

DMS System Guide



Functional guide to DMS

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Introduction



This guide describes the functionality of the new Declaration Management System – DMS. The target group for this system guide is developers responsible for developing system-to-system (S2S) integration from own customs clearance system to DMS System-to-System.

The aim of this document is to guide an understanding of the technical setup around a system-to-system integration. While the DMS [Connectivity guide \(found on GitHub\)](#) explains how to establish connection to the AS4 gateway, this system guide explains the message flows and the functions that can be carried out with DMS. In specific, it explains the notifications in detail.

Currently, the document covers only specific functionality of DMS Import and the H7/I2 declaration types in specific. The document will be enhanced continuously to cover DMS Export and DMS Transit (NCTS) when this functionality is added.

Section 2 – System overview and section 3 – Requesting notifications are generic for the entire DMS and therefore also relevant for Export and Transit.

Technical overview

2

2.1 Relation between DMS System-to-system and DMS Online

DMS can be accessed either via a S2S solution called DMS System-to-System, where declarations are submitted through the AS4 gateway, or via the systems online UI called DMS Online.

In principle, all system functions can be managed through both access points, UI or S2S. If using DMS System-to-System, the recommendation is to use the UI only to look up information to avoid the risk of mismatch of data between own backend and DMS. E.g., if a declaration is lodged via S2S integration but amended via the UI, your backend will not know which data changed via the UI.

2.2 System overview

DMS has two primary services: One for submitting declarations and one for requesting notifications, which are statuses of a declaration.

Besides the primary services, services for additional messages exist. These are services to correct/amend, invalidate, etc.

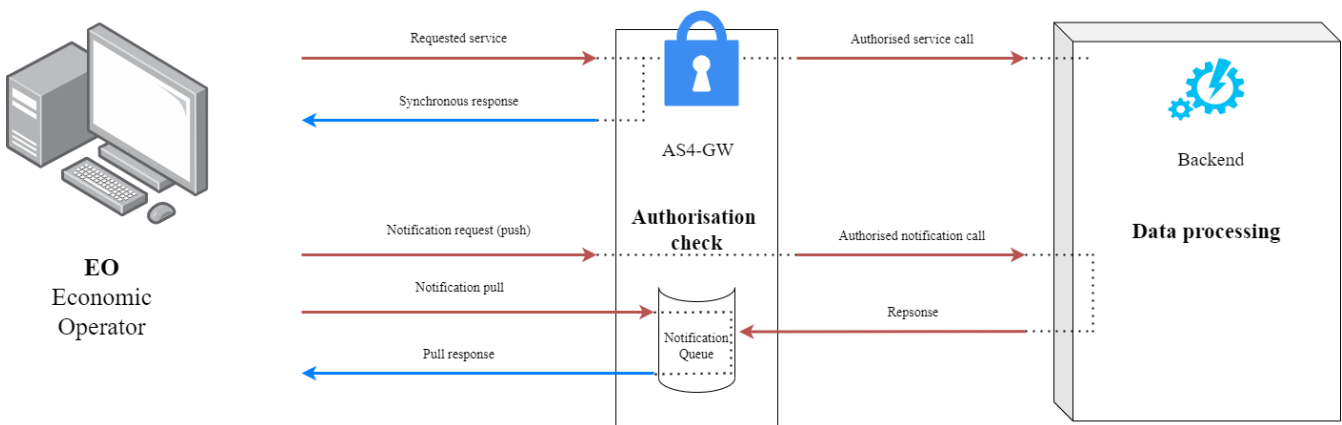


Figure 2.2.1 – System overview

Figure 2.2.1 shows that when lodging a declaration (requested service), the desired service is called. At the AS4 gateway, the XML is syntax validated, and a synchronous response is returned. In case of a syntax error, the request is rejected. If the syntax validation is passed, the declaration is sent to the backend system, where semantic validation and further processing of the declaration will be carried out.

To know if the declaration has been accepted and what its status is, another service – the notification service – needs to be called by the user. When called with a specific set of parameters, the notification service returns all notifications available matching those request parameters. Please refer to Section **Fejl! Henvisningskilde ikke fundet.** and **Fejl! Henvisningskilde ikke fundet.** of this document to understand how notifications are used and which notifications to expect for the various declarations and flows.

2.3 Services and endpoints

All services are reached through the AS4 gateway on the same endpoint, where the AS4-header indicates which service to call.

See details on endpoint and AS4-header in the [DMS Connectivity Guide](#).

A description of all services can be found in appendix 9.4 AS4 Services.

The endpoints are:

Environment	Hostname	Port
UFE	secureftpgatewaytest.skat.dk	6384
TFE	secureftpgatewaytest.skat.dk	6384
Prod	secureftpgateway.skat.dk	6384

Table 2.3.1 – Endpoints

This information is combined with details on the Company, creating a complete endpoint:

Fejl! Linkreferencen er ugyldig.>

Requesting notifications

3

After a declaration is submitted, it passes through the system in different states that describe where the declaration is in the customs process. The system communicates the state of a declaration through **notifications**.

Receiving notifications is a two-part process in which the user is responsible for interacting with and reacting correctly to the notifications. The two parts are **Pushing notification requests** and **Pulling notification responses**. Notification requests should be pushed from a given time interval and pulls of notification responses from the AS4 GW queue should be interwoven in between – an example of how to work with notification pushes and pulls is described in section 3.1.

A notification push contains two timestamps, “from” and “to” accordingly, which describe the time interval within which notifications should be retrieved. Upon pushing a notification request a synchronous response will be elicited by the AS4 GW in the form of an ‘OK’ or an error.

When a push is performed successfully, the AS4 GW will asynchronously retrieve a response from DMS and position it in a queue within the AS4 GW from which a pull can then be performed. This will result in a synchronous response with the notifications requested in the push.

It is important to continue pulling notifications from AS4 until the queue is empty, as not all notifications are generated from a request for specific notifications.

The notification holds information on which declaration the notification relates to, the state of the declaration, customs position response in relation to additional message requests, error codes (if rejected), etc.

In section 4.1 and 4.2 there is a list and description of each notification type, how to read it from the notification response and other relevant information. For further information on which notifications to expect from the different declarations and additional message flows, see Appendix, section 9.

3.1 Notification Request Design Suggestion

Notifications are requested in time intervals. We recommend requesting all notifications that occurred in the last 7 minutes every 5 minutes, see the simplified example below. With the suggested pattern it is important to keep track of which notifications has already been received, notifications can be uniquely identified by the NotificationSID as described in section 4.1.2

Action #	Time	Push	Pull	Sync Pull Response	Time range	Comment
1	12:00	1			11:53 - 12:00	A request is sent with a 7-minute time range.
2	12:02		1			A pull is performed at 12:02.
3	12:02			1		Notification response is received at 12:02 containing notifications from 11:53 to 12:00
4	12:05	2			11:58 - 12:05	A request is sent with a 7-minute time range.
5	12:07		2			A pull is performed at 12:07.
6	12:07			2		Notification response is received at 12:07 containing notifications from 11:58 to 12:05

Table 3.1.1 - Notification Request Design (seconds are omitted for simplicity)

3.1.1 Requesting specific notifications

When requesting a specific set of notifications, the values below can be specified in the message properties. MessageId of the request is contained in the pull response alongside the requested notifications. The MessageId is part of MessageInfo in the AS4 Header.

Attribute	Value	Example
submitterId	The submitted ID described in Fejl! Henvisningskilde ikke fundet. Fejl! Henvisningskilde ikke fundet. in the Connectivity Guide	13116482
dateTo	must be described in YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MI:ss.SSS in time zone UTC-0	2022-02-7T13:00:00.000
dateFrom	must be described in YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MI:ss.SSS in time zone UTC-0	2022-02-17T13:00:00.000
Lang	The language of the response (must be EN)	EN

An XML example of the MessageProperties is shown below:

```
<eb3:MessageProperties>
<eb3:Property name="submitterId">13116482</eb3:Property>
<eb3:Property name="dateTo">2022-02-7T13:00:00.000</eb3:Property>
<eb3:Property name="dateFrom">2022-02-17T13:00:00.000</eb3:Property >
<eb3:Property name="lang">EN</eb3:Property>
</eb3:MessageProperties>
```

3.1.2 AS4 Notification Pull Request Header

This section explains which information should be contained in the AS4 header when pulling a notification from a Message Partition Channel (MPC).

Message Partition Channel identifies the queue on the AS4 gateway that you will receive messages from. Only one queue per environment exists in DMS, see below.

Environment	Message Partition Channel
Production	urn:fdc:dk.skate.mft.DMS/import2/response
TFE01	urn:fdc:dk.skate.mft.DMS/import2/response

The following attributes must be provided when pulling:

Attribute	Value	Example
MessageInfo.Timestamp	YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MI:ss.SSSZ	2021-01-19T15:24:37.376Z
MessageInfo.MessageId	GUID@CVR_<CVR>_UID_<UID>	4874bbf7-33c0-49cb-8b98-ca399fccf34a@skdev00ftpsx.dmz23.local
PullRequest.Property[mpc]	Message Partition Channel	urn:fdc:dk.skate.mft.DMS/import2/response

A full XML example of the messaging header is shown below:

```
<eb3:Messaging xmlns:eb3="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core-1"
xmlns:mustUnderstand="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope" xmlns:wsu="http://www.w3.org/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd" mustUnderstand="true"
wsu:Id="id-4b28503707cbf61-71e4-43e6-9082-44ff51d30921">
  <eb3:SignalMessage>
    <eb3:MessageInfo>
      <eb3:Timestamp>2022-02-04T05:09:48.099Z</eb3:Timestamp>
      <eb3:MessageId>4874bbf7-33c0-49cb-8b98-ca399fccf34a@skdev00ftpsx.dmz23.local</eb3:MessageId>
    </eb3:MessageInfo>
    <eb3:PullRequest mpc="urn:fdc:dk.skate.mft.DMS/import2/response"/>
  </eb3:SignalMessage>
</eb3:Messaging>
```

3.1.3 AS4 Notification Pull Response

A notification pull response from the AS4 gateway consist of the SOAP envelope, and, in case the queue is not empty, an additional XML document containing the actual notifications. How to read the additional XML document is described in section **Fejl! Henvisningskilde ikke fundet. Fejl! Henvisningskilde ikke fundet.** A full response to a pull request can be seen on [Github](#).

The message property “*RefToOriginalMessageId*” seen below contains the message ID of the message used to generate the response, such as the message ID of a request of specific notifications (see [3.1.1](#)). *RefToOriginalMessageId* should therefore be used to keep track of responses to messages.

It is important to keep track of the specific requests that have been answered, as the system has previously dropped notification requests.

```
<eb:MessageProperties>
  <eb:Property name="RefToOriginalMessageId">a46efff9-e56b-48fb-8439-
627843cce50b</eb:Property>
</eb:MessageProperties>
```

When the queue is empty, the AS4 gateway response contains only the soap envelope. A complete example of a full soap envelope is shown below.

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope">
<soapenv:Header xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">
  <eb:Messaging xmlns:eb="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/
soapenv:mustUnderstand="true">
    <eb:SignalMessage>
      <eb:MessageInfo>
        <eb:Timestamp>2022-06-16T08:13:17.207Z</eb:Timestamp>
        <eb:MessageId>20fc5a2f-8184-40ee-80b4-89825a538f6f@SKAT-MFT</eb:MessageId>
        <eb:RefToMessageId>3c3d0efd-3e33-4749-9315-74a887e31ed5</eb:RefToMessageId>
      </eb:MessageInfo>
      <eb:Error category="Communication" errorCode="EBMS:0006" origin="ebMS"
severity="warning" shortDescription="EmptyMessagePartitionChannel">
        <eb:Description xml:lang="en-US">No message for requested MPC
(urn:fdc.dk.skat.mft.DMS/import2/response)</eb:Description>
      <eb:ErrorDetail>//SOAPHeader/eb:Messaging/eb:SignalMessage/eb:PullRequest</eb:ErrorDetail>
    </eb:Error>
  </eb:SignalMessage>
</eb:Messaging>
</soapenv:Header>
<soapenv:Body/>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

The error returned for an empty queue **does not indicate a problem** with the communication, but simply that the queue has been emptied. This is **expected behaviour**.

