

# **GBRAINS PROGRAMMER'S REFERENCE MANUAL**

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Computer Architecture

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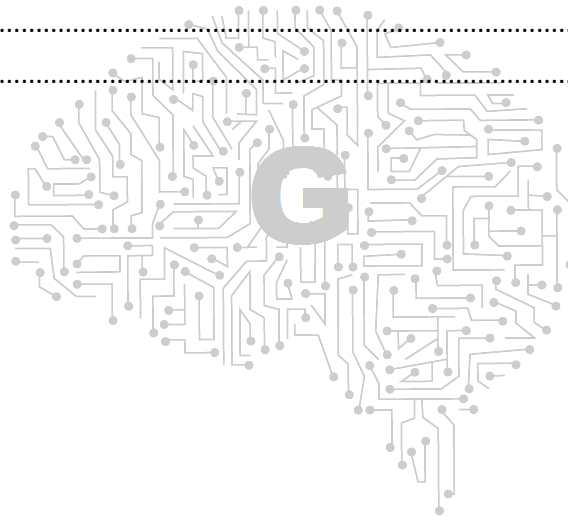
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## I. Purpose

*"Scientists study the world as it is;  
engineers create the world that  
has never been."*

—Theodore von Karman

*"If you had four hours to chop down a tree.  
I would spend three hours sharpening my axe."*

— Abraham Lincoln

This is a complete Programmer's Reference Manual and user documentation for the first revision instruction implementation of the GBRAINS 32/64-bit Processor.

This CPU Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) project began August 26<sup>th</sup>, 2018 and was completed by November 27<sup>th</sup>, 2018. The ISA began with six developmental projects that contributed to the completion of this project, which were verified by instructor Robert Allison. The finale of development on this project was the completion of the added Vector and Floating-point data-path enhancements.

Sections covered:

Harvard Memory Architecture and Organization style governs the instructions and data being transmitted in and received from memory.

Processor Register Set shows the set of registers in the processor available to the user in detail with expected usage.

Data Types define the name, size, and range of each data type expected by the operations.

Addressing Modes defines the various value designation specification for generating a value or effective address of an operand at run-time.

Instruction Set and Binary Instruction Formats contain all instructions recognized by the processor which permit computational tasks.

Verilog Implementation is the design and verification section that contains the source code of the processors design. Annotated log files will verify instruction execution.

Hardware Implementation will show block diagrams of the entire processor from a top-down level including major data and address paths.

Additional Discussions will discuss the enhancement philosophy and implementation journey of this processor.

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## II. Instruction set Architecture

The Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) of a processor is an abstraction model that serves as an interface between computer hardware and computer software.

The Instruction Set Architecture is the architecture of the processor for which he/she is writing code. The perspective seen by a programmer are the **registers** of the processor available for their use, the **data types** that can be operated on, the **addressing modes** available for obtaining operands, the different **operations** available to process/manipulate data, and the **binary format**, or machine codes, of the instructions- the actual language of the processor. (Instructor Robert Allison: Instruction Set Architecture PDF)

At the most fundamental level, computers simply “**execute instructions.**”



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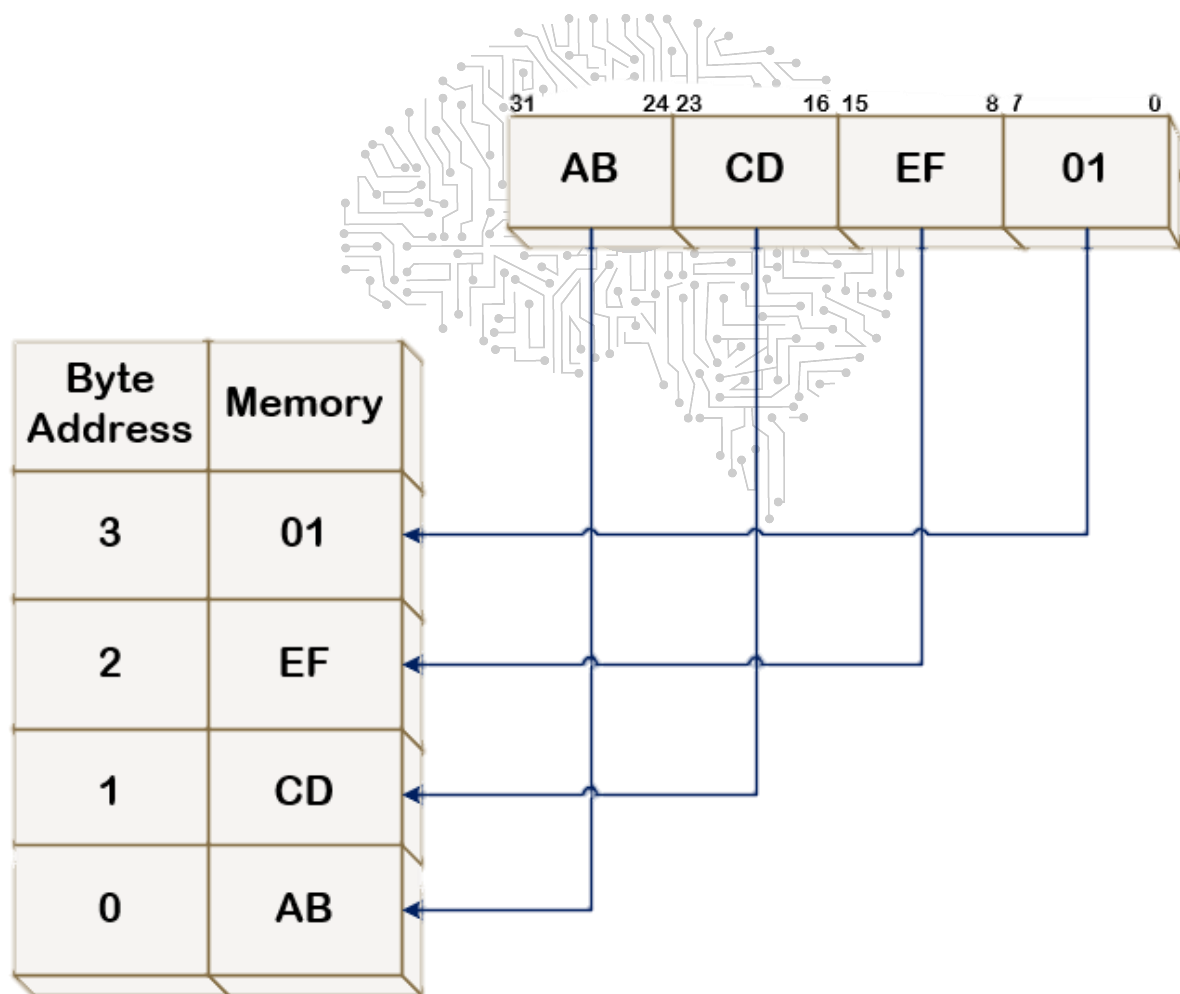
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## A. Harvard Memory Architecture and Organization

Harvard Architecture is characterized by separate storage and buses for instructions and data. This makes it possible to fetch instructions and read/write data simultaneously, in the implementation of the MIPS 32-bit Processor.

The memory is a 32-bit address space and is byte-addressable where each memory location contains at most one-byte (8 bits). Therefore, 32-bit memory operands are stored in four consecutive memory locations in big endian format. Which means that the most significant byte of the word is stored in the least significant address.



## B. Machine Register Set

The following are 32 bits wide, contained within the Integer datapath register file:

Name	Register Number	Usage	Preserved on call
\$zero	0	The constant value 0	n.a.
\$at	1	Reserved for the assembler	n.a.
\$v0-\$v1	2-3	Value for result and expressions	no
\$a0-\$a3	4-7	Arguments (procedure/function)	yes
\$t0-\$t7	8-15	temporaries	no
\$s0-\$s7	16-23	saved	yes
\$t8-\$t9	24-25	More temporaries	no
\$k0-\$k1	26-27	Reserved for the operating system	n.a.
\$gp	28	global pointer	yes
\$sp	29	stack pointer	yes
\$fp	30	frame pointer	yes
\$ra	31	return address	yes

The following two Register sets are 64-bits wide each, in the Double and Vectored Register Files :

Name	Register Number	Usage	Preserved on call
\$f0-\$f32	0-32	32 General Purpose 64-bit double precision floating point registers	n.a.
\$v0-\$v32	0-32	32 General Purpose 64 bit vectored integer registers	n.a.

## C. Data Types

**32-bit Signed Integer:** ranges from -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647 representing a total of 4GB.

**32-bit Unsigned Integer:** ranges from 0 to 4,294,967,295 or 4GB.

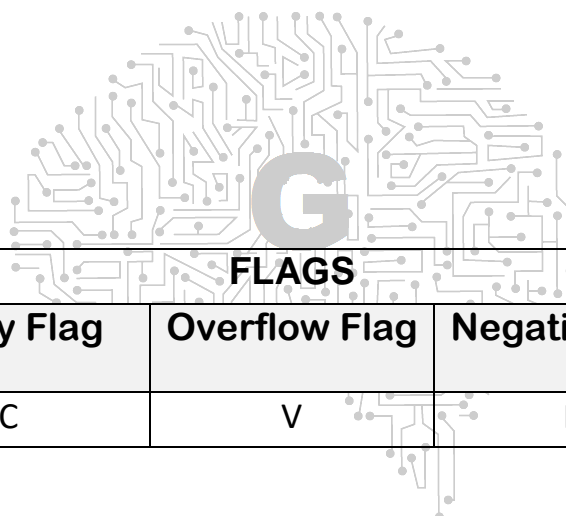
**64-bit Double Precision Floating Point:** ranges  $\pm 2.23 \times 10^{-308}$  to  $\pm 1.80 \times 10^{308}$ .

Conforms to IEEE754 Floating Point Standard for Double Precision

**64-bit total Integer Vector:** ranges from 0 to 255 at each byte and 0 to 18,446,744,073,709,551,615 in total range value or 2 EB.

Vector operations expect varying packings of integer sizes (8 bit, 32 bit signed, 64 bit, etc.), please reference the operation details for proper usage.

### Flags



FLAGS				
Interrupt Enable	Carry Flag	Overflow Flag	Negative Flag	Zero Flag
IE	C	V	N	Z

**Carry Flag:** is a single bit that indicates that an arithmetic carry or borrow has been generated by an ALU operation.

**Overflow Flag:** used to indicate that the signed two's complement result would not fit in the number of bits used in the operation.

**Negative Flag:** indicates that the result of the last operation is a negative.

**Zero Flag:** indicates that the result is all zeros.

## D. Addressing Modes

Addressing modes are a specification for generating the address of an operand at runtime. Addressing modes in this implementation of the GBRAINS processor include:

### Immediate Addressing

The operand is a 16-bit constant contained within the instruction.

**Example:** `addi $r1, $r2, 0xABCD`

### Register Addressing

The operands are in a specified register.

**Example:** `add $r1, $r2, $r3`

### Base-Indexed Addressing

The effective address is the sum of a register and an immediate value.

**Example:** `lw $r1, 4($r2)`

### PC-Relative Addressing

The instruction address is the sum of the PC and a 16-bit constant contained within the instruction.

**Example:** `beq $r0, $r1, Label`

### Indirect Addressing

The effective address is in a register.

**Example:** `jr $r31`

### Pseudo-Direct Addressing

The instruction address is the 26-bit constant within the instruction concatenated with the upper 4 bits of the PC.

**Example:** `j Label`

## E. Instruction Set and Binary Instruction Formats

The instruction set is a set of all the machine code that can be recognized and executed by the processor. Each instruction provides commands to the processor. Note that any instruction that is not specified below is classified as an ILLEGAL OP, which will cause a register data dump and end instruction execution.

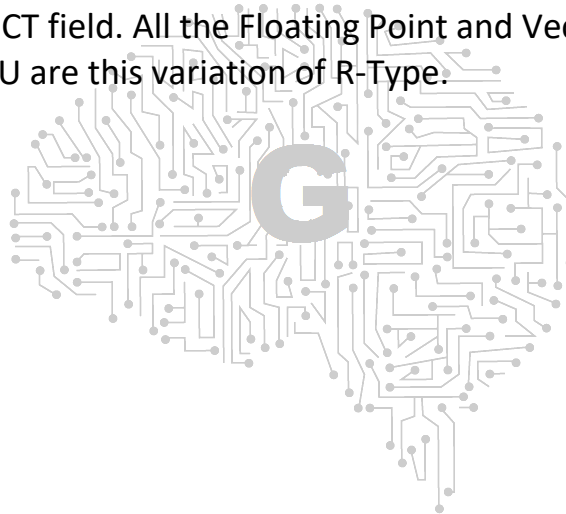
At the core of the GBRAINS processor, there are four major classes of instructions:

**R-Type:** all operands and destination register are from the register file.

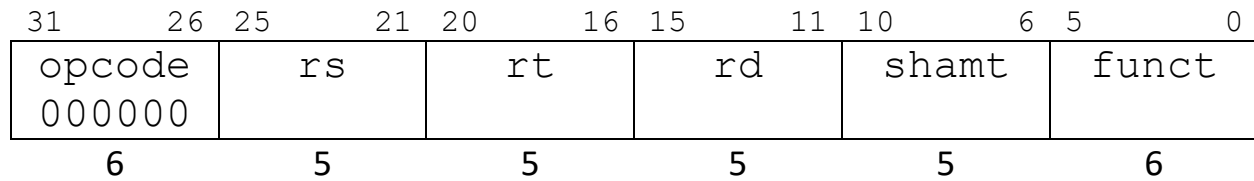
**I-Type:** Immediate types include a 16-bit immediate in the instruction.

**J-Type:** contain the opcode and 26-bit address field.

**ER-Type:** for the enhanced register the fields mirror those of the R-Type instruction. Except the SHAMNT is a FMT field, used to designate variations of the operations in the FUNCT field. All the Floating Point and Vector type operations in this revision of the CPU are this variation of R-Type.



## 1. R-Types



**R-Type Instructions:** Main processor instruction that do not require a target address, immediate value, or branch displacement use an R-Type coding format. If bits [31:26] are equal to zero, then the instruction is an R-Type, otherwise it may be a I-Type or J-type.

### R-Type Instruction Format:

op rd, rs, rt

**op field[31:26]:** contains value zero. (see above diagram)

**rd field[25:21]:** Destination register.

**rs field[20:16]:** Source 1 register.

**rt field[15:11]:** Source 2 register.

**shamt field[10:6]:** Source 2 register.

The instruction is further classified depending on the value of **funct field[5:0]**: See next page for list of R-Type instructions sorted by **function** codes and a detailed explanation.

Table of R-Type Instructions

Mnemonic/ Instruction	Purpose	Function IR[5:0]
<b>SLL</b>	Logical Shift Left	000000
<b>SRL</b>	Logical Shift Right	000010
<b>SRA</b>	Shift Right Arithmetic	000011
<b>JR</b>	Jump Register	001000
<b>BREAK</b>	Breakpoint	001101
<b>MFHI</b>	Move from High Register	010000
<b>MFLO</b>	Move from Low Register	010010
<b>MULT</b>	Multiplication	011000
<b>DIV</b>	Division	011010
<b>SETIE</b>	Set Interrupt Enable	011111
<b>ADD</b>	ADD Signed	100000
<b>ADDU</b>	Add Unsigned	100001
<b>SUB</b>	Subtraction Signed	100010
<b>SUBU</b>	Subtraction Unsigned	100011
<b>AND</b>	Logical AND	100100
<b>OR</b>	Logical OR	100101
<b>XOR</b>	Bitwise Exclusive OR	100110
<b>NOR</b>	Bitwise Not OR	100111
<b>SLT</b>	Set Less Than	101010
<b>SLTU</b>	Set Less Than Unsigned	101011

## ADD: Addition

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode			rs			rt			rd		
000000									shamt		
									00000		
									funct		
									100000		
6			5			5			5		
									6		

**Format:** ADD rd, rs, rt

**Purpose:** Add 32-bit integers.

**Description:**  $rd = rs + rt$

A 32-bit word value in register *rt* is **ADDED** with a 32-bit value in register *rs*. The 32-bit result is stored into register *rd*. Carry flag, Overflow flag, Negative flag, and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

$\{C, rd\} = rs + rt;$

$$V = (\sim rs[31] \& \sim rt[31]) \& rd[31] \mid$$
  

$$(\quad rs[31] \& \quad rt[31]) \& \sim rd[31];$$

**Example:**

ADD \$r5, \$r3, \$r4		
\$r3, \$r4	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0000_020D \$r4 = 0xFFFF_FFE3	\$r5 = 0x0000_01F0	C=1, V=0, N=0, Z=0
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FFC9 \$r4 = 0x0000_000D	\$r5 = 0xFFFF_FFD6	C=0, V=0, N=1, Z=0
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FF9C \$r4 = 0xFFFF_FF9D	\$r5 = 0xFFFF_FF39	C=1, V=0, N=1, Z=0



## ADDU: Add (Unsigned)

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0	
opcode		rs			rt		rd		shamt		funct	
000000									00000		100001	
6		5			5		5		5		6	

**Format:** ADDU rd, rs, rt

**Purpose:** Add 32-bit integers.

**Description:**  $rd = rs + rt$

A 32-bit word value in register *rt* is **ADDED** to the 32-bit value in register *rs*. The 32-bit result is stored into register *rd*.

Carry flag, Overflow flag, Negative flag, and Zero flag are set accordingly.

Note: if Carry is a one, so is Overflow.

