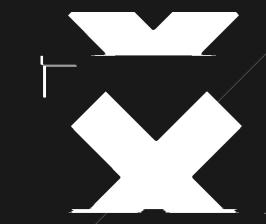


SC2 Team 7: Bryan Lee, Chow Wei Jie, Ang Yu Juan

SCIOIS MINIPROJECT



CONTENT

1

Step 1

Data Preparation

2

Step 2

Exploratory Data

Analysis

3

Step 3

Model Creation

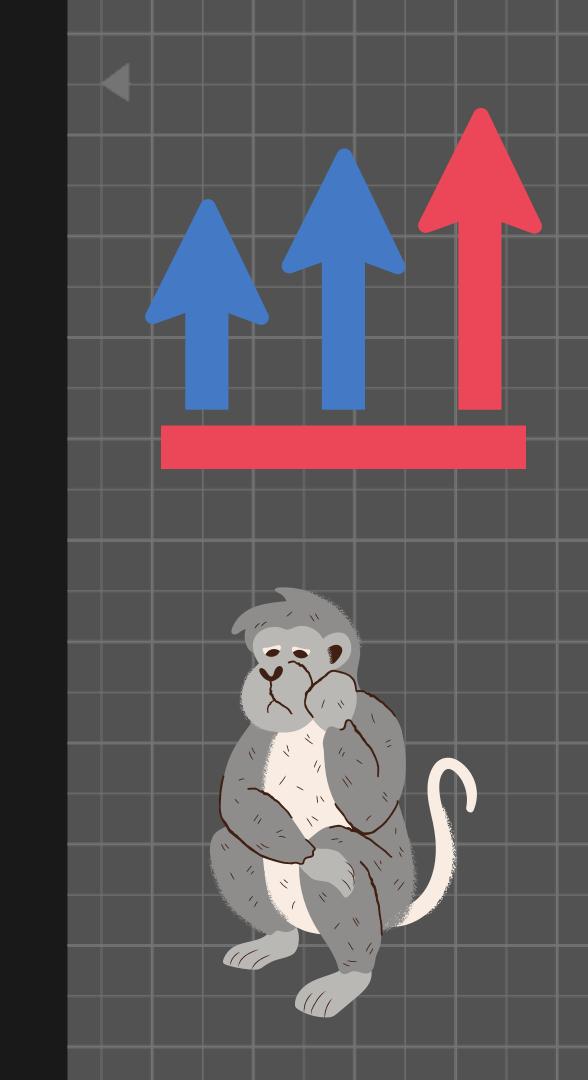
4

Step 4

Conclusion

MOTIVATION

- More than 10,000 games are released last year
- Booming game industry
- Games are costly
- Increasingly difficult to find the 'right' game





PROBLEM STATEMENT

- How can we tell whether a game is good?
- How do we find games most suited for us?





DATASET

Steam

Background

Video game digital distribution service and storefront by Valve

Popularity

More than 50,000 games under Steam

OBTAINING THE DATASET



Kaggle Steam Data (2 CSV)

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/nikdavis/steam -store-raw

Steam User Dataset (SQL)

https://steam.internet.byu.edu/

▶ Steam API

https://steamcommunity.com/dev

CLEANING THE DATASET

Р	U	V	W	X	Υ	AA	
mac_	developers	publisher:	demos	price_ove	packag	platforms	m
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[7]	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {' <u>s</u>
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[29]	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	rue
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[30]	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[31]	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	rue
'min	['Gearbox Software']	['Valve']		{'currency	[32]	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	rue
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[33]	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	rue
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[34, 29	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
]	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[7]	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
'min	['Gearbox Software']	['Valve']		{'currency	[35]	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']	[{'appid': 2	{'currency	[36, 28	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[37]	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {' <u>s</u>
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[38]	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	rue
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[25]	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[39, 79	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	rue
]	['Valve']	['Valve']				{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	rue
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[38]	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	rue
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[79, 46	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']	[{'appid': 4	{'currency	[515, 2	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[516, 4	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']			[19784	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {' <u>s</u>
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[1053,	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {' <u>s</u>
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[2481,	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']			[19784	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
'min	['Valve']	['Valve']		{'currency	[7877,	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
]	['Valve']	['Valve']		·		{'windows': True, 'mac': Fa	a {'s
'min	['Valve', 'Hidden Path (['Valve']			[32938	{'windows': True, 'mac': Tr	r {'s
	-	-			_	-	Ī
1	['Mark Healey']	['Mark Ho	[{!annid!+1	{!currency	[45]	!'windows': True 'mac': Fa	Į'e

Merging and cleaning in KaggleSteam Dataset

- Merged relevant columns of steam_app_data.csv and steamspy_data.csv;
- Drop rows which has missing data or duplicates or fill with blank / appropriate data
- Convert dates to date time format
- Fixing headers for columns
- Since some data is in dictionary, we used ast.literal_eval to convert them to strings and joined them together with ";"
- Create rating variable using Wilson Score Interval from yes/no recommendations

