

1769 CompactLogix Controllers, Revision 19

Catalog Numbers 1769-L31, 1769-L32C, 1769-L32E, 1769-L35CR, 1769-L35E

Торіс	Page
Compatible Software Versions	2
Before You Begin	3
Enhancements	5
Corrected Anomalies	5
Known Anomalies	8
Restrictions	9
Install the Controller Revision	10
Additional Memory Requirements	11
Additional Resources	15

This publication describes enhancements, anomalies (known and corrected), and restrictions for 1769-L3x CompactLogix controllers, firmware revision 19.11.

Table 1 - Controllers and Firmware Revisions

Cat. No.	Major and Minor Revision No.
1769-L31	19.11
1769-L32C	
1769-L32E	
1769-L35CR	
1769-L35E	





IMPORTANT

Consider the following before upgrading the firmware on your Logix5000 controller:

- Before updating your controller, we strongly recommend that you review information pertinent to previous major firmware revisions. For example, when updating from revision 17.x to 19.x, view information in the following publications:
 - CompactLogix Controllers, Revision 17 Release Notes, publication <u>1769-RN017</u>
 - CompactLogix Controllers, Revision 18 Release Notes, publication <u>1769-RN018</u>

Firmware release notes contain material for all minor revisions subsequent to each major revision. If your controller, for example, is at revision 17.11, and not the last minor revision, 18.15, you should view all of the information for revisions 17.11...18.15 before updating to revision 19.x.

Release notes are available at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/literature.

After upgrading the firmware on your module, we strongly recommend that you
retest/validate your application offline before going online.

Compatible Software Versions

To use firmware revision 19.11, these minimum software versions are required.

Table 2 - Compatible Software Versions

Software	Required Version	
RSLinx Classic	2.57 (CPR 9, SR3)	
RSLinx Enterprise	5.30 (CPR 9, SR3)	
RSLogix 5000	19.00 (CPR 9, SR3)	
RSNetWorx for ControlNet	10.01 (CPR 9, SR3)	
RSNetWorx for DeviceNet		
RSNetWorx for EtherNet/IP		

Before You Begin

Before you upgrade your firmware, consider the following.

IMPORTANT

Loss of communication or power during a controller firmware flash upgrade may result in the controller rejecting the new firmware. If the controller firmware upgrade fails due to the conditions described, these corrective actions may be required:

- Cycle controller power and successfully complete the flash upgrade.
- If a nonrecoverable fault occurs, then return the controller for factory repair.

The preliminary actions are required before upgrading your controller firmware.

Table 3 - Before You Begin

If	Then	
You are using ControlFLASH software, version 9	Consider the following before you install the software:	
(CPR9 SR3) with firmware revision 19	We recommend you install RSLinx communication software, version 2.57, before you install ControlFLASH software, version 9 (CPR9 SR3).	
	If you install RSLinx communication software, version 2.57, before you install ControlFLASH software, version 9, you can enable or disable the FactoryTalk Security platform during ControlFLASH software, version 9, installation. However, to disable the FactoryTalk Security platform, you must first uninstall ControlFLASH software, version 9, then reinstall it.	
	If the FactoryTalk Security platform is enabled during ControlFLASH software, version 9, installation, the software opens with a Select FactoryTalk Directory dialog box. At that dialog box, click the following: Network Local Cancel - If you click Cancel, you must select a directory.	
	ControlFLASH software, version 9, only integrates the FactoryTalk Security platform in the FactoryTalk Services Platform, version 2.30 or later.	
Your controller is close to its limits of memory	This revision may require more memory than previous revisions:	
	To see what components of your current project require more memory, see page 11.	
	RSLogix 5000 programming software, version 13.0 or later, lets you estimate the memory requirements of the controller offline.	
	To update to this revision, you may need to use a controller with a larger amount of memory.	
Your controller is connected to a DH-485 network	Disconnect it from the DH-485 network before you update the firmware of the controller. If you update the firmware of a controller while it is connected to a DH-485 network, communication on the network may stop.	