Notifications

4

4.1 List of notifications

4.1.1 Overview of notifications

Here is a list of all the notifications that the system can produce, as well as a description of when and how they are issued. The tables below list the notifications and illustrate in which business area the various notifications can be received. For a description of the flow of declarations, see appendix, section 9.

Code	Import	Export	Transit
CWMACC	X	N/A	N/A
CWMCLE	X	N/A	N/A
CWMCTL	X	N/A	N/A
CWMINV	X	N/A	N/A
CWMRCV	X	N/A	N/A
CWMREJ	X	N/A	N/A
CWMREQ	X	N/A	N/A
CWMRES	X	N/A	N/A
CWMTAX	X	N/A	N/A

Table 4.1.1.1 – Notifications to expect for the different business areas

N/A indicates that the functionality has not yet been developed.

Code	Title	Description
CWMACC	Declaration acceptance notification	The submitted declaration has been accepted
CWMCLE	Declaration clearance notification	Procedure is accepted and goods can be released.
CWMCTL	Declaration control notification	The declaration has been selected for control
CWMINV	Declaration invalidation notification	The declaration has been invalidated
CWMRCV	Request receival notification	The submitted request has been received
CWMREJ	Rejection notification	The declaration/request has been rejected
CWMREQ	Customs position on request notification	Customs position response on request
CWMRES	Result of request notification	Result of corrections made to the declaration, either by submitter or customs
CWMROG	Release of Goods	The goods have been released
CWMTAX	Customs debt notification	Notification of details on customs debt with which the declarant or his representative is informed about the details of the customs debt

Table 4.1.1.2 – List of notification types

For an overview of the notifications that can be expected for submission, and the additional messages, see Appendix in section 9.

4.1.2 Reading notifications

When requesting notifications from a given time interval, the notifications can arrive in bundles. The notification bundle is indicated by the `<Notifications>` `</Notifications>` tags which then can contain multiple notifications indicated by the `<Notification>` `</Notification>` tags. See the example below:

```
<Notifications>
  <Notification>
    <NotificationEventType>CWMxxx</NotificationEventType>
    <NotificationSID>cca1dd33-2f53-4df8-85ff-d8d1727cf972</NotificationSID>
    <Declaration>
      <MRN>21DKXARQJHQNHO4R0</MRN>
      <LRN>NOTIFICATION_01</LRN>
      <SubmitterReferenceNumber>NOTIFICATION_01</SubmitterReferenceNumber>
      .....
    </Declaration>
    .....
  </Notification>
  <Notification>
    <NotificationEventType>CWMxxx</NotificationEventType>
    <NotificationSID>ea989da5-bf32-4fa7-84ae-a6c02b0a1302</NotificationSID>
    <Declaration>
      <MRN>21DKUYRRHDAKJ512R3</MRN>
      <LRN>NOTIFICATION_02</LRN>
      <SubmitterReferenceNumber>NOTIFICATION_02</SubmitterReferenceNumber>
      .....
    </Declaration>
    .....
  </Notification>
  .....
</Notifications>
```

Table 4.1.2.1 – Notification example

It depends on the notification type which fields and what information comes after the `<SubmitterReferenceNumber>`-element in the `<Notification>`-elements. But all notifications have **common data elements** that provide information of the declaration.

An overview of the information contained in the different **common data elements** can be seen below:

Element name	Description
NotificationEventType	The type of notification, defined as the code described in Table 4.2.1
NotificationSID	A unique ID used for all notifications
Declaration	Contains information that applies to the entire declaration
MRN	The MRN of the submitted declaration that the notification belongs to
LRN	The LRN of the submitted declaration
SubmitterReferenceID	The submitted LRN on the declaration

Table 4.1.2.2 – Information contained in Notifications

The following sections will give an insight into the different notification types, what to be aware of, and how to read them. For a larger overview of the different data elements, and for the notifications they occur in, see Appendix, section 9.

4.2 Notification descriptions

4.2.1 CWMACC - Declaration acceptance notification

The declaration acceptance notification informs the submitter that the declaration has been accepted.

4.2.1.1 Specific for DMS Import

If there are no errors in the declaration, the notification will appear when submitting a standard declaration (IMA), or after presenting the goods declared in a pre-lodged declaration (IMD). You can see in the Appendix when CWMACC will appear in the notification flow.

4.2.1.2 Specific for DMS Export

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.1.3 Specific for DMS Transit

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.1.4 Technical description

Below is an example of the CWMACC-notification:

```
<Notification>
  <NotificationEventType>CWMACC</NotificationEventType>
  <NotificationSID>d6cdf594-014d-4015-8e2c-b52488fe6eb5</NotificationSID>
  <Declaration>
    <MRN>21DKYUDDGTIGAYF4R6</MRN>
    <LRN>CWMACCNOTIFICATION</LRN>
    <VersionID>1</VersionID>
    <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMACCNOTIFICATION</SubmitterReferenceNumber>
    <AcceptanceDateTime>
      <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210831073944Z</DateTimeString>
```

```

        </AcceptanceDateTime>
        <SubmitterID>12345678</SubmitterID>
    </Declaration>
    <NotificationCreatedDate>
        <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210831073955Z</DateTimeString>
    </NotificationCreatedDate>
</Notification>

```

Table 4.2.1.1 – Notification example

Besides from the common data elements described in section 4.1.2 there are only a few elements that can be retrieved from this notification:

Element name	Description
VersionID	The version number of the declaration. If corrections or changes (eg. presentation of goods) has been made to the declaration before it has been accepted, this number will be >1 depending on how many changes have been applied
AcceptanceDateTime	The date and time of the acceptance of the declaration
NotificationCreatedDate	The time of creation of the notification. The same as <i>IssueDateTime</i>

Table 4.2.1.2 – Information in Notification

4.2.2 CWMCLE - Declaration clearance notification

4.2.2.1 Specific for DMS Import

The CWMCLE notification contains information about the clearance for the procedure, and therefore also about the release of the goods (if this has not already been done). It is sent out only after (though not necessarily directly after) the declaration has been accepted and the CWMACC-notification has been sent.

4.2.2.2 Specific for DMS Export

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.2.3 Specific for DMS Transit

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.2.4 Technical description

```

<Notification>
    <NotificationEventType>CWMCLE</NotificationEventType>
    <NotificationSID>55776a77-686a-4356-bbcc-96076bfed6cc</NotificationSID>
    <Declaration>
        <MRN>21DKI9XIGESJOSWER9</MRN>
        <LRN>CWMCLNOTIFICATION</LRN>
    </Declaration>
</Notification>

```

```

    <VersionID>1</VersionID>
    <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMCLNOTIFICATION</SubmitterReferenceNumber>
  </Declaration>
  <AdditionalInformation>
    <StatementCode>Considered Satisfactory</StatementCode>
    <StatementTypeCode>AFB</StatementTypeCode>
  </AdditionalInformation>
  <IssueDateTime>
    <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210825122955Z</DateTimeString>
  </IssueDateTime>
</Notification>

```

Table 4.2.2.1 – Notification example

As seen in the sample, the notification contains a section called `<AdditionalInformation> ... </AdditionalInformation>`. The additional information contains information relevant for the trader.

Based on what is indicated in the `<StatementCode>` the additional information can be different types of information. See the table below:

Element name	Description
VersionID	The version of the declaration that has been cleared
AdditionalInformation	Contains relevant information for the submitter
StatementCode	Description of the relevant information. In the example above it shows the result of the control of the goods
StatementTypeCode	Describes what kind of additional message the Additional Message is – 'AFB' is a Customs Position Motivation.

Table 4.2.2.2 – Information in Notification example

4.2.3 CWMCTL – Control Notification

The CWMCTL notification informs the submitter that the related declaration has been selected for control. Because control has to be performed, it might take longer than usual for the declaration to go through the flow.

4.2.3.1 Specific for DMS Import

If the declaration goes through the control you will receive either a CWMTAX or a CWMCLE notification (depending on whether the initial declaration is an IMD or an IMA).

4.2.3.2 Specific for DMS Export

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.3.3 Specific for DMS Transit

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.3.4 Technical description

```
<Notification>
  <NotificationEventType>CWMCTL</NotificationEventType>
  <NotificationSID>0ed8fb30-68b2-4f64-bcbe-5bbf938641f9</NotificationSID>
  <Declaration>
    <MRN>22DKCBQY0YHWGDMOR0</MRN>
    <LRN>CWMCTLNOTIFICATION </LRN>
    <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMCTLNOTIFICATION </SubmitterReferenceNumber>
  </Declaration>
  <IssueDateTime>
    <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20220201135121Z</DateTimeString>
  </IssueDateTime>
</Notification>
```

Table 4.2.3.1 – Notification example

This notification does not contain any information regarding the control. It is only sent to notify the submitter of the control.

4.2.4 CWMINV - Declaration invalidation notification

The CWMINV notification appears when an already accepted declaration has been invalidated. **For the declaration to reach the 'Invalidated' state, a customs officer (in most cases) must approve the invalidation request.** It is the final notification to be sent in the Invalidationflow.

4.2.4.1 Technical description

```
<Notification>
  <NotificationEventType>CWMINV</NotificationEventType>
  <NotificationSID>6c6a763f-bf9a-4088-93f5-bbdfc2ad226</NotificationSID>
  <Declaration>
    <MRN>21DKYUDDGTIGAYF4R6</MRN>
    <LRN>CWMINVNOTIFICATION</LRN>
    <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMINVNOTIFICATION</SubmitterReferenceNumber>
  </Declaration>
  <AdditionalInformation>
    <StatementCode>3</StatementCode>
    <StatementTypeCode>AFB</StatementTypeCode>
  </AdditionalInformation>
  <NotificationCreatedDate>
    <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210912084006Z</DateTimeString>
  </NotificationCreatedDate>
</Notification>
```

```

    </NotificationCreatedDate>
  </Notification>

```

Table 4.2.3.2 – Notification example

The notification provides information on the invalidation request in the `<AdditionalInformation>`-element

Element name	Description
AdditionalInformation	Contains additional information about the request
StatementCode	Encoded reason for invalidation. In the example 3 is 'invalidation pr trader's request' .
StatementTypeCode	Describes what kind of additional information the Additional information is – 'AFB' is a Customs Position Motivation .

Table 4.2.3.3 – Information in Notification example

4.2.5 CWMRCV – Receival notification

4.2.5.1 Specific for DMS Import

The CWMRCV notification appears when a pre-lodged declaration or additional message request has been received by the system.

There are ways to distinguish which kind of declaration or additional message request was received, therefore an explanation on how to tell the difference is provided in the following sections:

4.2.5.2 CWMRCV of pre-lodged (IMD) declaration

When submitting a pre-lodged declaration, the following CWMRCV-notification will look like the example below:

```

<Notification>
  <NotificationEventType>CWMRCV</NotificationEventType>
  <NotificationSID>287df338-e51e-440f-bdff-4e3253fbc874</NotificationSID>
  <Declaration>
    <MRN>21DKRSYEMQS5OOTGR1</MRN>
    <LRN>CWMRCVNOTIFICATION_01</LRN>
    <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMRCVNOTIFICATION_01</SubmitterReferenceNumber>
    <SubmitterID>12345678</SubmitterID>
  </Declaration>
  <NotificationCreatedDate>
    <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210915172430Z</DateTimeString>
  </NotificationCreatedDate>
</Notification>

```

Table 4.2.5.1 – Notification example

As seen in the example, there is no further information than the common elements described in section 4.2.2. The CWMRCVnotification for a pre-lodged

(IMD) declaration **does not contain** an `<AdditionalMessage>` element, see section below.