THE DATASET

	name	steam_appid	controller_support	dlc	short_description	demos	platforms	movies	achievements	release_date	 developer	publisher	owners	average_forever	median_forever	initialpri
0	Counter- Strike	10	0	0	Play the world's number 1 online action game	0	windows;mac;linux	0	0	2000-11-01	 Valve	Valve	10,000,000 20,000,000	17612	317	9.
1	Team Fortress Classic	20	0	0	One of the most popular online action games of	0	windows;mac;linux	0	0	1999-04-01	 Valve	Valve	5,000,000 10,000,000	277	62	4.
2	Day of Defeat	30	0	0	Enlist in an intense brand of Axis vs. Allied	0	windows;mac;linux	0	0	2003-05-01	 Valve	Valve	5,000,000 10,000,000	187	34	4.
3 [eathmatch Classic	40	0	0	Enjoy fast-paced multiplayer gaming with Death	0	windows;mac;linux	0	0	2001-06-01	 Valve	Valve	5,000,000 10,000,000	258	184	4.
4	Half-Life: Opposing Force	50	0	0	Return to the Black Mesa Research Facility as	0	windows;mac;linux	0	0	1999-11-01	 Gearbox Software	Valve	5,000,000 10,000,000	624	415	4.

CLEANING THE DATASET

```
db_connection = mysql.connect(user="root", password="jajasauce", host="34.143.214.112", database="steam")
cur = db connection.cursor()
cur.execute("SELECT steamid, personaname FROM Player Summaries WHERE personastate != 0 LIMIT 100000;") # We shall only limit it to 1
myresult = cur.fetchall()
df = pd.DataFrame(myresult,columns=['steamid','personaname'])
df.to_csv('playerinfo.csv', index=False) #We exported it to a csv file
API = "4141070D32E9CF793B1D9BC8A25C5950"
steam_data = pd.read_csv("SteamUserData/playerInfo.csv",nrows=20000) #We found out that 100,000 data is too much because each user
#Getting list of User game library data
data1 = {'steamid':[],'gamesid':[],'playtime_forever':[]}
dfGames = pd.DataFrame(data1)
for x in steam_data['steamid']:
    response = requests.get("http://api.steampowered.com/IPlayerService/GetOwnedGames/v0001/?key="+API+"&steamid="+str(x)+"&format=
    reply = response.json();
    if(reply['response'] == {}):
       for y in reply['response']['games']: # save it to data frame instead
           new_row = {'steamid':str(x), 'gamesid':y['appid'], 'playtime_forever':y['playtime_forever']}
           dfGames = dfGames.append(new_row, ignore_index=True)
dfGames.to_csv('../SteamUserData/playerGames.csv', index=False)
```

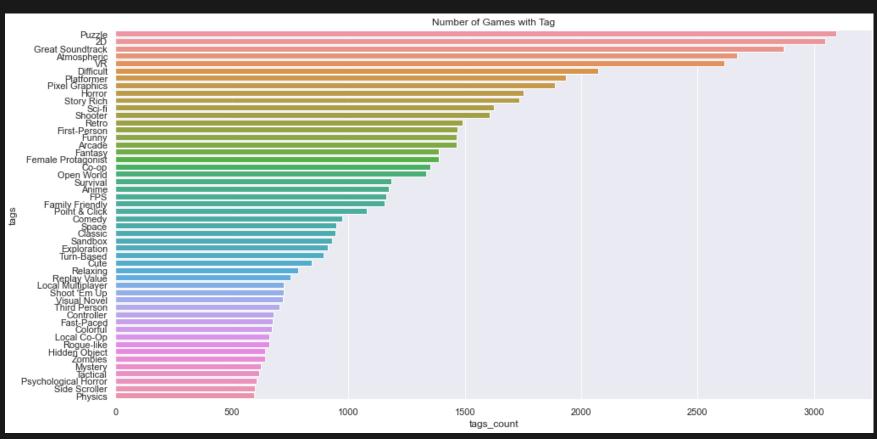
- Merging of Steam User Data and Steam API calls
 - Used google cloud platform to host Steam
 User Data for SQL. Connected to the database
 and fetched data with conditions and
 exported it to CSV
 - Called Steam's Developer API calls to get more information on user's games owned and ratings
 - Merged Both dataset together using steam user ID and exported it

	steamid	gamesid	playtime_forever	аррТуре	price	rating	is_Multiplayer	FriendHasGame			
0	76561197960269742	10.0	0.0	game	9.99	4	1	1			
1	76561197960270817	10.0	0.0	game	9.99	1	1	1			
2	76561197960270881	10.0	101.0	game	9.99	5	1	1			
3	76561197960271173	10.0	1442.0	game	9.99	3	1	1			
4	76561197960271217	10.0	101.0	game	9.99	5	1	1			
171236	76561197960354066	11900.0	51.0	game	9.99	5	0	1			
171237	76561197960354971	11900.0	297.0	game	9.99	5	0	1			
171238	76561197960355570	11900.0	1.0	game	9.99	2	0	1			
171239	76561197960359884	11900.0	0.0	game	9.99	3	0	1			
171240	76561197960369216	11900.0	30.0	game	9.99	4	0	1			
171241 ro	171241 rows × 8 columns										

