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4. (25 points) Answer:

From the textbook, the capacity of the q-ary symmetric DMC is

$$C = \log_2 q + \varepsilon \log_2 \frac{\varepsilon}{q-1} + (1-\varepsilon) \log_2 (1-\varepsilon).$$

With $|\mathcal{Z}| = q$, the rate distortion function of the q-ary symmetric DMS is

$$R(D) = \begin{cases} \log_2 q - D \log_2(q-1) - H_b(D), & \text{if } D \in [0, \frac{q-1}{q}], \\ 0, & \text{if } D \ge \frac{q-1}{q}. \end{cases}$$

Then we want to see if the uncoded source-channel transmission scheme can achieve the Shannon limit of the communication system for it to be optiml. That is,

$$\begin{split} R(D_{SL}) &= C \\ \log_2 q - D_{SL} \log_2 (q-1) - H_b(D_{SL}) &= \log_2 q + \varepsilon \log_2 \frac{\varepsilon}{q-1} + (1-\varepsilon) \log_2 (1-\varepsilon) \\ D_{SL} \log_2 (q-1) + H_b(D_{SL}) &= \varepsilon \log_2 (q-1) + H_b(\varepsilon) \end{split}$$

 $\therefore x \log_2(q-1) + H_b(x)$ is injective on $x \in [0, \frac{q-1}{q}],$

$$D_{SL} = \varepsilon. (1)$$

With that fact, let's see if the distortion constraint is satisfied for the scheme with $R_{sc} = 1$ source symbol/channel use. First, let W denote the additive noise of the channel (mod q). Then the expected distortion is

$$Ed(Z, \hat{Z}) = P(Z \neq \hat{Z})$$

$$= P(W \neq 0)$$

$$= 1 - (1 - \varepsilon)$$

$$= \varepsilon$$

$$= D_{SL}$$
 by (1).

Thus, the proposed scheme achieves the Shannon limit of the communication system, and thus is optimal for the communication system.