4.2.5.3 CWMRCV of pre-lodged (IMD) declaration with warnings

Warnings are sent after submission of a pre-lodged (IMD) declaration when there is something that the submitter should be aware of, e.g., a quota or restriction on a goods item, or if there are errors in the declaration. Instead of initially rejecting a pre-lodged declaration with data that would have resulted in a rejection (CWMREJ) of the declaration upon goods presentation, the submitter receives warning codes in the CWMRCV notification. The submitter then has a chance to submit a correction request and thereby correct the wrongful data (see also section 6.2).

<pre><Notification> <NotificationEventType>CWMRCV</NotificationEventType> <NotificationSID>c13210dc-25a1-4e6b-b961-2c01786f2742</NotificationSID> <Declaration> <MRN>21DKOSUS711H36XJR7</MRN> <LRN>CWMRCVNOTIFICATION_02</LRN> <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMRCVNOTIFICATION_02</SubmitterReferenceNumber> <SubmitterID>12345678</SubmitterID> </Declaration> <Error> <ValidationCode>DKW2012</ValidationCode> </Error> <Error> <ValidationCode>DKW2011</ValidationCode> </Error> <Error> <ValidationCode>DKW2005</ValidationCode> </Error> <NotificationCreatedDate> <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210916082921Z</DateTimeString> </NotificationCreatedDate> </Notification></pre>

Table 4.2.5.2 – Notification example

There can be multiple warnings sent in the CWMRCV notification, all shown in an `<Error>`-element. The `<ValidationCode>` element contains the warning code indicating what the error is and thereby which data elements should be corrected.

For a full list of warnings and error codes, see [here](#).

4.2.5.4 CWMRCV of additional message

After submission of an additional message, e.g., correction/amendment/invalidation/I2/etc., the submitter will receive the CWMRCV notification when the message has been received by the system. To be able to refer to that additional message, **an URN (which is much like an**

MRN) is assigned to the additional message, and the request is now considered **an additional message** to the declaration.

```
<Notification>
  <NotificationEventType>CWMRCV</NotificationEventType>
  <NotificationSID>c2159418-5726-4448-8f15-d5a7167d8da2</NotificationSID>
  <Declaration>
    <MRN>21DK6QXM5OVPTWONR2</MRN>
    <LRN>CWMRCVNOTIFICATION_03</LRN>
    <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMRCVNOTIFICATION_03</SubmitterReferenceNumber>
  </Declaration>
  <NotificationCreatedDate>
    <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210916090154Z</DateTimeString>
  </NotificationCreatedDate>
  <AdditionalMessage>
    <URN>21DKCORFEMO96YDO05</URN>
  </AdditionalMessage>
</Notification>
```

Table 4.2.5.3 – Notification example

In the example above, the URN of the initial declaration that the request was submitted to can be seen in the top of the notification under the `<Declaration>` element, whereas the URN of the additional message/request is stated in the `<AdditionalMessage>` element.

A way to distinguish which type of request the CWMRCV belongs to is to look at the URN in the `<AdditionalMessage>` element:

- For a CWMRCV notification received from the receipt of a **correction/amendment-request**, the URN will be given as
 - xxxx**COR**xxxxxxxxxxx – the 5th to 7th characters is ‘**COR**’
- For a CWMRCV notification received from the receipt of an **invalidation request**, the URN will be given as
 - xxxx**INV**xxxxxxxxxxx – the 5th to 7th characters are ‘**INV**’
- For a CWMRCV notification received from the receipt of an **I2/Goods Presentation Notification**, the URN will be given as
 - xxxx**GPR**xxxxxxxxxxx – the 5th to 7th characters are ‘**GPR**’

The URN (Unique Reference Number) of the additional message will also appear in the CWMREJ notification under the `<MRN>`-element if the additional message is rejected, and in the CWMREQ notification when Customs has taken position on the additional message (see more in section 4.2.6 and 4.2.7). Thereby, it can be seen which received additional message has been rejected or taken position on.

4.2.5.5 Specific for DMS Export

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.5.6 Specific for DMS Transit

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.6 CWMREJ - Rejection notification

4.2.6.1 Specific for DMS Import

When submitting a standard (IMA) declaration and sequentially receiving a CWMREJ notification it means that there are errors in the submitted declaration that results in the declaration not passing validation. Whether it is breaking a business rule or submitting an invalid code or ID, the CWMREJ notification contains information on the specifics of the error(s).

When submitting a standard (IMA) declaration and sequentially receiving a CWMREJ notification it means that there are errors in the submitted declaration that results in the declaration not passing validation. Whether it is breaking a business rule or submitting an invalid code or ID, the CWMREJ notification contains information on the specifics of the error(s).

<pre><Notification> <NotificationEventType>CWMREJ</NotificationEventType> <NotificationSID>4dcdf061-a884-4fde-a749-91adeddb492f</NotificationSID> <Declaration> <LRN>CWMREJNOTIFICATION_01</LRN> <VersionID>1</VersionID> <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMREJNOTIFICATION_01</SubmitterReferenceNumber> <RejectionDateTime> <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210916080304Z</DateTimeString> </RejectionDateTime> <SubmitterID>12345678</SubmitterID> </Declaration> <Error> <ValidationCode>DK1045</ValidationCode> <ValidationText>Error in "Importer Identification no." (3/16), when "Additional procedure" (1/11) is F49, the "Importer Identification no" (3/16) must be DK09999981.</ValidationText> <Pointer> <DocumentSectionCode>\$.consignmentShipment[?(@.sequenceNumber ==0)].parties[?(@.partyRoleType == IM)].partyIdentification</DocumentSectionCode> </Pointer> <Pointer> <DocumentSectionCode>\$.consignmentShipment[?(@.sequenceNumber == 0)].goodsItems[?(@.sequenceNumber ==1)].procedureCombination</DocumentSectionCode> </Pointer> </Error> <NotificationCreatedDate> <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210916080305Z</DateTimeString> </NotificationCreatedDate> </Notification></pre>
--

Table 4.2.6.1 – Notification example

As for the CWMRCV notification with warnings, it also keeps information on the error in the <Error>-element. However, there are a few more elements containing information on where to find the error:

In the example above a business rule was broken. The broken business rule is explained as an error code in <ValidationCode> and error description in

`<ValidationText>`. The `<Pointer>`-element(s) indicate(s) which data element(s) in the declaration should be changed for the declaration to be accepted.

For a full list of error codes, see [here](#).

4.2.6.2 CWMREJ of additional message

Faulty additional messages can also be rejected. As for the CWMREJ notification of a rejected declaration the errors for the rejection of an additional message are also displayed in the the `<Error>` element of the notification.

In the `<Error>`-element an error code is contained in the `<ValidationCode>` element as well as an error description in the `<ValidationText>` element, as seen in the example below.

```
<Notification>
  <NotificationEventType>CWMREJ</NotificationEventType>
  <NotificationSID>ea596738-a493-451e-86d4-f0c66d2e639f</NotificationSID>
  <Declaration>
    <MRN>21DK6QXM5OVPTWONR2</MRN>
    <LRN>CWMREJNOTIFICATION_02</LRN>
    <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMREJNOTIFICATION_02</SubmitterReferenceNumber>
    <RejectionDateTime>
      <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210916081418Z</DateTimeString>
    </RejectionDateTime>
  </Declaration>
  <Error>
    <ValidationCode>DMS10001</ValidationCode>
    <ValidationText>Obligation error: obligation rule not met</ValidationText>
  </Error>
  <NotificationCreatedDate>
    <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210916081419Z</DateTimeString>
  </NotificationCreatedDate>
  <AdditionalMessage>
    <MRN>21DKCORFEM096YDO05</MRN>
  </AdditionalMessage>
</Notification>
```

Table 4.2.6.2 – Notification example

Unlike the CWMREJ notification that is sent *when a declaration is rejected*, The CWMREJ notification sent *when an additional message is rejected* contains an `<AdditionalMessage>`-element, **which matches the MRN in the `<AdditionalMessage>`-element from the CWMRCV notification of the submitted additional message** (see also section 4.2.5.4). The submitter can then know which additional message that has been received and thereafter rejected.

For a full list of error codes, see [here](#).

4.2.6.3 CWMREJ after I2 – Goods presentation

The CWMREJ notification can appear after submission of an I2 in two scenarios:

- The I2 declaration is rejected
- The Hx declaration is rejected

Rejection of the I2 declaration

In case the I2 declaration is rejected, the CWMREJ notification will contain error code(s) and error description(s) in an <Error> element describing the error(s) in the I2 declaration. It will also contain an <AdditionalMessage>-element indicating that it is the additional message that is rejected and not the initial Hx declaration. The MRN in the <AdditionalMessage>-element will be on the format xxxxGPRxxxxxxxxxx, meaning that the additional message that is being rejected is a GPR – Goods Presentation. See also the example below.

<pre><Notification> <NotificationEventType>CWMREJ</NotificationEventType> <NotificationSID>590f9ad6-b9f5-4abf-bec7-3837a219fe30</NotificationSID> <Declaration> <MRN>21DKIMEZICQN4VJJR2</MRN> <LRN>CWMREJNOTIFICATION_03</LRN> <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMREJNOTIFICATION 03</SubmitterReferenceNumber> <RejectionDateTime> <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20211118102017Z</DateTimeString> </RejectionDateTime> </Declaration> <Error> <ValidationCode>DK1072</ValidationCode> <Pointer> <DocumentSectionCode>\$.consignmentShipment[?(@.sequenceNumber==0)].locations[?(@.locationRoleType=="14")].physicalAddress.countryCode</DocumentSectionCode> </Pointer> </Error> <NotificationCreatedDate> <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20211118102019Z</DateTimeString> </NotificationCreatedDate> <AdditionalMessage> <MRN>21DKGPRJBYGXSEVD00</MRN> </AdditionalMessage> </Notification></pre>
--

Table 4.2.6.3 – Notification example

In this example, the CountryCode element under GoodsLocation was invalid in the I2 declaration. The Hx declaration is still in the state of ‘Pending Goods Presentation’ and a new (and corrected) I2 declaration can be submitted to the initial Hx declaration.

Rejection of the initial Hx declaration

The second case of receiving a CWMREJ notification after submitting an I2 declaration is when the initial Hx declaration ends up being rejected. This is the case when the pre-lodged (IMD) Hx declaration contains errors that were given as warnings in its CWMRCV notification (see section 4.2.5.2 and 4.2.11) that needed correction and have not been corrected by submitting a correction (see section 6.2. In this case, the CWMREJ notification will contain the corresponding error code(s) and error description(s) of the warning code(s) from the CWMRCV notification in an <Error>-element describing the error(s) in the Hx declaration. Unlike the CWMREJ notification from the rejection of an I2 declaration CWMREJ

notification this scenario **does not contain an** `<AdditionalMessage>` **element**, see example below.