IMPORTANT VARIABLES IN THE DATASET

Correlation Gaming Game Game Game Keywords Quality Matrix Rating Genres

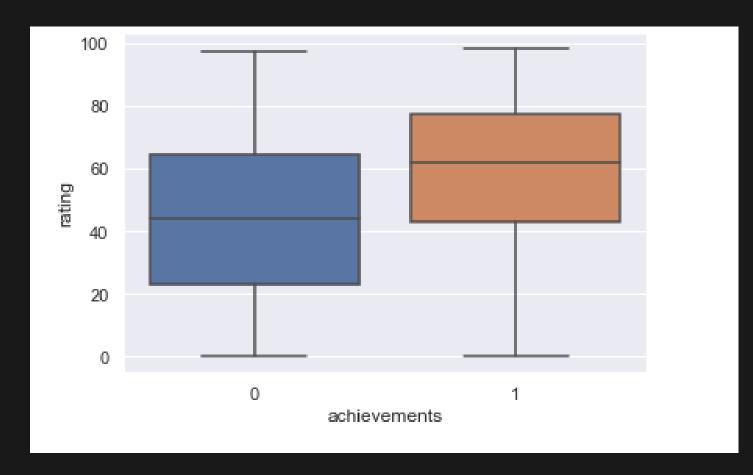


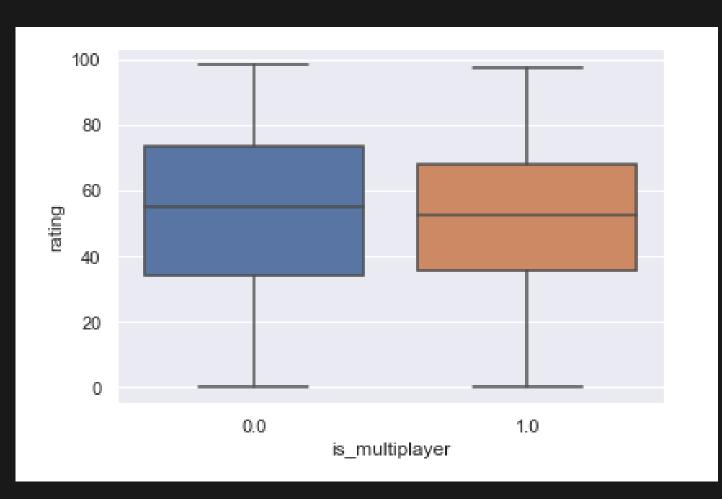




 Made a word cloud of game descriptions to grasp a better understanding of words used in the description

- Used a bar plot to see the frequency of tags on all the games
- Most of the games are puzzle, 2D games

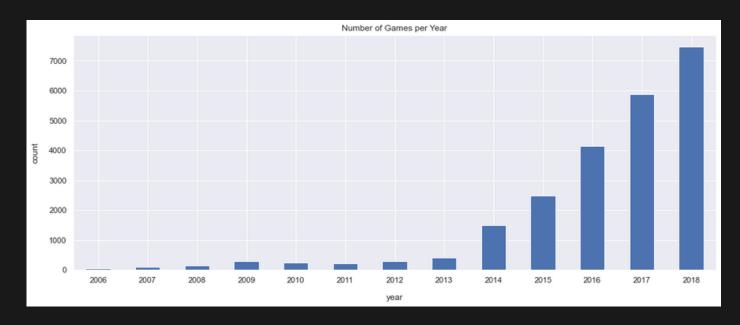


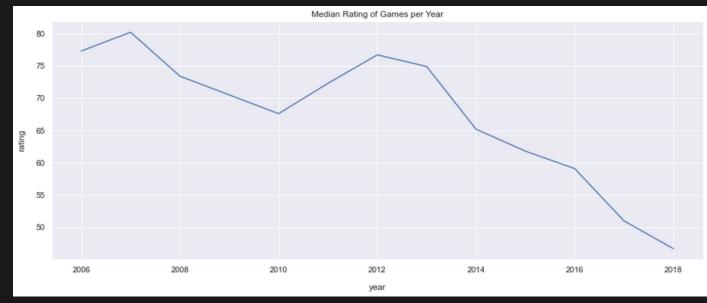


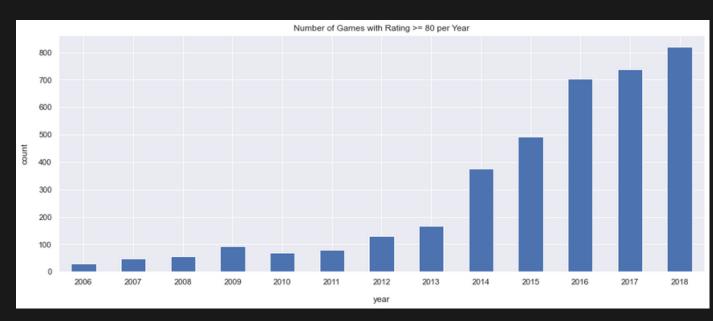
▶ Game Rating

- Used boxplots to visualise the relationship between achievement and is_mulitplayer against ratings
- When a game has achievements, on average, there is a higher chance of achieving a higher rating
- Might be able to use achievements as a variable for our models

