

LA BIODIVERSITA'



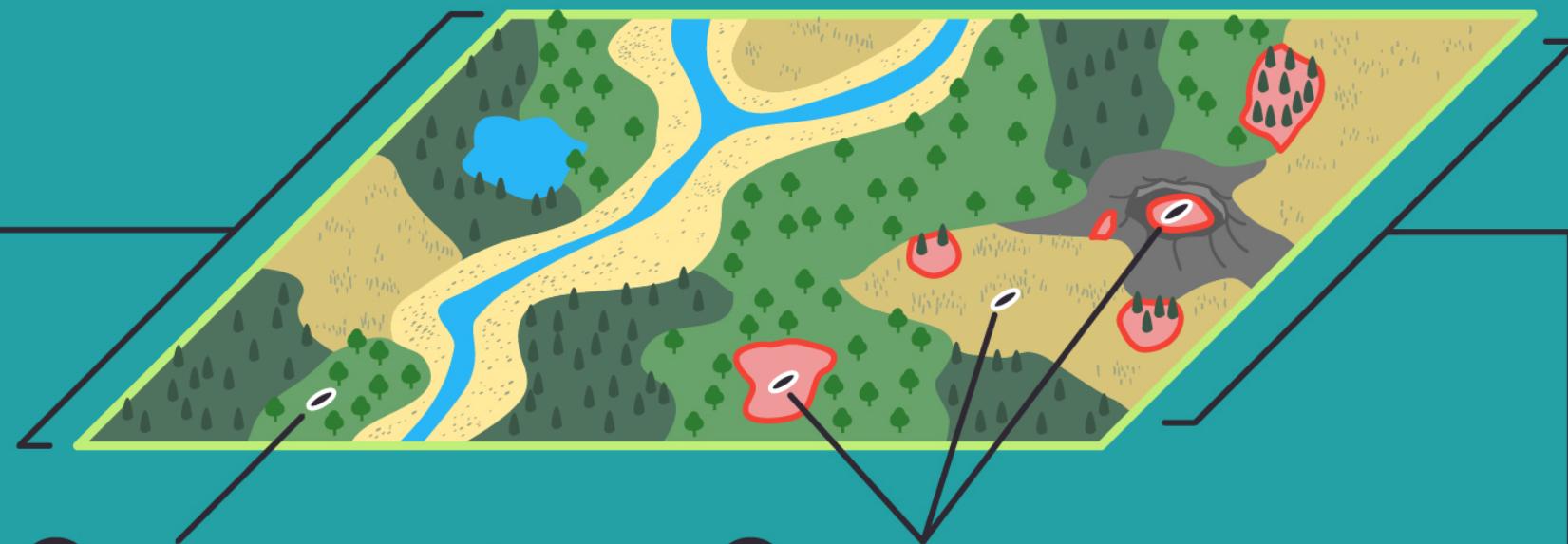
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DIFFERENT WAYS TO MEASURE BIODIVERSITY

1

SPECIES RICHNESS (ENTIRE REGION)