If	Then	
Important : This applies only to 1769-L32E and 1769-L35E controllers	Before upgrading, we recommend you complete the following tasks before attempting to upgrade controller firmware from revision 16 or earlier to revision 19:	
You are upgrading a 1769-L32E or 1769-L35E CompactLogix controller	First, check the stat flashing red before Automation Technic	us of the MS (module status) status indicator next to the Ethernet port. If it is you begin the upgrade, additional action may be required. Contact Rockwell al Support for more information.
	Modify the Port Configuration for the Ethernet card so that the Network Configuration Type is set to Static and assign a valid IP address.	
	If RSWho is actively RSWho window to	browsing the controller through an Ethernet or serial connection, close the stop the browse.
	 If other controllers are messaging to the 1769-L32E or 1769-L35E controller, take the other controllers off the network or put them in Program mode. If there are controllers consuming tags from the 1769-L32E or 1769-L35E controller, remove them from the network. If there are HMI devices connected to the controller, disconnect them from the network or shut then down. 	
	IMPORTANT	If you cannot perform the tasks listed above before attempting a controller firmware upgrade, Ethernet traffic on the controller's Ethernet port may cause the ControlFLASH utility to time out during the firmware upgrade.
		If the timeout is not handled properly, you may render the Ethernet port on the controller inoperable, requiring you to return the controller to Rockwell Automation for repair.
		In the event that a ControlFLASH timeout occurs, the software displays an error dialog box indicating that the 'Target Device failed to report the new revision number', or that the upgrade 'Failed to begin update to the target device'.
		If those error dialog boxes display, check the MS status indicator. If the indicator is flashing red, the upgrade is still in progress and should not be interrupted. Do not cycle power to the controller while the status indicator is flashing red.
		If the upgrade completes, the controller power cycles itself and indicates the upgrade is complete with a solid green MS status indicator. The time required to complete the upgrade is dependent on the level of Ethernet traffic.
		If the controller does not complete the upgrade, the MS status indicator continues flashing red. In this case, contact Rockwell Automation Services and Support.

Enhancements

This enhancement is available when you use firmware revision 19.11 with RSLogix 5000 programming software, version 19.

Table 4 - Enhancements with Firmware Revision 19.11

Cat. No.	Description
1769-L31, 1769-L32C,	Option to Suppress Array Faults During Postscan of SFC Actions
1769-L32E, 1769-L35CR, 1769-L35E	Use this feature to configure your application so that selected faults, that is, 4/20 and 4/83, encountered when an SFC action is postscanned, are suppressed. When the fault is suppressed, the controller uses an internal fault handler to clear it. Clearing the fault causes the postscan process to skip the instruction containing the fault and continue with the next instruction.
	This enhancement is valid only when SFC instructions are configured for automatic reset.

Corrected Anomalies

These anomalies have been corrected with firmware revision 19.11.

Table 5 - Corrected Anomalies with Firmware Revision 19.11

Cat. No.	Description
1769-L31,	Controller may fail to transition from Run mode to Program mode when some MSG instruction types are used.
1769-L32C, 1769-L32E, 1769-L35CR, 1769-L35E	The failure to transition to Program mode occurs after the controller receives an 0x13 error code, that is, Configuration Data too Short. When a transition request is made after the controller receives an 0x13 error code, the controller acknowledges the request but never completes the transition.
	Either of the following conditions cause this anomaly to occur:
	Controller executes SLC Typed Write message with the Number of Elements exceeding 108 bytes
	Controller executes SLC Typed Read message with the Number of Elements exceeding 118 bytes
	The controller remains in Run mode until power is cycled.
	Lgx00113381, Lgx00109216
	Serial port UART may stall during communication between a controller and a device.
	This anomaly may have manifested itself in the following conditions when a controller is connected to another device, such as a PanelView terminal, through its serial port:
	Communication through the serial port stops completely.
	The controller's RS-232 status indicator turns solid green.
	Execute either of the following tasks to resume communication over the serial port connection:
	Cycle power to the controller.
	Change the serial port configuration, for example, the node number.
	For more information about this anomaly, see the Technical Note titled Serial Port UART Appears To Be Stalling #67950, in the Technical Support Knowledgebase available at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/knowledgebase/ .
	Lgx00113379, Lgx00106893