• With multiplayer, we see that there is not much impact on ratings





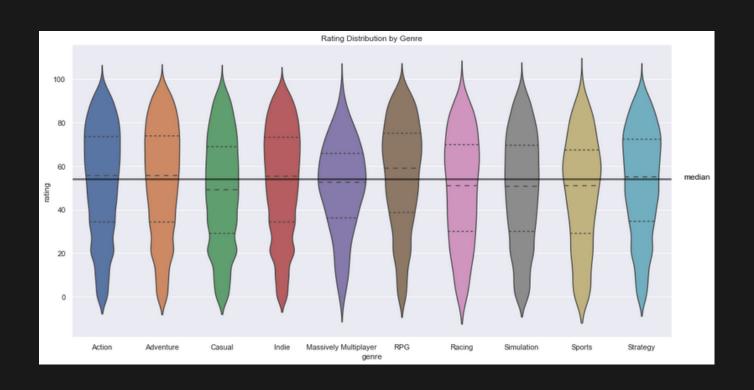


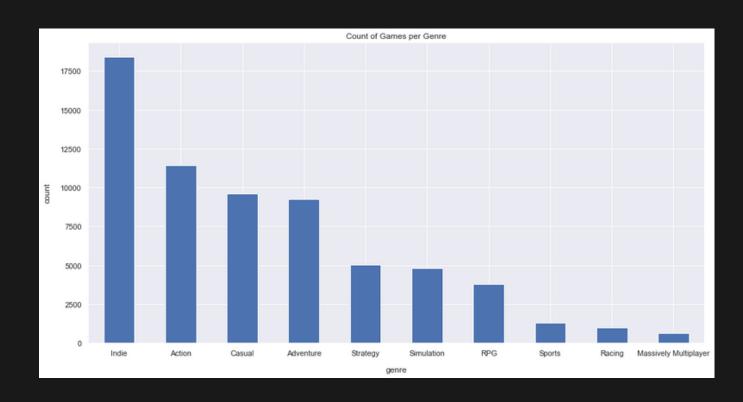
▶ Game Quality

- Visualising number of games released per year in a bar graph
- Clear sign of booming game industry

- Visualising median rating of games per year in a line graph
- Shows declining median quality of games

- Visualising games with rating above 80 per year in a bar graph
- Shows a rise in quality games over the years

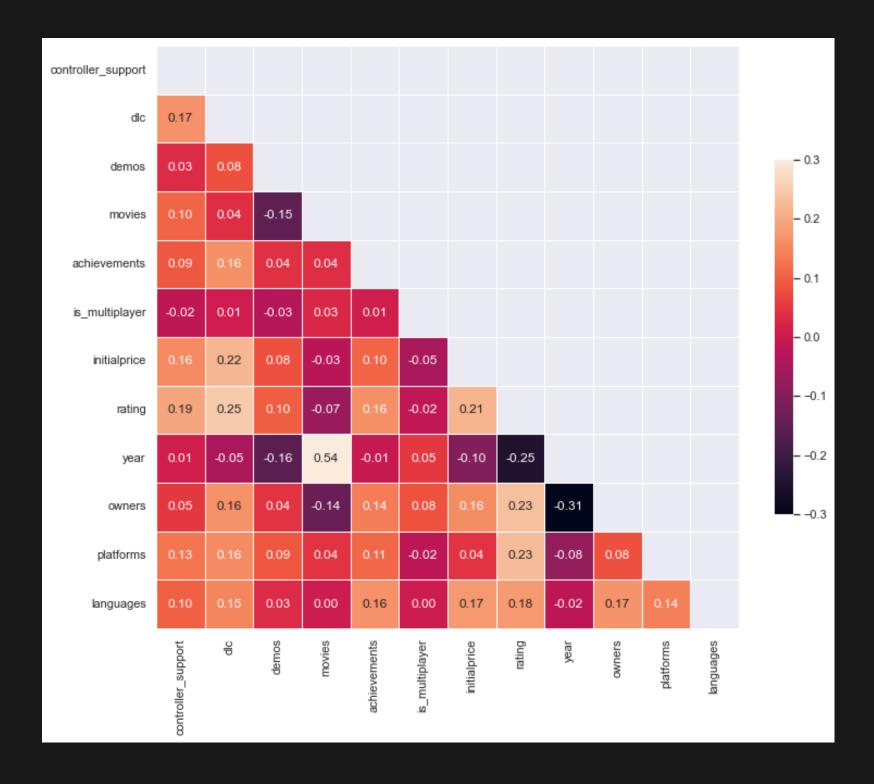




▶ Game Genres

- Visualising genre distribution against rating with a violin plot
- Shows that there is little to no correlation between genres and rating

- Visualising count of games per genre in a bar chart
- Highest counts: Indie, Casual, Adventure





Correlation Matrix

- Correlation matrix of the variables in our dataset except for genre
- Notable variables with correlation are controller_support, dlc, demos, achievements, initialprice, platforms, languages
- Surprisingly, whether a game is_multiplayer has almost no correlation to its rating.

