Developing JAX-RS Web Application Utilizing SSE and WebSocket

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Agenda

- About This Lab
- Intro to the Used Technologies
- Lab Exercises
- Getting Started
- Resources
- Hands on ...

Bootstrapping The Lab

- Get the...
 - HOL content
 - https://github.com/jersey/hol-sse-websocket
 - Maven 3.0.4
 - GlassFish 4.0-b57
 - JDK 7u09
 - NetBeans 7.2.1
 - Follow Appendix in lab-guide.pdf to register GlassFish in NetBeans

Once Bootstrapped...

DO

- Follow the lab guide exercises are self-paced
- Raise your hand if you get stuck we are here to help
- try to understand the code

DON'T

- just blindly copy-paste

Technologies Used...

- Jersey / JAX-RS 2.0
 - Server-sent events
- Tyrus / Java API for WebSocket
- JSON Processing

JAX-RS / Jersey



JAX-RS

- Java API for RESTful Web Services
 - Annotation-based API for exposing RESTful web services
 - Maps HTTP requests to Java method invocations
 - Part of Java EE
- New in JAX-RS 2.0
 - Client API
 - Filters & Interceptors
 - Asynchronous processing
 - Server-side content negotiation, ...

JAX-RS Resources

```
public class OrderResource {
    public List<Order> getOrders() { ... }
    public Order getOrder(String orderId,
                           String from) { ... }
    public CustomerResource customer(...) { ... }
```

JAX-RS Resources

```
@Path("orders")
@Produces("application/xml")
@Consumes("application/xml")
public class OrderResource {
    @GET
    public List<Order> getOrders() { ... }
    @GET
    @Path("{id}")
    public Order getOrder(@PathParam("id") String orderId,
                           @HeaderParam("From") @Default("unknown") String from) { ... }
    @Path("{id}/customer")
    public CustomerResource customer(...) { ... }
```

More in JAX-RS 1.x

- Injectable information
 - Request, HttpHeaders, UriInfo, ...
- Advanced HTTP response construction
 - Response, ResponseBuilder
- Message content handlers (a.k.a entity providers)
 - MessageBodyReader & MessageBodyWriter
- Error handlers
 - ExceptionMapper
- Other APIs aiding HTTP request/response processing

JAX-RS 2.0 Client API

- Accessing HTTP-based (RESTful) services from Java
- Low-level, fluent API
- Synchronous & Asynchronous (Future & callback) programming models
- Re-using server-side components and concepts
 - Response
 - Message content handlers
 - Reader/Writer Interceptors
 - Filters (conceptually)

Main Client API Components

- ClientFactory
 - Bootstrapping (analogy of RuntimeDeleate)
- Client
 - Main API entry point
 - Connection management, configurable
- Web Target
 - URI, URI template abstraction ("glorified URI")
 - Configurable

JAX-RS 2.0 Client API

```
Client client = ClientFactory.newClient();
WebTarget ordersTarget = client.target("http://example.com/eshop/orders");
WebTarget orderTarget = ordersTarget.path("{id}");
Order order = orderTarget.resolveTemplate("id", "1234")
                         .request("application/xml")
                         .get(Order.class);
```

```
Order newOrder = new Order (...);
Response response = ordersTarget.request("text/plain")
                                 .post(Entity.xml(newOrder));
if (response.getStatus() == 200) {
    String orderId = response.readEntity(String.class);
    Link paymentLink = response.getLink("payment");
    client.target(paymentLink).request()...
```

Server-Sent Events

```
: an example of a SSE event
id: 1
event: text-message
data: Hello, this is a
data: multi-line message.
<blank line>
```

Server-sent Events in Jersey

- Server side
 - OutboundEvent
 - EventChannel
 - SseBroadcaster
 - BroadcasterListener

- Client side
 - InboundEvent
 - EventSource
 - EventListener

SSE Server-side

```
@Path("message/stream")
public class MessageStreamResource {
    private static SseBroadcaster broadcaster = new SseBroadcaster();
    @GET
    @Produces (SseFeature. SERVER SENT EVENTS)
    public EventOutput getMessageStream() {
        final EventOutput eventOutput = new EventOutput();
        broadcaster.add(eventOutput);
        return eventOutput;
```