<pre><Notification> <NotificationEventType>CWMREJ</NotificationEventType> <NotificationSID>c028b808-2989-4610-bc99-388cb120a40b</NotificationSID> <Declaration> <MRN>21DKH9EYOCY6AGJRR8</MRN> <LRN>CWMREJNOTIFICATION_04</LRN> <VersionID>2</VersionID> <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMREJNOTIFICATION_04</SubmitterReferenceNumber> <RejectionDateTime> <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20211118104422Z</DateTimeString> </RejectionDateTime> </Declaration> <Error> <ValidationCode>DK2011</ValidationCode> <ValidationText>Error, in "Declarant identification No." (3/18), the declar- ant must be registered as an importer in DK.</ValidationText> </Error> <Error> <ValidationCode>DK2005</ValidationCode> <ValidationText>Error in "Declarant identification No." 3/18, the number does not ex- ist or is not valid.</ValidationText> </Error> <NotificationCreatedDate> <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20211118104423Z</DateTimeString> </NotificationCreatedDate> </Notification></pre>
--

Table 4.2.6.4 – Notification example

Here, an invalid Declarant ID was declared in the Hx declaration and was not corrected after receiving warnings in its CWMRCV notification, resulting in the Hx declaration being rejected when the goods where presented. In this case, the Hx declaration will have to be resubmitted with a new LRN.

4.2.6.4 Specific for DMS Export

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.6.5 Specific for DMS Transit

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.7 CWMREQ – Customs position on request notification

4.2.7.1 Specific for DMS Import

When submitting an additional message, the submitter will receive a CWMREQ notification when the additional message has been processed, either by the system or a Customs officer.

4.2.7.2 Specific for DMS Export

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.7.3 Specific for DMS Transit

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.7.4 Technical description

<pre><Notification> <NotificationEventType>CWMREQ</NotificationEventType> <NotificationSID>9bad72db-c2f3-4966-8419-029120c19058</NotificationSID> <Declaration> <MRN>21DKRSYEQS500TGR1</MRN> <LRN>CWMREQNOTIFICATION</LRN> <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMREQNOTIFICATION</SubmitterReferenceNumber> </Declaration> <AdditionalInformation> <StatementTypeCode>AFB</StatementTypeCode> <StatementDescription>Granted automatically.</StatementDescription> </AdditionalInformation> <CustomsPosition> <ID>1d249c92-4f74-4506-8bec-314232194725</ID> <Type>GRANTED</Type> </CustomsPosition> <NotificationCreatedDate> <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210915172540Z</DateTimeString> </NotificationCreatedDate> <AdditionalMessage> <MRN>21DKCORQLZX8POKV08</MRN> </AdditionalMessage> </Notification></pre>

Table 4.2.7.1 – Notification example

The notification contains information about the custom position in the `<CustomsPosition>` element, including the ID of the decision as well as the type of position.

If there are comments from customs they can be viewed in the `<AdditionalInformation> ... </AdditionalInformation>` element.

Additionally, the notification contains, as for the CWMREJ notification (see section 4.2.6, the MRN of both the initial declaration as well as the MRN of the **additional message** in the `<AdditionalMessage>` element, **which shows the MRN of the `<AdditionalMessage>` element from the CWMRCV notification of the submitted additional message.**

4.2.8 CWMRES - Result of request notification

The CWMRES notification arrives after the declaration has been accepted (the CWMACC notification is received), and only in cases where the goods are

presented after lodging the declaration, or when the declaration is amended after acceptance.

When submitting a pre-lodged declaration (IMD), the CWMRES notification will contain information on all changes the declaration has gone through in the process, e.g., changing type (from IMD to IMA) when goods are presented, changes in or amendment of location of goods, etc.

4.2.8.1 Specific for DMS Import

For a standard (IMA) declaration, the CWMRES notification will only appear if there is submitted a valid amendment request after acceptance.

4.2.8.2 Specific for DMS Export

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.8.3 Specific for DMS Transit

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.8.4 Technical description

```
<Notification>
  <NotificationEventType>CWMRES</NotificationEventType>
  <NotificationSID>ab73bd28-3417-4653-8d86-8b4ec4f65b9e</NotificationSID>
  <Declaration>
    <MRN>21DKJYMHJEYP3CQDR2</MRN>
    <LRN>CWMRESNOTIFICATION</LRN>
    <VersionID>3</VersionID>
    <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMRESNOTIFICATION</SubmitterReferenceNumber>
    <amendment>
      <createdBy>CWM</createdBy>
      <sequenceNumber>1</sequenceNumber>
      <value>24.00</value>
      <pointer>$.consignmentShipment[?(@.sequenceNumber == 0)].goodsItems[?(@.sequenceNumber == 1)].declaredCustomsValue.value</pointer>
      <timestamp/>
      <declarationVersion>1</declarationVersion>
    </amendment>
    <amendment>
      <createdBy>CWM</createdBy>
      <sequenceNumber>2</sequenceNumber>
      <value></value>
      <pointer>$.type</pointer>
      <declarationVersion>2</declarationVersion>
    </amendment>
    <amendment>
      <createdBy>CWM</createdBy>
      <sequenceNumber>3</sequenceNumber>
      <value>DKFDH</value>
      <pointer>$.consignmentShipment[?(@.sequenceNumber == 0)].locations[?(@.locationRoleType == '14')].locationId</pointer>
      <timestamp/>
      <declarationVersion>2</declarationVersion>
```

```

        </amendment>
        <amendment>
            <createdBy>CWM</createdBy>
            <sequenceNumber>4</sequenceNumber>
            <value>0003</value>
            <pointer>$.consignmentShipment[?(@.sequenceNumber == 0)].locations[?(@.locationRole-
Type == '14')].locationAdditionalId</pointer>
            <timestamp/>
            <declarationVersion>2</declarationVersion>
        </amendment>
        <amendment>
            <createdBy>CWM</createdBy>
            <sequenceNumber>5</sequenceNumber>
            <value>U</value>
            <pointer>$.consignmentShipment[?(@.sequenceNumber == 0)].locations[?(@.locationRole-
Type == '14')].locationIdentificationType</pointer>
            <timestamp/>
            <declarationVersion>2</declarationVersion>
        </amendment>
        <amendment>
            <createdBy>CWM</createdBy>
            <sequenceNumber>6</sequenceNumber>
            <value>A</value>
            <pointer>$.consignmentShipment[?(@.sequenceNumber == 0)].locations[?(@.locationRole-
Type == '14')].locationType</pointer>
            <timestamp/>
            <declarationVersion>2</declarationVersion>
        </amendment>
        <amendment>
            <createdBy>CWM</createdBy>
            <sequenceNumber>7</sequenceNumber>
            <value>DK</value>
            <pointer>$.consignmentShipment[?(@.sequenceNumber == 0)].locations[?(@.locationRole-
Type == '14')].physicalAddress.countryCode</pointer>
            <timestamp/>
            <declarationVersion>2</declarationVersion>
        </amendment>
    </Declaration>
    <IssueDateTime>
        <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210922T115010Z</DateTimeString>
    </IssueDateTime>
</Notification>

```

Table 4.2.8.1 – Notification example

The `<amendment>` element gives insight into which changes the declaration has gone through in the process.

In the example above, the pre-lodged declaration has gone through a correction before goods presentation, taking the declaration from `<VersionID>` from 1 to 2. Thereafter, the goods have been presented, and the location of the goods have been added to the declaration during goods presentation, taking the declaration `<VersionID>` from 2 to 3.

Even if the CWMRES notification arrives after submitting an I2 there is no `<AdditionalMessage>` element, as the changes stated in the CWMRES notification relates to the initial Hx declaration.

If there is a need to distinguish between a CWMRES notification arriving as the result of goods presentation, the example below can be used as a guide:

```
<amendment>
  <createdBy>CWM</createdBy>
  <sequenceNumber>2</sequenceNumber>
  <value></value>
  <pointer>$.type</pointer>
  <declarationVersion>2</declarationVersion>
</amendment>
```

Table 4.2.8.2 – Notification example

This `<amendment>` element indicates, in the `<pointer>` element, that the declaration has changed from IMD to IMA. There is no value in the `<value>`-element, as there is not directly given a value to amend, but the system changes the declaration type automatically.

If this `<amendment>` element is not present in the CWMRES notification, the notification is a result of a direct amendment of the Hx declaration (see section 6.3).

Element name	Description
Amendment	
createdBy	The system that created the amendment
sequenceNumber	Number uniquely identifying the amendment object
Value	The updated value of the amended/corrected data element
Pointer	Pointer indication the amended/corrected element
declarationVersion	The version number of the declaration that was amended/corrected

Table 4.2.8.3 – Information in Notification

4.2.9 CWMROG – Release of Goods

The CWMROG notification means the exact same thing as the CWMCLE notification and contains information about the release of the goods. It is sent out only after (though not necessarily directly after) the declaration has been accepted and the CWMACC notification has been sent.

However, this notification is identical to the CWMCLE notification and is considered a bug in the system. **It does not mean that an error has occurred, and it should be handled exactly as the CWMCLE notification.**

4.2.9.1 Technical description

```

<Notification>
  <NotificationEventType>CWMROG</NotificationEventType>
  <NotificationSID>55776a77-686a-4356-bbcc-96076bfed6cc</NotificationSID>
  <Declaration>
    <MRN>21DKZ5YSSN6JHMQBR3</MRN>
    <LRN>CWMROGNOTIFICATION</LRN>
    <VersionID>1</VersionID>
    <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMROGNOTIFICATION</SubmitterReferenceNumber>
  </Declaration>
  <AdditionalInformation>
    <StatementCode>A1</StatementCode>
    <StatementTypeCode>AFB</StatementTypeCode>
  </AdditionalInformation>
  <IssueDateTime>
    <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210825122955Z</DateTimeString>
  </IssueDateTime>
</Notification>

```

Table 4.2.9.1 – Notification example

Although the notification is a bug it can still appear sometimes when submitting a declaration. We therefore provide a description on how to read it:

As seen in the sample, the notification contains a section called `<AdditionalInformation> ... </AdditionalInformation>`. The additional information contains information relevant for the trader.

Based on what is indicated in the `<StatementCode>`, the additional information can be different types of information. See the table below (or the CWMCLE notification, see section 4.2.2):

Element name	Description
VersionID	The version of the declaration that has been cleared
AdditionalInformation	Contains relevant information for the submitter
StatementCode	Description of the relevant information. In the example above it indicated the result of the control of the goods – ‘A1’ means ‘Considered Satisfactory’ (as for the CWMCLE notification)
StatementTypeCode	Describes what kind of additional message the Additional Message is – ‘AFB’ is a Customs Position Motivation.

Table 4.2.9.2 – Information in Notification

4.2.10 CWMTAX - Customs debt notification

4.2.10.1 Specific for DMS Import

When submitting a declaration, the submitter is notified by the CWMTAX notification that a calculation of customs debt has been done. The CWMTAX notification appears after the initial submission of a declaration, which for a standard (IMA) declaration is the final calculation (unless amendments are requested and granted for the customs value of a goods item), and for a pre-lodged (IMD) declaration it is only a preliminary calculation – there will be a recalculated customs debt when goods are presented, and the CWMTAX notification will be sent from the system again.

4.2.10.2 Specific for DMS Export

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.10.3 Specific for DMS Transit

This section will be updated when the processes is ready.