SOLUTIONS

Rating Predictor

Game Recommendation System

RATING PREDICTOR

Regression Models

- Linear Regression
- KNN Regression
- Random Forest Regression
- Gradient Boosting +
 Optimizing Hyperparameters
- Including TF-IDF

Classification Models

- Logistic Regression
- Random Forest Classification

PREPARING DATASET

	score
Great Soundtrack	2214.398376
dlc	1644.280463
platforms	1348.745638
initialprice	1205.006330
2D	1110.721748
Story Rich	1049.246363
controller_support	967.448950
Pixel Graphics	850.934465
Atmospheric	845.302054
languages	811.481991
achievements	665.277301
Funny	658.163198
Puzzle	639.309370
Female Protagonist	621.581829
Difficult	603.227652
Classic	598.224882
Со-ор	595.523588
Comedy	531.857543
Anime	493.636141
Sci-fi	454.539246



- Use Feature Selection to reduce the number of our input variables using SelectKBest
- Reduce the computational cost of modeling
- Standardize the data using StandardScaler to account for input values with differing scales

- 80:20 train_test_split for our data
- K-fold Cross Validation partitions the data to build a more generalized model

REGRESSION MODEL

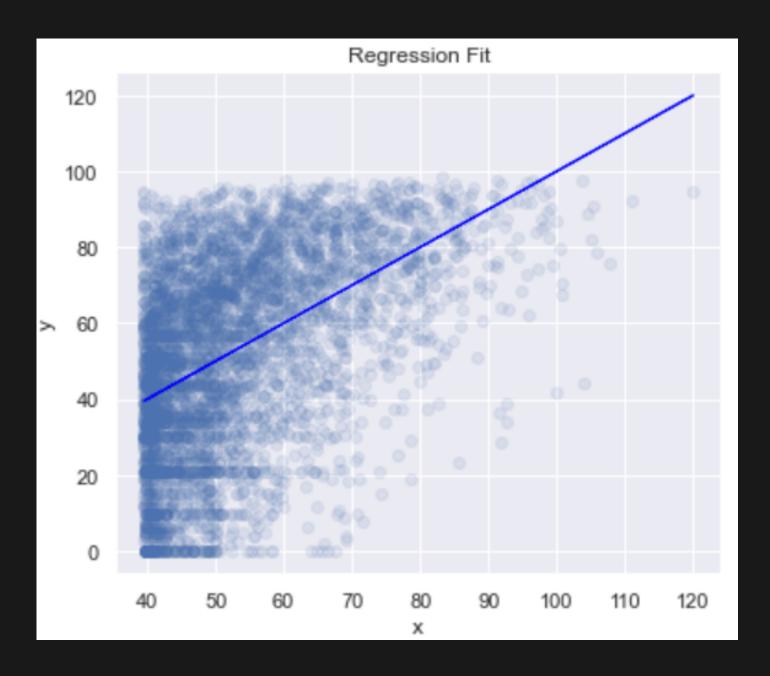
```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

scaler = StandardScaler()

X_train = pd.DataFrame(scaler.fit_transform(X_train), columns=X.columns)

X_test = pd.DataFrame(scaler.transform(X_test), columns=X.columns)

lr = LinearRegression()
lr.fit(X_train, y_train)
```