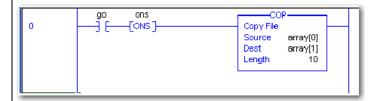
Table 5 - Corrected Anomalies with Firmware Revision 19.11

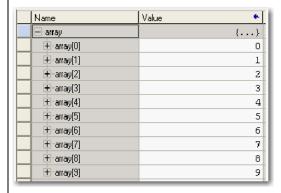
Cat. No. Description

1769-L31, 1769-L32C, 1769-L32E, 1769-L35CR, 1769-L35E The Copy File (COP) Synchronous Copy File (CPS) instruction use may result in Unexpected Execution

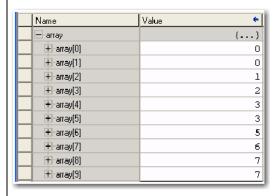
If the COP or CPS instructions are configured so that the source and destination tags overlap, the instruction has unexpected execution.

For example, these graphics show an example COP instruction and its tag values before execution.





The result should be an array that contains all zeros. Instead, the result is an array that contains the values shown in this graphic.



Lgx00114495, Lgx00114576

Table 5 - Corrected Anomalies with Firmware Revision 19.11

Cat. No. Description 1769-L31, PCCC command bit write does not update the controller. 1769-L32C, When you use PCCC command bit write (CMD 0F FNC 02) to execute bit-level writes to a controller, the PCCC command appears to 1769-L32E, 1769-L35CR. complete successfully but does not. Consequently, the data in the controller does not change in the targeted address in the memory. Instead, the write operation writes to the wrong address in memory; this may potentially cause a major non-recoverable fault. 1769-L35E A typical condition where you may be using this command is when you set up PLC/SLC mapping in the controller that is the target of the communication. Additionally, you can use this command when communicating to a Logix controller from legacy systems that do not use the CIP protocol. Logix controllers do not initiate this command. For more information about this anomaly, see the Technical Note titled Bit writes fail with a Standard PanelView to a ControlLogix processor with revision 18 firmware when using SLC/PLC mapping #69234, in the Technical Support Knowledgebase available at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/knowledgebase/. Lgx00113378, Lgx00111497 A watchdog fault occurs during prescan on a transition from Program mode to Run mode. In large applications that include elements, such as many Add-On Instructions, Add-On Instructions with defined prescan routines, and complex structural text routines, the prescan could exceed 60 seconds. Because 60 seconds was the prescan watchdog setting, the controller experienced a major recoverable fault. To correct this anomaly, the prescan watchdog has been changed to 300 seconds. **IMPORTANT**: You cannot configure the prescan watchdog value. Lgx00113376, Lgx00112413 Controller experiences a major non-recoverable fault during a partial import online to a periodic or event task. This anomaly occurred when the following conditions existed: Program in the Task previously had no Add-On Instructions, and the imported changes included Add-On Instructions. · Program in the Task was being rescheduled under another Task. Lgx00112034, Lgx00108203 When using Master Control Reset (MCR) zones that contain Add-On Instructions, the rungs may not evaluate correctly. After the Add-On Instruction, the remainder of the MCR zone is scanned as if the MCR zone were scanned true. If your application requires the use of Add-On Instructions in MCR zones, we recommend you reposition the Add-On Instructions before or after the MCR zone and add their own conditional logic. For more information about this anomaly, see the Technical Note titled MCR Zones Containing AOIs May Not Scan Rungs as False in Certain Firmware Revisions #68915, in the Technical Support Knowledgebase available at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/knowledgebase/ Lgx00113377

