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2. Finding $E[X_iX_j]$, for $i, j \in \{1, ..., k\}$.

Solution:

Let $X_i = X_{i,1} + \cdots + X_{i,n}$ where

$$X_{i,k} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if the } k \text{th multinomial experiment has outcome i} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

and let $X_j = X_{j,1} + \cdots + X_{j,n}$ where

$$X_{j,k} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if the } k \text{th multinomial experiment has outcome j} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

We then have

$$E[X_{i}X_{j}] = E\left[\left(\sum_{l=1}^{n} X_{i,l}\right) \left(\sum_{m=1}^{n} X_{j,m}\right)\right]$$

$$= E\left[\sum_{l=1}^{n} \sum_{m=1}^{n} X_{i,l}X_{j,m}\right]$$
 by the distributivity of summation
$$= \sum_{l=1}^{n} \sum_{m=1}^{n} E\left[X_{i,l}X_{j,m}\right]$$
 by the linearity of expectation
$$= \sum_{l=1}^{n} \sum_{m=1}^{n} E\left[X_{i,l}X_{j,m}\right]$$