(P; \Delta x; \Delta y) = (y^3 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y^2) + \frac{1}{y} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{y}-1}) \Delta x + (sen(xy^2) + 2y^2 x \cos(xy^2) - \frac{1}{y^2} x^{\frac{1}{y}} \cdot \ln x) \Delta y$$

d) 
$$dF(P; \Delta x; \Delta y) = (e^y + \frac{1}{x})\Delta x + (1 + x \cdot e^y)\Delta y$$

- 10-a) 1.06

11- a) 
$$z_t = -1$$
 b)  $z_t = -2 + 2.(x - 1) + 2.(y + 1)$  c)  $z_t = \frac{9}{5} + \frac{48}{125}.(x - 3) - \frac{36}{125}.(y - 4)$ 

12- 
$$dF(-1; 2; \Delta x; \Delta y) = -4\Delta x + \Delta y$$

13- 
$$z_t = 5 + 4.(x+1) - 4.(y-1)$$

14-a) 
$$P_2(x, y) = 1 + 5.(x - 1) + 1.(y + 2) + 11.(x - 1)^2 + 5(x - 1)(y + 2) + \frac{1}{2}(y + 2)^2$$

b) 
$$P_2(x, y) = 1 + \ln 2 \cdot (y - 1) + \frac{1}{2}x(y - 1) + \frac{1}{2}\ln^2 2(y - 1)^2$$

c) 
$$P_2(x, y) = 2.(x-1) - (x-1)^2 + (x-1)(y-2)$$

15-a) 
$$P_2(x, y) = x.y$$

b) 
$$P_2(x, y) = 1 + x + y + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + x \cdot y + \frac{1}{2}y^2$$

c) 
$$P_2(x, y) = x + y$$

16- a) 
$$P_2(x, y) = 1 + 3.(x - 1) - (y + 1) + 3.(x - 1)^2 - 5(x - 1)(y + 1) + (y + 1)^2$$

b) 
$$P_2(x, y) = 260 + 30.(x - 2) - 240.(y + 3) + 6.(x - 2)^2 - 12.(x - 2)(y + 3) + 76.(y + 3)^2$$

17-a) 0.6581

b) 0.99796

18- a) 
$$P_2(x, y) = 9 + 6.(x - 3) + 9.y + (x - 3)^2 + \frac{9}{2}.(x - 3).y$$

- b) 12.44
- 19- a) Punto de Ensilladura (0,0,F(0,0))
- b) Mínimo Relativo en (1,-2)

Mínimo Relativo en  $(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4})$ 

c) Punto Crítico en (0,0)

- d) Punto de Ensilladura (0,1,F(0,1))
  - Punto de Ensilladura (0,-1,F(0,-1))
- e) Máximo Relativo en (0,0)
- f) Puntos Críticos en (1,0) y (-1,0)



- g) Puntos de Ensilladura (1,0,F(1,0)) y (2,0,F(2,0))Mínimos Relativos en (1,1) y (2,1)
- 20- a) Mínimo Relativo en (0,0)
- 21- a) Máximo Relativo F(2,2)=4 b) Máximo Relativo  $F(\sqrt{2},0)=F(-\sqrt{2},0)=1$

Mínimo Relativo 
$$F(0,1) = F(0,-1) = \frac{1}{2}$$

c) Mínimo Relativo F(6.9) = 612

22- 
$$P = (6,3)$$
  $Z_t = -\frac{1}{4}(y-3)-3$ 

23- a)  $(g \circ F) = e^{-2x^3 - 2xy}$ . sen  $(x^3 + xy)$   $(F \circ g)$  No es posible

b) 
$$(G \circ f) = (sen \ t^{\frac{3}{2}} + \ln t; \frac{t^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\ln t}; \sqrt{t})$$
  $(f \circ G)$  No es posible

c) 
$$(h \circ G) = ((2x + y + z)^2; 4x + 2y + 2z; 2x + y + z - 1)$$
  
 $(G \circ h) = 2t^2 + 3t - 1$ 

24- 
$$h'(t) = 5 + 10t$$

25-a) 
$$h'(-3) = 1863$$

b) 
$$h'(2) = \ln 2 - \frac{1}{4}$$

26- a) 
$$\frac{\partial H}{\partial s} = 3s^2 - 10st + 5t^2 + t$$
  $\frac{\partial H}{\partial t} = -5s^2 + 10st - 3t^2 + s$ 

b) 
$$\frac{\partial H}{\partial s} = 300s + 120t + 15s^2 + 14st - 10t^2s - 7t^3 + 2t^2$$

$$\frac{\partial H}{\partial t} = 120s + 48t + 7s^2 + 4ts - 21t^2s + 8t^3 - 10ts^2$$

27-a) 
$$\nabla H(1;0) = (\frac{8}{9}; \frac{4}{3})$$

27-a) 
$$\nabla H(1;0) = (\frac{8}{9}; \frac{4}{3})$$
 b)  $Z_t = \frac{8}{9}(x-1) + \frac{4}{3}y + \frac{4}{3}$  c)  $H(1,01;0,02) \cong 1,368$ 

c) 
$$H(1,01;0,02) \cong 1,368$$

28-a) 
$$n=2$$
 b)  $n=1$  c) No es homogénea d)  $n=0$  e) No es homogénea f)  $n=2$ 

29- 
$$C_2 = \{(x, y) \in DomF / y = x^2 - 2\}$$

30- a)  $F_z(1,1,0) = 0$  No se verifican las condiciones de existencia

b) 
$$Z_x(1,-2) = \frac{7}{13}$$
  $Z_y(1,-2) = \frac{5}{13}$ 

31- 
$$X_y(1,2) = -\frac{11}{4}$$

32- a) 
$$F_x = y.e^{xy} + senx - 3$$
  $F_y = x.e^{xy}$ 

$$F_{v} = x.e^{xy}$$

$$F_z = 6z - 4$$



b) 
$$F_x = 2y^2 + e^y + y \cdot e^x - yz$$
  $F_y = 4xy + x \cdot e^y + e^x - xz$   $F_z = -xy$ 

$$F_{y} = 4xy + x \cdot e^{y} + e^{x} - xz$$

$$F_z = -xy$$

c) 
$$X_y = -3$$
  $X_z = -2 + \frac{1}{z}$ 

$$Y_x = -\frac{1}{3}$$
  $Y_z = \frac{-2 + \frac{1}{z}}{3}$ 

b) 
$$F_x = 2y^2 + e^y + y \cdot e^x - yz$$
  $F_y = 4xy + x \cdot e^y + e^x - xz$   $F_z = -xy$   
c)  $X_y = -3$   $X_z = -2 + \frac{1}{z}$   $Y_x = -\frac{1}{3}$   $Y_z = \frac{-2 + \frac{1}{z}}{3}$   $Z_x = \frac{-1}{2 - \frac{1}{z}}$   $Z_y = \frac{-3}{2 - \frac{1}{z}}$ 

33- 
$$dz(2,0) = -8\Delta x + 16\Delta y$$