Table 5 - Corrected Anomalies with Firmware Revision 19.11

Cat. No.	Description
1769-L31, 1769-L32C,	Under certain power cycling conditions, when the on and off times of the controller are typically 10 seconds or less, the controller can power up with no program loaded. At that point, the controller is in one of the following states:
1769-L32E, 1769-L35CR,	The OK and DCH0 status indicators are green and the other status indicators are off.
1769-L35E	• The OK status indicator blinks red, the DCH0 status indicator is green, and the other status indicators are off.
	The controller logs a Type 1 Code 60 major recoverable fault. When attempts are made to upload debug information from the controller, no information is uploaded.
	Lgx00113371, Lgx00113116
	Intermittent communication loss over an EtherNet/IP network or a ControlNet network.
	A CompactLogix controller may experience intermittent messaging/HMI communication loss over EtherNet/IP or ControlNet networks when there is only incoming messaging/HMI communication to the controller. If the controller has outgoing messaging communication the anomaly does not occur. Communication will recover by itself with no user intervention.
	Lgx00113374, Lgx00107649

Known Anomalies

These anomalies have been identified with firmware revision 19.11.

Table 6 - Known Anomalies with Firmware Revision 19.11

Cat. No.	Description
1769-L31,	Unsuccessful MSG execution results in subsequent unsuccessful messages in master/slave controller configurations.
1769-L32C, 1769-L32E, 1769-L35CR,	When a DF-1 serial connection is used between a master and slave controller, a MSG instruction is not successfully executed and an in-polling sequence error occurs if the master station address is not listed in the poll node list.
1769-L35E	However, with this anomaly, after the in-polling sequence error, subsequent MSG instructions are also unsuccessful.
	To work around this anomaly, change the master controller's station address to a different value or re-execute the unsuccessful MSG instruction in Master Transmit mode and use the Between Station Polls parameter.
	Lgx00083882, Lgx00082610
	PI function block appears to stop executing as the output does not change and no instruction faults are logged.
	If the PI instruction is being used in Linear mode, this floating-point equation is used to calculate the ITerm.
	$Kp \times Wld \times \frac{WldInput + WldInput_{n-1}}{2} \times DeltaT + ITerm_{n-1}$
	Due to the use of the single-precision floating point values, it may be possible, depending on the values of WLD and KP, for the ITerm value to be small enough, less than 0.0000001 , to be lost when adding to the ITerm _{n-1} .
	For more information regarding the PI instruction, see the Logix5000 Controllers Process Control and Drives Instructions User Manual, publication <u>1756-RM006</u> .
	Lgx00070832

Table 6 - Known Anomalies with Firmware Revision 19.11

Cat. No.	Description
1769-L31, 1769-L32C, 1769-L32E,	Changes made to the Buffer Timeout value for FactoryTalk Alarms and Events subscribers do not take effect until the existing buffer has been deleted.
1769-L35CR, 1769-L35E	The FactoryTalk alarm buffer (stored in Logix controller memory) is designed to persist through power cycles. If you change the Buffer Timeout value (via the Communication Setup dialog box in FactoryTalk View SE software), the controller does not use the new timeout value until the existing buffer is deleted and then recreated. To force recreation of this buffer, do one of the following:
	Redownload the project to the controller
	Disconnect the FactoryTalk Alarms and Events subscriber and leave it disconnected until the existing timeout expires.
	Lgx00069461
	When using Add-On Instructions, if you use the same backing/reference tag for multiple Add-On Instructions that are in different tasks, the controller may experience a major non-recoverable (MNRF) fault.
	For example, you have an Add-On Instruction called Motor_Start that is used twice in the application, once in Periodic Task 1 and once in Periodic Task 2, in both cases the Motor_Start uses the same backing/reference tag Pump_Motor_Start.
	The following events may occur when the program is executing:
	1. Periodic Task 1 is executing and the Motor_Start is being scanned.
	2. Periodic Task 2 preempts Periodic Task 1.
	3. Periodic Task 2 runs and the Motor_Start is executed.
	4. Periodic Task 1 is allowed to again execute and completes scanning of the Motor_Start.
	5. Upon completion of scanning Motor_Start the controller can MNRF.
	The MNRF occurs if one instance of the Motor_Start scans false and the other scans true.
	To work around this anomaly, use individual backing/reference tag for all Add-On Instructions.
	Lgx00113790, Lgx00113448

Restrictions

These restrictions exist for firmware revision 19.11.