**Operation:**

$\{C, rd\} = rs + rt;$

$$V = (\sim rs[31] \ \& \ \sim rt[31]) \ \& \ rd[31] \ |$$

$$(rs[31] \ \& \ rt[31]) \ \& \ \sim rd[31];$$

**Example:**

**ADDU \$r5, \$r3, \$r4**

\$r3, \$r4	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0000_020D \$r4 = 0xFFFF_FFE3	\$r5 = 0x0000_01F0	C=1, V=1, N=0, Z=0
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FFC9 \$r4 = 0x0000_000D	\$r5 = 0xFFFF_FFD6	C=0, V=0, N=0, Z=0
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FF9C \$r4 = 0xFFFF_FF9D	\$r5 = 0xFFFF_FF39	C=1, V=1, N=0, Z=0

## AND: Bitwise AND

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode		rs		rt		rd		shamt		funct	
000000								00000		100100	
6		5		5		5		5		6	

**Format:**           AND rd, rs, rt

**Purpose:**           Executes a bitwise AND for the 32-bit registers.

**Description:**     rd = rs **and** rt

A 32-bit word value in register *rt* is **AND'D** with a 32-bit value in register *rs*. The 32-bit result is stored into register *rd*.  
Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:** rd = rs & rt;

rs	rt	rd
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

### Examples:

AND \$r5, \$r3, \$r4		
\$r3, \$r4	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0xF0F0_3C3C \$r4 = 0xBF0F_F5F5	\$r5 = 0xB000_3434	N=1, Z=0
\$r3 = 0x0000_0025 \$r4 = 0x0000_001D	\$r5 = 0x0000_0005	N=0, Z=0

## *BREAK: Breakpoint*

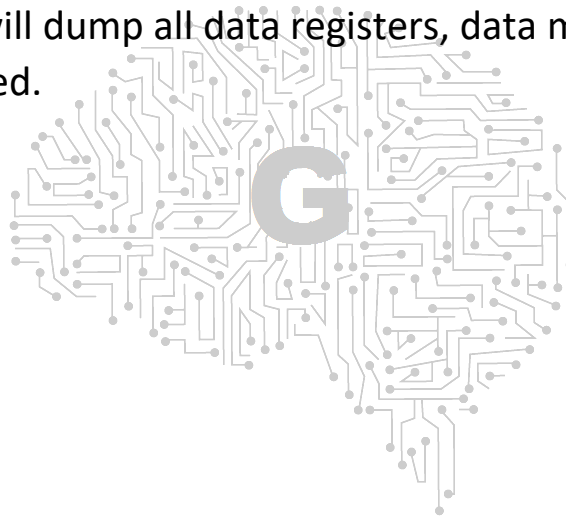
31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	rs	Rt	Rd	shamt	funct						
000000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	001101					
6	5	5	5	5	5	6					

**Format:** BREAK

**Purpose:** Stops the program counter.

**Description:**

Stops the program counter to signal the end of the program. The break instruction will dump all data registers, data memory, and I/O memory when called.



## DIV: Division

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	rs				rt				shamt		funct
000000									00000		011010
6	5				5				5		6

**Format:** DIV rs, rt

**Purpose:** To divide 32-bit signed integers.

**Description:** (HI, LO) = rs / rt

A 32-bit word value in register *rs* is **DIVIDED** by a 32-bit value in register *rt*. This result in a 32-bit quotient and 32-bit remainder.

The 32-bit quotient is placed into a special register LO and the 32-bit remainder is placed into special register HI.

Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

LO = rs / rt;

HI = rs % rt;

**Examples:**

DIV \$r3, \$r4		
\$r3, \$r4	HI, LO	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0000_020D \$r4 = 0xFFFF_FFE3	HI = 0X0000_0003 LO = 0XFFFF_FFE3	N=1, Z=0
\$r3 = 0x0000_0025 \$r4 = 0x0000_001D	HI = 0X0000_0008 LO = 0X0000_0001	N=0, Z=0

## JR: Jump Register

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	rs		rt		rd		shamt		funct		
000000			00000		00000		00000		001000		
6	5		5		5		5		6		

**Format:** JR rs

**Purpose:** To jump to an instruction address in a register.

**Description:** PC = rs

Jumps to the effective address indicated by *rs*.

**Operation:**

PC = rs;

**Examples:**

JR \$r3		
\$r3	PC	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0000_FFE4	PC = 0X0000_FFE4	

## MFHI: Move from HI Register

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	rs	rt	rd	shamt	funct						
000000	00000	00000		00000	00000	001010					
6	5	5	5	5	5	6					

**Format:** MFHI rd

**Purpose:** To copy the special purpose register *HI* to register *rd*.

**Description:** rs = HI

The contents of the special register *HI* are loaded into register *rd*.

**Operation:**  
rd = HI;

### Examples:

MFHI \$r3		
HI	\$r3	Flags
HI = 0x04C0_F3E1	\$r3 = 0X04C0_F3E1	

## MFLO: Move from Lo Register

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	rs	rt	rd	shamt	funct						
000000	00000	00000		00000	00000	001010					
6	5	5	5	5	5	6					

**Format:** MFLO rd

**Purpose:** To copy the special purpose register *LO* to register *rd*.

**Description:** rd = LO

The contents of the special register *LO* are loaded into register *rd*.

**Operation:**  
rd = LO;

### Examples:

MFHI \$r3		
LO	\$r3	Flags
LO = 0x04C0_F3E1	\$r3 = 0X04C0_F3E1	

## MULT: Multiplication

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode		rs		rt		rd		shamt		funct	
000000								00000		011000	
6		5		5		5		5		6	

**Format:**               MULT *rs*, *rt*

**Purpose:**             To multiply 32-bit signed integers.

**Description:**       (HI,LO) = *rs* \* *rt*

A 32-bit word value in register *rt* is **MULTIPLIED** by a 32-bit value in register *rs*. The result is a 64-bit value. The most significant 32-bit of the result is placed into a register HI and the least significant 32-bit of the remaining result are placed in register LO. Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

{HI,LO} = *rs* \* *rt*;

**Examples:**

MULT \$r3, \$r4		
\$r3, \$r4	HI, LO	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0000_020D \$r4 = 0xFFFF_FFE3	HI = 0xFFFF_FFFF LO = 0xffff_C487	N=1, Z=0
\$r3 = 0x0000_0025 \$r4 = 0x0000_001d	HI = 0X0000_0000 LO = 0X0000_0431	N=0, Z=0



## NOR: Bitwise Not OR

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode		rs		rt		rd		shamt		funct	
000000								00000		100111	
6		5		5		5		5		6	

**Format:** NOR rd, rs, rt

**Purpose:** Executes a bitwise NOR for the two 32-bit registers.

**Description:**  $rd = rs \text{ nor } rt$

A 32-bit word value in register *rt* is **NOR'D** with a 32-bit value in register *rs*. The 32-bit result is stored into register *rd*.  
Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly

**Operation:**  $rd = \sim(rs \mid rt);$

rs	rt	rd
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	0

### Examples:

NOR \$r5, \$r3, \$r4		
\$r3, \$r4	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0xF0F0_3C3C \$r4 = 0xBF0F_F5F5	\$r5 = 0x0000_0202	N=0, Z=0
\$r3 = 0x7000_C025 \$r4 = 0x7001_DD54	\$r5 = 0x8FFE_228A	N=1, Z=0

## OR

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0		
opcode		rs			rt			rd		shamt		funct	
000000										00000		100101	
6		5			5			5		5		6	

**Format:** OR rd, rs, rt

**Purpose:** Executes a bitwise OR for the two 32-bit registers.

**Description:** rd = rs **or** rt

A 32-bit word value in register *rt* is **OR'D** with a 32-bit value in register *rs*. The 32-bit result is stored into register *rd*.  
Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly

**Operation:** rd = rs | rt;

rs	rt	rd
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

### Examples:

OR \$r5, \$r3, \$r4		
\$r3, \$r4	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0xF0F0_3C3C \$r4 = 0xBF0F_F5F5	\$r5 = 0xB000_3434	N=1, Z=0
\$r3 = 0x0000_0025 \$r4 = 0x0000_001D	\$r5 = 0x0000_003D	N=0, Z=0

## *SETIE: Set Interrupt Enable*

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	rs	rt	rd	shamt	Funct						
000000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	011111					
6	5	5	5	5	6						

**Format:** SETIE

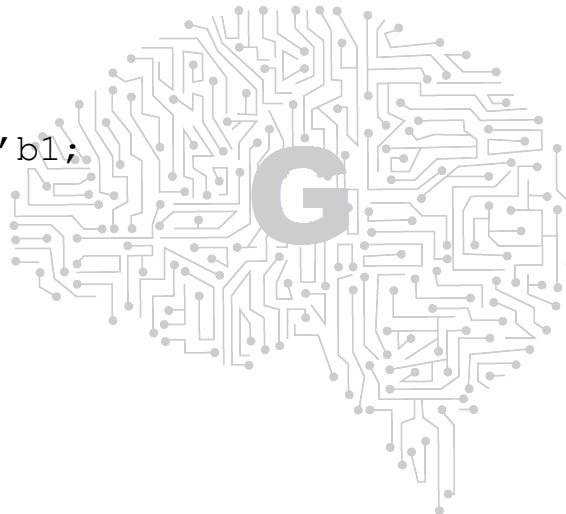
**Purpose:** To enable interrupts.

**Description:**

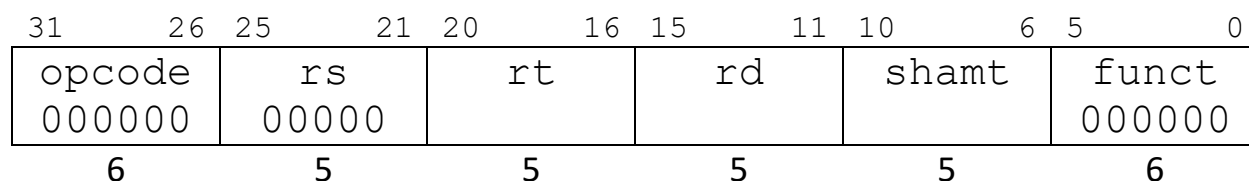
Sets interrupt flag to 1 and allows the program to jump to the interrupt service routine.

**Operation:**

IE = 1'b1;



## SLL: Shift Left Logical



**Format:** SLL rd, rt, shamt

**Purpose:** Logical left shift a 32-bit word by a fixed number of bits.

**Description:**  $rd = rt \ll shamt$

Register *rt* is shifted to the left *shamt* times with a zero fill. The result is stored in *rd*.

**Note:** Zeros are shifted in.

Carry flag, Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

$\{C, rd\} = \{rt[31], rt[30:0], 1'b0\};$

**Examples:**

SLL \$r5, \$r4, 1

\$r4, shamt	\$r5	Flags
\$r4 = 0xF0FF_F5F5 shamt = 1	\$r5 = 0x7E1F_EBEA	C=1, N=0, Z=0

**Binary Example:**

```

      1111_0000_1111_1111   1111_0101_1111_0101
1 ← 1110_0001_1111_1111   1110_1011_1110_1010 ← 0

```

C=1, N=0, Z=0

## SLT: Shift Left Logical (Signed)

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode						rs			rt		
000000											
6						5			5		
						rd			shamt		
									00000		
									funct		
									101010		
									6		

**Format:** SLT rd, rs, rt

**Purpose:** To record the result of a less-than comparison.

**Description:**  $rd = (rs < rt)$

Compare the register contents of *rs* and *rt* as signed integers. Stores the Boolean result in *rd*. If  $(rs < rt)$ , the result is 1 (true), otherwise the result is 0 (false).  
Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

$\{V, C\} = 2'b\mathbf{x};$

$rd = (rs < rt);$

**Examples:**

SLT \$r5, \$r3, \$r4		
\$r3, \$r4	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0000_020D \$r4 = 0xFFFF_FFE3	\$r5 = 0x0000_0000	N=0, Z=1
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FFC9 \$r4 = 0x0000_000D	\$r5 = 0x0000_0001	N=0, Z=0

## SLTU: Set on Less Than (Unsigned)

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	rs	rt	rd	shamt	funct						
000000				00000	101011						
6	5	5	5	5	6						

**Format:** SLT rd, rs, rt

**Purpose:** To record the result of a less-than comparison.

**Description:**  $rd = (rs < rt)$

Compare the register contents of *rs* and *rt* as signed integers. Stores the Boolean result in *rd*. If  $(rs < rt)$ , the result is 1 (true), otherwise the result is 0 (false).  
Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

$\{V, C\} = 2'b\mathbf{x};$

$rd = (rs < rt);$

**Examples:**

SLTU \$r5, \$r3, \$r4		
\$r3, \$r4	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0000_020D \$r4 = 0xFFFF_FFE3	\$r5 = 0x0000_0001	N=0, Z=0
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FFC9 \$r4 = 0x0000_000D	\$r5 = 0x0000_0001	N=0, Z=1

## SRA: Shift Right Arithmetic

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	rs		rt		rd		shamt		funct		
000000	00000								000011		
6	5		5		5		5		6		

**Format:** SRA rd, rt, shamt

**Purpose:** Arithmetic right shift a 32-bit word by a fixed number of bits.

**Description:** rd = rt >> shamt

Register *rt* is shifted to the right *shamt* times with a duplicated sign-bit (*bit-31*) fill. The result is stored in *rd*.

Carry flag, Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

{C,rd} = {rt[0], rt[31], rt[31:1]};

**Examples:**

SRA \$r5, \$r4, 1		
\$r4, shamt	\$r5	Flags
\$r4 = 0xBF0F_F5F5 shamt = 1	\$r5 = 0xDF87_FAFA	C=1, N=1, Z=0

**Binary Example:**

1011\_1111\_0000\_1111    1111\_0101\_1111\_0101  
1 → 1101\_0000\_1111\_1111    1111\_0101\_1111\_0101 → 1

C=1, N=1, Z=0

## SRL: Shift Right Logical

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode		rs		rt		rd		shamt		funct	
000000		00000								000010	
6		5		5		5		5		6	

**Format:** SRL rd, rt, shamt

**Purpose:** Logical right shift a 32-bit word by a fixed number of bits.

**Description:**  $rd = rt \gg shamt$

Register *rt* is shifted to the right *shamt* times with a zero fill. The result is stored in *rd*.

**Note:** Zeros are shifted in.

Carry flag, Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

$\{C, rd\} = \{rt[31], rt[30:0], 1'b0\};$

**Examples:**

SRL \$r5, \$r4, 1		
\$r4, shamt	\$r5	Flags
\$r4 = 0xBF0F_F5F5 shamt = 1	\$r5 = 0x5F87_FAFA	C=1, N=0, Z=0

**Binary Example:**

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 & 1011\_0000\_1111\_1111 & 1111\_0101\_1111\_0101 \\
 0 \longrightarrow & 0111\_1000\_0111\_1111 & 1111\_1010\_1111\_1010 \longrightarrow 0
 \end{array}$$

C=1, N=0, Z=0



## *SUB: Subtraction*

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0	
opcode		rs			rt		rd		shamt		funct	
000000									00000		100010	
6		5			5		5		5		6	

**Format:** SUB rd, rs, rt

**Purpose:** Subtract 32-bit integers.

**Description:** rd = rs - rt

A 32-bit word value in register *rt* is **SUB'D** with a 32-bit value *rs*.

The 32-bit result is stored into register *rd*.

Carry flag, Overflow flag, Negative flag, and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

{C, rd} = rs - rt;

$$V = (\sim rs[31] \& \sim rt[31]) \& rd[31] \mid$$
  

$$(\quad rs[31] \& \quad rt[31]) \& \sim rd[31];$$

**Example:**

SUB \$r5, \$r3, \$r4		
\$r3, \$r4	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0000_020D \$r4 = 0xFFFF_FFE3	\$r5 = 0x0000_022A	C=1, V=0, N=0, Z=0
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FFC9 \$r4 = 0x0000_000D	\$r5 = 0xFFFF_FFBC	C=0, V=0, N=1, Z=0
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FF9C \$r4 = 0xFFFF_FF9D	\$r5 = 0xFFFF_FFFF	C=1, V=0, N=1, Z=0

## *SUBU: Subtract (Unsigned)*

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0	
opcode		rs			rt		rd		shamt		funct	
000000									00000		100011	
6		5			5		5		5		6	

**Format:** SUBU rd, rs, rt

**Purpose:** Add 32-bit integers.

**Description:**  $rd = rs - rt$

A 32-bit word value in register *rt* is **SUBTRACTED** from the 32-bit value in register *rs*. The 32-bit result is stored into register *rd*.

Carry flag, Overflow flag, Negative flag, and Zero flag are set accordingly.

Note: if Carry is a one, so is Overflow.