4.2.10.4 Technical description

```
<Notification>
  <NotificationEventType>CWMTAX</NotificationEventType>
  <NotificationSID>685eefec-f413-425d-a055-927856d36993</NotificationSID>
  <Declaration>
    <MRN>21DKRSYEMQS5OOTGR1</MRN>
    <LRN>CWMTAXNOTIFICATION</LRN>
    <VersionID>1</VersionID>
    <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMTAXNOTIFICATION</SubmitterReferenceNumber>
    <DutyTaxFee>
      <Payment>
        <ReferenceID>DK19552101:1</ReferenceID>
        <PaymentAmount currencyID="DKK">75.1</PaymentAmount>
        <TaxAssessedAmount>0</TaxAssessedAmount>
      </Payment>
    </DutyTaxFee>
    <GoodsShipment>
      <GovernmentAgencyGoodsItem>
        <SequenceNumeric>1</SequenceNumeric>
        <Commodity>
          <DutyTaxFee>
            <Payment>
              <PaymentAmount currencyID="DKK">75.1</PaymentAmount>
              <TaxAssessedAmount currencyID="DKK">75.1</TaxAssessedAmount>
            </Payment>
            <SpecificTaxBaseQuantity unitCode="DKK">301</SpecificTaxBaseQuantity>
            <DeductAmount currencyID="DKK">0</DeductAmount>
            <TaxRateNumeric>25.0</TaxRateNumeric>
            <TypeCode>B00</TypeCode>
          </DutyTaxFee>
        </Commodity>
      </GovernmentAgencyGoodsItem>
```

```

        </GoodsShipment>
    </Declaration>
    <IssueDateTime>
        <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210915172600Z</DateTimeString>
    </IssueDateTime>
</Notification>

```

Table 4.2.10.1 – Notification example

As seen in the example above, the notification contains information of the payment under the `<Declaration>` element and the `<GovernmentAgencyGoodsItem>` element, each having slightly different sub-elements.

Element name	Description
Declaration	Information on the payment for the entire declaration
DutyTaxFee	DutyTaxFee captures Duty/Tax/Fee data of a particular duty/tax/fee type
Payment	This element contains information on a given payment
ReferenceID	Payment ID
PaymentAmount	The actual amount paid, or to be paid, for all items in the declaration, rounded down to one digit.
TaxAssessedAmount	Assessed amount of duty/tax/fee (includes all types of charges and duties). Assessed per duty/tax/fee type by declaration.
GoodsShipment	GoodsShipment captures the data of the shipment of the goods belonging to one particular consignment crossing the border of the Customs area
GovernmentAgencyGoodsItem	Information on the payment for the specific goods item
SequenceNumeric	The number of the goods item as given on the submitted declaration.
Commodity	Details about the properties of the goods
DutyTaxFee	DutyTaxFee captures Duty/Tax/Fee data of a particular duty/tax/fee type
Payment	This element contains information on the base of the calculation of a given payment
PaymentAmount	The actual amount paid, or to be paid, for the specific item, rounded down to one digit.
TaxAssessedAmount	Assessed amount of duty/tax/fee (includes all types of charges and

Element name	Description
	duties). Assessed per duty/tax/fee type by item
SpecificTaxBaseQuantity	The quantity on which a duty or tax or fee will be assessed (FreightChargeAmount + CustomsValueAmount)
DeductAmount	Amount of relief applicable from a duty or tax
TaxRateNumeric	Rate of duty or tax or fee applicable to commodities or of tax applicable to services (25.00 = 25%)
TypeCode	Code for type of tax to be applied (eg., B00 is VAT)
IssueDateTime	The time of creation of the notification. The same as <i>NotificationCreatedDate</i>

Table 4.2.10.2 – Information in Notification

As seen in the example above, the notification contains information of the payment under the `<Declaration>`

4.2.11 Error codes and warnings

When filling out the data elements for submitting a declaration, errors can happen.

If there are errors when submitting a standard declaration (IMA) **the declaration will be rejected and a CWMREJ notification will be sent with error codes indicating the error in the declaration.** The declaration should then be resubmitted by using the submission XML (the LRN can be reused in this case) with the corrected content in the data elements.

When submitting a pre-lodged declaration (IMD) with errors, the declaration will not immediately be rejected – **instead the errors will be presented as warnings and sent in the CWMRCV notification.** This provides a chance to **correct the declaration before the goods are presented** (see section 6.2). If the errors are not corrected before the presentation of goods, the declaration will be rejected when the goods are presented, and the declaration will have to be resubmitted as for a standard declaration (IMA).

However, a warning is not always an error. It can simply be a warning about restrictions on commodity codes or other relevant information to be aware of in the declaration.

The way to distinguish a warning code from an error code, besides looking at the type of declaration (IMA or IMD), is that warnings are given on the form **DKWxxxx**, whereas error codes are in the format **DKxxxx**, **CWMxxxxxx**, **DMSxxxxxx**, etc.

The warning and error codes and their descriptions can be found on GitHub [here](#).

Error handling

5

5.1 Rejected declaration

How to handle a rejected declaration depends on the reason it was rejected. The error is described in the CWMREJ notification (see section 4.2.6), indicating which rule was broken, or which invalid data was entered in the declaration.

Only standard (IMA) declarations will be instantly rejected. Pre-lodged (IMD) declarations will receive warnings through CWMRCV notifications (see section 4.2.6.2).

If the error(s) occurred from the submitter's end, the declaration can be resubmitted when the invalid data has been corrected. The LRN can be reused until the declaration is rightfully accepted (has received the CWMACC notification, see section 4.2.3).

If the error(s) occur due to system downtime or issues, the declarations can end up being rejected as well. If system downtime is not announced on **'Driftsmeddelelser'**, the main system or one of the external systems might be down, and the declaration data cannot be properly validated, resulting in rejected declarations. In this case you can contact **TOLDST Servicedesk** with information on the rejected declaration(s).

When the system is up and running again, the declarations should be resubmitted. The LRN(s) can be reused until the declaration(s) are accepted (has received the CWMACC-notification, see section 4.2.1).

5.2 Missing notifications

Sometimes the user does not receive the expected notifications. Below are sections describing some common scenarios to be aware of, and how to handle them.

5.2.1 No CWMCLE notification

Sometimes it happens that certain declarations do not go through to clearance (no CWMCLE notification is received) and are "stuck" in the flow after the CWM-TAX notification.

The reason for that is usually that there is a manual work task for 'manual cash payment' pending for a customs officer to handle. This will occur in the following scenarios:

- **The declarant is a private person:** the EORI number in 3/18 – Declarant ID is **'DK09999981'** and 1/11 – Additional Procedure is **'C07'**.
- **The declarant is not registered for import with deferred payment:** the EORI number in 3/18 – Declarant ID is not registered for deferred payment.

In these cases, the declaration has to be handled manually and can get clearance only when the manual cash payment task has been handled.

Unfortunately, there is currently no notification stating that the declaration has a manual cash payment pending, but there is a way to see it in the CWMTAX notification (see section 4.2.10).

For a **non-manual cash payment** declaration, the CWMTAX notification will look as follows:

<pre><Notification> <NotificationEventType>CWMTAX</NotificationEventType> <NotificationSID>685eefec-f413-425d-a055-927856d36993</NotificationSID> <Declaration> <MRN>21DKRSYEQS500TGR1</MRN> <LRN>CWMTAXNOTIFICATION</LRN> <VersionID>1</VersionID> <SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMTAXNOTIFICATION</SubmitterReferenceNumber> <DutyTaxFee> <Payment> <ReferenceID>DK19552101:1</ReferenceID> <PaymentAmount currencyID="DKK">75.1</PaymentAmount> <TaxAssessedAmount>0</TaxAssessedAmount> </Payment> </DutyTaxFee> <GoodsShipment> <GovernmentAgencyGoodsItem> <SequenceNumeric>1</SequenceNumeric> <Commodity> <DutyTaxFee> <Payment> <PaymentAmount currencyID="DKK">75.1</PaymentAmount> <TaxAssessedAmount currencyID="DKK">75.1</TaxAssessedAmount> </Payment> <SpecificTaxBaseQuantity unitCode="DKK">301</SpecificTaxBaseQuantity> <DeductAmount currencyID="DKK">0</DeductAmount> <TaxRateNumeric>25.0</TaxRateNumeric> <TypeCode>B00</TypeCode> </DutyTaxFee> </Commodity> </GovernmentAgencyGoodsItem> </GoodsShipment> </Declaration> <IssueDateTime> <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210915172600Z</DateTimeString> </IssueDateTime> </Notification></pre>
--

Table 5.2.1.1 – Notification example

And for a **manual cash payment** declaration, the CWMTAX notification will look as follows:

<pre><Notification> <NotificationEventType>CWMTAX</NotificationEventType> <NotificationSID>685eefec-f413-425d-a055-927856d36993</NotificationSID> <Declaration> <MRN>21DKRSYEQS500TGR1</MRN> <LRN>CWMTAXNOTIFICATION</LRN> <VersionID>1</VersionID></pre>

<pre><SubmitterReferenceNumber>CWMTAXNOTIFICATION</SubmitterReferenceNumber> <DutyTaxFee> <Payment> <ReferenceID>af2c8a94-e617-11eb-a177-1eb09731c923</ReferenceID> <PaymentAmount currencyID="DKK">75.1</PaymentAmount> <TaxAssessedAmount>0</TaxAssessedAmount> </Payment> </DutyTaxFee> <GoodsShipment> <GovernmentAgencyGoodsItem> <SequenceNumeric>1</SequenceNumeric> <Commodity> <DutyTaxFee> <Payment> <PaymentAmount currencyID="DKK">75.1</PaymentAmount> <TaxAssessedAmount currencyID="DKK">75.1</TaxAssessedAmount> </Payment> <SpecificTaxBaseQuantity unitCode="DKK">301</SpecificTaxBaseQuantity> <DeductAmount currencyID="DKK">0</DeductAmount> <TaxRateNumeric>25.0</TaxRateNumeric> <TypeCode>B00</TypeCode> </DutyTaxFee> </Commodity> </GovernmentAgencyGoodsItem> </GoodsShipment> </Declaration> <IssueDateTime> <DateTimeString formatCode="304">20210915172600Z</DateTimeString> </IssueDateTime> </Notification></pre>

Table 5.2.1.2 – Notification example

The main difference between these two notifications can be found in the **Payment** segment on the declaration level:

Non-manual cash payment:

<pre><DutyTaxFee> <Payment> <ReferenceID>DK19552101:1</ReferenceID> <PaymentAmount currencyID="DKK">75.1</PaymentAmount> <TaxAssessedAmount>0</TaxAssessedAmount> </Payment> </DutyTaxFee></pre>
--

Table 5.2.1.3 – Notification example

Manual cash payment:

<pre><DutyTaxFee></pre>

```

    <Payment>
      <ReferenceID>af2c8a94-e617-11eb-a177-1eb09731c923</ReferenceID>
      <PaymentAmount currencyID="DKK">75.1</PaymentAmount>
      <TaxAssessedAmount>0</TaxAssessedAmount>
    </Payment>
  </DutyTaxFee>

```

Table 5.2.1.4 – Notification example

Notice that when there is a manual cash payment pending on the declaration, an UUID will be shown in the <ReferenceID>-element instead of the Declarant ID.

This is how one can ascertain if the reason that a declaration does not automatically go through to clearance and receives a CWMCLE notification is that it has a pending manual cash payment for a customs officer to handle.

5.2.2 No CWMTAX notification

There are certain scenarios in which a declaration does not trigger a CWMTAX notification. This can be the casewhen:

- **The submitted declaration contains an IOSS number**
- **The data element 1/11 – Additional procedure is C08 (except for tobacco, alcohol, perfume and toilet water)**

5.2.3 No CWMRCV notification/No notifications

The user should always be able to pull notifications from a given time interval. If the user keeps getting empty notifications for a correct time interval, it might be due to system downtime. If system downtime is not announced on '[Driftsmeddelelser](#)', the main system or one of the external systems might be down, and the declaration data cannot properly be received by the system. In this case contact [TOLDST Servicedesk](#) with information on the declaration(s) with missing notifications.