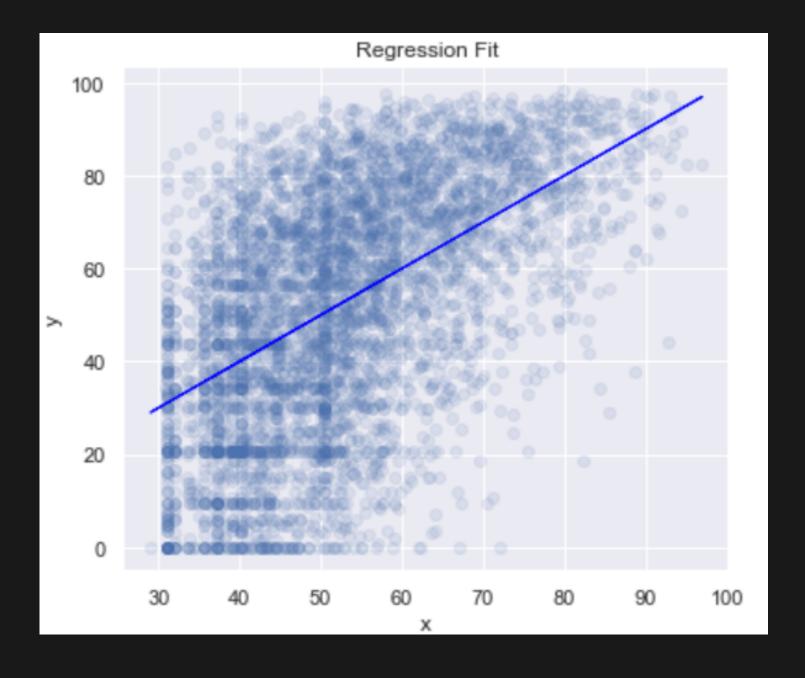
Linear regression

- Linear model that assumes a linear relationship between the input variables X and the output variable y
- LR R^2 (train): 0.241
- LR R^2 (test): 0.224
- LR RMSE (test): 22.373
- Low accuracy on train & test indicates underfitting of data
- Chosen regression models may not be suitable to capture the relationship
- Points in our dataset have too much variation.
- Not much strong correlation between rating and the predictors chosen