**Operation:**

$\{C, rd\} = rs - rt;$

$$V = (\sim rs[31] \ \& \ \sim rt[31]) \ \& \ rd[31] \ |$$

$$(rs[31] \ \& \ rt[31]) \ \& \ \sim rd[31];$$

**Example:**

**SUBU \$r5, \$r3, \$r4**

\$r3, \$r4	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0000_020D \$r4 = 0xFFFF_FFE3	\$r5 = 0x0000_022A	C=1, V=1, N=0, Z=0
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FFC9 \$r4 = 0x0000_000D	\$r5 = 0xFFFF_FFBC	C=0, V=0, N=0, Z=0
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FF9C \$r4 = 0xFFFF_FF9D	\$r5 = 0xFFFF_FFFF	C=1, V=1, N=0, Z=0

## XOR: Bitwise Exclusive OR

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode		rs		rt		rd		shamt		funct	
000000								00000		100110	
6		5		5		5		5		6	

**Format:** XOR rd, rs, rt

**Purpose:** Executes a bitwise an EXCLUSIVE OR for two 32-bit registers.

**Description:** rd = rs **or** rt

A 32-bit word value in register *rt* is **EXCLUSIVE OR'D** with a 32-bit value in register *rs*. The 32-bit result is stored into register *rd*. Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly

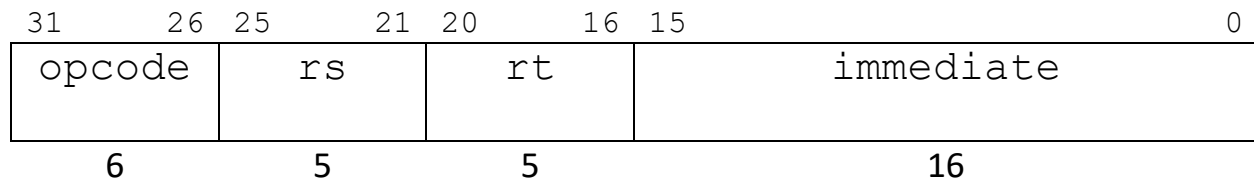
**Operation:** rd = rs ^ rt;

rs	rt	rd
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

### Examples:

XOR \$r5, \$r3, \$r4		
\$r3, \$r4	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0xF0F0_3C3C \$r4 = 0xBF0F_F5F5	\$r5 = 0xB000_3434	N=1, Z=0
\$r3 = 0x0000_0025 \$r4 = 0x0000_001D	\$r5 = 0x0000_003D	N=0, Z=0

## 2. I-Types



**I-Type Instructions:** Have a 16-bit immediate field that codes one of the following types of information.

### I-Type Instruction Format:

`op rs, rt, immediate`

**op field[31:26] :** is the mnemonic for the instruction.

**rs field[25:21] :** Source register.

**rt field[20:16] :** Destination registers.

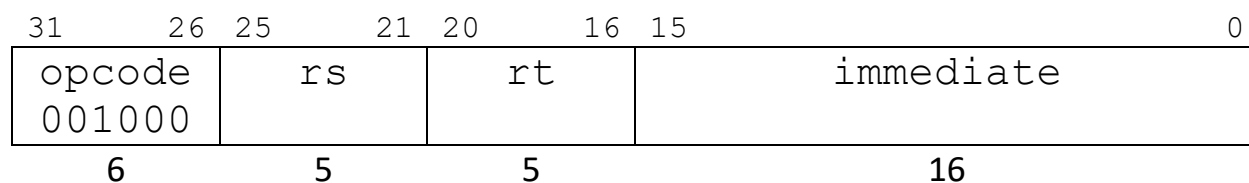
**immediate field[15:0] :** is the 16-bit immediate value.

**IR[31:26] *opcode*** will be identified as an I-Type by the processor and then execute the instruction.

**Table of I-Type Instructions**

<b>Mnemonic/ Instruction</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Function IR[31:26]</b>
<b>BEQ</b>	Branch is Equal	000100
<b>BNE</b>	Branch if Not Equal	000101
<b>BLEZ</b>	Branch if Less Than or equal Zero	000110
<b>BGTZ</b>	Branch if Greater Than Zero	000111
<b>ADDI</b>	Add Immediate	001000
<b>SLTI</b>	Set Less than Immediate	001010
<b>SLTIU</b>	Set Less than Imm. Unsigned	001011
<b>ANDI</b>	And Immediate	001100
<b>ORI</b>	OR Immediate	001101
<b>XORI</b>	Exclusive OR Immediate	001110
<b>LUI</b>	Load Upper Immediate	001111
<b>INPUT</b>	Input	011100
<b>OUTPUT</b>	Output	011101
<b>RETI</b>	Return from Interrupt	011110
<b>SW</b>	Store Word	101011
<b>LW</b>	Load Word	100011

## ADDI: Add Immediate



**Format:**           ADDI *rt*, *rs*, *immediate*

**Purpose:**           Adds an immediate value to 32-bit integers.

**Description:**      $rt = rs + immediate$

A 32-bit word value in register *rt* is **ADDED** with a 16-bit signed *immediate* value. The 32-bit result is stored into register *rd*. Carry flag, Overflow flag, Negative flag, and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

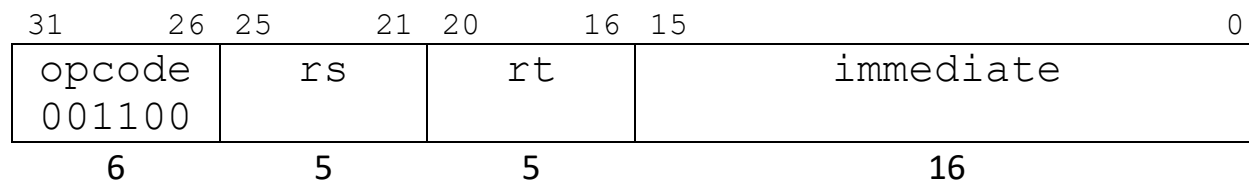
$rt = rs + immediate;$

**Example:**

**ADDi \$r5, \$r3, Immediate**

\$r3, Immediate	ADDI	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0000_020D immediate = 0x0000_0003	\$r5 = 0x0000_03FD	C=0, V=0, N=0, Z=0
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FFC9 immediate = 0x0000_0F0D	\$r5 = 0x0000_0ED6	C=1, V=0, N=1, Z=0

## ANDI: And Immediate



**Format:** ANDI *rt*, *rs*, *immediate*

**Purpose:** Bitwise ANDs a register *rs* and an *immediate value*. The result is stored in *register rt*.

**Description:**  $rd = rs \text{ AND } immediate$

A 32-bit word value in register *rt* is **AND'D** with a a 16-bit signed *immediate value* . The 32-bit result is stored into register *rd*.  
Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly

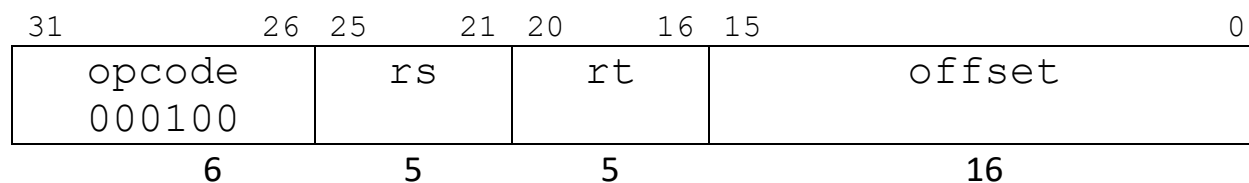
**Operation:**

$rt = \{rs \ \& \ (16'h0, \text{immediate}[15:0])\};$

**Examples:**

ANDI \$r5, \$r4, 0xFAFA		
\$r4, Immediate	\$r5	Flags
\$r4 = 0xF0F0_3C3C Immediate = 0x0000_FAFA	\$r5 = 0xF0F0_3434	N=0, Z=0

## BEQ: Branch on Equal



**Format:** BEQ *rs*, *rt*, *offset*

**Purpose:** Branches if the register *rs* and *rt* are equal.

**Description:** if (*rs* == *rt*) then branch

If the contents in the *rs* and *rt* are equal, branch to the effective target address.

**Operation:**

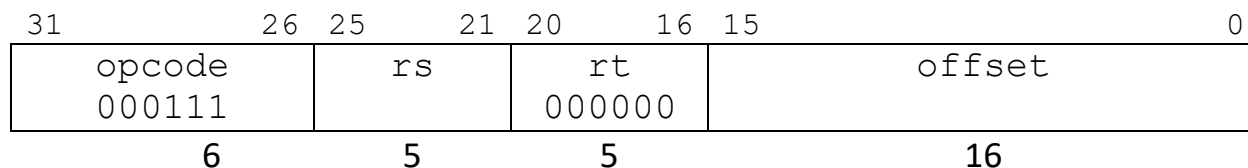
$PC = (rs == rt) ? PC + \{(14\{offset[15]\}) \cdot offset, 2'b00\} : PC;$

**Examples:**

BEQ \$r5, \$r3, offset		
PC, \$R5, \$R3, OFFSET	PC	Flags
PC = 0x010A_0524 \$r5 = 0x02C1_F001 \$r3 = 0x02C1_F001 Offset = 0x0002	PC = 0x010A_0526	



## BGTZ: Branch on Greater Than Zero



**Format:** BGTZ *rs*, *offset*

**Purpose:** Branches if the register *rs* is greater than *zero*

**Description:** if (*rs* > 0) then branch

If the contents in the *rs* is greater than *zero*, branch to the effective target address.

**Operation:**

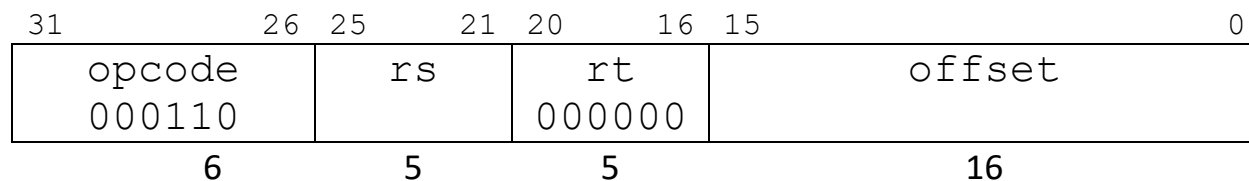
$PC = (rs > 0) ? PC + \{(14\{offset[15]\}, offset, 2'b00) : PC;$

**Examples:**

**BGTZ \$r5, \$r3, offset**

PC, \$R5, \$R3, OFFSET	PC	Flags
PC = 0x010A_0524 \$r5 = 0x02C1_F001 \$r3 = 0x0000_0000 Offset = 0x0002	PC = 0x010A_0526	

## BLEZ: Branch on Less Than or Equal to Zero



**Format:** BLEZ *rs*, *offset*

**Purpose:** Branches if the register *rs* is less than or equal to *zero*

**Description:** if ( $rs \leq 0$ ) then branch

If the contents in the *rs* is less than or equal to zero, branch to the effective target address.

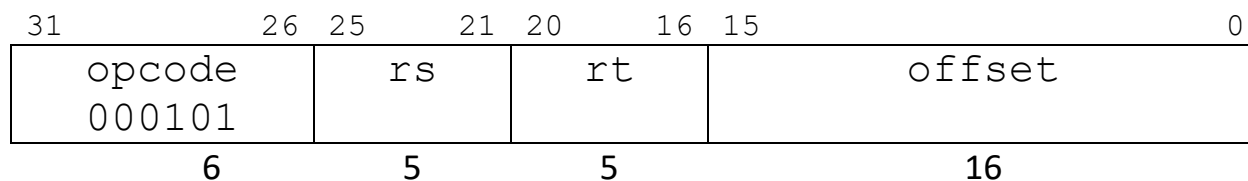
**Operation:**

$PC = (rs \leq 0) ? PC + \{((14\{offset[15]\}), offset, 2'b00) : PC;$

**Examples:**

BLEZ \$r5, \$r3, offset		
PC, \$R5, \$R3, OFFSET	PC	Flags
PC = 0x010A_0524	PC = 0x010A_0526	
\$r5 = 0x02C1_F001		
\$r3 = 0x0000_0000		
Offset = 0x0002		

## BNE: Branch on Not Equal



**Format:** BNE *rs*, *rt*, *offset*

**Purpose:** Branches if the register *rs* is not equal to register *rt*

**Description:** if (*rs* != 0) then branch

If the contents in the *rs* is not equal to *rt*, branch to the effective target address.

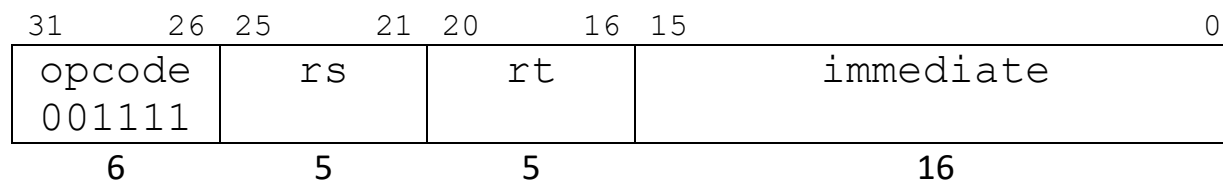
**Operation:**

PC = (*rs* != *rt*) ? PC + {(14{offset[15]}), offset, 2'b00} : PC;  
If(*rs* != *rt*) PC = PC + offset.

**Examples:**

BNE \$r5, \$r3, offset		
PC, \$R5, \$R3, OFFSET	PC	Flags
PC = 0x010A_0524 \$r5 = 0x02C1_F001 \$r3 = 0x0200_0341 Offset = 0x0002	PC = 0x010A_0526	

## LUI: Load Upper Immediate



**Format:** LUI *rt*, *immediate*

**Purpose:** The *immediate* value is shifted to the upper 16 bits of a register.

**Description:**  $rt = (immediate \ll 16)$

The 16-bit *immediate* value is concatenated with 16 bits of zeros of a register and stored in register *rt*.

Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

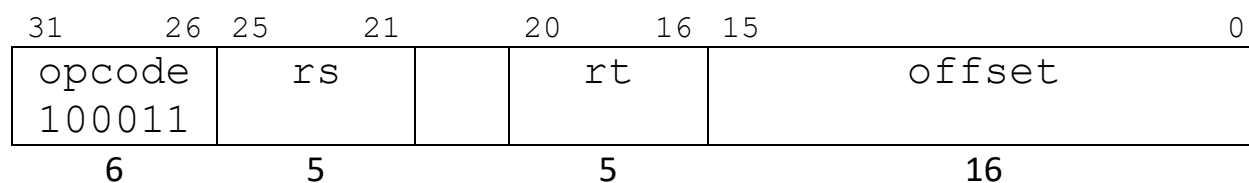
$rt = \{immediate[15:0], 16'h0\};$

**Examples:**

**LUI \$r5, 0xFAFA**

Immediate	\$r5	Flags
Immediate = 0x0000_FAFA	\$r5 = 0xFAFA_0000	N=1, Z=0

## LW: Load Word



**Format:**           LW *rt*, *offset*(*rs*)

**Purpose:**           Load a word from memory.

**Description:**     *rt* = memory[*rs*+*offset*]

The contents of the memory location specified by the effective address are stored in register *rt*. The 16-bit signed *offset* is sign-extended and added to the contents of *rs* to form the effective address.

**Note:** The least two significant bits of the *offset* must be zero.

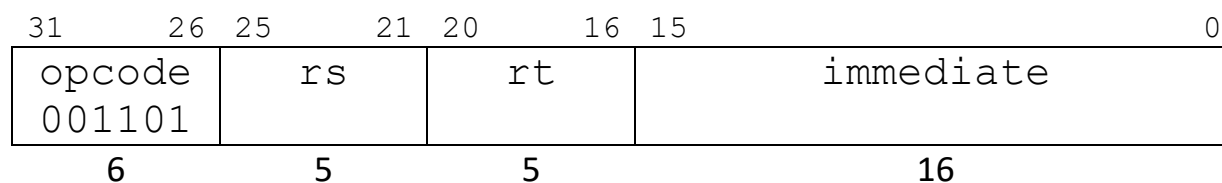
**Operation:**

*rt* = memory[*rs*+*offset*];

**Examples:**

LW \$r5, offset(\$r3)		
\$r3, offset	\$r5	Flags
\$r3     = 0x0000_001B offset = 0x0000_0005 Mem[32] = 0x0B10_4500	\$r5 = 0x0B10_4500	

## ORI: OR Immediate



**Format:** ORI *rt*, *rs*, *immediate*

**Purpose:** Executes a bitwise OR with an *immediate* value.

**Description:**  $rt = rs \text{ OR } immediate$

A 32-bit word value in register *rt* is **OR** with an *immediate* value and stored in *rt*.

Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

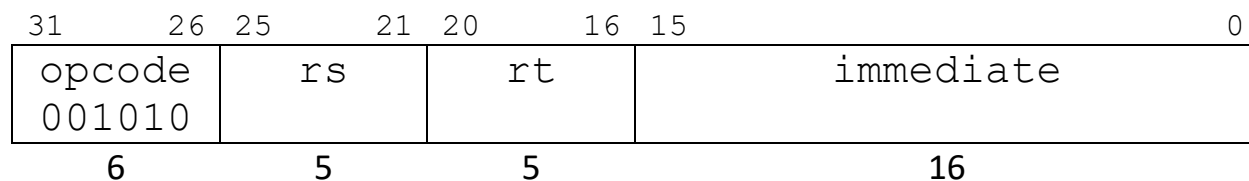
$rt = \{rs \wedge \{16'h0, immediate[15:0]\}\};$

**Examples:**

**XORI \$r5, \$r3, 0xF5F5**

\$r3, Immediate	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0xF0F0_3C3C Immediate = 0x0000_F5F5	\$r5 = 0xF0F0_FDFD	N=1, Z=0

## SLTI: Set Less Than Immediate



**Format:** SLTI *rt*, *rs*, *immediate*

**Purpose:** To record the result of a less-than comparison with an immediate value.

**Description:**  $rt = (rs < immediate)$

Compares register *rs* and the *immediate*. Records the Boolean result in *rt*. If  $(rs < immediate)$ , the result is 1 (true), otherwise the result is 0 (false).

Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

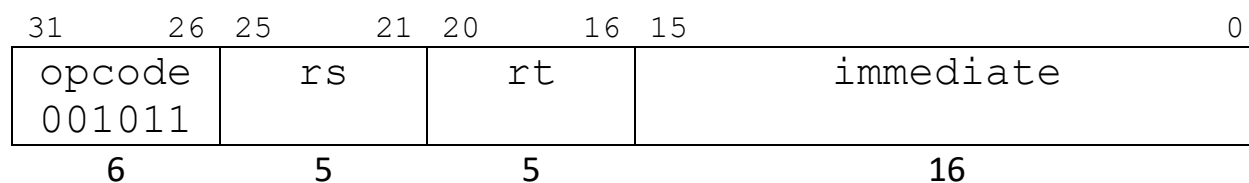
$rd = (rs < immediate) ? 32'b1 : 32'b0;$

**Examples:**

### SLTI \$r5, \$r3, Immediate

\$r3, immediate	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0BCF_020D immediate = 0x4000_0001	\$r5 = 0x0000_0000	N=0, Z=0
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FFC9 immediate = 0x0000_000D	\$r5 = 0x0000_0001	N=1, Z=0

## SLTIU: Set on Less Than Immediate (Unsigned)



**Format:** SLTIU *rt*, *rs*, *immediate*

**Purpose:** Performs an unsigned less than comparison with an *immediate* value.

**Description:**  $rd = (rs < immediate)$

Compare the contents of *rs* and *rt* as unsigned integers. Records the Boolean result in *rt*. If  $(rs < immediate)$ , the result is 1 (true), otherwise the result is 0 (false).  
Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

$rt = (rs < \{16\{immediate[15]\}, immediate\}) ? 32'b1 : 32'b0;$

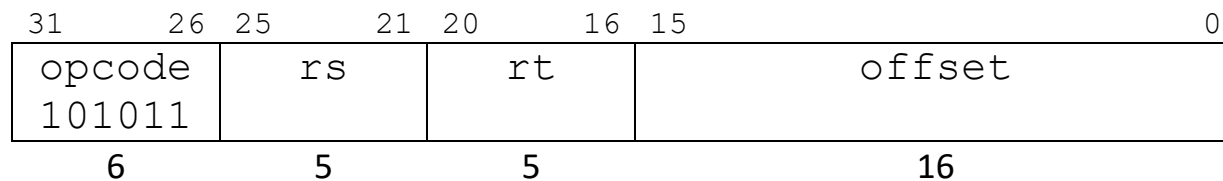
**Examples:**

### SLTIU \$r5, \$r3, immediate

\$r3, immediate	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0BCF_020D immediate = 0x4000_0001	\$r5 = 0x0000_0000	N=0, Z=1
\$r3 = 0xFFFF_FFC9 immediate = 0x0000_000D	\$r5 = 0x0000_0001	N=0, Z=0



## SW: Store Word



**Format:** SW *rt*, *offset*(*rs*)

**Purpose:** Store a word from memory.

**Description:** `memory[rs+offset] = rt`

Register *rt* is stored in memory at the location specified by the effective address. The 16-bit signed *offset* is sign-extended and added to the contents of *rs* to form the effective address.

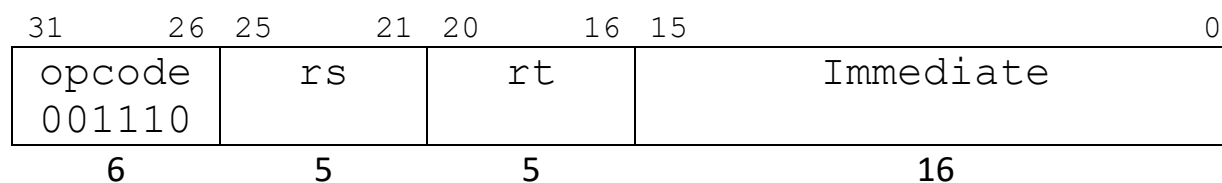
**Note:** The least two significant bits of the *offset* must be zero.

**Operation:** `memory[rs+offset] = rt;`

### Examples:

SW \$r5, 2(\$r3)		
\$r3, offset	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0000_001B offset = 0x0000_0005 Mem[32] = 0x0B10_4500	\$r5 = 0x0B10_4500	

## *XORI: Exclusive OR Immediate*



**Format:** XORI *rt*, *rs*, *immediate*

**Purpose:** Executes an exclusive OR with an *immediate* value.

**Description:**  $rt = rs \text{ XOR } immediate$

A bitwise **EXCLUSIVE OR** is executed on the registers *rs* and *immediate value* and stored in *rt*.

Negative flag and Zero flag are set accordingly.

**Operation:**

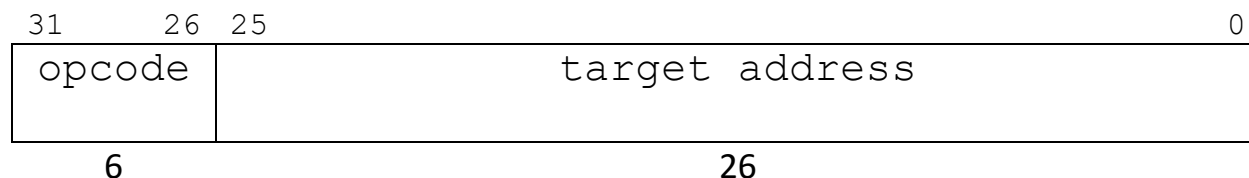
$rt = \{rs \wedge \{\}16'h0, immediate[15:0]\};$

**Examples:**

**XORI \$r5, \$r3, 0xF5F5**

\$r3, Immediate	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0xF0F0_3C3C Immediate = 0x0000_F5F5	\$r5 = 0xF0F0_C9C9	N=1, Z=0

### 3. J-Type Instructions



**J-Type Instructions:** The 6-bit opcode corresponds to a jump instruction is followed by 26-bits that calculate the target address and will be loaded into Program Counter (PC).

#### J-Type Instruction Format:

Op target

**op:** is the mnemonic for the instruction

**jump address:** is the target address that will be jumped to.

**Table of J-Type Instructions**

Mnemonic/ Instruction	Purpose	Function IR[31:26]
J	Jump	000010
JAL	Jump and Link	000011

*J: Jump*

**Format:** J target

**Purpose:** To jump to another address

**Description:** PC = target address

**Note:** The four most significant bits of the *offset* are removed and least two significant bits of the *offset* must be zero.

**Operation:**

PC = {PC[31:28], target, 2'b0};

**Examples:**

J 0x0060_AEFC		
Target address	PC	Flags
Target = 0x0060_AEFC	PC = 0x0818_2BBF	

**Binary Example:**

J 0x0060\_AEFC = 000010 | 0000\_0000\_0110\_0000 1010\_1110\_1111\_1100  
~~0000\_0000\_0110\_0000 1010\_1110\_1111\_1100~~

0000\_1000\_0001\_1000 0010\_1011\_1011\_1111

PC = 0x0812\_2BBF

## JAL: Jump and Link



**Format:** JAL target

**Purpose:** To jump to another address

**Description:** PC = target address

Similar to the jump instruction, except that it stores the address of the next instruction (the one immediately after the jump) in the return address (\$ra) register. This allows a subroutine to return to the main body routine after completion.

**Note:** The four most significant bits of the *offset* are removed and the least two significant bits of the *offset* must be zero.

**Operation:**

$\$ra = PC + 4;$

$PC = \{PC[31:28], \text{target}, 2'b0\};$

**Examples:**

JAL 0x0060_AEFC		
Target address	PC	Flags
Target = 0x008F_2648 \$ra = PC + 4	PC = 0x0C23_C992	

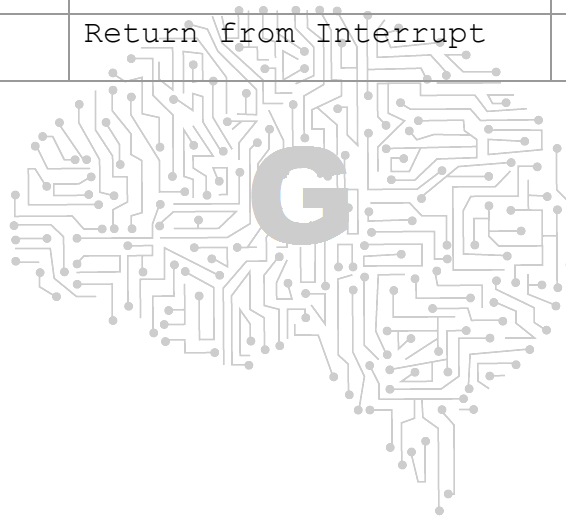
#### 4. Enhanced Instructions

Enhanced instructions that are derivative of R, J and I-Type instructions.  
Not included as part of the MIPS instruction set.

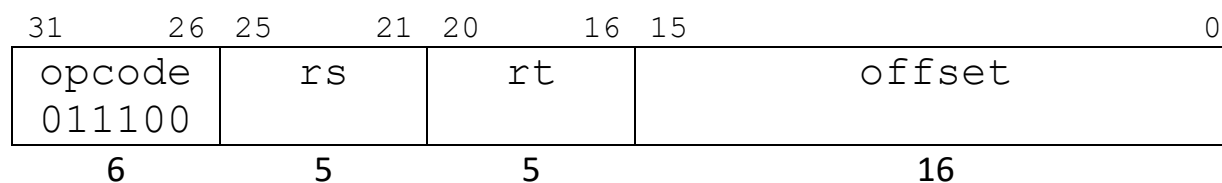
Enhanced instructions that are

**Table of Enhanced Instructions**

<b>Mnemonic/ Instruction</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Function IR[31:26]</b>
INPUT	Input	011100
OUTPUT	Output	011101
RETI	Return from Interrupt	011110



## INPUT



**Format:** INPUT *rt*, *offset(rs)*

**Purpose:** To load a word from memory.

**Description:**  $rt = \text{memory}[rs + \text{offset}]$

The 16-bit signed *offset* is added to the register *rs* to form the effective address. The effective address is then loaded into register *rt*.

**Programming Note:**

Accesses memory from external I/O module.  
Similar to a Load Word instruction.

**Examples:**

INPUT \$r5, 2(\$r3)		
\$r3, offset	\$r5	Flags
\$r3 = 0x0000_001B offset = 0x0000_0005 Mem[32] = 0x0B10_4500	\$r5 = 0x0B10_4500	

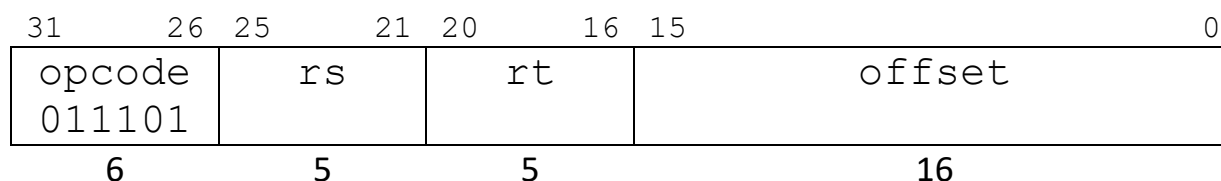
**Example sequence:**

\$r3 = 0x0000\_001B;

02 + 0x1B = 32

Mem[32] = 0x0B10\_4500;

## OUTPUT



**Format:**            `OUTPUT rt, offset(rs)`

**Purpose:**            To store a word in memory.

**Description:**      `memory[rs+offset] = rt`

The 16-bit signed *offset* is sign-extended and added to the register *rs* to form the effective address. Register *rt* is store in external memory at the location specified by the effective address.

**Programming Note:**

Accesses memory from external I/O module.  
Similar to a Load Word instruction.

**Examples:**

OUTPUT \$r5, 2(\$r3)		
\$r5, offset	\$r3	Flags
\$r5      = 0x05D3_05Fd2 offset   = 0x0000_0005 \$r3      = 0x0000_001B	Mem[32] = 05D3_05Fd2	

**Example sequence:**

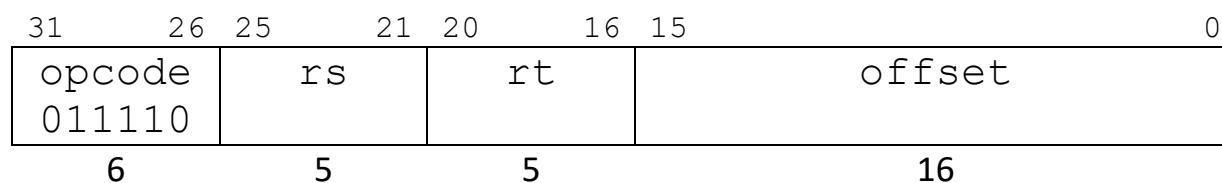
`$r3 = 0x0000_001B;`

`02 + 0x1B = 32`

`Mem[32] = 05D3_05Fd2;`



## *RETI: Return from Interrupt*



**Format:** RETI

**Purpose:** Return from interrupt service routine after it returns the Program Counter and Flag registers to their values before the ISR was executed.

**Description:** PC = memory[\$sp]  
Flags = memory[\$sp + 4]

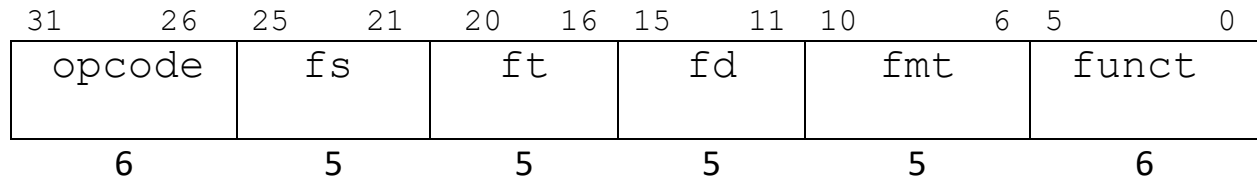
The value pointed to by the stack pointer is loaded/popped into the program counter. This will return the status Flags and the PC. Then saves the new \$sp value into \$sp.

### **Examples:**

**RETI \$r5, 2(\$r3)**

Stack Pointer	Address	Memory
(TOS)	0x3F4	Flags
	0x3F8	PC
	0X3FC	SP

## 5. Floating Point Double Precision-Types



**FPD-Type Instructions:** Main processor instruction that do not require a target address, immediate value, or branch displacement use an R-Type coding format. If bits [31:26] are equal to zero, then the instruction is an R-Type or FP-Type, otherwise it may be a I-Type or J-type.

### FPD-Type Instruction Format:

Op fs, ft, fd, fmt, funct

**op** **field**[31:26]: contains value 1F.

**fs** **field**[25:21]: Source register.

**ft** **field**[20:16]: Source register.

**fd** **field**[15:11]: Destination register.

**fmt** **field**[10:6] : future choice for single or double precision.

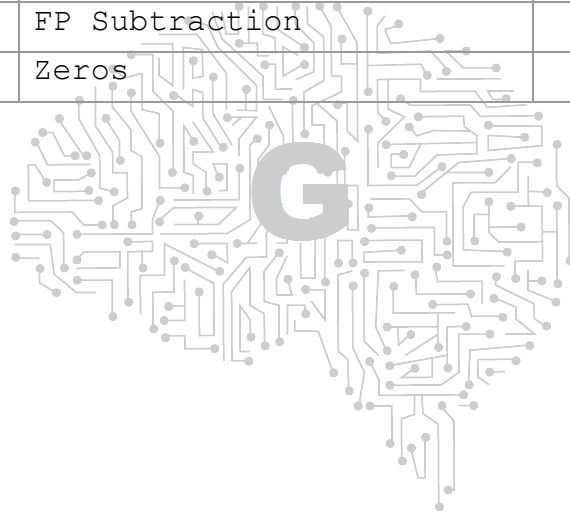
**funct**[5:0] : Choice of function.

The instruction is further classified depending on the value of **funct** **field**[5:0]: See next page for list of FPD-Type instructions sorted by **function** codes and a detailed explanation.

\$bitstoreal: is used for both input S and T. This function converts the bit value to a real number.

**Table of FP-R-Type Instructions**

<b>Mnemonic/ Instruction</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Function IR[5:0]</b>
MVFR	Move from Int. reg to FP reg	000000
FMULT	FP Multiplication	000001
FDIV	FP Division	000010
FADD	FP Addition	000011
FSUB	FP Subtraction	000100
FZERO	Zeros	000101



## MVFR: Move To Floating Point Register

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode		fs		ft		fd		fmt		funct	
011111										000000	
6		5		5		5		5		6	

**Format:** MVFR *fd*, *fs*, *ft*

**Purpose:** Store a 64-bit value into Floating Point Register.

**Description:**  $F[fd] = \{R[fs], R[ft]\}$

A 32-bit value in register *rs* is concatenated with a 32-bit value in register *rt* and is placed as a 64-bit value into *rd*.

**Operation:**

$fpY = \{rS, rT\};$

**Examples:**

MVFR \$f4, \$f2, \$f3,	
\$f2, \$f3	\$f4
\$r2 = 12345678 \$r3 = DDDDDDDD	\$r4 = 12345678_DDDDDDDD
\$r2 = FFFFFFFF \$r3 = ABCDEF12	\$r4 = FFFFFFFF_ABCDEF12

## FMULT: FP Multiply

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	fs	ft	fd	fmt	funct						
011111											
6	5	5	5	5	6						

**Format:** FMULT rd, rs, rt

**Purpose:** To multiply 64-bit integers.

**Description:**  $F[fd] = F[fs] * F[ft]$

A 64-bit word value in register *ft* is **MULTIPLIED** by a 64-bit value in register *fs*. The result is a 64-bit value stored in *fd*.

**Operation:**

$fpY = fpS * fpT;$

**Examples:**

FMULT \$f7 \$f3, \$f4	
\$3, \$f4	\$f7
\$r3 = 3.141593 \$r4 = 2.000000	\$r7 = 6.283185
\$r3 = 5.123395 \$r4 = 8.452956	\$r7 = 43.307832

### FDIV: FP Divide

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	fs	ft	fd	fmt	funct						
011111					000010						
6	5	5	5	5	6						

**Format:** FDIV rd, rs, rt

**Purpose:** To divide 64-bit integers.

**Description:**  $F[fd] = F[fs] / F[ft]$

A 64-bit word value in register *fs* is **DIVIDED** by a 64-bit value in register *ft*. This results in a 64-bit quotient.

The 64-bit quotient is placed in register *fd*.