SSE Server-side

```
private static AtomicLong nextMessageId = new AtomicLong(0);
@PUT
@Consumes (MediaType.APPLICATION JSON)
public void putMessage (Message message) {
    OutboundEvent event = new OutboundEvent.Builder()
            .id(String.valueOf(nextMessageId.getAndIncrement()))
            .mediaType (MediaType . APPLICATION JSON TYPE)
            .data(Message.class, message)
            .build();
    broadcaster.broadcast(event);
```

SSE Client-side

```
EventSource events = new EventSource(target.path("message/stream")) {
    @Override
    public void onEvent(InboundEvent event) {
        String name = event.getName();
        Message message = event.getData(Message.class);
        display(name, message);
};
events.close();
```

JAX-RS / Jersey

- More at Devoxx
 - The Present and the Future of JAX-RS and Jersey (Thu 16:40, Room 8)
 - JAX-RS 2.0 Status & Directions (Thu 19:00, BOF 2)
- On the Web
 - Specification project: http://jax-rs-spec.java.net
 - Implementation project: http://jersey.java.net
 - Twitter: @gf_jersey

WebSocket / Tyrus



Interactive Web Sites

- Chat, Streaming quotes, games, ...
- HTTP is request/response
- Forcing persistence on HTTP
 - Just to know server has data
 - Long Polling, Streaming,
 Comet/Ajax ..
- Complex, Inefficient, Wasteful



WebSocket to the Rescue



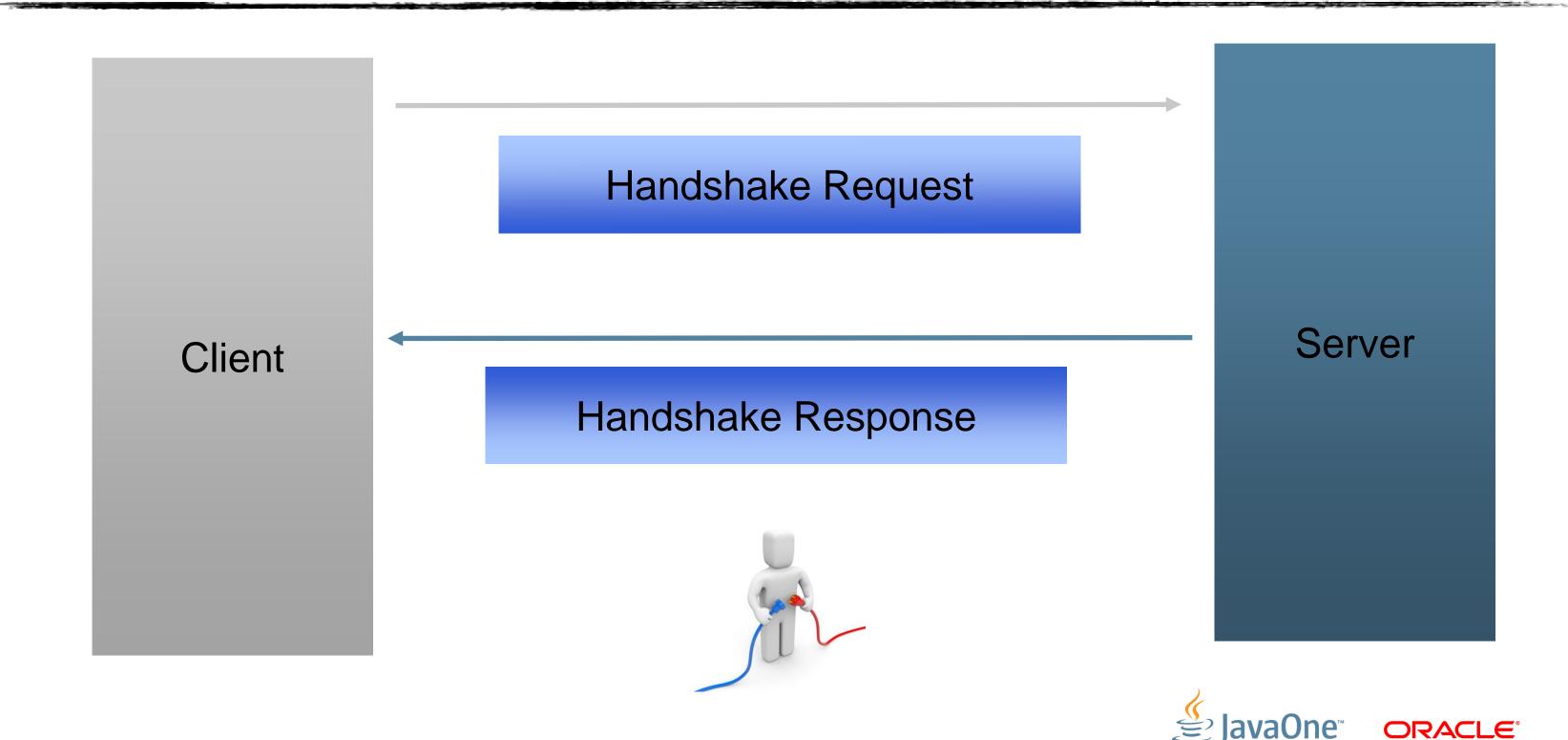
- TCP based, bi-directional, full-duplex messaging
- Originally proposed as part of HTML5
- IETF-defined Protocol: RFC 6455
 - Handshake
 - Data Transfer
- W3C defined JavaScript API
 - Candidate Recommendation