Restrictions with Firmware Revision 19.11

Cat. No.	Description
1769-L31, 1769-L32C, 1769-L32E, 1769-L35CR, 1769-L35E	The end cap must be attached to the CompactLogix system before you upgrade the controller or I/O module.
	Enabling the time synchronization feature of a CompactLogix controller results in the controller becoming the local master. It does not result in the controller becoming synchronized with other wall clock times in the system.
	If a 1769 I/O fault occurs, you must cycle power to the CompactLogix controller after clearing the major fault. I/O communication is not restored until after the power cycle. You should never use the fault handling routine to clear local I/O faults. You should clear local I/O faults manually on a per case basis, and then the controller should be power cycled.
	When you perform a Partial Import Online (PIO) of a function block routine that contains S-Curve function blocks across Logix platforms, set the .Initialize bit in the backing tag control structure of all S-Curve instructions. This configuration causes the S-Curve instructions to re-initialize themselves.
	Failure to set the .Initialize bit in the backing tag control structure of all S-Curve instructions, may cause the S-Curve function block to execute with uninitialized values.
	LgX114927, Lgx114935

Restrictions with Firmware Revision 19.11

Cat. No.	Description		
1769-L31, 1769-L32C,	With RSLogix 5000 programming software, version 19 and controller firmware revision 19.11, the Fault/Program states for Compact I/O modules are not supported and cannot be configured by using the Module Configuration dialog box.		
1769-L32E, 1769-L35CR,	Because the CompactLogix system does not provide support for local modules to use the alternate outputs, do not configure the attributes or tags listed below. These tags are still created when you add the I/O modules to the configuration.		
1769-L35E	Attribute Tags to Avoid		
	For Digital Output Modules	For Analog Output Modules	
	 ProgToFaultEn 	CHxProgToFaultEn	
	 ProgMode 	CHxProgMode	
	 ProgValue 	CHxFaultMode	
	 FaultMode 	Where CHx = the channel number	
	FaultValue		
	Tasks are the basic scheduling mechanism for executing a program and are created as part of the project and program creation process. In addition to other internal tasks, the CompactLogix controllers have an internal task to provide communication with the 1769 I/O modules. This task executes periodically at the Requested Packet Interval (RPI) selected in the properties of the CompactBus. If the task has not completed before it is time to execute again, a task overlap occurs. This task overlap causes the controller to declare a minor fault of Type = 6 (Task Overlap), Code = 4 (VA task). You can use various strategies to resolve minor faults due to task watchdog timeout and/or task overlap. For more information, see RSLogix 5000 programming software Online Help 'Identifying and Managing Tasks'. In the case of a minor fault caused by VA task overlap, increase the RPI until the overlap no longer occurs.		
1769-L31	With a 1769-L31 controller, you cannot bridge from one serial port to the other. However, you can bridge from either serial port to the DeviceNet network via the 1769-SDN scanner.		

Install the Controller Revision

To install the latest CompactLogix controllers revision, go to http://support.rockwellautomation.com/ControlFlash to download your revision. Then use the ControlFLASH utility to upgrade your controller.

Alternatively, if you have installed RSLogix 5000 software, version 17, and related firmware, you may not need to complete the tasks described. The AutoFlash feature of RSLogix 5000 software, version 17, detects if your controller firmware needs upgraded upon a program download to the controller. If a firmware upgrade is necessary, AutoFlash will initiate an update.