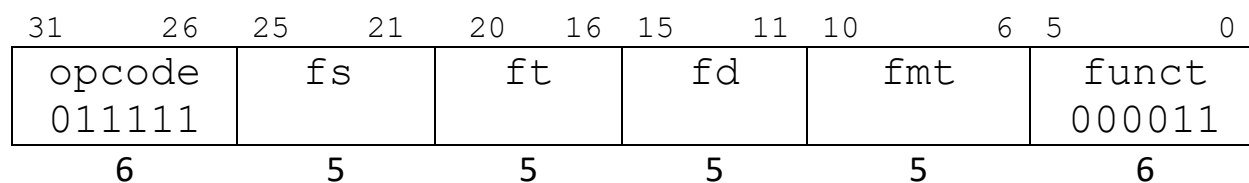
**Operation:**

$fpY = fpS / fpT;$

**Examples:**

FDIV \$f7 \$f3, \$f4	
\$f3, \$f4	\$f7
\$r3 = 6.283185 \$r4 = 3.141593	\$r7 = 2.000000
\$r3 = 43.307832 \$r4 = 5.123395	\$r7 = 8.452956

## FADD: FP Add



**Format:** FADD *fd*, *fs*, *ft*

**Purpose:** Add 64-bit integers.

**Description:**  $F[fd] = F[fs] + F[ft]$

A 64-bit word value in register *ft* is **ADDED** with a 64-bit value in register *fs*. The 64-bit result is stored into register *fd*.

**Operation:**

$fpY = fpS + fpT;$

**Example:**

FADD \$f5, \$f3, \$f4	
\$f3, \$f4	\$f5
\$r3 = 6.283185 \$r4 = 3.141593	\$r5 = 9.424778
\$r3 = 8.452956 \$r4 = 5.123395	\$r5 = 13.576351

## FSUB: FP Subtract

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode		fs		ft		fd		fmt		funct	
011111										000100	
6		5		5		5		5		6	

**Format:** FSUB *fd*, *fs*, *ft*

**Purpose:** Sub 64-bit real.

**Description:**  $F[fd] = F[fs] - F[ft];$

A 64-bit word value in register *ft* is **SUBTRACTED** with a 64-bit value in register *fs*. The 64-bit result is stored into register *fd*.

**Operation:**

$$fpY = fpS - fpT;$$

**Example:**

FSUB \$f5, \$f3 \$f4	
\$f3 \$f4	\$f5
\$r3 = 2.000000 \$r4 = 3.141593	\$r5 = -1.141593
\$r3 = 8.452956 \$r4 = 5.123395	\$r5 = 3.329561



## FZERO: FP Zero

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	fs	ft	fd	fmt	funct						
011111											
6	5	5	5	5	6						

**Format:** ZERO fd, fs, ft

**Purpose:** Load 64-bit real of 0.0.

**Description:** fd = 0.0

A 64-bit word value 0.0 is **Load** into register *fd*. Regardless of fs and ft input.

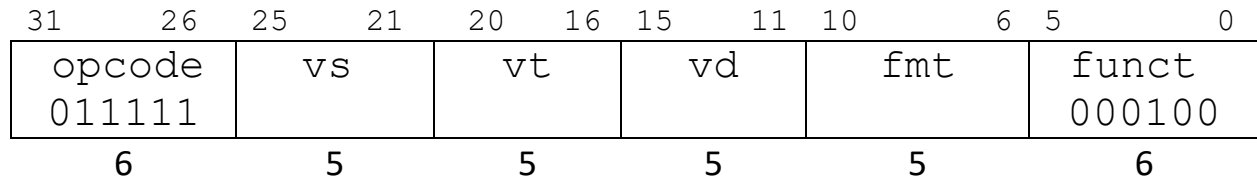
**Operation:**

$F[fd] = 0.0;$

**Example:**

FZERO \$f5, \$f3 \$f4	
	\$f5
0.00	\$r5 = 0.000000

## 6. Vector SIMD: Single Instruction Multiple Data Instructions



**SIMD-Type Instructions:** Have two or more values used as operands.

**Vector-Type Instruction Format:**

`Ekey_op(0x1F) vs, vt, vd, fmt(5'b0), funct`

**op field[31:26]:** is the mnemonic for the Enhanced Instruction.

**rs field[25:21]:** Source register.

**rt field[20:16]:** Source register.

**rd field[15:11]:** Destination Register.

**Fmt field [6:10]:** for setting packed size

**IR[5:0] *funct*** will be identify the ER type instruction to execute

**Table of SIMD-Type Instructions**

<b>Mnemonic/ Instruction</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Function IR[5:0]</b>
MVVR	Move to Vector register	000110
VADDS	Vector Add(Saturated, 8b)	000111
VMULADD	Vector Multiply Add	001000
VANDEI	Vector logical and(8b)	001001
VCEQ	Vector compare if equal(8b)	001010
VCLT	Vector compare if less than(8b)	001011

## *MVVR: Move to Vector Register*

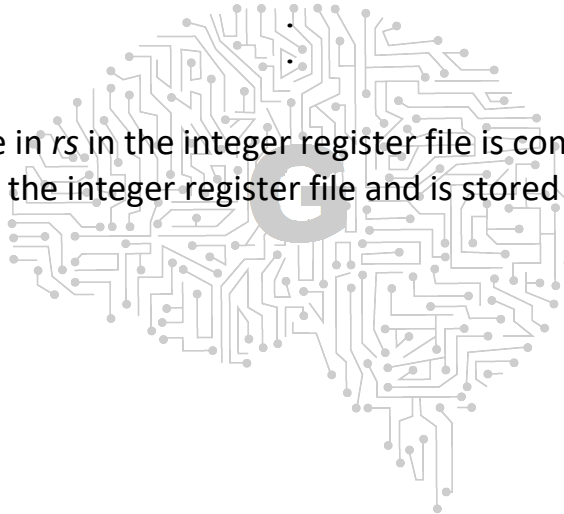
31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	vs	vt	vd	fmt	funct						
011111					000110						
6	5	5	5	5	6						

**Format:** MVVR *vd*, *vs*, *vt*

**Purpose:** Stores concatenated *rs* and *rt* values from integer registers into the *rd* addressed vector register.

**Description:**  $V[rd[63:0]] = \{IntR[rs[31:0]], IntR[rt[31:0]]\};$

The 32-bit value in *rs* in the integer register file is concatenated with the 32-bit value in *rt* in the integer register file and is stored in the 64-bit vector register at *rd*.



## VADDS: Vector Add Saturated

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode 011111	vs	vt	vd	fmt	funct 000111						
6	5	5	5	5	6						

**Format:** VADDS vd, vs, vt

**Purpose:** Adds vector value at rs with vector value at rt which can become saturated.

**Description:** {carry[0],Y[7:0]} = V[rs[7:0]] + V[rt[7:0]];

.

{carry[7],Y[63:56]} = V[rs[63:56]] + V[rt[63:56]];

.

V[rd[7:0]] = carry[0]?8'hFF:Y[7:0];

.

V[rd[63:56]] = carry[7]?8'hFF:Y[63:56];

The 64-bit value in *rs* in the vector register file is added to the 64-bit value in *rt* in the vector register file byte-wise. If any 8-bit result saturates, the 8-bit value for that byte is kept at saturation point, 8'hFF, and is stored in the corresponding byte in the vector register at *rd*.

**Operation:**

{carry,vY} = vS + vT;  
vD = carry?(8'hFF):vY;

**Example:**

VADDS \$r5, \$r3, \$r4	
\$r3, \$r4	\$r5
\$r3 = EE11EE11_FF11FF11 \$r4 = 00FF00FF_00EE00EE	\$r5 = EEFFEEFF_FFFFFFFF
\$r3 = A5A5A5A5_B4B4B4B4 \$r4 = 5A5A5A5A_15151515	\$r5 = FFFFFFFF_C9C9C9C9

## VMULADD: Vector Multiply and Add

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode 011111	vs	vt	vd	fmt	funct 001000						
6	5	5	5	5	6						

**Format:** VMULADD vd, vs, vt

**Purpose:** Multiplies values at *rs* and *rt* then adds the value at *rd* and stores them in *rd*.

**Description:**  $V[rd[31:0]] = V[rs[31:0]] * V[rt[31:0]] + V[rd[31:0]];$

$V[rd[63:32]] = V[rs[63:32]] * V[rt[63:32]] + V[rd[63:32]];$

The 64-bit value in *rs* in the vector register file is multiplied the 64-bit value in *rt* in the vector register file and then added to the 64-bit value in *rd* in a byte-wise fashion. The results are stored in the corresponding byte in the vector register at *rd*.

**Operation:**

$vYhi = vShi * vThi + vD;$

$vYlo = vSlo * vTlo + vD;$

**Example:**

VMULADD \$r5, \$r3, \$r4	
\$r3, \$r4, \$r5	\$r5
\$r3 = 00000001_00000002 \$r4 = 00000000_00000004 \$r5 = 00000000_00000008	\$r5 = 00000000_00000010
\$r3 = 00110011_00450456 \$r4 = 00000000_00000008 \$r5 = 22222222_22222222	\$r5 = 22222222_244A44D2

## VANDEI: Vector AND Eight Integers

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	vs	vt	vd	fmt	funct						
011111					001001						
6	5	5	5	5	6						

**Format:** VANDEI vd, vs, vt

**Purpose:** Bitwise “and”s the values at *rs* and *rt* and stores them in *rd*.

**Description:**  $V[rd[7:0]] = V[rs[7:0]] \& V[rt[7:0]];$

$V[rd[63:56]] = V[rs[63:56]] \& V[rt[63:56]];$

The 64-bit value in *rs* in the vector register file is “and”ed the 64-bit value in *rt* in the vector register file in a byte-wise fashion. The results are stored in the corresponding byte in the vector register at *rd*.

**Operation:**

$vY = vS \& vT;$

**Example:**

VANDEI \$r5, \$r3, \$r4	
\$r3, \$r4	\$r5
\$r3 = F6F6F6F6_F6F6F6F6 \$r4 = FFFFFFFF_FFFFFFFF	\$r5 = F6F6F6F6_F6F6F6F6
\$r3 = 12345678_23456789 \$r4 = 12345678_87654321	\$r5 = 12345678_23454321

## VCEQ: Vector Compare if Equal

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode	vs	vt	vd	fmt	funct						
011111					001010						
6	5	5	5	5	6						

**Format:** VCEQ vd, vs, vt

**Purpose:** Compares vector value at rs with vector value at rt and assigns rd with ones if they are equal and zeros if they are not.

**Description:**  $V[vd[7:0]] = V[vs[7:0]] == V[vt[7:0]] ? 8'hFF : 8'h0;$

$V[vd[63:56]] = (V[vs[63:56]] == V[vt[63:56]]) ? 8'hFF : 8'h0;$

The 64-bit value in *rs* in the vector register file is compared to the 64-bit value in *rt* in the vector register file byte-wise. If the 8-bits are equal, the resulting value is set to ones, 8'hFF, and is stored in the corresponding byte in the vector register at *rd*. If not, the resulting value is set to zeros and is stored in the vector register at *rd*.

**Operation:**

$vY = (vS == vT) ? 8'hFF : 8'h0;$

**Example:**

VCEQ \$r5, \$r3, \$r4	
\$r3, \$r4	\$r5
\$r3 = 12345678_98765432 \$r4 = 02345078_12345678	\$r5 = 00FF00FF_00000000
\$r3 = FFFFFFFF_FFFFFFFF \$r4 = FF99FF99_56FF56FF	\$r5 = FF00FF00_00FF00FF



### VCLT: Vector Compare if Less Than

31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	6	5	0
opcode 011111		vs		vt		vd		fmt		funct 001011	
6		5		5		5		5		6	

**Format:** VCLT vd, vs, vt

**Purpose:** Compares vector value at *rs* with vector value at *rt* and assigns *rd* with ones if *rs* is less than *rt* and zeros if they are not.

**Description:**  $V[vd[7:0]] = V[vs[7:0]] < V[vt[7:0]] ? 8'hFF : 8'h0;$

$V[vd[63:56]] = V[vs[63:56]] < V[vt[63:56]] ? 8'hFF : 8'h0;$

The 64-bit value in *rs* in the vector register file is compared to the 64-bit value in *rt* in the vector register file byte-wise. If the 8-bits *rs* are less than the 8-bits *rt*, the resulting value is set to ones, 8'hFF, and is stored in the corresponding byte in the vector register at *rd*. If not, the resulting value is set to zeros and is stored in the vector register at *rd*.

**Operation:**

$vY = (vS < vT) ? 8'hFF : 8'h0;$

**Example:**

VCLT \$r5, \$r3, \$r4	
\$r3, \$r4	\$r5
\$r3 = 12345678_ABCDEF98 \$r4 = 87654321_FFFFFFFF	\$r5 = FFFF0000_FFFFFFFF
\$r3 = 87654321_98765432 \$r4 = 00990099_99009900	\$r5 = 00FF00FF_FF00FF00

### III. Verilog Implementation/Design/Verification

#### A. Source Code Top Level

##### *CPU\_Test*

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s): Brian Ortiz
*           Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename: CPU_Test.v
* Date:     Nov. 27, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Senior Project 'GBRAINS'
* Version:  1.0
*
* Notes:    GBRAINS ENHANCED MIPS CPU Testbench. Instantiates the MIPS CPU,
*           I/O Memory Module, and Data Memory modules. and initializes
*           the IO, Instruction and Data memories. Reset is asserted and deasserted
*           and the MCU state machine runs without other input other than the
*           generated interrupt.
*****/
module CPU_Test;

    reg clk, reset;

    wire intr, int_ack;           //Intr out from IO to CPU, Int_ack from CPU to IO
    wire dm_cs, dm_wr, dm_rd;     //Data memory access controls, IO memory controls
    wire io_cs, io_wr, io_rd;
    wire [31:0] D_OUT, DY;        //Data_Out and memory data value in
    wire [31:0] ALU_OUT;          //IDP outputs, ALU_Out is computed data
                                //used as Address.

    //Instantiate the CPU
    CPU cpu (
        .clk(clk), .reset(reset), .intr(intr),      //inputs, interrupt from io
        .int_ack(int_ack),                          //outputs
        .dm_cs(dm_cs), .dm_wr(dm_wr), .dm_rd(dm_rd),
        .io_cs(io_cs), .io_wr(io_wr), .io_rd(io_rd),
        .ALU_OUT(ALU_OUT), .D_OUT(D_OUT), .DY(DY));

    //Instantiate the Data Memory
    DATA_MEMORY dm (
        .clk(clk), .dm_cs(dm_cs), .dm_wr(dm_wr), .dm_rd(dm_rd), //inputs
        .Address(ALU_OUT[11:0]), .D_in(D_OUT),                  //outputs
        .D_Out(DY) );

    //Instantiate the I/O Memory Space with Interrupt
    IO_Module io (
        .clock(clk),
        .int_ack(int_ack), .io_wr(io_wr),
        .io_cs(io_cs), .io_rd(io_rd),
        .Address(ALU_OUT[11:0]), .IO_in(D_OUT), //inputs
        .intr(intr), .IO_out(DY));              //outputs

    //create a 10ps clock
    always #5 clk = ~clk;

    //Welcome to the enhancements testbench for the 'GBRAINS' CPU!
    //
    // The project is setup and ready to run the custom Enhanced Instruction Memory
```

```

// Module. The procedure includes loading values into the Enhanced register files
// in their respective datapaths, operating on the values using the implemented
// operations and ending on a break statement which dumps the final status
// of the register files in all three data paths, with some conversions done
// on the floating point values for easier verification.
//
// Make sure that iSim 'runs all' the simulation! Enjoy!
////////////////////////////////////

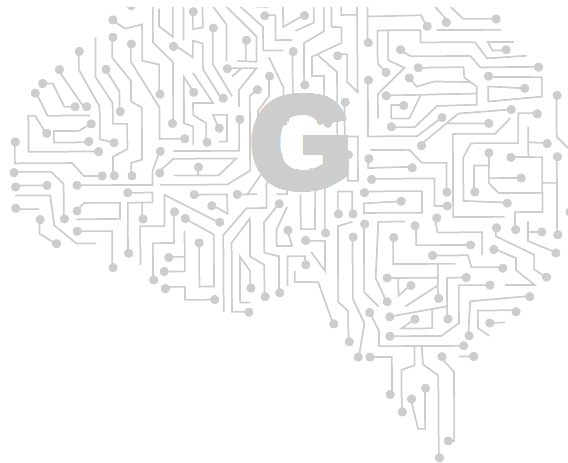
initial begin
    $display("          C E C S 4 4 0      S E N I O R P R O J E C T      G B R A I N S");
    $timeformat(-9, 1, " ps", 9);
    clk = 1'b0;
    @(negedge clk)
    reset = 1'b1;
    @(negedge clk)
    reset = 1'b0;