When the system is up and running again, the declarations should be resubmitted. The LRN(s) can be reused until the declaration(s) are accepted (has received the CWMACC notification, see section 4.2.1).

Import declaration submission and addi- tional messages



All declarations and additional messages can be submitted through DMS Online, as well as through DMS System-to-System in an XML format. In both cases, the data that needs to be provided is defined by the EUCDM standard based on WCO.

All schemas used on DMS are available on the Danish Customs and Tax Administration [GitHub](#).

Information on how to submit the declarations and the additional messages are described in the supplied [DMS Connectivity Guide](#).

6.1 Submission

The main functionality is the submission of declarations. Declarations can either be filled out as a standard (IMA), or as a pre-lodged (IMD) declaration. IMA declarations are only sent to DMS and must therefore include a goods location. Whereas an IMD is pre-lodged and goods must be reported to Manifest and presented to Manifest upon arrival. Presentation of goods can also be done using the I2 Goods Presentation notification. Using I2 requires a customs decision as Approved Consignee (ACE). Please clarify with the Danish Customs Agency's customer service how to present.

Submissions are sent to the system using the Submission XSD (see section 3.9). How to fill in the XML schema for submission and which rules to adhere to can be found in the [XML guides for the different declaration types](#) under the related declaration type folder.

When submitting a declaration, the **Declaration.Submit** service should be used, see section 9.5.

6.2 Correction

A correction request can be submitted to a declaration **before** the goods have been presented and **before** the declaration has been accepted (when the CWMACC notification is received, see section 4.2.1, meaning that the declaration still must be in its **pre-lodged** state (being an IMD).

Corrections are sent to the system using the Amendment XSD. It is important that **there is at least one changed data element** when submitting a correction. If not the correction request will be rejected with the given error code (see section 4.2.6 and section 4.2.11).

Rules and details on how to fill out the data elements in the XML for each declaration type, and which data elements can be corrected, can be found on [GitHub](#) under the related declaration type folder. Go to section 6.8 to see which declaration types can be corrected.

When submitting a correction request the **Declaration.Amend** action should be used, see section 9.2.

6.3 Amendment

An amendment request can be submitted to a declaration **after** the goods have been presented and **after** the declaration has been accepted (the CWMACC notification is received, see section 4.2.1), meaning that the declaration must be an **IMA**, either by directly being submitted as a standard declaration or by having had the goods presented.

Amendments are sent to the system using the Amendment XSD. It is important that **there is at least one changed data element** when submitting an amendment, if not the amendment request will be rejected with the given error code (see section 4.2.6 and section 4.2.11).

Rules and details on how to fill out the data elements in the XML for the different declaration types, and which data elements can be amended, can be found [here](#) under the related declaration type folder, go to section 3.8 to see which declaration types can be amended.

When an amendment request has been submitted, a customs officer will have to manually grant the request. Therefore, it may take some time before the expected notifications arrive.

When submitting an amendment request the **Declaration.Amend** action should be used, see section 9.2.

6.4 Invalidation

An invalidation request can be submitted to a declaration when needed in case of non-repayment. If there has been a payment of customs debt on the declaration, use the Invalidation and Repayment request (see section 6.5).

Invalidation requests are sent to the system using the Invalidation XSD. A customs officer will have to manually grant or deny the request. Therefore, it might take some time before the expected notifications arrive and the declaration is invalidated.

Rules and details on how to fill out the data elements in the XML for invalidating the different declaration types can be found on GitHub [here](#) under the related declaration type folder, go to section 6.8 to see which declaration types can be invalidated.

When submitting an invalidation request the **Declaration.Invalidate** action should be used, see section 9.2.

6.5 Invalidation and Repayment

An invalidation and repayment request can be submitted to a declaration **after** the goods have been presented, **after** the declaration has been accepted (the CWMACC notification is received, see section 4.2.1) and **after** the customs debt has been paid.

Invalidation and repayment requests are sent to the system using the Invalidation and Repayment XSD. A customs officer will have to manually grant the request. Therefore, it might take some time before the expected notifications arrive and the declaration is invalidated.

Rules and details on how to fill out the data elements in the XML for invalidating the different declaration types can be found on GitHub [here](#) under the related declaration type folder, go to section 6.8 to see which declaration types an invalidation and repayment request can be submitted to.

When submitting an invalidation and repayment request the **Declaration.InvalidateRemissionRepayment** action should be used, see section 9.2.

6.6 Remission and Repayment

Currently not available as a separate functionality. Is tentatively planned for Release 2 - 2022.

6.7 I2 - Goods Presentation

Most EOs will not use this, as the main presentation notification is to be delivered through Manifest.

Please implement and use the I2 Presentation notification only if explicitly told so during your onboarding process.

An I2 Goods Presentation notification can be submitted to a pre-lodged H7 declaration (IMD) when the goods are to be presented. The I2 Goods Presentation notification is used for some specific scenarios but contains similar information as the one delivered to Manifest.

I2 Goods Presentation notifications are sent to the system using the I2 XSD. The Goods Presentation notification follows the I2 EUCDM standard, where details on specific data elements and their usage can be seen in the provided schema [here](#).

When submitting an I2 Goods Presentation notification the **Declaration.Amend.Goodspresented** action should be used, see section 9.2.

6.8 Overview of declaration types with their possible additional messages

This section displays an overview of declaration types and additional messages. **Note** that some declaration types are additional messages in themselves, e.g. the I2 Goods Presentation declaration, which is a goods presentation message for an H7 declaration.

Function	H1	H2	H3	H4	H5	H6	H7	I1	I2
Submission	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	X
Correction	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	-
Amendment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	-
Invalidation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	-
Invalidation and Repay-ment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	-

Goods presentation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	-
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Table 6.8.1 – Declaration types

N/A indicates that the functionality has not been developed yet.

6.9 XSDs and test cases

In this section you can find links to all the XSD's used for submission of declarations and for the additional messages mentioned earlier. All XSD's can be found on [GitHub](#).

H7			
Type	XSD	Test cases	XML Guide
Submission	H7 Submission XSD	H7 Submission test cases	H7 XML Guide
Correction	H7 Correction XSD	H7 Correction test cases	H7 XML Guide
Amendment	H7 Amendment XSD	H7 Amendment test cases	H7 XML Guide
Invalidation	H7 Invalidation XSD	H7 Invalidation test cases	H7 XML Guide
Invalidation and repayment	H7 Invalidation and Repayment XSD	H7 Invalidation and Repayment test cases	In progress
Repayment and remission	Not available	Not available	Not available

Table 6.9.1 – H7 XSDs and test cases

I2			
Type	XSD	Test cases	XML Guide
I2 – Goods presentation	I2 - Goods Presentation XSD	I2 - Goods Presentation test cases	I2 XML Guide (for H7)

Table 6.9.2 – I2 XSDs and test cases

Getting access

7

As mentioned earlier, DMS can be accessed either via a System-to-system integration or by using the system's UI (called DMS Online). Regardless of which access is required, a prerequisite is that an agreement of access has been granted by Toldstyrelsen.

For both DMS System-to-system and DMS Online you will initially get access to the test environment called TFE – Test for Erhverv. TFE can be used to prepare for production before going live on the production environment.

7.1 DMS Online

Once an agreement of access is in place, login to DMS Online requires that the employee who needs access has a personal employee certificate (Medarbejdercertifikat – MOCES), as login is handled through NemId. It is the LRA (Local Rights Administrator) of the company that can grant roles to the employees who need access. Roles are managed on TastSelv Erhverv here: skat.dk/tastselverhverv

On Github we have a guide that explains how roles are assigned to the employees. The guide is in Danish and named Vejledning i brugeoprettelse til DMS.

Once the roles are assigned the employee can login. The URLs are:

TFE-environment - <https://tfe.toldsystemet.toldst.dk/swp.trader.customs>

PROD-environment - <https://toldsystemet.toldst.dk/swp.trader.customs>

Add links to usermanual, clickguides and other onboarding material when provided.

7.2 DMS System-to-System

A system certificate is required in order to access the AS4 gateway. Our [DMS Connectivity Guide](#) found on GitHub explains in detail how the connectivity to the AS4 gateway is enabled.

The system certificate needs to be granted the right roles as well. It is the LRA (Local Rights Administrator) of the economic operator that can grant roles to the employees who need access. Roles are managed on TastSelv Erhverv here: skat.dk/tastselverhverv

On Github we have a guide that explains how roles are assigned to the employees. The guide is in Danish and named Vejledning i brugeoprettelse til DMS

Verifying functionality

8

To verify the functionality of the declaration types and additional messages, as well as the ability to requests and receive notifications, we recommend that you follow the [Basic Test cases](#) found on GitHub.

This guide describes the functionality of the new Declaration Management Sys

Appendix



9.1 Flow of declarations, and related notifications

This section describes which notifications the system produces, and when in the flow the notification is produced.

The diagrams in the coming sections follow the annotation shown in figure 9.1.1 below.

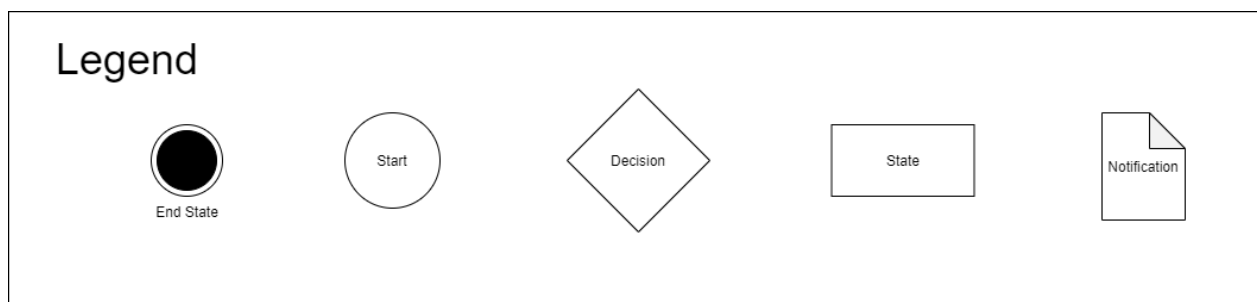


Figure 9.1.1 – Overview of diagram notation.

The End State represents a state where the flow is terminated in some respect and will not continue. An End State can trigger a notification in some cases. In most cases an End State signifies that the declaration was rejected, accepted, or converted to another flow.

The Start State signifies the starting point of a flow. There are therefore only transitions out of a Start State, and it is not possible to return, in technical terms. The start state is the first state from which it is possible for the system to issue notifications that the notification service can retrieve, meaning that it is past the semantic validation in the AS4 gateway.

A Decision State is a state from which it is possible to take one of many transitions. Only one transition will be used, and each transition out of the Decision State will be clearly labelled with the conditions necessary to take that transition. Most Decision States relate to a significant analysis performed in the flow, such as validation.

A State is the simplest construct in that it only offers one transition out, which means that this transition will always be taken.

A Notification, signified by the paper symbol, is not a state. It is therefore not possible to transition into a Notification. An arrow from any of the other symbols in the diagram to a Notification signifies that that symbol will issue a Notification which can be retrieved by the Notification service.

9.2 Import notification flows

9.2.1 H7 Notification flows

9.2.1.1 Submission

There are two kinds of declarations to submit: a standard declaration and a pre-logged declaration. When the goods are presented to an IMD declaration, it will turn into an IMA declaration and go through the IMA notification flow

9.2.1.1.1 Pre-lodged IMD

The flow for IMD (pre-lodged declarations) is shown in Figure 8.1.1.1.1 below.