After you have completed your firmware upgrade, you should complete these steps to verify that the upgrade was successful.

- 1. Cycle power to the controller.
- 2. Go online with the controller and view controller properties.
- **3.** Verify that the firmware revision listed matches the firmware to which you intended to upgrade.
- **4.** If the controller's firmware is not correct, initiate another firmware upgrade.

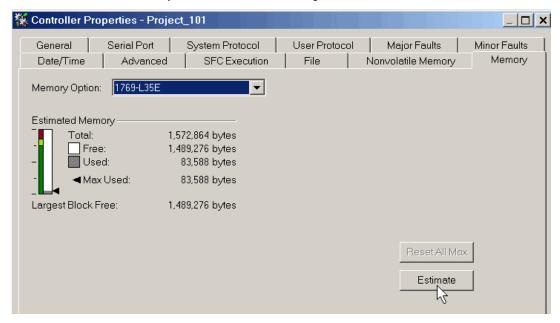
For more information about errors when completing a ControlFLASH upgrade, see the ControlFLASH Firmware Upgrade Kit Quick Start, publication 1756-QS105.

Additional Memory Requirements

This firmware revision may require more memory than previous revisions (for example, 10.x, 11.x). To estimate additional memory requirements for your application, you can either use the memory estimation tool provided with RSLogix 5000 software or the tables provided in these release notes.

Use the Estimate Tool

To estimate the amount of memory required by your application, convert the project to the controller revision desired and use the Estimate tool available in the Memory tab of the Controller Properties.



Estimate Based on Application Components

If you do not have the desired version of RSLogix 5000 programming software, use this table to estimate the additional memory that your project may require.

If you are upgrading your system through multiple firmware revisions, add all components your application uses for each of the revisions you upgrade through. For example, if you are upgrading from revision 15.x to revision 18.x, total your application components for revisions 15.x to 16.x, 16.x to 17.x, 17.x to 18.x, and 18.x to 19.x.

If you upgrade from revision (add all that apply)	Then add the following memory requirements to your project		Which comes from this type of memory	
	Component	Increase/Decrease Per Instance	I/O	Data and Logic
18. <i>x</i> to 19. <i>x</i>		<no change=""></no>		
17. <i>x</i> to 18. <i>x</i>	Program	+ 8 bytes		✓
	Equipment phase	+ 20 bytes		✓
	Add-On Instruction	+ 12 bytes		✓
	Each tag	+ 4 bytes		✓
	In addition, if you use a tag of the types listed below, increase the memory as indicated for each instance:			
	Produced tag	+ 36 bytes + (24 bytes * number of consumers)	√	
	Consumed tag	+ 24 bytes	√	
	Data access control	+ 4 bytes per symbol		✓
	Tag that uses ALARM_ANALOG data type	- 20 bytes		√
	Tag that uses ALARM_DIGITAL data type	+ 28 bytes		√
	Tag that uses MOTION_GROUP data type	+ 76		✓
	Tag that uses AXIS_SERVO_DRIVE or AXIS_GENERIC_DRIVE data type	+ 786 bytes		✓
	Tag that uses AXIS data type other than AXIS_SERVO_DRIVE or AXIS_GENERIC_DRIVE	+ 818 bytes		✓
	Tag that uses COORDINATE_SYSTEM data type with no transform dimensions	+ 40 bytes		✓
	Tag that uses COORDINATE_SYSTEM data type with transform dimensions	+ 100 bytes		✓
	Module input connection	+ 20 bytes		✓
	Module output connection	+ 24 bytes		√
	Safety controller	- 8 bytes		✓
	Safety partner	- 8 bytes		✓