    $readmemh("dMemEN1_Fa18.dat", dm.memory);
    $readmemh("iMemEN1_Fa18_commented.dat", cpu.iu.IMemReg.memory);
    $readmemh("dMemEN1_Fa18.dat", io.memory);

end

endmodule

```



## B. Source Code

### CPU

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s): Brian Ortiz
*           Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename: CPU.v
* Date:     Nov. 27, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Senior Project
* Version:  1.0
*
* Notes:    MIPS CPU module. Instantiates the MIPS Control Unit,
*           Instruction Unit and Datapath modules.
*           the MCU state machine runs without other input other than the
*           generated interrupt.
*****/
module CPU(clk, reset, intr, DY,
           int_ack, dm_cs, dm_wr, dm_rd, io_cs, io_wr, io_rd, ALU_OUT, D_OUT);

    // Inputs from Test module, io interrupt
    input clk, reset, intr;
    // DataMem/IO data input
    input [31:0] DY;

    // output to acknowledge io interrupt
    output int_ack;
    // DataPath outputs, also Address input to memories
    output [31:0] ALU_OUT;
    // Data_Out, muxed depending on data type set
    output [31:0] D_OUT;
    // data memory control
    output dm_cs, dm_wr, dm_rd;
    // io module control
    output io_cs, io_wr, io_rd;

    // MCU Outputs
    //Current Instruction Register value, the current instruction
    wire [31:0] IR;
    //carry, negative, zero, and overflow arithmetic flags
    wire c,n,z,v;
    //PC_sel,chooses input to pc, calculated branch or jump, D_sel
    wire [1:0] pc_sel, D_Sel;
    //PC load, PC_inc, and S_Sel controls (S_Sel, sets $29 on idp regfile in)
    wire pc_ld, pc_inc, S_Sel;
    //IO module memory chip select, write, read,and instr. reg load control
    wire im_cs, im_wr, im_rd, ir_ld;
    //IDP Regfile data write enable, Immediate into ALU, and HILO register loads
    wire D_En, T_Sel, HILO_ld;
    //DA_Sel, regfile Destination: D_Address (default), $29($sp) and $31($ra)
    wire [1:0] DA_Sel;
    //ALU_Out select, changes source of Data_Out in IDP
    wire [2:0] Y_Sel;
    //Function Select for integer ALU, flags input and output from MCU
    //flags register
    wire [4:0] FS, flags, flagsin;
    //Program Counter out
    wire [31:0] PC_out;
    //Sign Extended 16 bit immediate
    wire [31:0] SE_16;
    //integer, floating point, and vector data outs
```

```

wire [31:0] iD_OUT, fD_OUT, vD_OUT;

//Floating point and Vector SIMD Function Select
wire [4:0] fpFS, vpFS;
// Floating point Datapath Controls
wire fD_En, fT_Sel, fDA_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel;
//Vector Datapath controls
wire vD_En, vT_Sel, vDA_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel;
// {RS,RT} 64 bit concatenation lead to T input of Enhanced ALUs, for
//immediate loads
wire [63:0] LONG_OUT;
//Type Select chooses alternate datapath output to external memories
wire Type_Sel;

//Instantiate the Control Unit
MCU mcu (
.sys_clk(clk), .reset(reset), .intr(intr), .FLAGSIN(flagsin),
.n(n), .z(z), .v(v), .c(c), //inputs
.IR(IR), .D_Sel(D_Sel), .S_Sel(S_Sel), .FLAGS(flags), //outputs
.pc_sel(pc_sel), .pc_ld(pc_ld), .pc_inc(pc_inc), .int_ack(int_ack),
.im_cs(im_cs), .im_wr(im_wr), .im_rd(im_rd), .ir_ld(ir_ld),
.D_En(D_En), .DA_Sel(DA_Sel), .T_Sel(T_Sel), .HILO_ld(HILO_ld),
.dm_cs(dm_cs), .dm_wr(dm_wr), .dm_rd(dm_rd),
.io_cs(io_cs), .io_wr(io_wr), .io_rd(io_rd),
.Y_Sel(Y_Sel), .FS(FS),
//MCU Floating Point control signals
.fD_En(fD_En), .fpFS(fpFS), .fT_Sel(fT_Sel), .fDA_Sel(fDA_Sel),
.fDIN_Sel(fDIN_Sel), .fDOut_Sel(fDOut_Sel), .fY_Sel(fY_Sel),
//MCU SIMD Vector control signals
.vD_En(vD_En), .vpFS(vpFS), .vT_Sel(vT_Sel), .vDA_Sel(vDA_Sel),
.vDOut_Sel(vDOut_Sel), .vY_Sel(vY_Sel), .vDIN_Sel(vDIN_Sel),
.Type_Sel(Type_Sel));

//Instantiate the Instruction Unit
INSTRUCTION_UNIT iu (
.CLK(clk), .RESET(reset),
.im_cs(im_cs), .im_wr(im_wr), .im_rd(im_rd),
.pc_ld(pc_ld), .pc_inc(pc_inc), .ir_ld(ir_ld),
.PC_in(ALU_OUT), .pc_sel(pc_sel), //ins
.PC_out(PC_out), .IR_out(IR), .SE_16(SE_16)); //outs

//Instantiate the Datapath Modules.
INTEGER_DATAPATH idp (
.CLK(clk), .RESET(reset),
.FS(FS), .HILO_ld(HILO_ld), .FLAGS(flags), .S_Sel(S_Sel),
.D_Sel(D_Sel), .D_En(D_En), .DY(DY), .Y_Sel(Y_Sel),
.D_Addr(IR[15:11]), .S_Addr(IR[25:21]), .T_Addr(IR[20:16]), .SHAMT(IR[10:6]),
.DT(SE_16), .T_Sel(T_Sel), .PC_in(PC_out), .DA_sel(DA_Sel),
.C(c), .V(v), .N(n), .Z(z),
.ALU_OUT(ALU_OUT), .D_OUT(iD_OUT), .FLAGS_OUT(flagsin), .LONG_OUT(LONG_OUT));

//Floating Point Datapath
FLOATINGPOINT_DATAPATH fdp (
.CLK(clk), .RESET(reset), //inputs
.D_EN(fD_En), .FS(fpFS),
.D_Addr(IR[15:11]), .S_Addr(IR[25:21]), .T_Addr(IR[20:16]), .FMT(IR[10:6]),
//fields
.DT(LONG_OUT), .DY(DY), .T_Sel(fT_Sel), .DIN_Sel(fDIN_Sel),
.DOut_Sel(fDOut_Sel), .Y_Sel(fY_Sel),
.D_OUT(fD_OUT));

//SIMD Vector Operations Datapath
VECTOR_DATAPATH vdp (

```

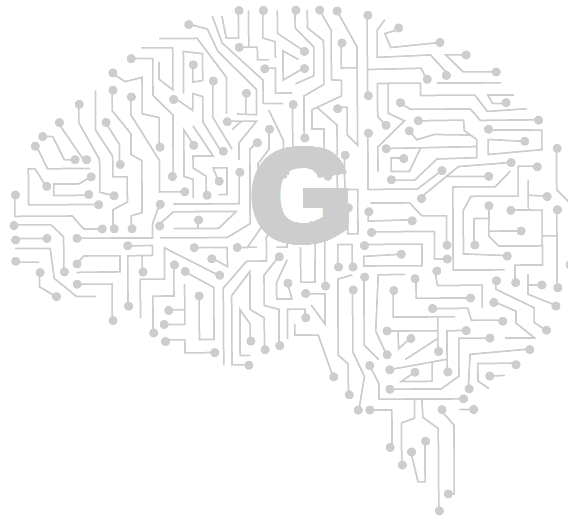
```

.CLK(clk),          .RESET(reset), //inputs
.D_EN(vD_En),       .FS(vpFS),
.D_Addr(IR[15:11]), .S_Addr(IR[25:21]), .T_Addr(IR[20:16]), .FMT(IR[10:6]),
//fields
.DT(LONG_OUT), .DY(DY), .T_Sel(vT_Sel), .DIN_Sel(vDIN_Sel),
.DOut_Sel(vDOut_Sel), .Y_Sel(vY_Sel),
.D_OUT(vD_OUT));

//Data Type Mux
assign D_OUT = (Type_Sel == 1'b1)? fD_OUT:
               (Type_Sel == 1'b2)? vD_OUT:
               iD_OUT;

endmodule

```



## MCU

```

/*****
* Author(s): Brian Ortiz
*           Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename: MCU.v
* Date:     Nov. 27, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Senior Project GBRAINS
* Version:  2.15
* Credit:   Based on and extending from a design provided by R.W. Allison.
*
* A state machine implementing the MIPS Control Unit (MCU) for the major cycles
* of fetch, execute and some MIPS instructions from memory, including checking
* for interrupts.
*
*-----
*           M C U   C O N T R O L   W O R D
*-----
*
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000;
    FS = 5'h0;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;          int_ack = 1'b0;
    #1{ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b_0_00;
    {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel } =
                                                6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;

    fpFS = 5'h0;

    {vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel } =
                                                6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;

    vpFS = 5'h0;

    Type_Sel = 1'b0;
*
*****/

//*****
module MCU (sys_clk, reset, intr,    // system inputs
            c, n, z, v,              // ALU status inputs
            IR,                      // Instruction Register input
            int_ack,                 // output to I/O subsystem
            pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, im_cs, im_wr, im_rd, ir_ld,
            D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel, FS,
            dm_cs, dm_wr, dm_rd,
            io_cs, io_rd, io_wr,
            FLAGS, FLAGSIN, D_Sel, S_Sel, // interrupt paths
            fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel, fpFS,
            //fdp control
            vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel, vpFS,
            //vdp control
            Type_Sel
            );
//*****
input  sys_clk, reset, intr;          // system clock, reset, and interrupt request
input  c, n, z, v;                   // Integer ALU status inputs
input  [31:0] IR;                    // Instruction Register input from IU
input  [4:0] FLAGSIN;                //input to restore flags from stack when appropriate
                                        //includes IE,C,V,N,Z
output reg int_ack;                  //interrupt acknowledge

```

```

output reg Type_Sel;
output reg [1:0] pc_sel; // all the controlword fields
output reg pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld; // needed by the IU, DP and Data Memory
output reg im_cs, im_wr, im_rd;
output reg dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr;
output reg io_cs, io_rd, io_wr;
output reg fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel;
output reg vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel;
output reg [4:0] fpFS, vpFS;

output reg D_En, T_Sel, HILO_ld, S_Sel;
output reg [2:0] Y_Sel;
output reg [4:0] FS, FLAGS;
output reg [1:0] DA_Sel, D_Sel;
integer i,j; //iterators for simulation breaks

//*****
// Flag registers *
//*****
reg ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z; // present state registers flags
reg ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z; // next state registers flags

always@(*)
    assign FLAGS = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z}; // saved on interrupt

//*****
// internal data structures
//*****
// state assignments
parameter
    //starting states
    RESET = 00, FETCH = 01, DECODE = 02, SETIE = 03,
    //arithmetic states
    ADD = 10, ADDU = 11, SUB = 12, SUBU = 13, MULT = 14,
    DIV = 15,
    //non-immediate logic states
    AND = 20, OR = 21, NOR = 22, XOR = 23, SRL = 24,
    SRA = 25, SLL = 26, SLT = 27, SLTU = 28,
    //immediate logic states
    ORI = 30, LUI = 31, SLTI = 32, XORI = 33, ANDI = 34,
    SLTIU = 35, ADDI = 36,
    //write back states
    WB_alu = 40, WB_imm = 41, WB_Din = 42, WB_hi = 43, WB_lo = 44,
    WB_mem = 45, WB_reg = 46,
    //load store states
    LW = 50, LW_2 = 51, SW = 52, MFLO = 53, MFHI = 54,
    //jump states
    JR = 60, JR_2 = 61, JAL = 62, JAL_2 = 63, J = 64,
    //branch states
    BEQ = 70, BEQ_2 = 71, BNE = 72, BNE_2 = 73, BLEZ = 74,
    BLEZ_2 = 75, BGTZ = 76, BGTZ_2 = 77,
    //interrupt states
    INTR_1 = 501, INTR_2 = 502, INTR_3 = 503, INTR_4 = 504, INTR_5 = 505,
    INTR_6 = 506, INTR_7 = 507, INTR_8 = 508, INTR_9 = 509,
    //break states
    BREAK = 510, ILLEGAL_OP = 511,
    //I/O states
    INPUT = 80, INPUT_2 = 81, OUTPUT = 82, OUTPUT_2 = 83,
    //return from interrupt states
    RETI = 90, RETI_2 = 91, RETI_3 = 92, RETI_4 = 93, RETI_5 = 94, RETI_6 = 95,
    //floating point states
    MVFR = 100, WBF_imm = 101, FMULT = 102, FDIV = 103, FADD = 104,

```



```

    FSUB = 105, FZERO = 106,
    //vector states
    MVVR = 110, WBV_reg = 111, VADDS = 112, VMULADD = 113, VANDEI = 114,
    VMULOI = 115, VCEQ = 116, VCLT = 117 ;

//FS values
parameter
    pass_s = 5'h00, pass_t = 5'h01, add = 5'h02, sub = 5'h03,
    addu = 5'h04, subu = 5'h05, slt = 5'h06, sltu = 5'h07,
    fs_and = 5'h08, fs_or = 5'h09, fs_xor = 5'h0a, fs_nor = 5'h0b,
    sll = 5'h0c, srl = 5'h0d, sra = 5'h0e, andi = 5'h16,
    ori = 5'h17, lui = 5'h18, xori = 5'h19, inc = 5'h0f,
    dec = 5'h10, inc4 = 5'h11, dec4 = 5'h12, zeros = 5'h13,
    ones = 5'h14, sp_init = 5'h15, mult = 5'h1E, div = 5'h1F;

//enhanced FS values, some analogous ones are same as above
parameter
    raw_s = 5'h04, raw_t = 5'h05, adds = 5'h08, muladd = 5'h09,
    andei = 5'h02, vcmpc = 5'h06, vclti = 5'h07;

//state register (up to 512 states)
reg [8:0] state;

// updating the flags
always @(posedge sys_clk, posedge reset)
    if (reset==1'b1)
        {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z} = 5'b0;
    else
        {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z} = {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z};

/*****
* 440 MIPS CONTROL UNIT (Finite State Machine) *
*****/
always @(posedge sys_clk, posedge reset)
    if (reset)
        @(negedge sys_clk) begin //deassert all and send to RESET state
            {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0; //PC/IR sigs
            {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; //IM
            {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = sp_init;
            //IDP load sp_init
            {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
            #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
            {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
            {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b_0_00;
            int_ack=1'b0;//DM

            {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel} = 6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
            fpFS = 5'h0;

            {vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel} = 6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
            vpFS = 5'h0;
            Type_Sel = 1'b0;
            state = RESET;
        end
    else
        case (state)
        FETCH:
            @(negedge sys_clk)
            if (int_ack==0 & (intr==1 & ps_i==1))
                begin //*** new interrupt pending; prepare for ISR ***
                    // control word assignments for "deasserting" everything
                    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;

```

```

    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    FS = sp_init;
    int_ack = 0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b_0_00;
    {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel } = 6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
    fpFS = 5'h0;

    {vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel } = 6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
    vpFS = 5'h0;

    Type_Sel = 1'b0;
    state = INTR_1;
end
else
begin    /*** no new interrupt pending; fetch and instruction ***/
    if (int_ack==1 & intr==0) int_ack=1'b0;
    // control word assignments for IR <- iM[PC]; PC <- PC+4
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_1_1;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b1_1_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000;
    FS = sp_init;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b_0_00;
    {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel } =
        6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
    fpFS = 5'h0;
    {vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel }=6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
    vpFS = 5'h0;
    state = DECODE;
end
RESET:
@(negedge sys_clk)
begin
    // control word assignments for $sp <-- ALU_Out(32'h3FC)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_1_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_11_0_0_000; FS = sp_init;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b_0_00;
    {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel } = 6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
    fpFS = 5'h0;

    {vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel } = 6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
    vpFS = 5'h0;

    state = FETCH;
end
DECODE:
begin
    @(negedge sys_clk)
    if ( IR[31:26] == 6'h1F ) begin
        //check MIPS format for 'e_key': Enhanced Instructions
        //RS <- $rs, RT <- $rt (default), because fs=rs, and ft=rt in
        //Instruction Format
        {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    end
end

```

```

{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000;
    FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;                int_ack = 1'b0;
#1{ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
{io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b_0_00;
{fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel} =
                                                6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;

fpFS = 5'h0;

{vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel} = 'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
vpFS = 5'h0;

Type_Sel = 1'b1;
//$display("IR %h, es %h, et %h, ed %h, fmt %h, funct %h ", IR,
//IR[25:21], IR[20:16], IR[15:11], IR[10:6], IR[5:0] );
case ( IR[5:0] )
    // 6'OPCODE(1F) | 5'ES | 5'ET | 5'ED | 5'FMT | 6'FUNCT
    6'h00 : state = MVFR;           // F(ed) = {R(rs), R(rt)}
    6'h01 : state = FMULT;         // F(ed) = F(es) * F(et)
    6'h02 : state = FDIV;          // F(ed) = F(es) / F(et)
    6'h03 : state = FADD;          // F[ed] = F(es) + F(et)
    6'h04 : state = FSUB;          // F[ed] = F(es) - F(et)
    6'h05 : state = FZERO;         // F[ed] = 0.0

    6'h06 : state = MVVR;          // V(ed) = {R(rs), R(rt)}
    6'h07 : state = VADDS;         // V(ed) = {V(es) + V(et)}
                                   // Saturated 8 bit
    6'h08 : state = VMULADD;        // V(ed) = {V(es)*V(et) + V(ed)}
    6'h09 : state = VANDEI;        // V(ed) = {V(rs)&V(rt)}
                                   // even 8 bit ints
    6'h0A : state = VCEQ;          // V(ed) = {V(rs)==V(rt)} 8 bit
                                   // Equals compare
    6'h0B : state = VCLT;          // V(ed) = {V(rs)<V(rt)} 8 bit
                                   // less than compare

    default: state = ILLEGAL_OP;
endcase

end ///end enhanced instructions

else if ( IR[31:26] == 6'h0 ) // check for MIPS format
begin // it is an R-type format
    // control word assignments: RS <-- $rs    RT <-- $rt
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000;
        FS = 5'h0;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;                int_ack = 1'b0;
    #1{ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b_0_00;
    {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel} =
                                                6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;

    fpFS = 5'h0;
    {vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel} =
                                                6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;

    vpFS = 5'h0;
    case ( IR[5:0] )
        6'h00 : state = SLL;
        6'h02 : state = SRL;
        6'h03 : state = SRA;
        6'h08 : state = JR;
    endcase
end