total number of species within the area



2

GENETIC DIVERSITY

total variety of genes within a single species



3

ENDEMIC SPECIES

species that occur here and nowhere else in the world

4

ECOSYSTEM DIVERSITY

total number of ecosystems in the region



Species



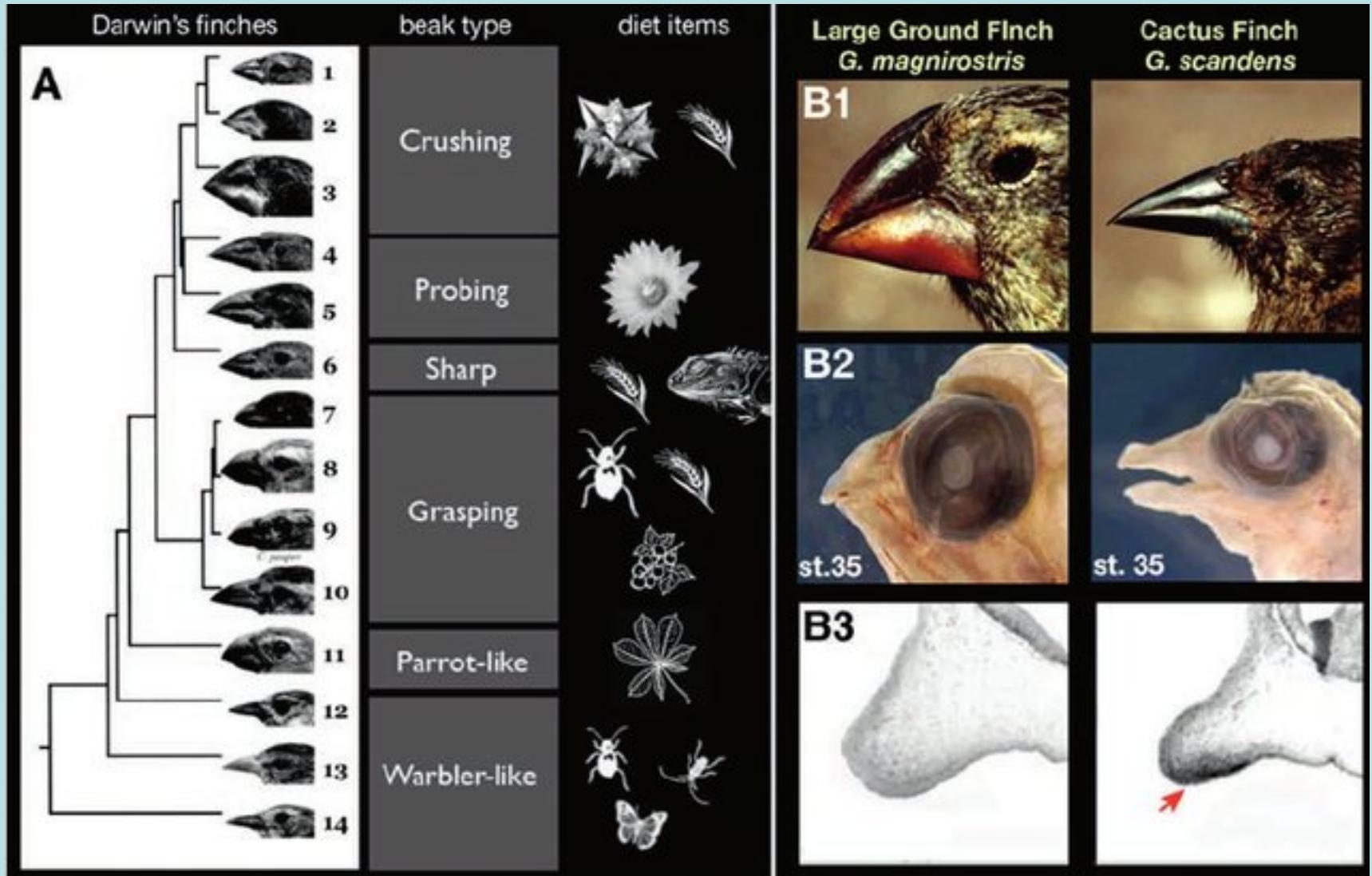
Unique ecosystem



Regional boundary

UNIQUE ECOSYSTEMS

ecosystems that occur here and nowhere else in the world
(an aspect of ecosystem diversity)