What's the basic idea?

- Establish a connection (Single TCP connection)
- Send messages in both directions (Bi-directional)
- Send message independent of each other (Full Duplex)
- End the connection

Establish a connection



Handshake Request



GET /chat HTTP/1.1

Host: server.example.com

Upgrade: websocket

Connection: Upgrade

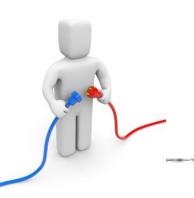
Sec-WebSocket-Key: dGhllHNhbXBsZSBub25jZQ==

Origin: http://example.com

Sec-WebSocket-Protocol: chat, superchat

Sec-WebSocket-Version: 13

Handshake Response



HTTP/1.1 101 Switching Protocols

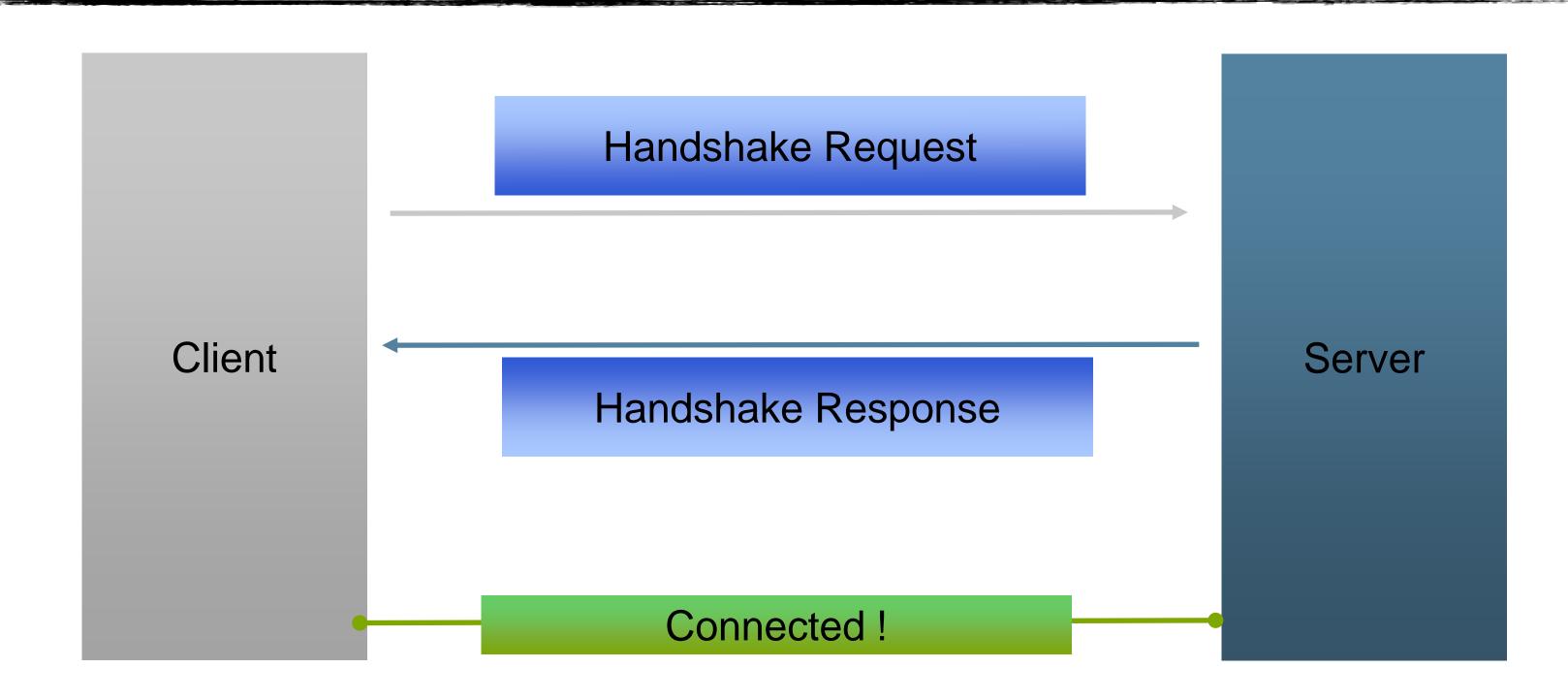
Upgrade: websocket

Connection: Upgrade

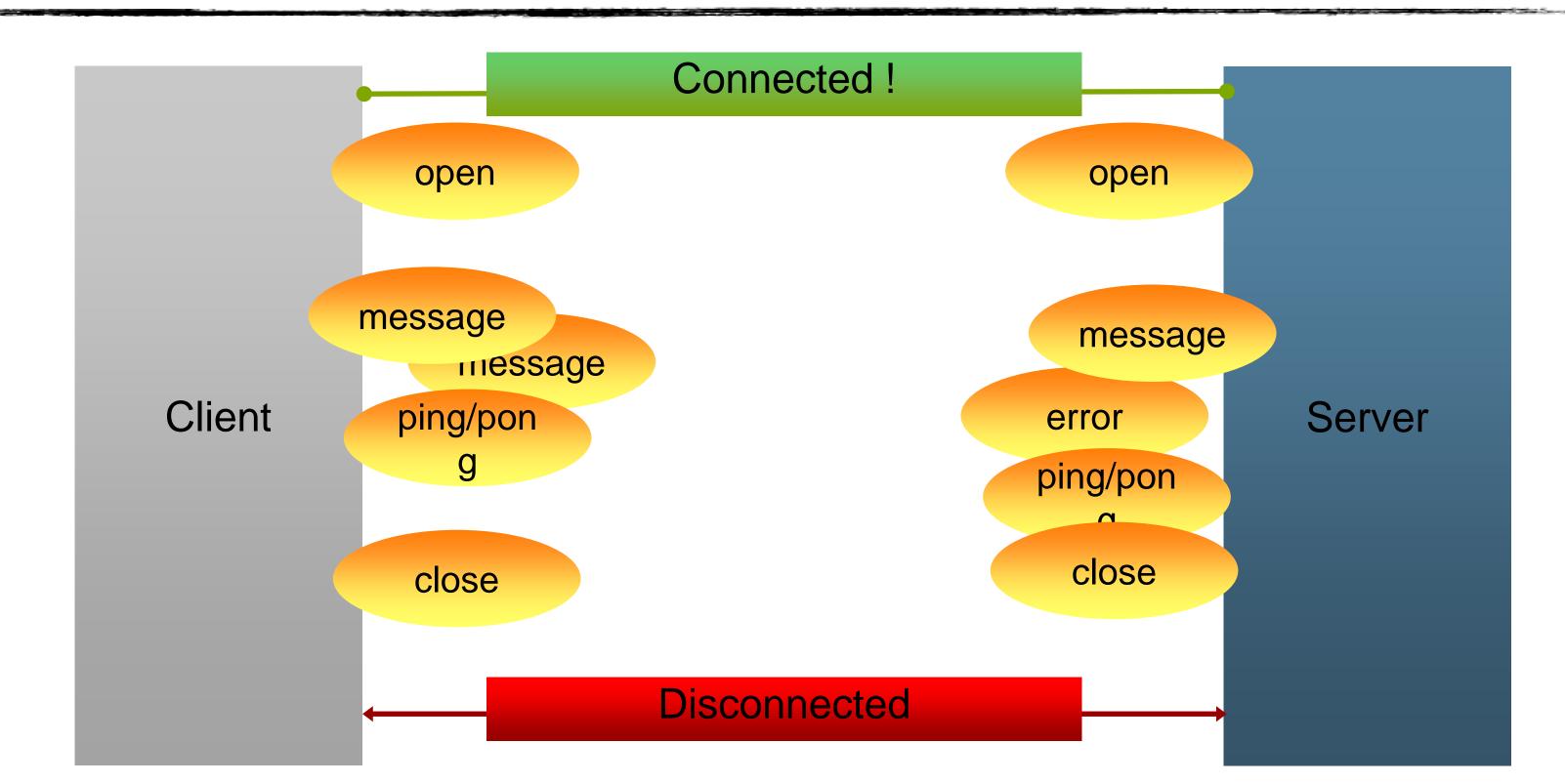
Sec-WebSocket-Accept: s3pPLMBiTxaQ9kYGzzhZRbK+xOo=