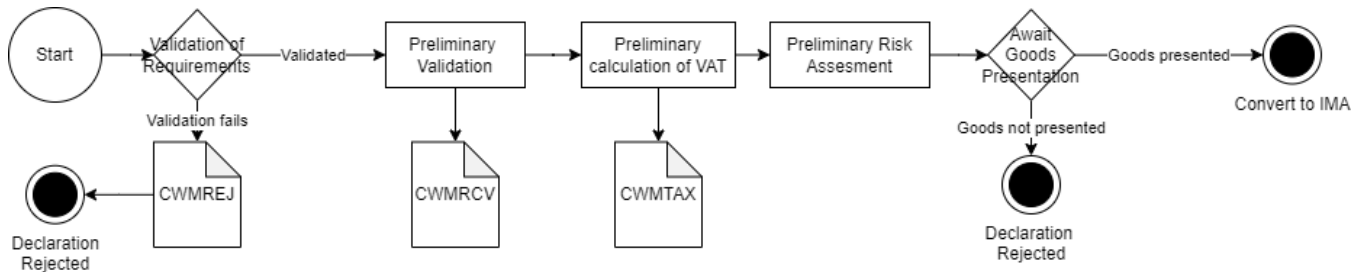


Figure 9.2.1.1 – The flow for an IMD declaration.

As shown in the diagram, an IMD declaration can generate the following notifications:

Title	Code	Description
Declaration Accepted Notification	CWMRCV	The submitted declaration is received.
Customs Debt Trader Notification	CWMTAX	Notification of customs debt.
Declaration Rejection Notification	CWMREJ	Declaration has been rejected.

An IMD declaration is pre-lodged which means that information about the declaration is sent to the system before the declaration has arrived in the country. An IMD therefore also has preliminary validations, risk assessment and calculations of VAT. The IMD declaration is converted to an IMA when a goods presentation declaration has been declared. From this point the declaration therefore follows the I2 declaration flow and will therefore also produce the same notifications. To sum up, an IMD declaration will have both preliminary validation, risk assessment and calculation of VAT, and a final validation, risk assessment calculation of VAT.

9.2.1.1.2 Standard IMA

The flow for IMA (standard declarations) is shown in Figure 2 below.

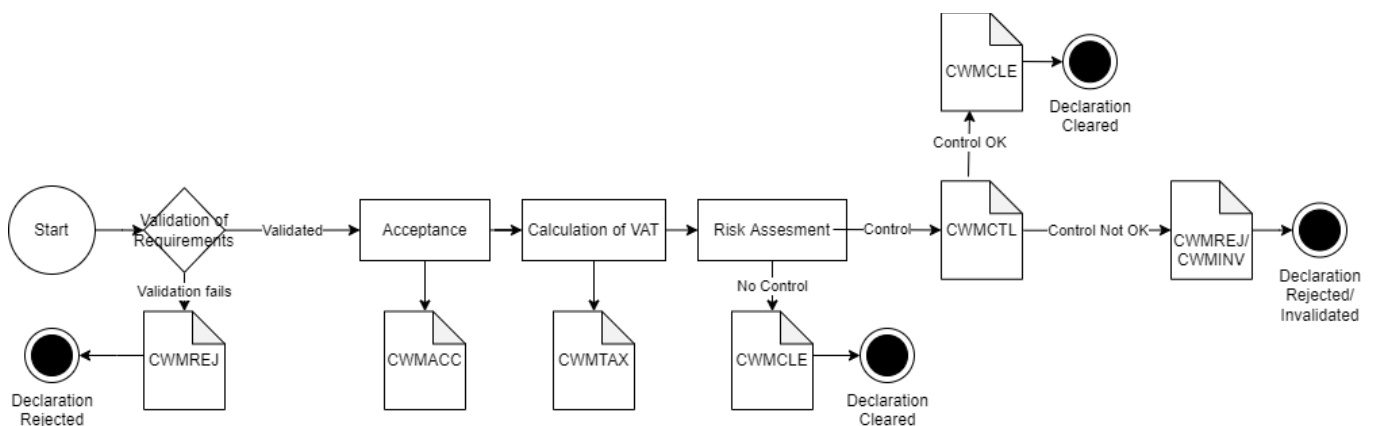


Figure 9.2.1.2 – The flow for an IMA declaration.

As shown in the diagram, an IMA declaration can generate the following notifications:

Title	Code	Description
Declaration Accepted Notification	CWMACC	The submitted declaration is accepted.
Customs Debt Trader Notification	CWMTAX	Notification of customs debt.
Declaration Clearance Notification	CWMCLE	Procedure is accepted and goods can be released.
Declaration Rejection Notification	CWMREJ	Declaration has been rejected.
Declaration Control Notification	CWMCTL	Declaration has been selected for control.
Declaration Invalidation Notification	CWMINV	Declaration has been invalidated.

An IMA declaration is submitted directly as the goods are presented or following an IMD after goods are presented. The IMA has final validations, risk assessment and calculations of VAT. The declaration can be selected for control based on preliminary or final risk assessment.

9.2.1.2 Correction

Flow for Correction of a declaration is shown in Figure 9.2.1.3.

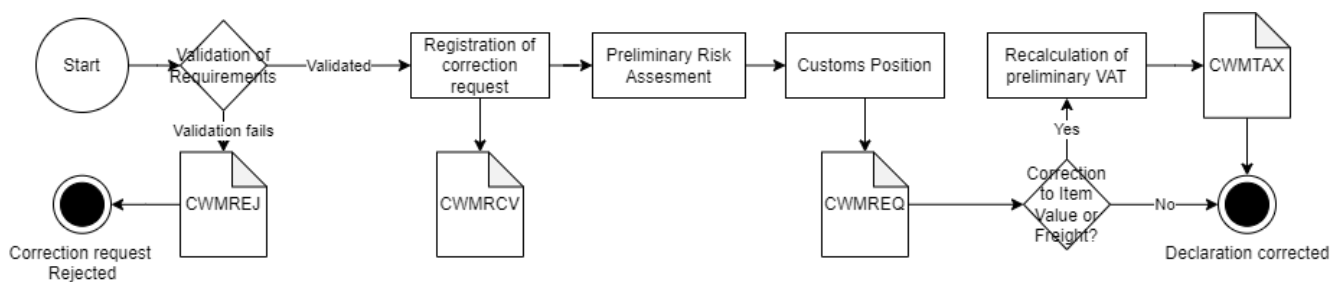


Figure 9.2.1.3 – the flow for a Correction

As shown in the diagram, a correction can generate the following notifications:

Title	Code	Description
Declaration Accepted Notification	CWMRCV	The submitted correction application is received.
Declaration Rejection Notification	CWMREJ	Correction application has been rejected.
Customs Position on Message Notification	CWMREQ	Decision on correction application.
Customs Debt Trader Notification	CWMTAX	Notification of customs debt.

A correction can be submitted to an IMD before goods are presented. After submission of a correction the declaration will go through preliminary validations, risk assessment and, depending on if the correction was for change of item value or freight, a recalculation of VAT. If so, there will be sent a new CWMTAX notification with the preliminary VAT.

9.2.1.3 Amendment

Flow for Amendment of a declaration is shown in Figure 9.2.1.4.

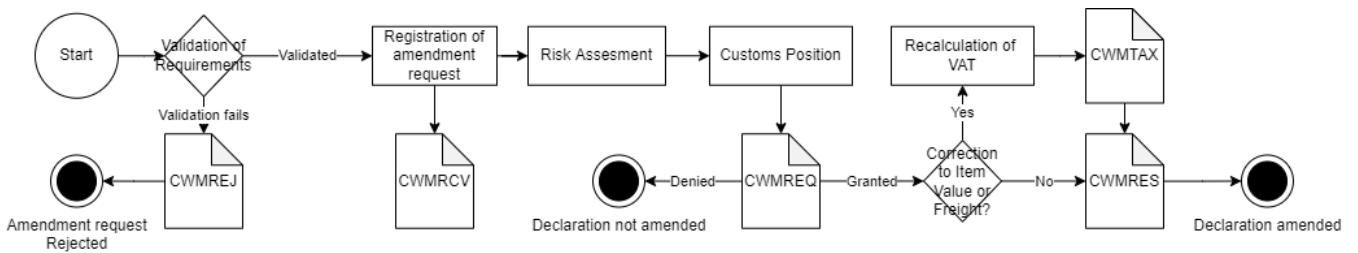


Figure 9.2.1.4 – the flow for an Amendment

As shown in the diagram, an amendment can generate the following notifications:

Title	Code	Description
Declaration Accepted Notification	CWMRCV	The submitted amendment application is received.
Declaration Rejection Notification	CWMREJ	Amendment application has been rejected.
Customs Position on Message Notification	CWMREQ	Decision on amendment application.
Customs Debt Trader Notification	CWMTAX	Notification of customs debt.
Corrected Declaration Notification	CWMRES	The result of the amendment to the declaration.

A correction can be submitted to an IMA after goods are presented. After submission of an amendment the declaration will go through validations, risk assessment and, depending on if the amendment was for change of item value or freight, a recalculation of VAT. If so, there will be sent a new CWMTAX notification with the preliminary VAT. There will be sent a notification, CWMRES, with the results of the amendment.

9.2.1.4 Invalidation

The flow for Invalidation of a declaration is shown below in Figure 9.2.1.5.

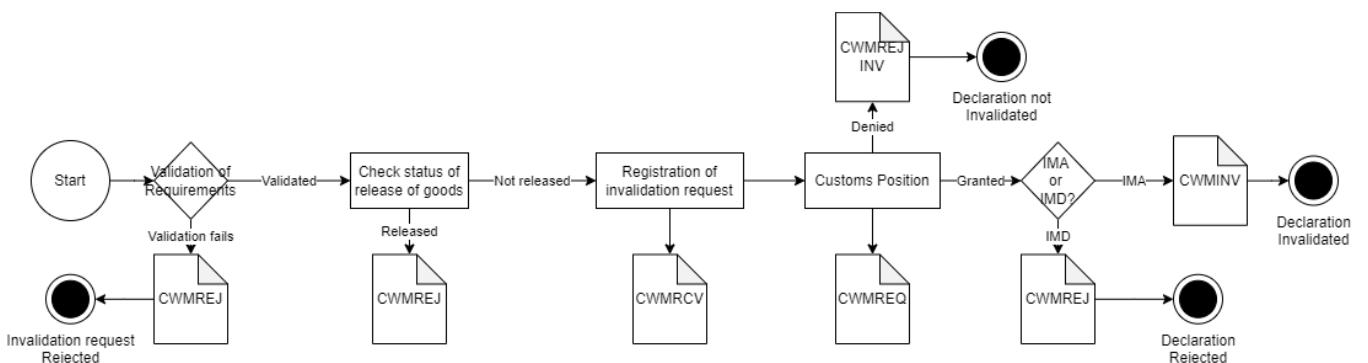


Figure 9.2.1.5 – the flow for an Invalidation

As shown in the diagram, an invalidation can generate the following notifications:

Title	Code	Description
Declaration Accepted Notification	CWMRCV	The submitted invalidation application is received.

Declaration Rejection Notification	CWMREJ	The declaration/invalidation application has been rejected.
Customs Position on Message Notification	CWMREQ	Decision on invalidation application.
Declaration Invalidation Notification	CWMINV	Declaration has been invalidated.

The invalidation request can be sent before the release of goods. If the declaration is an IMD, the declaration will be rejected, and a new one with the same LRN can be submitted. If the declaration is an IMA the declaration will be invalidated, and a new one with the same LRN cannot be submitted, the LRN has to change.