REGRESSION MODEL

```
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingRegressor

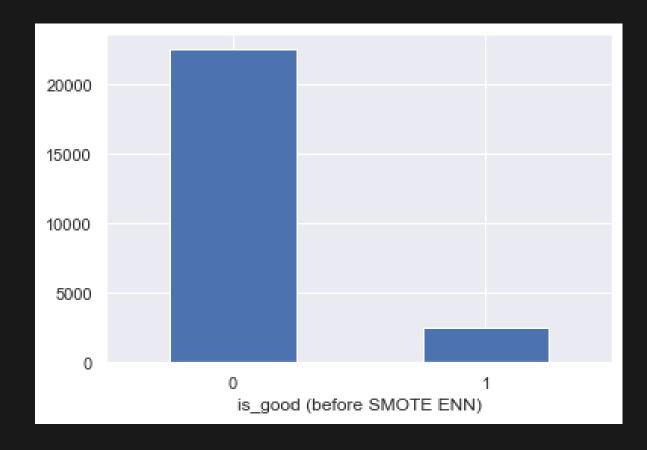
gbr = GradientBoostingRegressor(random_state = 69)
gbr.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

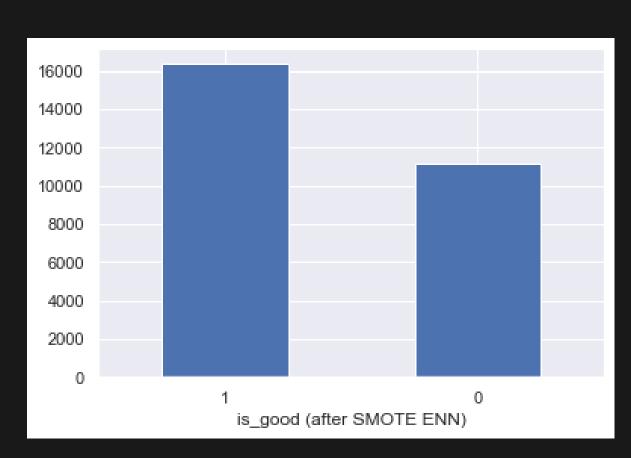


Gradient boosting

- Uses a loss function to be optimized, a weak learner (eg. decision trees) to make predictions, and an additive model (gradient descent) to add weak learners to minimize the loss function
- GBR R^2 (train): 0.304
- GBR R^2 (test): 0.288
- GBR RMSE (test): 21.334
- Higher R^2 and lower RMSE values compared to Linear Regression
- Better model for our dataset as compared to Linear Regression
- Optimised hyperparameters using GridSearchCV

CLASSIFICATION MODEL



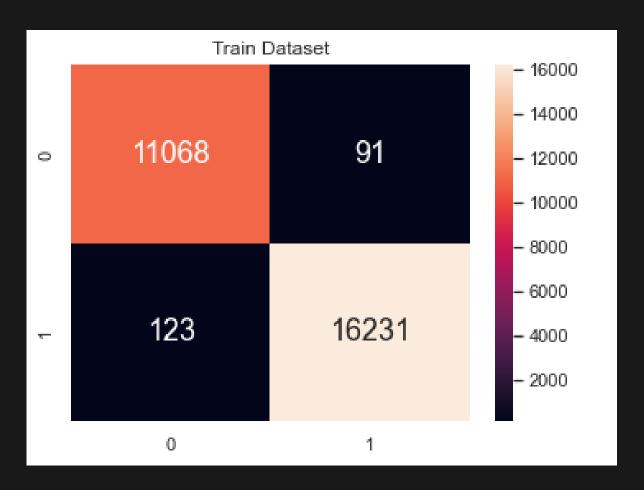


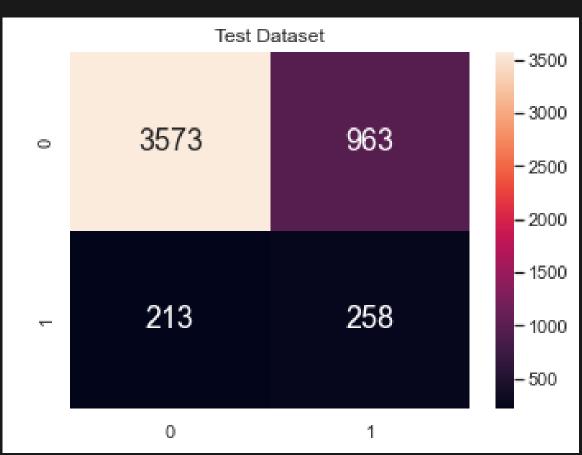


Resampling data using SMOTE ENN

- Create new column in dataset for classification -'is_good' based on ratings
- However, unequal distribution of classes will reduce performance of models
- Resampling is used to mitigate this issues
- Synthetic Minority Oversampling Technique (oversampling) + Edited Nearest Neighbor (undersampling)

CLASSIFICATION MODEL





Random forest classifier

- Fits a number of decision tree classifiers on various sub-samples of the dataset and uses averaging to improve the predictive accuracy and control overfitting
- RFC Accuracy (train): 0.99
- RFC f1-score (train): 0.99
- RFC Accuracy (test): 0.77
- RFC f1-score (test): 0.3
- Perform better than Logistic Regression for classification model
- Higher accuracy than regression models

GAME RECOMMENDATION SYSTEM

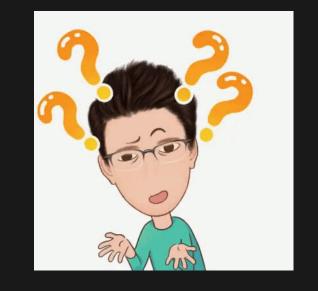
Content-based recommendation

- Used gaming metadata such as game plot / description, developers, related genres, platforms
- Give a score based on similarity

Collaborative filtering recommendation

- Used game rating of all users
- Estimation of all user's gaming "taste"





GAME RECOMMENDATION SYTEM

short_description	genres	
Play the world's number 1 online action game	Action	Old School;Surv
One of the most popular online action games of	Action	Old School;Fast-Pag
Enlist in an intense brand of Axis vs. Allied	Action	Historical;Class-E
injoy fast-paced multiplayer gaming with Death	Action	First-Person;Class
Return to the Black Mesa Research Facility as	Action	Silent Protagonist;I
The Room of Pandora is a third-person interact	Adventure;Casual;Indie	
Cyber Gun is a hardcore first-person shooter w	Action;Adventure;Indie	Cyberpunk;Fast-Pa
Super Star Blast is a space based game with ch	Action; Casual; Indie	

$$Cos\theta = \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}}{\|\vec{a}\| \|\vec{b}\|} = \frac{\sum_{1}^{n} a_{i}b_{i}}{\sqrt{\sum_{1}^{n} a_{i}^{2}} \sqrt{\sum_{1}^{n} b_{i}^{2}}}$$

Enter name of your favourite game: Counter-Strike Since you liked Counter-Strike, you should also try: similarity Team Fortress Classic 0.503643 Day of Defeat: Source 0.498058 Counter-Strike: Global Offensive 0.473155 Counter-Strike: Source 0.462329 5 0.436205 Insurgency Death Toll 0.421159 0.420237 Counter-Strike: Condition Zero 0.413665 Team Fortress 2 0.410877 10 Undoing 0.407120



Content-based Recommendation

- Use the steam dataset to make recommendations based on contents
- Use text data containing short description, genres, additional_tags, developer, publisher, platforms of games
- Further cleaning of data by nltk library, removing spaces, joining variables and removing stop words such as "like" "a" "the".
- Using CountVectorizer (Sklearn) to vectorized text data, and calculate the Cosine Similarity of that particular game with all games.
- The top most similar games will then be recommended

GAME RECOMMENDATION SYTEM

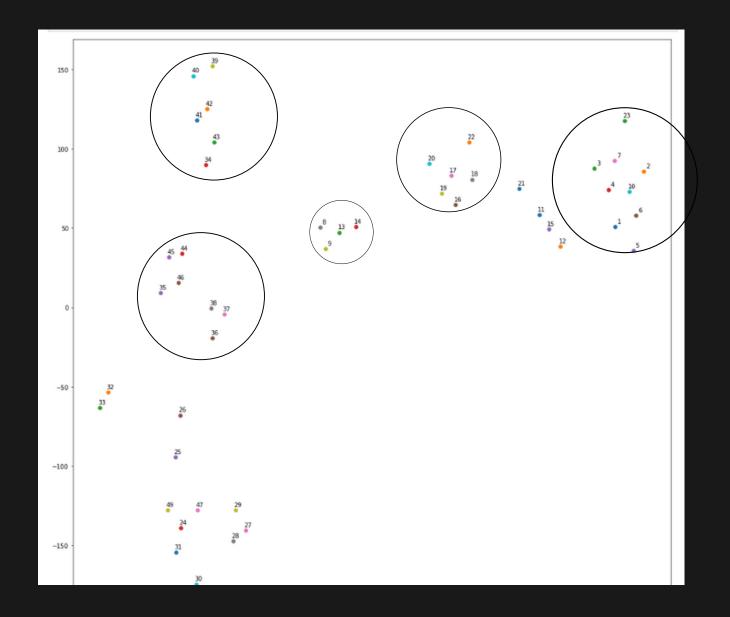
	steamid	gamesid	playtime_forever	аррТуре	price	rating	is_Multiplayer	FriendHasGame
0	76561197960269742	10.0	0.0	game	9.99	4	1	1
1	76561197960270817	10.0	0.0	game	9.99	1	1	1
2	76561197960270881	10.0	101.0	game	9.99	5	1	1
3	76561197960271173	10.0	1442.0	game	9.99	3	1	1
4	76561197960271217	10.0	101.0	game	9.99	5	1	1
171236	76561197960354066	11900.0	51.0	game	9.99	5	0	1
171237	76561197960354971	11900.0	297.0	game	9.99	5	0	1
171238	76561197960355570	11900.0	1.0	game	9.99	2	0	1
171239	76561197960359884	11900.0	0.0	game	9.99	3	0	1
171240	76561197960369216	11900.0	30.0	game	9.99	4	0	1
171241 ro	ws × 8 columns							

gamesid	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	100	130	 433850	434570	439190	443080	446620	448280	450540	45152
steamid																		
76561197960269742	4	2	3	2	5	3	2	4	2	5	 0	0	0	0	1	4	3	
76561197960270817	1	1	2	1	3	4	1	4	3	3	 0	0	2	0	0	0	3	
76561197960270881	5	4	5	2	2	2	4	3	5	4	 3	0	0	4	0	0	0	
76561197960271173	3	3	3	5	3	4	4	0	0	3	 2	4	0	0	0	0	0	
76561197960271217	5	4	1	4	2	5	2	2	4	3	 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
76561197960410700	5	1	4	1	3	4	4	0	0	3	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
76561197960412986	3	3	3	4	3	4	1	0	0	4	 0	0	5	0	0	0	0	
76561197960413532	4	4	4	3	4	4	5	3	3	1	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
76561197960417000	5	3	5	3	4	3	2	0	0	5	 0	0	2	0	0	0	0	
76561197960418886	5	5	2	3	5	4	3	4	3	3	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Collaborative Filtering Recommendation

- Steam User Data which was called using our SQL server and steam's API calls
- Used Truncated Singular Value Decomposition on our data (UserID, rating, gamesid)
- Builds a model based on the past behaviour of users. In this way, the model finds an association between the users and the items.
- Model is then used to predict the rating for the games in which the user may be interested

COLLABORATIVE FILTERING RECOMMENDATION





- SVD decomposes a matrix into constituent arrays of feature vectors corresponding to each row and each column
- Able to better estimate the ratings of user and the matrix will then represent a generalized view of users' "tastes"
- Visualising our data using t-Distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding (t-SNE), we can see that SVD is finding points close to each other within different dimensions and grouping them up

COLLABORATIVE FILTERING RECOMMENDATION

$$r = rac{\sum \left(x_i - ar{x}
ight)\left(y_i - ar{y}
ight)}{\sqrt{\sum \left(x_i - ar{x}
ight)^2 \sum \left(y_i - ar{y}
ight)^2}}$$