Sec-WebSocket-Protocol: chat

Establishing a Connection



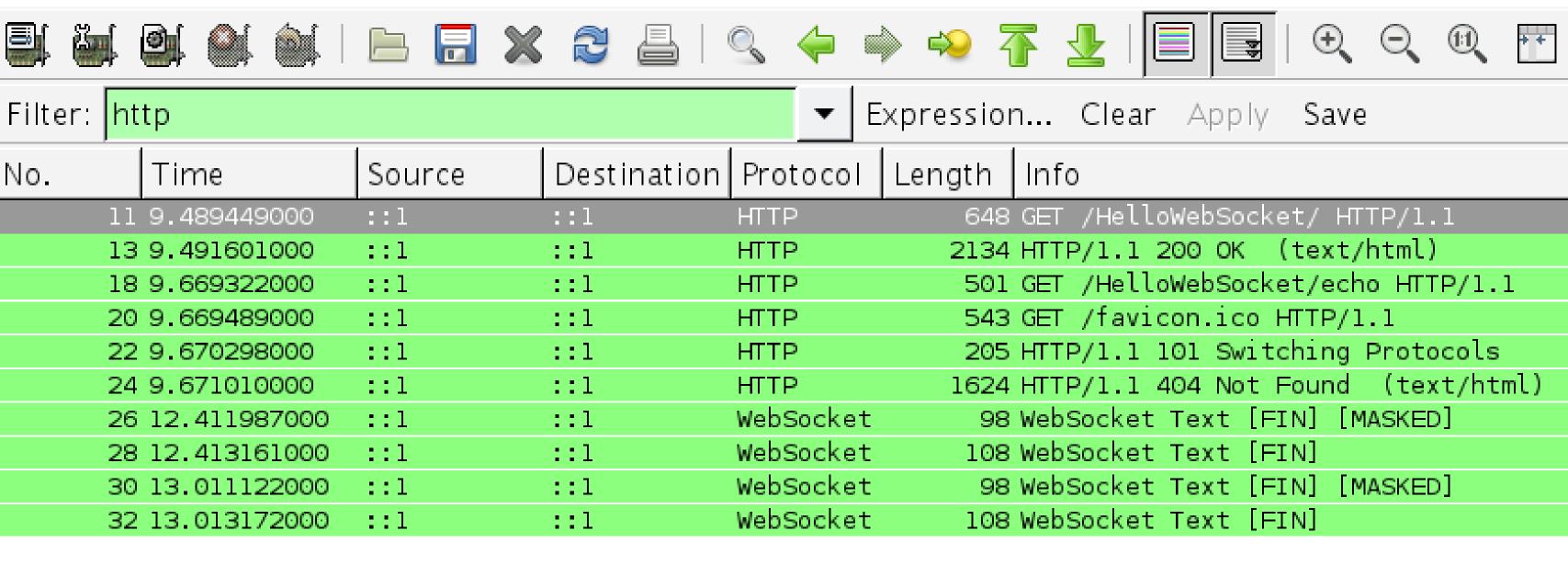
WebSocket Lifecycle



WebSocket wire messages



Capture traffic on loopback



WebSocket Protocol Summary

- Starts with HTTP handshake
- Data transfer
 - Text/Binary frames
 - Ping/Pong control frames for keep-alive
 - Data frames don't have HTTP overhead
 - No headers/cookies/security/metadata
 - Close frame
- Full duplex and bi-directional