9.2.1.5 Invalidation and Repayment

The flow for in Invalidation and Repayment of a declaration is shown below in Figure 9.2.1.6

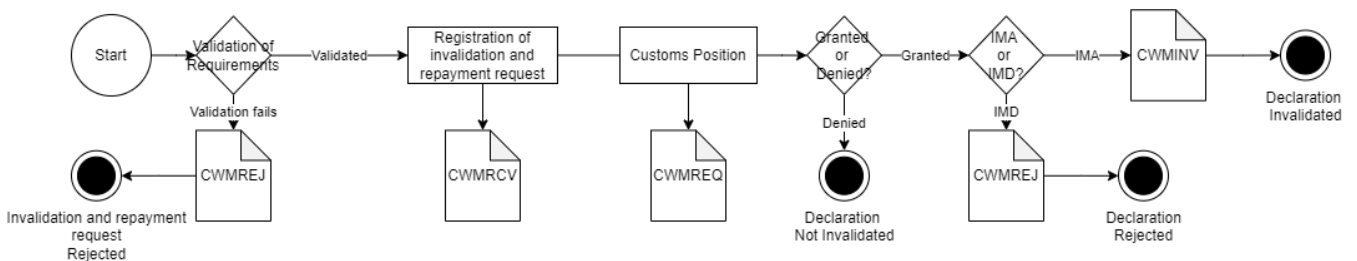


Figure 9.2.1.6 – the flow for Invalidation and Repayment

As shown in the diagram, an invalidation and repayment can generate the following notifications:

Title	Code	Description
Declaration Accepted Notification	CWMRCV	The submitted invalidation application is received.
Declaration Rejection Notification	CWMREJ	The declaration/invalidation application has been rejected.
Customs Position on Message Notification	CWMREQ	Decision on invalidation application.
Declaration Invalidation Notification	CWMINV	Declaration has been invalidated.

The Invalidation and Repayment request can be sent after payment of VAT. If the declaration is an IMD, the declaration will be rejected, and a new one with the same LRN can be submitted. If the declaration is an IMA the declaration will be invalidated, and a new one with the same LRN cannot be submitted, the LRN has to change.

9.2.1.6 I2 – Goods presentation

The flow for an I2 Presentation Notification flow is shown below in Figure 9.2.1.7.

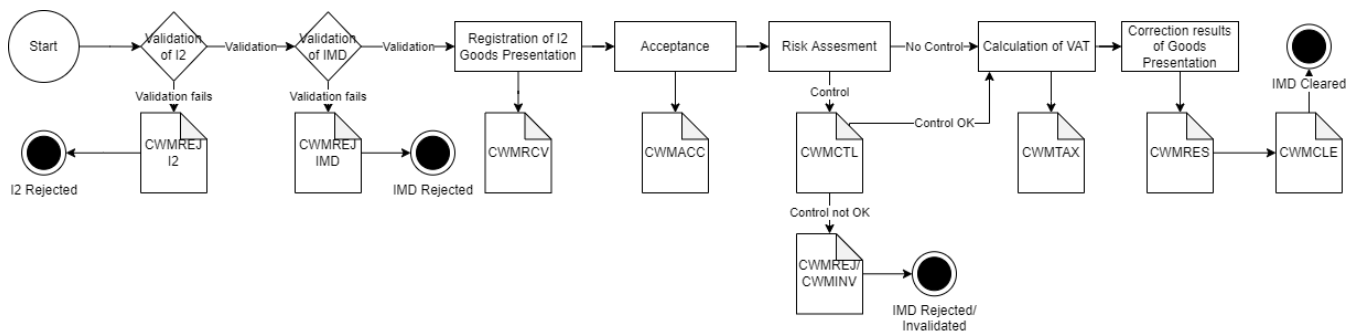


Figure 9.2.1.7 – Flow for an I2 Presentation Notification

As shown in the diagram, an I2 declaration can generate the following notifications:

Title	Code	Description
Declaration Accepted Notification	CWMACC	The declaration is accepted.
Customs Debt Trader Notification	CWMTAX	Notification of customs debt.
Declaration Clearance Notification	CWMCLE	Procedure is accepted and goods can be released.
Declaration Rejection Notification	CWMREJ	Declaration has been rejected.
Declaration Accepted Notification	CWMRCV	The submitted I2 declaration is received.
Corrected Declaration Notification	CWMRES	The results of the I2 goods presentation to the declaration.
Declaration Control Notification	CWMCTL	Declaration has been selected for control.
Declaration Invalidation Notification	CWMINV	Declaration has been invalidated.

An I2 can be submitted to present goods for an IMD declaration. If the I2 declaration fails validation, only the I2 declaration is rejected, and a new I2 declaration can be submitted. If the I2 declaration passes validation, but the IMD declaration fails the final validation (i.e., as a result of not correcting non-valid data as given by warnings), the whole declaration is rejected. A new IMD/IMA declaration should be submitted if needed.

If all validations pass, the now merged declaration will go through final risk assessment and VAT calculation.

A notification with the results of the I2 goods presentation for the IMD declaration will be generated.

9.3 Export notification flows

This section is work in progress and will be updated closer to go live of the export and transit functionality

9.4 Transit Notification flows

This section is work in progress and will be updated closer to go live of the export and transit functionality

9.5 AS4 Services

The following section describes the available services provided by the AS4-gateway. The parameters MessageProperties[procedureType] and Service.Action in the AS4 header allows setting of which service the AS4 message is destined for.

Each section describes the services to be used for the various system environments we use.

- Production environment
- TFE (Test For Erhverv) test environment
- UFE (Udvikling For Erhverv) test environment

9.5.1 Services for production environment

9.5.1.1 Export services and actions

Function	service	Action	Types of declaration
Submit export declaration	DMS.Export	Declaration.Submit	B1, B2, B3, B4, C1
Amend/Correct export declaration	DMS.Export	Declaration.Amend	B1, B2, B3, B4, C1
Invalidate export declaration	DMS.Export	Declaration.Invalidate	B1, B2, B3, B4, C1
Goods Presentation notification for export declaration	DMS.Export	Declaration.Amend.Goodspresented	C2PN
Supplement declaration for export declaration	DMS.Export	Declaration.Amend.Supplement	B1, B2, B3, B4, C1
Retrieve the latest notifications	DMS.Export	notification	All
Submit exit declaration	DMS.Exit	Declaration.Submit	A1, A2, A3
Amend/Correct exit declaration	DMS.Exit	Declaration.Amend	A1, A2, A3
Invalidate exit declaration	DMS.Exit	Declaration.Invalidate	A1, A2, A3
Arrival Notification for exit declaration	DMS.Exit	Declaration.Arrival	A1, A2, A3
Exit Notification	DMS.Exit	Declaration.Notification	A1, A2, A3

9.5.1.2 Transit services and actions

Function	service	Action	Types of declaration
Submit transit declaration	DMS.Transit	Declaration.Submit	D1, D2, D3, D4

Amend/Correct transit declaration	DMS.transit	Declaration.Amend	D1, D2, D3, D4
Invalidate transit declaration	DMS.transit	Declaration.Invalidate	D1, D2, D3, D4
Goods Presentation notification for transit declaration	DMS.transit	Declaration.Goodspresented	D1, D2, D3, D4
Retrieve the latest notifications	DMS.transit	notification	All

9.5.1.3 Import services and actions

Function	service	Action	Types of declaration
A create declaration	DMS.Import2	Declaration.Submit	H7
An amendment for a declaration	DMS.Import2	Declaration.Amend	
declaration message (Only for selected clients)	DMS.Import2	Declaration.Amend.Goodspresented	I2
Invalidation message	DMS.Import2	Declaration.Invalidate	
Invalidation and re-payment message	DMS.Import2	Declaration. InvalidateRemissionRepayment	
Retrieve the latest notifications.	DMS.Import2	Notification	

9.5.2 Services for TFE environment

9.5.2.1 Export services and actions

Function	service	Action	Types of declaration
Submit export declaration	DMS.Export	Declaration.Submit	B1, B2, B3, B4, C1
Amend/Correct export declaration	DMS.Export	Declaration.Amend	B1, B2, B3, B4, C1
Invalidate export declaration	DMS.Export	Declaration.Invalidate	B1, B2, B3, B4, C1
Goods Presentation notification for export declaration	DMS.Export	Declaration.Amend.Goodspresented	C2PN
Supplement declaration for export declaration	DMS.Export	Declaration.Amend.Supplement	B1, B2, B3, B4, C1

Retrieve the latest notifications	DMS.Export	notification	All
Submit exit declaration	DMS.Exit	Declaration.Submit	A1, A2, A3
Amend/Correct exit declaration	DMS.Exit	Declaration.Amend	A1, A2, A3
Invalidate exit declaration	DMS.Exit	Declaration.Invalidate	A1, A2, A3
Arrival Notification for exit declaration	DMS.Exit	Declaration.Arrival	A1, A2, A3
Exit Notification	DMS.Exit	Declaration.Notification	A1, A2, A3

9.5.2.2 Transit services and actions

Function	service	Action	Types of declaration
Submit transit declaration	DMS.Transit	Declaration.Submit	D1, D2, D3, D4
Amend/Correct transit declaration	DMS.transit	Declaration.Amend	D1, D2, D3, D4
Invalidate transit declaration	DMS.transit	Declaration.Invalidate	D1, D2, D3, D4
Goods Presentation notification for transit declaration	DMS.transit	Declaration.Goodspresented	D1, D2, D3, D4
Retrieve the latest notifications	DMS.transit	notification	All

9.5.2.3 Import services and actions

Function	service	Action	Types of declaration
A create declaration	DMS.Import2	Declaration.Submit	H7
An amendment for a declaration	DMS.Import2	Declaration.Amend	
declaration message (Only for selected clients)	DMS.Import2	Declaration.Amend.Goodspresented	I2
Invalidation message	DMS.Import2	Declaration.Invalidate	
Invalidation and re-payment message	DMS.Import2	Declaration. InvalidateRemissionRepayment	
Retrieve the latest notifications.	DMS.Import2	Notification	

9.5.3 Services for UFE environment

9.5.3.1 Export services and actions

Function	Service	Action	Types of declaration
Submit export declaration	DMS.Export2	Declaration.Submit	B1, B2, B3, B4, C1
Amend/Correct export declaration	DMS.Export2	Declaration.Amend	B1, B2, B3, B4, C1
Invalidate export declaration	DMS.Export2	Declaration.Invalidate	B1, B2, B3, B4, C1
Goods Presentation notification for export declaration	DMS.Export2	Declaration.Amend.Goodspresented	C2PN
Supplement declaration for export declaration	DMS.Export2	Declaration.Amend.Supplement	B1, B2, B3, B4, C1
Retrieve the latest notifications	DMS.Export2	Notification	All
Submit exit declaration	DMS.Exit2	Declaration.Submit	A1, A2, A3
Amend/Correct exit declaration	DMS.Exit2	Declaration.Amend	A1, A2, A3
Invalidate exit declaration	DMS.Exit2	Declaration.Invalidate	A1, A2, A3
Arrival Notification for exit declaration	DMS.Exit2	Declaration.Arrival	A1, A2, A3
Exit Notification	DMS.Exit2	Declaration.Notification	A1, A2, A3

9.5.3.2 Transit services and actions

Function	service	Action	Types of declaration
Submit transit declaration	DMS.Transit2	Declaration.Submit	D1, D2, D3, D4
Amend/Correct transit declaration	DMS.transit2	Declaration.Amend	D1, D2, D3, D4
Invalidate transit declaration	DMS.transit2	Declaration.Invalidate	D1, D2, D3, D4
Goods Presentation notification for transit declaration	DMS.transit2	Declaration.Goodspresented	D1, D2, D3, D4
Retrieve the latest notifications	DMS.transit2	notification	All

9.5.3.3 Import services and actions

Import services and actions not available for UFE.

