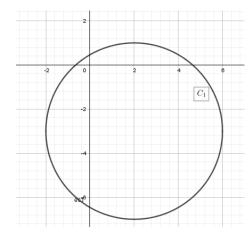
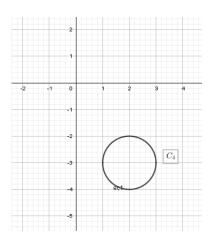


- 1. a) Escalar b) Vectorial c) Vectorial d) Escalar
- 2. a)  $Dom F = \{(x, y) \in R^2/x^2 + y^2 \le 4\}$ 
  - b) $DomF = \{(x, y) \in R^2/2x + 3y < 8\}$
  - c)  $Dom F = R^2$
  - d) $DomF = \{(x, y) \in R^2/y \neq x + 3\}$
- 3.  $a.C_{-1} = \{(x,y) \in Dom(F)/x 3y = -1\}, C_0 = \{(x,y) \in Dom(F)/x 3y = 0\}, C_1 = \{(x,y) \in Dom(F)/x 3y = 1\}$ 
  - b.  $C_{-1} = \left\{ (x, y) \in Dom(F) \middle/ \frac{2}{x y} = -1 \right\}, C_0 = \emptyset, C_{-1} = \left\{ (x, y) \in Dom(F) \middle/ \frac{2}{x y} = 1 \right\}$
  - c.  $C_{-1} = \left\{ (x, y) \in Dom(F) \middle/ \frac{y}{x^2 1} = -1 \right\}, C_0 = \left\{ (x, y) \in Dom(F) \middle/ \frac{y}{x^2 1} = 0 \right\}$   $C_1 = \left\{ (x, y) \in Dom(F) \middle/ \frac{y}{x^2 1} = 1 \right\}$
  - $\text{d. } C_{-1} = \emptyset, \ C_0 = \left\{ (x,y) \in Dom(F) / \sqrt{25 x^2 y^2} = 0 \right\}, \ C_1 = \left\{ (x,y) \in Dom(F) / \sqrt{25 x^2 y^2} = 1 \right\}$
- 4.  $C_1 = \left\{ (x, y) \in Dom(V) \middle/ \frac{4}{\sqrt{(x-2)^2 + (y+3)^2}} = 1 \right\}, C_4 = \left\{ (x, y) \in Dom(V) \middle/ \frac{4}{\sqrt{(x-2)^2 + (y+3)^2}} = 4 \right\}$





- 5. A)  $y = x^2 + 3$ ,  $x \in [0, 1]$ 
  - b)  $x^2 + y^2 = 2$
  - c) $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$ ,  $y \ge 0$
  - $d)y = x, x \ge 0$
  - e) i.  $x^2 + y^2 = 9$  ii.  $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ ,  $0 \le x \le 3$
- 6. a.  $\overline{f}(t) = (t; t^2 3t)$   $t \in R$  b.  $\overline{f}: \left[\frac{\pi}{2}; \frac{3\pi}{2}\right] \to R^2/\overline{f}(t) = (5\cos t; 5\sin t)$  c.  $\overline{f}(t) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\cos t; \sin t\right)$   $t \in R$  d.  $\overline{f}: [0,1] \to R/\overline{f}(t) = (t, t^3)$ 
  - e.  $f: [-1; 1] \to R^2/f(t) = (t^2; t)$



f. 
$$\bar{f}:[0;2\pi] \to R^2/\bar{f}(t) = (\cos(t) - 1; sen(t))$$
 g.  $\bar{f}:[\pi;\frac{3\pi}{2}] \to R^2/\bar{f}(t) = (\sqrt{2}\cos(t);\sqrt{3}sen(t))$ 

h. 
$$f: (-\sqrt{5}; \sqrt{5}) \to R^2/f(t) = (t; 2t)$$

- 7. No se encuentran en ningún instante t
- 8. Se encuentran en t =1

9. a. 
$$x(t) = \cos(2t)$$
,  $y(t) = \sin(2t) \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \le t \le \frac{9\pi}{4}$   
b.  $x(t) = \cos t$ ,  $y(t) = \sin t \cos 0 \le t \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ 

10. a. 
$$Dom F = R^2$$
 b.  $Dom F = R^2 - \{(0,0)\}$  c.  $Dom F = R^2$ 

11. ai. 
$$z = x^2 + y^2$$
 (paraboloide circular)  
ii.  $z = x^2 + y^2$ ,  $z \le 1$   
b.  $z = 1 - x - y$  (plano)  
c.  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$  (esfera de radio 1 y centro (0.0)

c. 
$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$$
 (esfera de radio 1 y centro (0,0,0))

di. 
$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$
 (cilindro circular)  
ii.  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ ,  $0 \le x \le 1, -1 \le y \le 1, 1 \le z \le 2$   
e.  $z = (x - 1)^2 + 2y^2$  (paraboloide elíptico)

$$e.z = (x - 1)^2 + 2y^2$$
 (paraboloide ellptico)

12. a. 
$$\bar{F}: R^2 \to R^3/\bar{F}(u,v) = (u;v;-2u+v+3)$$
 b.  $\bar{F}: R^2 \to R^3/\bar{F}(u,v) = (u;v;u^2+v^2)$ 

c. 
$$\bar{F}: R^2 \to R^3 / \bar{F}(u, v) = (u; v; \sqrt{u^2 + v^2})$$

d. 
$$\bar{F}: R^2 \to R^3/\bar{F}(u, v) = (3\cos(u); 3\sin(u); v)$$

e. 
$$\bar{F}: D \subseteq R^2 \to R^3/\bar{F}(u,v) = (2\cos(u)\sin(v); 2\sin(u)\sin(v); 2\cos(v))$$

f. 
$$\bar{F}: D \subseteq R^2 \to R^3/\bar{F}(u,v) = (3\cos(u); 3\sin(u); v)$$
  
 $D = \left\{ (u,v) \in R^2/0 \le u \le \frac{\pi}{2}, v \ge 0 \right\}$