The Web Sockets API



- Web Sockets API defines WebSocket javascript interface
- Event handlers for onopen(), onmessage(), onclose(), onerror()
- Send a String, Blob, ArrayBuffer using send()
- Supports sub protocols

JSR 356 Specification

- Standard Java API for creating WebSocket Applications
- Transparent Expert Group
 - jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=356
 - java.net/projects/websocket-spec
- Now: Early Draft Review
- December: Public Draft Review
- Will be in Java EE 7

JSR 356: Reference Implementation

- Tyrus: java.net/projects/tyrus
- Originated from WebSocket SDK
 - java.net/projects/websocket-sdk
- Works in stand alone, Java EE deployments
- Integrated in GlassFish 4 Builds

API Features

- Create WebSocket Client/Endpoints
 - Annotation-driven (@ServerEndpoint)
 - Interface-driven (Endpoint)
- Integration with Java EE Web container
 - CDI, Security, HttpSession etc.

Hello World

```
import javax. net. websocket. annotations. *;
@ServerEndpoint("/hello")
public class HelloBean {
    @OnMessage
    public void hello(String str) {
        // Receiving a "Hello World"
```

Hello World

```
@ServerEndpoint("/hello")
public class HelloBean {
    @OnMessage
    public String hello(String str) {
        // Echoing "Hello World"
        return str;
```

Custom Objects

```
@ServerEndpoint(
     value = "/hello",
     encoders = {ServerHello.class},
     decoders = {ClientHello.class})
public class HelloBean {
    @OnMessage
    public ServerHello hello(ClientHello str) {
```

Lifecycle Events

```
@ServerEndpoint("/chat")
public class ChatBean {
    @OnOpen
    public void xxx(Session peer) {
    @OnClose
    public void yyy(Session peer) {
    @OnError
    public void zzz(Session peer) {
```

Custom Decoders

```
Binary(ByteBuffer/InputStream), Text (String/Reader) messages
public class X implements Decoder.TextStream<JsonObject> {
    public JsonObject decode(Reader io) {
        return new JsonReader(io).readObject());
    public boolean willDecode(String string) {
        return true; // Only if can process the payload
```

Custom Encoders

Binary(ByteBuffer/OutputStream), Text (String/Writer)
messages
public class X implements Encoder.TextStream<JsonObject> {
 public void encode(JsonObject obj, Writer io) {
 new JsonWriter(io).write(obj);

Tyrus / WebSocket

- More at Devox
 - JSR 356: Java API for WebSocket (Fri 10:45 am, Room 5)
- On The Web
 - Specification Project: http://websocket-spec.java.net
 - Implementation: http://tyrus.java.net

JSON Processing API



Standard JSON API

- Parsing/Processing JSON
- Data binding: JSON text <-> Java Objects
- Two JSRs (similar to JAXP and JAXB)
 - Processing/Parsing Java EE 7
 - Binding Java EE 8

Java API for Processing JSON

- Streaming API to produce/consume JSON
 - Similar to StAX API in XML world
- Object model API to represent JSON
 - Similar to DOM API in XML world
- Aligns with Java EE 7 schedules
 - PR in Dec
- EG (Oracle, RedHat, Twitter, 3 individual members)
 - Also, user community!