```
Since you liked ['Portal 2', 'Half-Life', 'Counter-Strike'], you should also try:

name correlation

Portal 0.756516

Half-Life 2 0.725950

Left 4 Dead 2 0.725193

Deathmatch Classic 0.881013

Team Fortress Classic 0.875369

Ricochet 0.872527

Half-Life: Opposing Force 0.874300
```



- Calculate their similarities by using Pearson's correlation coefficient for each game
- Recommend games with the highest correlation to the user's "taste"

CONCLUSION

DATA-DRIVEN INSIGHTS

Classification VS Regression

- Easier to predict discrete values rather than continuous values
- Unable to accurately predict for Regression

Best Models

- Gradient Boosted Regression for Regression
- Random Forest Classifier for Classification

Insufficient Data

- Missing factors such as budget of the game
- Exponential increase in games over the years create possibility of skewed data

LEARNING OUTCOME

SQL server and API usage

- Set up Google cloud SQL server
- SQL queries
- Calling API of steam's development data

Methods to handle data

- SMOTE
- SelectKBest
- StandardScaler
- Statistical methods (Wilson Score, Bayesian Averaging)

New models

- KNN
- Logistic Regression
- Random Forest
- Gradient Boosting
- Truncated SVD, t-SNE
- TF-IDF, Count Vectorizer

FINAL OUTCOME

Prediction for Rating

- Even with classification not ideal accuracy
- Shows that Ratings are volatile to external factors
- Can be used as a gauge for both gamers and game creators

Recommendation

- Recommendation system able to show users which game is suited for their tastes
- Gamers can now filter out games for themselves



ARE YOU READY TO FIND THE PERFECT GAME?

Detailed walkthrough notebooks at https://github.com/bryan9898/1015