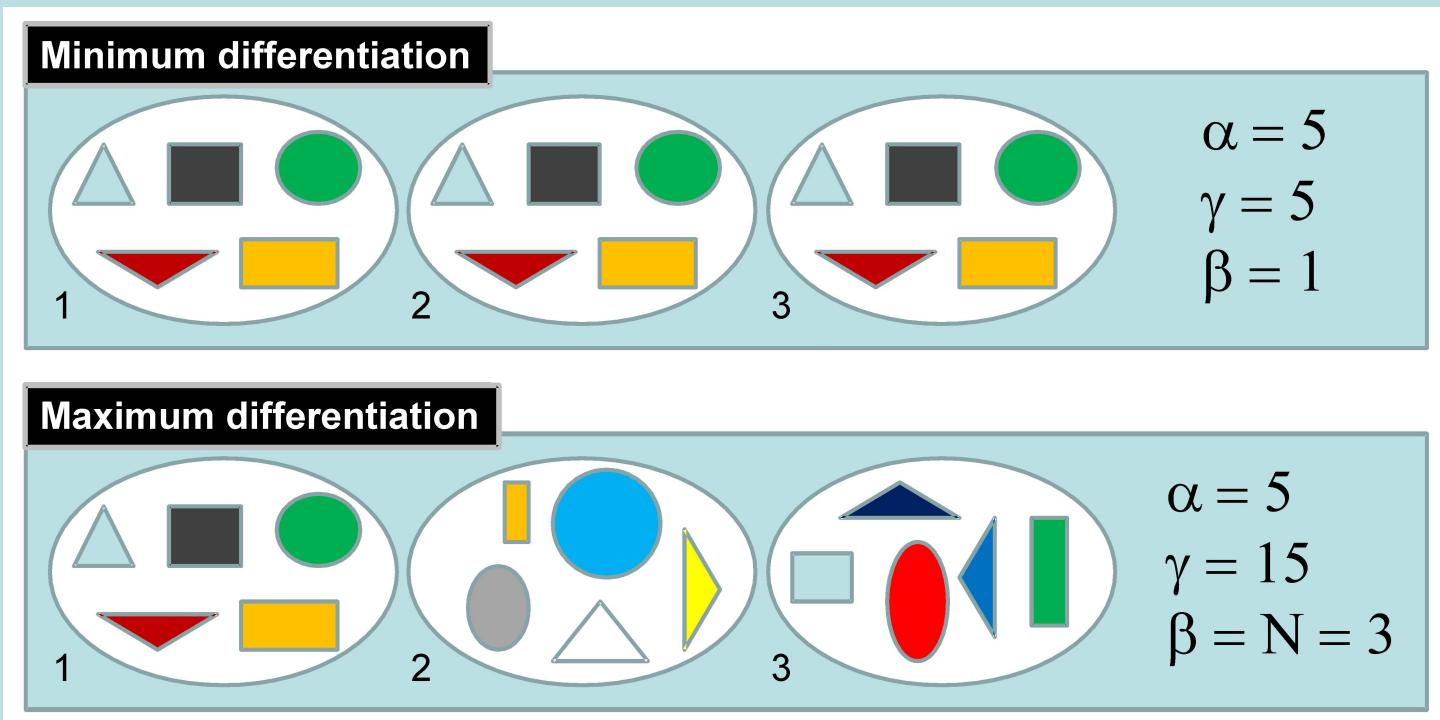


La biodiversità: scale spaziali

La **diversità alfa** indica il numero di specie presenti in una comunità che occupa un determinato ambiente in una località geografica definita.

La **diversità beta** si riferisce al rapporto tra diversità locale o alfa e diversità regionale (o gamma).

La **diversità gamma** è la diversità totale di un paesaggio ed è una combinazione di diversità sia alfa che beta.



La biodiversità alfa: misure

A livello **ALFA** la biodiversità consiste di almeno tre componenti:

1 - la **varietà** (o ricchezza specifica), il numero di specie presenti in un popolamento, in un suo sottoinsieme o in un campione;

2 - l'**abbondanza assoluta** delle specie, ovvero il numero totale di individui presenti in un popolamento o in un suo sottoinsieme; questa non va confusa con l'abbondanza relativa, ovvero il numero di individui con il quale una *singola* specie è presente nel popolamento;

3 - l'**equipartizione**, o evenness (detta anche uniformità o *equitability*), che descrive quanto siano uguali le abbondanze specifiche tra loro, ovvero quanto uniformemente gli individui di un popolamento si ripartiscano tra le specie.