```

```

        6'h0D : state = BREAK;
        6'h10 : state = MFHI;
        6'h12 : state = MFLO;
        6'h18 : state = MULT;
        6'h1A : state = DIV;
        6'h1F : state = SETIE;
        6'h20 : state = ADD;
        6'h21 : state = ADDU;
        6'h22 : state = SUB;
        6'h23 : state = SUBU;
        6'h24 : state = AND;
        6'h25 : state = OR;
        6'h26 : state = XOR;
        6'h27 : state = NOR;
        6'h2A : state = SLT;
        6'h2B : state = SLTU;
        default: state = ILLEGAL_OP;
    endcase
end // end of if for R-type Format
else
begin // it is an I-type or J-type format
    // control word assignments: RS <-- $rs RT <-- DT(se_16)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_1_0_000;
    FS = 5'h0;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack = 1'b0;
    #1{ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b_0_00;
    {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel } =
        6'b0_0_0_0_0_0_0;
    fpFS = 5'h0;
    {vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel } =
        6'b0_0_0_0_0_0_0;
    vpFS = 5'h0;
    case ( IR[31:26] )
        6'h02 : state = J;
        6'h03 : state = JAL; //R[31]=PC+8;PC=JumpAddr
        6'h04 : state = BEQ;
        6'h05 : state = BNE;
        6'h06 : state = BLEZ;
        6'h07 : state = BGTZ;
        6'h08 : state = ADDI;
        6'h0A : state = SLTI;
        6'h0B : state = SLTIU;
        6'h0C : state = ANDI;
        6'h0D : state = ORI;
        6'h0E : state = XORI;
        6'h0F : state = LUI;
        6'h1C : state = INPUT;
        6'h1D : state = OUTPUT;
        6'h1E : state = RETI;
        6'h2B : state = SW;
        6'h23 : state = LW;
        default: state = ILLEGAL_OP;
    endcase
end // end of else for I-type or J-type formats
end // end of DECODE

```

MVVR:

```

@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for

```

```

    //V[ed[63:0]] <-- {IntR[rs[31:0]], IntR[rt[31:0]]};
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel} = 6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
    fpFS = 5'h0;
    {vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel} = 6'b1_1_0_0_0_0;
    vpFS = pass_t;
    state = FETCH;
end

```

VADDS:

```

@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for
    // {carry,V[ed]} <-- V[eS] + V[eT];
    // V[ed] <-- carry ? (8'hFF) : V[ed];
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel} = 6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
    fpFS = 5'h0;
    {vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel} = 6'b1_0_0_0_0_0;
    vpFS = adds;
    state = FETCH;
end

```

VMULADD:

```

@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for V[ed] <-- V[eS] * V[eT] + V[ed];
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel} = 6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
    fpFS = 5'h0;
    {vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel} = 6'b1_0_0_0_0_0;
    vpFS = muladd;
    state = FETCH;
end

```

VANDEI:

```

@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for V[ed] <-- V[eS] & V[eT];
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel} = 6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
    fpFS = 5'h0;
    {vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel} = 6'b1_0_0_0_0_0;
    vpFS = andei;
    state = FETCH;
end

```

VCEQ:

```

@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for
    // V[ed] <-- (V[eS] == V[eT]) ? 8'hFF : 8'h0;

```

```

{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
{fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel} = 6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
fpFS = 5'h0;
{vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel} = 6'b1_0_0_0_0_0;
vpFS = vcmpe;
state = FETCH;
end

```

VCLT:

```

@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for
// V[ed] = (V[es] < V[et]) ? 8'hFF : 8'h0;
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
{fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel} = 6'b0_0_0_0_0_0;
fpFS = 5'h0;
{vD_En, vT_Sel, vDIN_Sel, vDOut_Sel, vY_Sel, vDA_Sel} = 6'b1_0_0_0_0_0;
vpFS = vclti;
state = FETCH;
end

```

MVFR:

```

@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for F[ed] = {rS,rT};
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'bxx_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
{fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel} = 6'b1_1_0_0_0_0;
fpFS = pass_t;
state = WBF_imm;
end

```

FMULT:

```

@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for F[ed] <-- F[es] * F[et]
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
{fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel} = 6'b1_0_0_0_0_0;
fpFS = mult;
state = FETCH;
end

```

FDIV:

```

@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for F[ed] <-- F[es] / F[et]
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
{fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel} = 6'b1_0_0_0_0_0;

```

```

    fpFS = div;
    state = FETCH;
end
FADD:
    @(negedge sys_clk) begin
        // control word assignments for F[ed] <-- F[es] + F[et]
        {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
        {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
        {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
        {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
        #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
        {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel } = 6'b1_0_0_0_0_0;
        fpFS = add;
        state = FETCH;
    end
FSUB:
    @(negedge sys_clk) begin
        // control word assignments for F[ed] <-- F[es] - F[et]
        {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
        {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
        {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
        {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
        #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
        {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel } = 6'b1_0_0_0_0_0;
        fpFS = sub;
        state = FETCH;
    end
FZERO:
    @(negedge sys_clk) begin
        // control word assignments for F[ed] <-- 0.0
        {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
        {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
        {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
        {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
        #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
        {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel } = 6'b1_0_0_0_0_0;
        fpFS = zeros;
        state = FETCH;
    end
WBF_imm:
    @(negedge sys_clk) begin
        // control word assignments for F[rd] <-- {RS,RT} on Long_Out wire
        {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
        {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
        {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
        {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=1'b0;
        #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
        {fD_En, fT_Sel, fDIN_Sel, fDOut_Sel, fY_Sel, fDA_Sel } = 6'b1_1_0_0_0_0;
        fpFS = pass_t;
        state = FETCH;
    end
SETIE:
    @(negedge sys_clk) begin
        // control word assignments: IE <-- 1'B1
        {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
        {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
        {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
        {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
        {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
        #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
        state = FETCH;
    end

```

end

INPUT:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignment for ALU_OUT <-- RS($rs) + RT(se_16)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = add;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack = 0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, n, z};
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00;
    state = INPUT_2;
end
```

INPUT\_2:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for D_in <-- IOM[ ALU_Out($rs+se_16) ]
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=1'b0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b1_1_0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00;
    state = WB_reg;
end
```

OUTPUT:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) + RT(se_16),
    // RT <-- $rt
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = add;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=1'b0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, n, z};
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00;
    state = OUTPUT_2;
end
```

OUTPUT\_2:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for IOM[ ALU_Out($rs+se_16) ] <-- RT($rt)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=1'b0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b1_0_1;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00;
    state = FETCH;
end
```

ADD:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments: ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) + RT($rt)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = add;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
```



```

#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, n, z};
{S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00;
state = WB_alu;
end

SUB:
  @(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments: ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) + RT($rt)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = sub;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, n, z};
    state = WB_alu;
  end

AND:
  @(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments: ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) + RT($rt)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = fs_and;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = WB_alu;
  end

XOR:
  @(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments: ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) ^ RT($rt)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = fs_xor;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = WB_alu;
  end

OR:
  @(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments: ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) | RT($rt)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = fs_or;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = WB_alu;
  end

NOR:
  @(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments: ALU_Out <-- ~(RS($rs) | RT($rt))
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = fs_nor;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = WB_alu;
  end

SLTU:
  @(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments: ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) < RT($rt) ? 1:0 unsigned

```

```

{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = sltu;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = WB_alu;
end

SLTIU:
  @(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments: ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) < RT($rt) ? 1:0 unsigned
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_1_0_000; FS = sltu;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = WB_imm;
  end

MFHI:
  @(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments: RegFile(rd) <-- HI
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_00_0_0_100; FS = 5'b0;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = FETCH;
  end

MFLO:
  @(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments: RegFile(rd) <-- LO
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_00_0_0_011; FS = 5'b0;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = FETCH;
  end

MULT:
  @(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments: {HI,LO} <-- RS($rs) * RT($rt)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_1_000; FS = mult;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, ps_v, n, z};
    state = FETCH;
  end

DIV:
  @(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // ctrl word assignments: HI <-- RS($rs) % RT($rt),
    // LO <-- RS($rs) / RT($rt)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_1_000; FS = div;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, ps_v, n, z};
    state = FETCH;
  end

```

XORI:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // ctrl word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) | {16'h0, RT[15:0]}
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_1_0_000; FS = xori;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = WB_imm;
end
```

ANDI:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // ctrl word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) | {16'h0, RT[15:0]}
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = andi;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = WB_imm;
end
```

ORI:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // ctrl word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) | {16'h0, RT[15:0]}
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = ori;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = WB_imm;
end
```

LUI:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for ALU_Out <-- { RT[15:0], 16'h0}
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'bxx_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = lui;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = WB_imm;
end
```

SW:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) + RT($rt),
    // RT <-- $rt
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = add;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = WB_mem;
end
```

BEQ:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) - RT($rt)
    // (affects zero flag)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
```

```

{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = sub;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = BEQ_2;
end
BEQ_2:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for if(zero==1) PC <-- (PC+4) + {SE_16[29:0],
// 2'b00} (Branch Addr.)
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = (z == 1'b1)? 5'b00_1_0_0 : 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_1_0_000; FS = sub;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = FETCH;
end

BNE:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) - RT($rt)
// (affects zero flag)
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = sub;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, n, z};
state = BNE_2;
end
BNE_2:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for if
// (zero flag==0) PC <-- (PC+4) + {SE_16[29:0], 2'b00} (Branch Addr.)
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = (z == 1'b0)? 5'b00_1_0_0 : 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_1_0_000; FS = sub;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = FETCH;
end

BLEZ:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) - RT($rt)
// (affects zero flag)
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = sub;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = BLEZ_2;
end
BLEZ_2:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for if
// (zero flag==0) PC <-- (PC+4) + {SE_16[29:0], 2'b00} (Branch Addr.)
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = (n == 1'b1 || z == 1'b1)? 5'b00_1_0_0 :
5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_1_0_000; FS = sub;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = FETCH;
end

```

BGTZ:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) - RT($rt)
    // (affects zero flag)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = sub;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = BGTZ_2;
end
```

BGTZ\_2:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // control word assignments for if
    // (zero flag==0) PC <-- (PC+4) + {SE_16[29:0], 2'b00} (Branch Addr.)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = (n == 1'b0&&z==1'b0)? 5'b00_1_0_0 :
    5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_1_0_000; FS = sub;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = FETCH;
end
```

ADDI:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // ctrl word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) + RT[se_16]
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = add;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, n, z};
    state = WB_imm;
end
```

SRL:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // ctrl word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RT($rt) >> (IR[10:6]) shamnt
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = srl;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = WB_alu;
end
```

J:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
    // ctrl word assignments for PC <-- {PC_out[31:28], IR_out[25:0],
    // 2'b00} (Jump Addr.)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b01_1_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
    state = FETCH;
end
```

JR:

```
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
```

```

// ctrl word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs)
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b10_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
{io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = JR_2;
end

JR_2:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// ctrl word assignments for PC <- ALU_Out($rs)
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b10_1_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
{io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = FETCH;
end

JAL:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
//ctrl word assignments RegFile($31) <-- PC
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_10_0_0_001; FS = 5'b0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = J;
end

SRA:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// ctrl word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RT($rt) >> (IR[10:6])
// shamnt (arith.)
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = sra;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
{io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, c, v, n, z};
state = WB_alu;
end

SLL:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// ctrl word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RT($rt) << (IR[10:6]) shamnt
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = sll;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = WB_alu;
end

SLT:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// ctrl word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) < RT($rt) ? 1:0
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = slt;

```

```

{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;                                int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = WB_alu;
end

SLTI:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// ctrl word assignments for ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) < RT[se_16] ? 1:0
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = slt;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;                                int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = WB_imm;
end

LW:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// ctrl word assignments ALU_Out <-- RS($rs) + RT($rt)
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = add;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = LW_2;
end

LW_2:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// ctrl word assignments ALU_Out <-- Dmem((RS($rs)+ RT($rt)))
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = add;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b1_1_0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = WB_reg;
end

WB_reg:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// ctrl word assignments R[rt] <-- ALU_Out
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_01_0_0_010; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = FETCH;
end

WB_alu:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for R[rd] <-- ALU_Out
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;                                int_ack=0;
{io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = FETCH;
end

WB_imm:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for R[rt] <-- ALU_Out
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;

```

```

{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_01_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=1'b0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = FETCH;
end

WB_mem:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for M[ ALU_Out($rs+se_16) ] <-- RT($rt)
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b1_0_1; int_ack=1'b0;
{io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
state = FETCH;
end

BREAK:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
$display("BREAK INSTRUCTION FETCHED %t", $time);
// control word assignments for "deasserting" everything
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
end
$display(" R E G I S T E R S   A F T E R   B R E A K");
$display(" ");
Dump_Registers; // task to output MIPS RegFiles
$display(" ");
//Dump_Data_Memory;
$display(" ");
//Dump_IO_Memory;
$finish;
end

ILLEGAL_OP:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
$display("ILLEGAL OPCODE FETCHED %t", $time);
// control word assignments for "deasserting" everything
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000; FS = 5'h0;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0; int_ack=1'b0;
#1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {ps_i, ps_c, ps_v, ps_n, ps_z};
Dump_Registers;
Dump_PC_and_IR;
$finish;
end

INTR_1: // steps to Save PC in dM[$sp-4] and Flags in dM[$sp-8],
//then PC loads address of interrupt vector PC <-dM[0x3FC];
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// control word assignments for ALU_Out <-- (($sp)-4)
//--reads $sp directly from regfile
$display("INTERRUPT REQUESTED");
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;

```



```

{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_11_0_0_000;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr}                 = 3'b0_0_0;
{io_cs, io_rd, io_wr}                 = 3'b0_0_0;
{S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 1_00;
FS = dec4;
int_ack = 1'b0;
state = INTR_2;
end

```

```

INTR_2:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// dM[ALU_Out($sp)] <-- PC, $sp <-- ALU_Out($sp-4)
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld}        = 5'b00_0_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr}                 = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_11_0_0_000;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr}                 = 3'b1_0_1;
{io_cs, io_rd, io_wr}                 = 3'b0_0_0;
{S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 1_01;
FLAGS = 5'b0;
FS = dec4;
int_ack = 1'b0;
state = INTR_3;
end

```

```

INTR_3:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld}        = 5'b00_0_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr}                 = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_11_0_0_000;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr}                 = 3'b1_0_1;
{io_cs, io_rd, io_wr}                 = 3'b0_0_0;
{S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 1_01;
FLAGS = 5'b0;
FS = dec4;
int_ack = 1'b0;
state = INTR_4;
end

```

```

INTR_4:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
// R[ALU_Out($sp)] <-- {27'b0, FLAGS}, $sp <-- ALU_Out($sp-4)
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld}        = 5'b00_0_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr}                 = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_11_0_0_000;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr}                 = 3'b1_0_1;
{io_cs, io_rd, io_wr}                 = 3'b0_0_0;
{S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 1_01;
FLAGS = 5'b0;
FS = dec4;
int_ack = 1'b0;
state = INTR_5;
end

```

```

INTR_5:
@(negedge sys_clk) begin
{pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld}        = 5'b00_0_0_0_0;
{im_cs, im_rd, im_wr}                 = 3'b0_0_0;
{D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_11_0_0_000;
{dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr}                 = 3'b1_0_1;
{io_cs, io_rd, io_wr}                 = 3'b0_0_0;
{S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 1_01;
FLAGS = 5'b0;
FS = dec4;

```

```

    int_ack = 1'b0;
    state   = INTR_6;
end

INTR_6: // pc and flags saved at this point
@ (negedge sys_clk) begin
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld}      = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr}              = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_11_0_0_000;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr}              = 3'b1_0_1;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr}              = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 1_10;
    FS = dec4;
    int_ack = 1'b0;
    state   = INTR_7;
end

INTR_7: //now steps to load PC with dM(3FC): PC <- dM[3FC]
@ (negedge sys_clk) begin
    //ALU_Out <- 0x3FC
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld}      = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr}              = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr}              = 3'b0_0_0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr}              = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00;
    FLAGS = 5'b0;
    FS = sp_init;
    int_ack = 1'b0;
    state   = INTR_8;
end

INTR_8:
@ (negedge sys_clk) begin
    //control word assignments for D_in <- dM[ALU_Out(0x3FC)]
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld}      = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr}              = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_11_0_0_000;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr}              = 3'b1_1_0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr}              = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00;
    FLAGS = 5'b0;
    FS = 5'b0;
    int_ack = 1'b0;
    state   = INTR_9;
end

INTR_9:
@ (negedge sys_clk) begin
    // PC <- D_in( dM[0x3FC] )
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld}      = 5'b10_1_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr}              = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_01_0_0_010;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr}              = 3'b0_0_0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr}              = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00; //S_Sel puts $29
    FLAGS = 5'b0;
    FS = 5'h0;
    int_ack = 1'b1;
    state   = FETCH;
end

RETI: //Pops the Flags, then the PC from the Stack

```

```

@ (negedge sys_clk) begin
    //Flags <- M[$sp]
    //ALU_Out <- passS($sp)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00;
    FLAGS = 5'b0;
    FS = 5'h0;
    int_ack = 1'b0;
    state = RETI_2;
end

RETI_2: //Pops the Flags, then the PC from the Stack
@ (negedge sys_clk) begin
    // Flags <- dM(Alu_Out(sp)) , ALUOut<- (sp+4)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_00_0_0_000;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b1_1_0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 1_00;
    #1 {ns_i, ns_c, ns_v, ns_n, ns_z} = {FLAGSIN};
    //the S_sel should be having (IE,cvnz) from the [$sp] in idp
    FS = inc4;
    int_ack = 1'b0;
    state = RETI_3;
end

RETI_3: //Pops the Flags, then the PC from the Stack
@ (negedge sys_clk) begin
    // $sp <- ALU_Out ($sp+4)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_11_0_0_000;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00;
    FS = inc4;
    int_ack = 1'b0;
    state = RETI_4;
end

RETI_4: //Pops the Flags, then the PC from the Stack
@ (negedge sys_clk) begin
    // AluOut<- passS($sp)
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En, DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_11_0_0_000;
    {dm_cs, dm_rd, dm_wr} = 3'b1_1_0;
    {io_cs, io_rd, io_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00;
    FLAGS = 5'b0;
    FS = inc4;
    int_ack = 1'b0;
    state = RETI_5;
end

RETI_5: //Pops the Flags, then the PC from the Stack
@ (negedge sys_clk) begin
    // PC <- D_in ( dM[$sp] )
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld} = 5'b10_1_0_0;
    {im_cs, im_rd, im_wr} = 3'b0_0_0;