If you upgrade from revision (add all that apply)	Then add the following memory requirements to your project			Which comes from this type of memory	
	Component	Increase/Decrease Per Instance	I/O	Data and Logic	
17.x to 18.x	For each controller (> 1K bytes change):				
	1756-L6 <i>x</i> , 1756-L6 <i>x</i> S, 1756-L63XT	+ 16728 bytes		✓	
	1768-L4 <i>x</i> , 1768-L4 <i>x</i> S	+ 14448 bytes		√	
	1769-L2 <i>x</i>	+ 35084 bytes	√		
	1769-L31	+ 14740 bytes	√		
	1769-L32C, 1769-L35CR	+ 35400 bytes	√		
	1769-L32E, 1769-L35E	+ 35036 bytes	✓		
	1789-L10, 1789-L30, 1789-L60	+ 4992	✓		
16.x to 17.x	Task	+ 4 bytes		√	
	Program	+ 4 bytes		√	
	Equipment phase	+ 8 bytes		√	
	LD routine	+ 12 bytes		√	
	FBD routine	- 8 bytes		√	
	SFC routine	+ 28 bytes		√	
	ST routine	+ 4 bytes		√	
	Add-On Instruction	- 12 bytes		√	
	If you use a tag of the types listed below, increase the memory as indicated for each instance:				
	Produced tag	+ [4 bytes + (4 bytes * number of consumers)]	√		
	Consumed tag	+ 8 bytes	✓		
	Tag that uses MESSAGE data type	+ 4 bytes		✓	
	Tag that uses ALARM_ANALOG data type	- 64 bytes		✓	
	Tag that uses ALARM_DIGITAL data type	- 28 bytes		✓	
	Tag that uses AXIS_SERVO_DRIVE or AXIS_GENERIC_DRIVE data	- 34 bytes		√	
	туре	(2 bytes x number of output cam execution targets)			
	Tag that uses AXIS data type other than AXIS_SERVO_DRIVE or AXIS_GENERIC_DRIVE	- 52 bytes		√	
		(2 bytes x number of output cam execution targets)			
	Tag that uses COORDINATE_SYSTEM data type of 2 dimensions with 2 transform dimensions	+ 20 bytes		✓	
	Tag that uses COORDINATE_SYSTEM data type of 3 dimensions with 3 transform dimensions	+ 108 bytes		√	

If you upgrade from revision (add all that apply)	Then add the following memory requirements to your project			Which comes from this type of memory	
	Component	Increase/Decrease Per Instance	I/O	Data and Logic	
15.x to 16.x	If you use a tag of the types listed below, increase the memory as indicated for each instance:				
	Tag that uses ALARM_ANALOG data type (with no associated tag references)	+ 16 bytes		✓	
	Tag that uses ALARM_DIGITAL data type (with no associated tag references)	+ 4 bytes		✓	
	Tag that uses ALARM_ANALOG data type (if associated tags are configured for the ALARM_ANALOG tag)	+ 22 bytes + (9 x the number of configured, associated tags) + (3 x the sum of the bytes used by the data type of each of the configured associated tags) For example, an analog alarm moved to V16.03 with two Associated Tags - one DINT (4 bytes) and one STRING (88 bytes) would need to add: 22 + 9(2) + 3(92) = 316 bytes		✓	
	Tag that uses the COORDINATE_SYSTEM data type	+ 132 bytes		√	
14. <i>x</i> to 15. <i>x</i>	Input module	+ 4 bytes	√		
	If you use a tag of the types listed below, increase the memory as indicated for each instance:				
	Produced tag	+ 12 bytes	√		
	Consumed tag	+ 4 bytes	√		
	Tag that uses COORDINATE_SYSTEM data type	+ 748 bytes		✓	
	Tag the uses any AXIS data type	+ 800 bytes		✓	
	Task	+ 20 bytes		✓	
	Program or equipment phase	+ 24 bytes		✓	
	Routine	+ 4 bytes		✓	
	Serial port	+ 1120 bytes		✓	
	Project	+ 4012 bytes		✓	