La biodiversità alfa: misure

n_i = numero di individui della i -esima specie

N = Numero totale di individui

S = Numero totale di specie

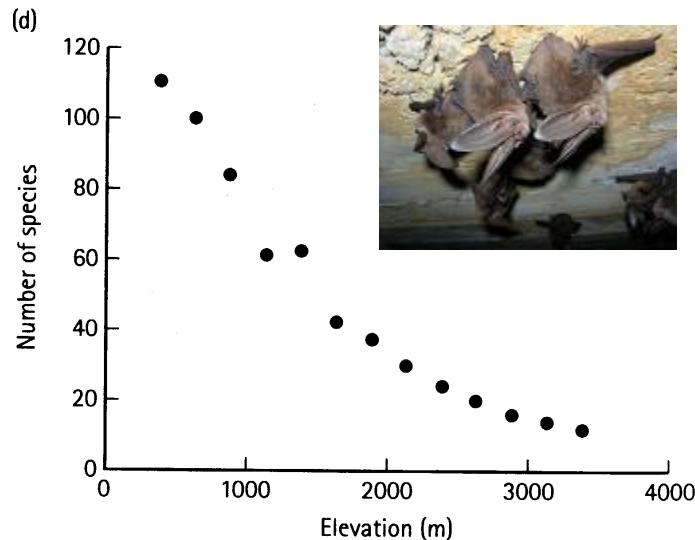
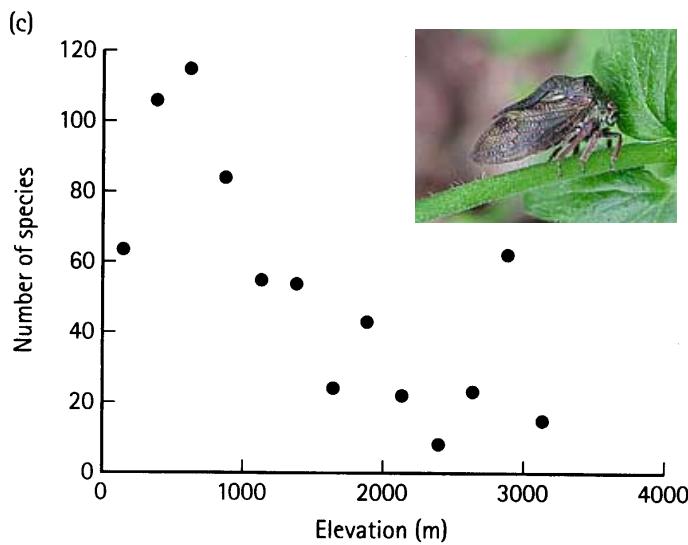
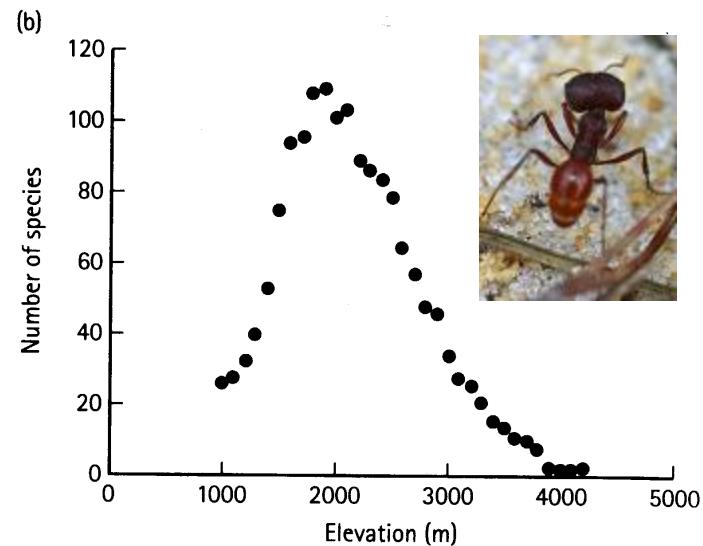
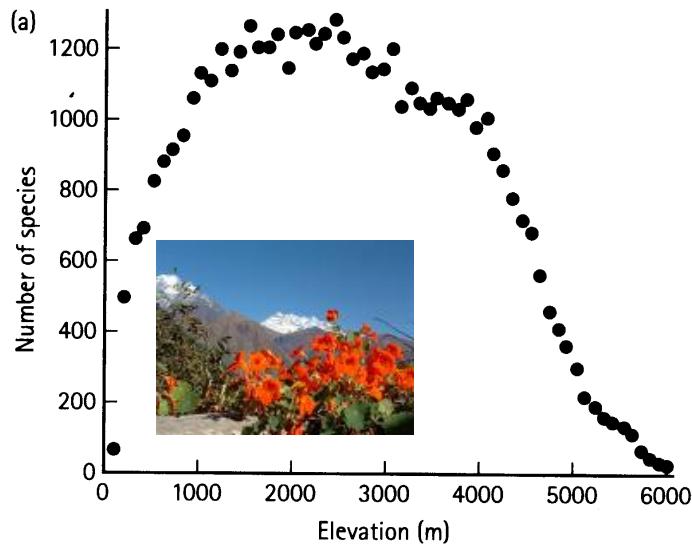
$$H = - \sum_{j=1}^S \left[\frac{n_j}{N} * \log_2 \left(\frac{n_j}{N} \right) \right]$$