JSR-353: Java API for Processing JSON

```
    JsonReader – reads JsonObject/JsonArray from i/o

try(JsonReader reader = new JsonReader(io)) {
    JsonObject jsonObj = reader.readObject();
JsonWriter – writes JsonObject/JsonArray to i/o
try(JsonWriter writer = new JsonWriter(io)) {
    writer.writeObject(jsonObj);
```

JSR-353: Java API for Processing JSON

JsonBuilder – builds JSON object/array from scratch

```
JsonArray arr = new JsonBuilder()
    .beginArray()
        .beginObject()
             .add("type", "home")
             .add("number", "212 555-1234")
        .endObject()
        .beginObject()
            .add("type", "fax")
            .add("number", "646 555-4567")
        .endObject()
    .endArray()
.build();
```

```
"type": "home",
    "number": "212 555-1234"
},
    "type": "fax",
    "number": "646 555-4567"
```

JSON Processing

- More at Devoxx
 - JSR 353: Java API for JSON Processing (Thu, 3:10 pm, Room 8)
- Projects
 - Specification Project http://json-processing-spec.java.net
 - RI Project http://jsonp.java.net
- Latest Javadoc
 - http://json-processingspec.java.net/nonav/releases/1.0/edr/javadocs/index.html

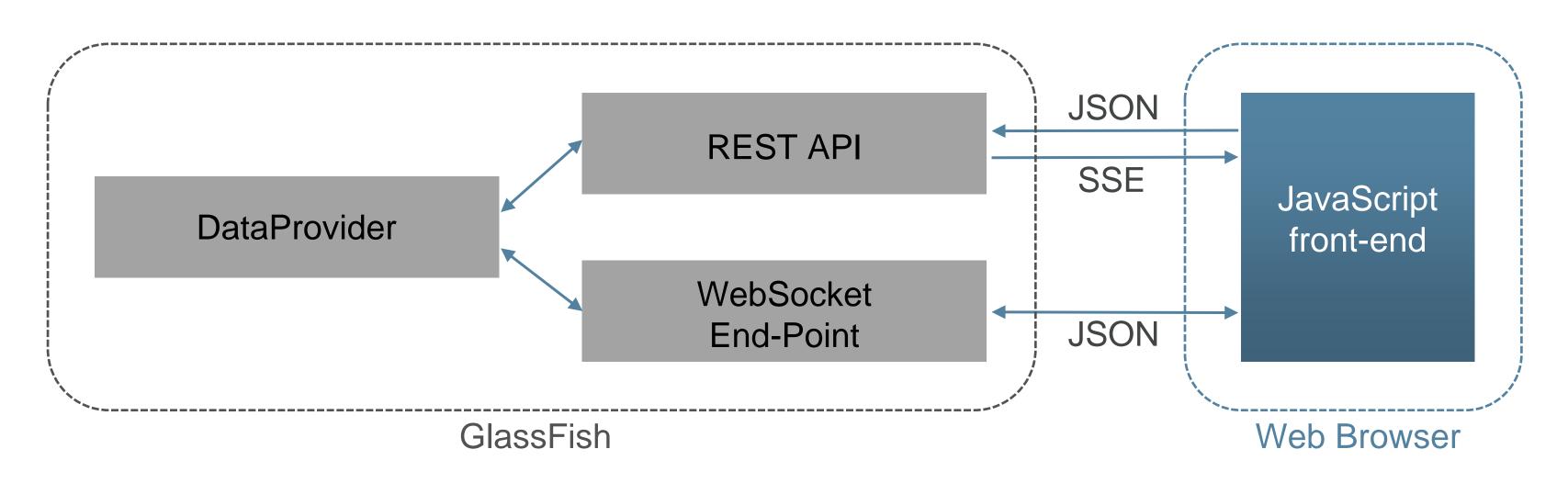
Lab Overview



Lab Exercises

- Drawing Board web application:
 - Exercise 1: Exposing RESTful API
 - Exercise 2: Adding Server-Sent Events
 - Exercise 3: Adding Web Sockets
- Simple Drawing Board client:
 - Exercise 4: Implementing a Simple Java SSE Client

Drawing Board Application



Getting Started

- Get the HOL content from github:
 - https://github.com/jersey/hol-sse-websocket
- Open lab-guide.pdf
 - Look at Appendix to configure GlassFish in NetBeans
- Follow the instructions
 - If you get stuck, raise your hand

Additional Resouces

- Follow @gf_jersey on Twitter
- Jersey http://jersey.java.net
 - Mailing list: <u>users@jersey.java.net</u>
 - Fork Jersey on GitHub: http://github.com/jersey
- Tyrus http://tyrus.java.net
- JSON Processing http://jsonp.java.net