If you upgrade from revision (add	Then add the following memory requirements to your project		Which comes from this type of memory	
all that apply)	Component	Increase/Decrease Per Instance	I/O	Data and Logic
13.x to 14.x	If you use a tag of the types listed below, increase the memory as indicated for each instance:			
	Tag that uses the COORDINATE SYSTEM data type	+ 60 bytes		✓
	Tag that uses any AXIS data type	+ 4 bytes		✓
12.x to 13.x	Program	+ 12 bytes		✓
	Task	+ 4 bytes		✓
	User-defined data type	+ 4 bytes		✓
	I/O module	+ 16 bytes	\checkmark	✓
			(8 bytes)	(8 bytes)
	If you use a tag of the types listed below, increase the memory as indicated for each instance:			
	Produced tag	+ 8 bytes	✓	
	Consumed tag	+ 8 bytes	√	

Additional Resources

These resources contain additional information related to the CompactLogix controllers.

Resource	Description
1769 CompactLogix Controllers, Revision 17 Release Notes, publication 1769-RN017	Describes anomalies and enhancements related to controller revision 17.
1769 CompactLogix Controllers, Revision 18 Release Notes, publication 1769-RN018	Describes anomalies and restrictions specific to revision 18.
Logix5000 Controllers Common Procedures Reference Manual, publication 1756-PM001	Contains information specific to procedures related to programming your controller.
Rockwell Automation Technical Support Knowledgebase, http://www.rockwellautomation.com/knowledgebase/	Contains technical notes and other information related to upgrading your packaged controller's firmware.
ControlFLASH Firmware Upgrade Kit Quick Start, publication <u>1756-QS105</u>	Contains informations about firmware upgrades, installation instructions, and error messages.

You can view or download Rockwell Automation publications at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/literature. To order paper copies of technical documentation, contact your local Rockwell Automation distributor or sales representative.

Tech Notes and other resources are available at the Technical Support Knowledgebase, http://www.rockwellautomation.com/knowledgebase.

Rockwell Automation Support

Rockwell Automation provides technical information on the Web to assist you in using its products. At http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/, you can find technical manuals, a knowledge base of FAQs, technical and application notes, sample code and links to software service packs, and a MySupport feature that you can customize to make the best use of these tools.

For an additional level of technical phone support for installation, configuration, and troubleshooting, we offer TechConnect support programs. For more information, contact your local distributor or Rockwell Automation representative, or visit http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/.

Installation Assistance

If you experience a problem within the first 24 hours of installation, review the information that is contained in this manual. You can contact Customer Support for initial help in getting your product up and running.

United States or Canada	1.440.646.3434
Outside United States or Canada	Use the Worldwide Locator at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/americas/phone_en.html, or contact your local Rockwell Automation representative.

New Product Satisfaction Return

Rockwell Automation tests all of its products to ensure that they are fully operational when shipped from the manufacturing facility. However, if your product is not functioning and needs to be returned, follow these procedures.

United States	Contact your distributor. You must provide a Customer Support case number (call the phone number above to obtain one) to your distributor to complete the return process.
Outside United States	Please contact your local Rockwell Automation representative for the return procedure.

Documentation Feedback

Your comments will help us serve your documentation needs better. If you have any suggestions on how to improve this document, complete this form, publication <u>RA-DU002</u>, available at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/literature/.

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Rockwell Otomasyon Ticaret A.Ş., Kar Plaza İş Merkezi E Blok Kat:6 34752 İçerenköy, İstanbul, Tel: +90 (216) 5698400

www.rockwellautomation.com

Power, Control and Information Solutions Headquarters

Americas: Rockwell Automation, 1201 South Second Street, Milwaukee, WI 53204-2496 USA, Tel: (1) 414.382.2000, Fax: (1) 414.382.4444 Europe/Middle East/Africa: Rockwell Automation NV, Pegasus Park, De Kleetlaan 12a, 1831 Diegem, Belgium, Tel: (32) 2 663 0600, Fax: (32) 2 663 0640 Asia Pacific: Rockwell Automation, Level 14, Core F, Cyberport 3, 100 Cyberport Road, Hong Kong, Tel: (852) 2887 4788, Fax: (852) 2508 1846

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