$$J = H / \log_2 S = H / H_{\max}$$

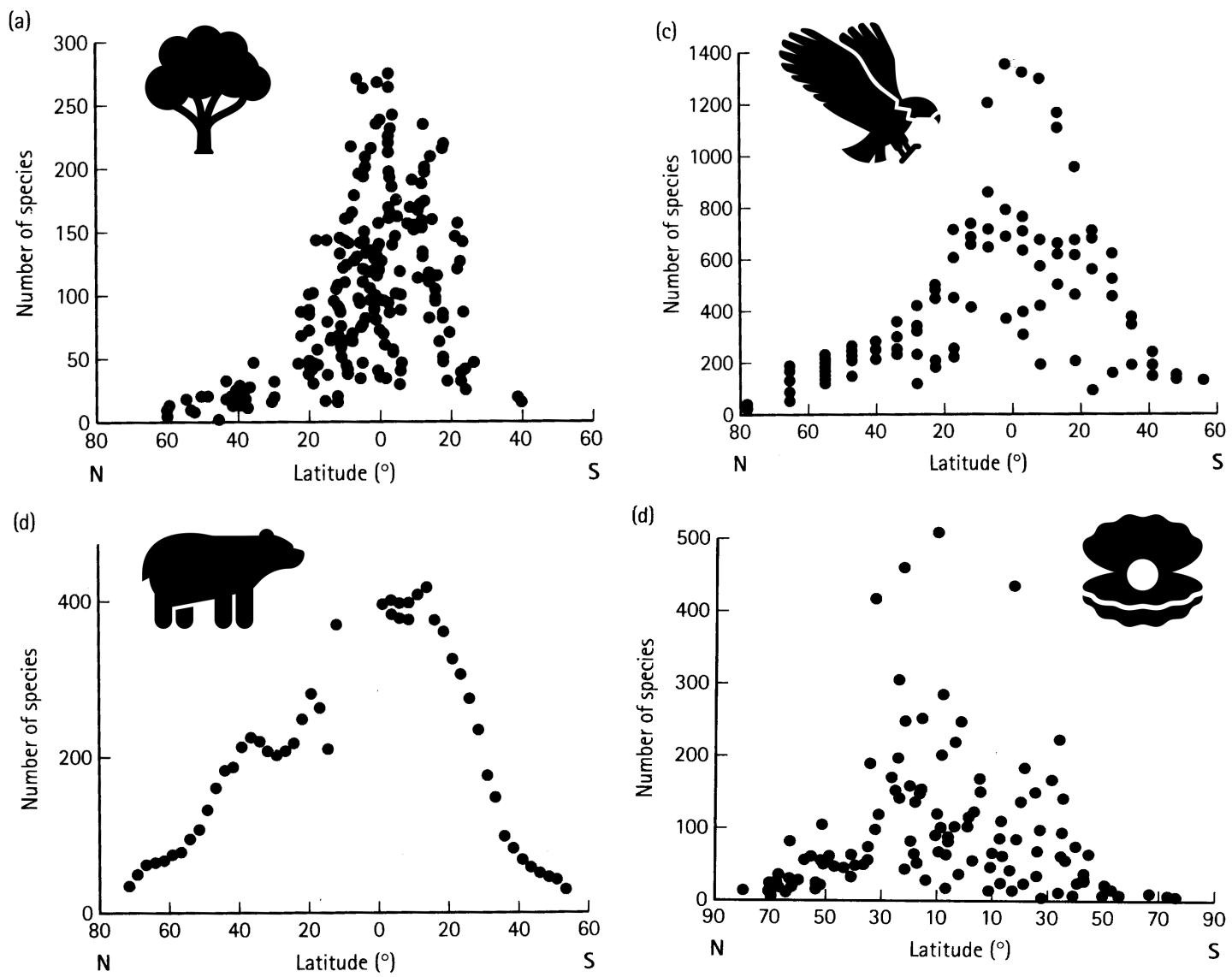
$$D = \sum [(n_i/N)^2]$$



La biodiversità: variazioni ambientali

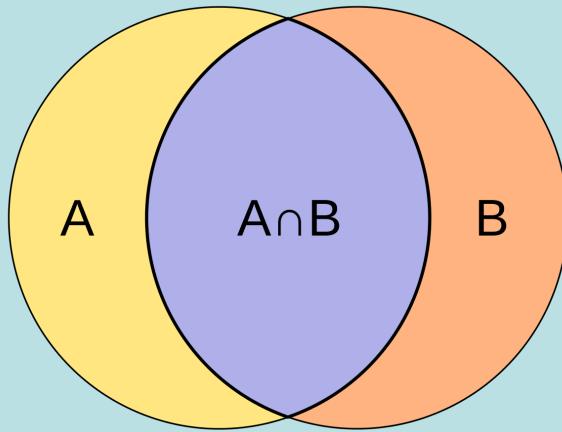


La biodiversità: variazioni ambientali



La biodiversità beta: misure

Quanto sono differenti le comunità (in termini di composizione specifica ed abbondanze) lungo un gradiente (ambientale e/o geografico)?



a = numero di specie in A

b = numero di specie in B

j = numero di specie condivise ($A \cap B$)

$$\text{Jaccard } C_J = j / (a + b - j)$$
$$\text{Sorenson } C_S = 2j / (a + b)$$

0
.89 0
.22 .85 0
.83 .7 .75 0
.47 .21 .91 .76 0
.87 .79 .69 .16 .65 0
.82 .12 .8 .75 .08 .88 0
.06 .7 .22 .81 .81 .5 .9 0
.94 .8 .86 .08 .68 .03 .74 .32 0
.1 .25 .07 .78 .89 .6 .79 .15 .82 0
.74 .7 .37 .21 .77 .09 .68 .74 .06 .8 0
.58 .68 .92 .16 .84 .1 .82 .88 .2 .86 .1 0
.67 .11 .88 .77 .14 .84 .05 .68 .75 .33 .72 .81 0
.15 .6 .06 .6 .73 .39 .81 .1 .95 .08 .87 .58 .6 0
.38 .77 .83 .17 .84 .14 .7 .82 .16 .82 .12 .03 .8 .88 0
.83 .06 .6 .67 .1 .83 .06 .86 .67 .31 .77 .83 .08 .86 .85 0
.35 .88 .05 .74 .81 .47 .95 .03 .95 .19 .95 .42 .81 .11 .73 .83 0
.83 .08 .95 .15 .7 .09 .7 .74 .11 .81 .02 .03 .85 .7 .01 .88 .76 0
.88 .03 .78 .84 .02 .71 .08 .55 .77 .82 .49 .76 .08 .84 .84 .07 .87 .86 0
.54 .01 .87 .95 .08 .76 .14 .77 .82 .56 .88 .79 .08 .81 .96 .07 .79 .9 .04 0



La biodiversità beta: relazioni lungo gradiente

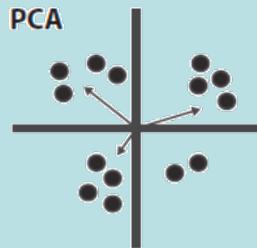
Parametri ambientali

	RS1	RS2	RS3	RS4	...
P1					
P2					
P3					
P4					
⋮					

Composizione

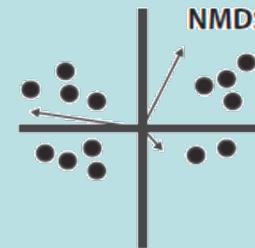
	IS1	IS2	IS3	IS4	...
P1					
P2					
P3					
P4					
⋮					

Statistical Analyses



Variation Partitioning on Redundancy Analysis

RDA on S2 variables ~
RS-specific species +
non-vegetation coverages



Beta diversity β

β as Euclidean distances between
plots in 2D NMDS-space based
on Hellinger distance

S2 Time Series

&

Sensitivity to Grain Size

Mantel Test

$\beta \sim$ Euclidean distances between S2, LiDAR and all RS variables

Variation Partitioning

$\beta \sim$ S2 + LiDAR variables

Multivariate Analysis of Variance

$\beta \sim$ K-means classification on S2, LiDAR and all RS variables