```

```

{D_En,   DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b0_11_0_0_010;
{dm_cs,  dm_rd,  dm_wr}                 = 3'b1_1_0;
{io_cs,  io_rd,  io_wr}                 = 3'b0_0_0;
{S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00;
FLAGS   = 5'b0;
FS      = inc4;
int_ack = 1'b0;
state   = RETI_6;
end
RETI_6: //Pops the Flags, then the PC from the Stack
@ (negedge sys_clk) begin
    // $sp <- $sp+4
    {pc_sel, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld}       = 5'b00_0_0_0;
    {im_cs,  im_rd,  im_wr}             = 3'b0_0_0;
    {D_En,   DA_Sel, T_Sel, HILO_ld, Y_Sel} = 8'b1_11_0_0_000;
    {dm_cs,  dm_rd,  dm_wr}             = 3'b0_0_0;
    {io_cs,  io_rd,  io_wr}             = 3'b0_0_0;
    {S_Sel, D_Sel} = 3'b 0_00;
    FLAGS   = 5'b0;
    FS      = inc4;
    int_ack = 1'b0;
    state   = FETCH;
end

endcase //end of FSM logic

task Dump_Registers;
begin
    $display("                                GBRAINS  R e g i s t e r   D u m p                ");
    $display("*****");
    $display("      TIME          ||                      Regfile T ($ri)      ||          ");
    $display("*****");
    for(i = 0, j=0; i < 16; i = i + 1) begin
        j = i+16;
        @ (negedge sys_clk) begin
            #1 $write("time: %t \t $r[%1d]: %h",
                    $time, i[4:0], CPU_Test.cpu.idp.regfile.registers[i]);
            #1 $display("      $r[%2d]: %h",
                    j[4:0], CPU_Test.cpu.idp.regfile.registers[i+16]);
        end
    end

    $display("                                G B R A I N S   D o u b l e R e g i s t e r s                ");
    for(i = 0, j=0; i < 16; i = i + 1) begin
        j = i+16;
        @ (negedge sys_clk) begin
            #1 $write("time: %t \t $f[%1d]: %h",
                    $time, i[4:0], CPU_Test.cpu.fdp.regfile.registers[i]);
            #1 $display("      $f[%2d]: %h",
                    j[4:0], CPU_Test.cpu.fdp.regfile.registers[i+16]);
        end
    end

    $display("The double at F[$01] is %f",
        $bitstoreal(CPU_Test.cpu.fdp.regfile.registers[1]) );
    $display("The double at F[$02] is %f",
        $bitstoreal(CPU_Test.cpu.fdp.regfile.registers[2]) );
    $display("The double at F[$03] is %f",
        $bitstoreal(CPU_Test.cpu.fdp.regfile.registers[3]) );
    $display("The double at F[$04] is %f",
        $bitstoreal(CPU_Test.cpu.fdp.regfile.registers[4]) );
    $display("The double at F[$05] is %f",

```

```

    $bitstoreal(CPU_Test.cpu.fdp.regfile.registers[5]) );
$display("The double at F[$06] is %f",
    $bitstoreal(CPU_Test.cpu.fdp.regfile.registers[6]) );
$display("The double at F[$07] is %f",
    $bitstoreal(CPU_Test.cpu.fdp.regfile.registers[7]) );

$display("
                                GBRAINS V e c t o r R e g i s t e r s
");
for(i = 0, j=0; i < 16; i = i + 1) begin
    j = i+16;
    @(negedge sys_clk) begin
        #1 $write("time: %t \t $f[%1d]: %h",
            $time, i[4:0], CPU_Test.cpu.vdp.regfile.registers[i]);
        #1 $display("    $f[%2d]: %h",
            j[4:0], CPU_Test.cpu.vdp.regfile.registers[i+16]);
    end
end

end
endtask

task Dump_PC_and_IR;
begin
    $display("time: %t \t PC: %h", $time, CPU_Test.cpu.iu.PCreg.PC_out);
    $display("time: %t \t IR: %h", $time, CPU_Test.cpu.iu.IRReg.Q);
end
endtask

task Dump_Data_Memory;
begin
    $display("
                                CECS 440   D a t a M e m o r y   D u m p
");
    for(i = 8'hC0; i < 8'hFF; i=i+4) begin
        $display("time=%t DM[%1h]=%h", $time, i[8:0],
            {CPU_Test.dm.memory[i],
            CPU_Test.dm.memory[i+1],
            CPU_Test.dm.memory[i+2],
            CPU_Test.dm.memory[i+3]} );
    end

    $display("
                                CECS 440   W r i t t e n T o O n R e t u r n
");
    $display("time=%t DM[%1h]=%h", $time, 12'h3F0,
        {CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3F0],
        CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3F1],
        CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3F2],
        CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3F3]} );

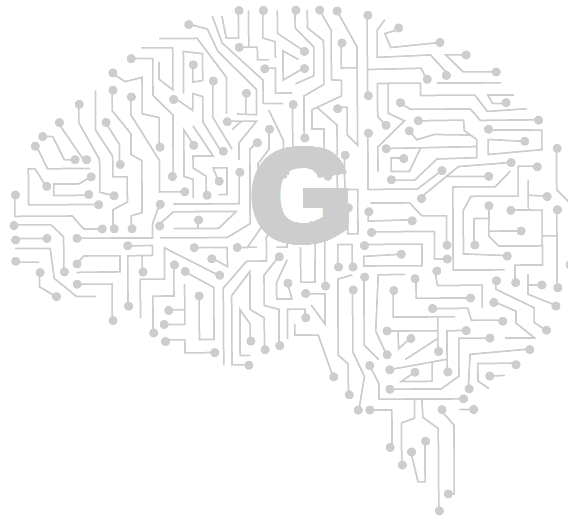
    $display("
                                CECS 440   S t a c k M e m o r y   D u m p
");
    $display("time=%t DM[%1h]=%h", $time, 12'h3F4,
        {CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3F4],
        CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3F5],
        CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3F6],
        CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3F7]} );

    $display("time=%t DM[%1h]=%h", $time, 12'h3F8,
        {CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3F8],
        CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3F9],
        CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3FA],
        CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3FB]} );

    $display("time=%t DM[%1h]=%h", $time, 12'h3FC,
        {CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3FC],
        CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3FD],
        CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3FE],

```

```
    CPU_Test.dm.memory[12'h3FF] } );  
  
end  
endtask  
  
task Dump_IO_Memory;  
begin  
    $display("                                CECS 440    IO M e m o r y    D u m p    ");  
    for(i = 8'hC0; i < 8'hFF; i=i+4) begin  
        $display("time=%t    IOM[%1h]=%h", $time, i[8:0],  
            {CPU_Test.io.memory[i],  
            CPU_Test.io.memory[i+1],  
            CPU_Test.io.memory[i+2],  
            CPU_Test.io.memory[i+3]} );  
    end  
end  
endtask  
endmodule
```



## INSTRUCTION\_UNIT

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
*
* Author(s): Brian Ortiz
*           Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename: INSTRUCTION_UNIT.v
* Date:     Oct. 25, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Lab 6
* Version:  1.1
*
* Notes:    Instruction Unit module, register file that holds the data
*           Writing to is synchronous, reading asynchronous.
*           Chip select (dm_cs) must asserted with dm_rd or dm_wr
*           simultaneously to read or write
*           Revision 10/25- Added PC_Mux
*
*****/
module INSTRUCTION_UNIT( CLK, RESET, im_cs, im_wr, im_rd, pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld, PC_in,
                        pc_sel, PC_out, IR_out, SE_16);

    input          CLK, RESET;
    input          im_cs, im_wr, im_rd;
    input          pc_ld, pc_inc, ir_ld;
    input [ 1:0]   pc_sel;
    input [31:0]   PC_in;

    output [31:0]  PC_out;
    output [31:0]  IR_out;
    output [31:0]  SE_16;

    wire [31:0] D_Out; //Instruction memory data out to IR register
    wire [31:0] PC_MUX; // for Instr. that adjust PC value

    PROGRAM_COUNTER PCreg   (CLK, RESET, pc_ld, pc_inc, PC_MUX, PC_out );
    DATA_MEMORY    IMemReg (CLK, im_cs, im_wr, im_rd, PC_out[11:0], 32'h0, D_Out);
    REG32            IRReg   (CLK, RESET, ir_ld, D_Out, IR_out );

    assign SE_16 = {{16{IR_out[15]}},IR_out[15:0]}; //sign ext. imm from instruction

    assign PC_MUX = (pc_sel == 2'h2)? PC_in:
                    (pc_sel == 2'h1)? {PC_out[31:28], IR_out[25:0], 2'b00}://jump addr
                                      PC_out + {SE_16[29:0], 2'b00}; //branch

endmodule
```

## INTEGER\_DATAPATH

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s):Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
*           Brian Ortiz
* Filename: INTEGER_DATAPATH.v
* Date:     Nov. 27, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Senior Project
* Version:  1.14
*
* Notes:    Integer Datapath module, routes data from outside sources to
*           destinations in execution phase of instruction cycle.
*           Instantiates the 32x32 Register file and ALU that performs operations.
*           Revision 10/9 - Added pipeline Registers for S,T,ALU_Out,D_in
*           Revision 10/16- Added DA_sel for selecting D_Addr from S_Addr field
*           Revision 10/25- Added additional DA mux selections, expanded DA_Sel
*           Revision 11/18- Added Shifting Amount input to Shifter in ALU
*           Revision 11/20- Added FLAGS input and FLAGS_Out for receiving and
*                           outputting flags register on interrupt states Also added
*                           S_Sel to set rs=$sp and D_Sel, for loading PC and flags
*                           in interrupt
*
*****/
module INTEGER_DATAPATH( CLK, RESET, FS, HILO_ld, D_En, D_Addr, S_Addr, T_Addr, DT,
                        T_Sel, PC_in, SHAMT,DA_sel, C, V, N, Z, DY, Y_Sel, ALU_OUT, D_OUT,
                        S_Sel, D_Sel, FLAGS, FLAGS_OUT, LONG_OUT);

    input CLK;
    input RESET;
    input [4:0] FS;          //ALU Function Select
    input HILO_ld;          //Load Mul/Dev result registers
    input D_En;              //D Register write enable
    input T_Sel;             //Select T input for ALU, either T from RegFile or DT
    input S_Sel;             //S_Sel alt for $sp
    input [31:0] DT;         //External T value for ALU
    input [31:0] DY;         //External Y value for Register D input
    input [31:0] PC_in;     //External PC value In

    input [4:0] FLAGS;       //present flags register from MCU
    input [4:0] D_Addr;      //D Reg Address
    input [4:0] S_Addr;      //S Reg Address
    input [4:0] T_Addr;      //T Reg Address
    input [4:0] SHAMT;       //Shifting amount

    input [2:0] Y_Sel;       //ALU_Out select 1-5: HI,LO,Y_lo, DY, PC_in
    input [1:0] DA_sel, D_Sel; //Select alternate Destination Address/DataOut
                                //for alt. IR format and Data.

    output C,V,N,Z;
    output [31:0] D_OUT;
    output [31:0] ALU_OUT;
    output [4:0] FLAGS_OUT; //to Flags register in MCU
    output [63:0] LONG_OUT; //64 bit out to Enhanced datapaths

    wire [4:0] Y_Mux, D_Mux, S_Mux;
    wire [31:0] S, T, T_Reg, T_Out, Y_hi, Y_lo, ALU_lo, HI_out, LO_out, T_Mux;
    wire [31:0] HI, LO, RS, RT, ALU_OutReg, D_in;
    reg [31:0] Y;

    REG32 HIReg (.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(HILO_ld), .D(Y_hi), .Q(HI) );
    REG32 LOReg (.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(HILO_ld), .D(Y_lo), .Q(LO) );
    REG32 RSReg (.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(1'b1), .D(S), .Q(RS) );
```



```

REG32 RTReg (.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(1'b1), .D(T_Mux), .Q(RT) );
REG32 ALUReg (.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(1'b1), .D(Y_lo), .Q(ALU_OutReg));
REG32 DinReg (.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(1'b1), .D(DY), .Q(D_in) );

REGFILE32 regfile (
    .CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .D_Addr(D_Mux),
    .S_Addr(S_Mux), .T_Addr(T_Addr), .D_EN(D_En), .D(ALU_OUT), //inputs
    .S(S), .T(T) //outputs
);

ALU_32 alu_ver1 (
    .S(RS), .T(RT), .SHAMT(SHAMT), .FS(FS), // inputs
    .Y_hi(Y_hi), .Y_lo(Y_lo), .C(C), .V(V), .N(N), .Z(Z) // outputs
);

assign LONG_OUT = {RS,RT}; ///64 bit output to enhanced datapaths

//DA-Mux, destination address mux
assign D_Mux = (DA_sel == 2'h3)? 5'h1D: //29 sp
               (DA_sel == 2'h2)? 5'h1F: //31 ra
               (DA_sel == 2'h1)? T_Addr: //IR[20:16]
               D_Addr; //IR[15:11]

// Y-Mux, decides which register is output on ALU_Out/Address
assign ALU_OUT = (Y_Sel == 3'h4) ? HI:
                 (Y_Sel == 3'h3) ? LO:
                 (Y_Sel == 3'h0) ? ALU_OutReg:
                 (Y_Sel == 3'h2) ? D_in:
                 (Y_Sel == 3'h1) ? PC_in: ALU_OutReg; //defaults to ALU

//T-Mux, decides whether T is loaded from external immediate or T from regfile
assign T_Mux = T_Sel ? DT : T;

//S-Mux, when asserted, sets the regfile S_Addr input to $sp. Used in interrupt
//This is used in INTR but not needed in RETI since rs has 1D
assign S_Mux = S_Sel ? 5'h1D : S_Addr;

//Flags to be read from bottom 5 bits of dM[$sp] input in interrupt return
assign FLAGS_OUT = S_Sel? DY[4:0] : 5'hx;

                                //'F1A9S' here as marker
assign D_OUT = (D_Sel == 2'h2)? {24'hF1A950,3'b000, FLAGS}: //flag output from MCU
               (D_Sel == 2'h1)? PC_in: //data output is raw PC
               RT; //default data from RT

endmodule

```

## FLOATINGPOINT\_DATAPATH

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s): Brian Ortiz
*           Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename:  FLOATINGPOINT_DATAPATH.v
* Project:   CECS 440 Senior Project GBRAINS
*
*****/
module FLOATINGPOINT_DATAPATH( CLK, RESET, D_EN, FS, D_Addr, S_Addr, T_Addr, FMT, DT,
    DY, T_Sel, DIN_Sel, DOut_Sel, Y_Sel, D_OUT );

    input CLK, RESET;
    input [4:0] FS;          //ALU Function Select

    input D_EN;             //D Register write enable
    input [4:0] D_Addr;     //D Reg Address
    input [4:0] S_Addr;     //S Reg Address
    input [4:0] T_Addr;     //T Reg Address
    input [4:0] FMT;        //Format specifier, for future single/double precision select
    input [63:0] DT;        //64 bit External Tvalue for ALU, gets Long Imm from IDPR
    input T_Sel,            //Select T input for ALU, either T from RegFile or DT,
        DIN_Sel,           //select which Din reg to load HI or LO, LO is 0
        DOut_Sel;          // choose hi or lo 32bit half of data to come out
    input [31:0] DY;        //External Y value for Register File D input
    input Y_Sel;            //Select Y that goes into regfile from ALU or Memory

    output [31:0] D_OUT;

    wire [63:0] Y, S, T, T_Mux, Y_Mux;
    wire [31:0] Din_HI, Din_LO, Y_hi, Y_lo;
    wire [4:0] DA_Mux;

    //two REG32 Y_lo, Y_hi always loaded, but muxed on output depending on mcu input
    REG32 Y_HIRESG(.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(1'b1), .D(Y[63:32]), .Q(Y_hi));
    REG32 Y_LORESG(.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(1'b1), .D(Y[31:0]), .Q(Y_lo));

    //DIN_Sel selects hi or lo to data in buffers to load, gets from memory
    REG32 DIN_HIRESG(.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(DIN_Sel), D(DY), .Q(Din_HI));
    REG32 DIN_LORESG(.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(~DIN_Sel), D(DY), .Q(Din_LO));

    //Regfile64 32 registers, 64 bits wide
    REGFILE64 regfile (.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET),
        .D_Addr(D_Addr), .S_Addr(S_Addr), .T_Addr(T_Addr),
        .D_EN(D_EN), .D(Y_Mux), .S(S), .T(T));

    //FPALU
    FPALU_64 fpalu ( .S(S), .T(T_Mux), .FS(FS), .Y(Y) );

    //TMux, select ALU T from regfile or external IDP Long IDP Regfile Immediate, 64bit,
    //used for immediates from IDP regfile
    assign T_Mux = T_Sel? DT : T;

    //Y_Mux, for ALU or external data buffers into RegFile data in
    assign Y_Mux = Y_Sel? {Din_HI, Din_LO} : Y;

    //D_OutMux, select hi or lo reg to come out on 32 bit data line
    assign D_OUT = DOut_Sel ? Y_hi : Y_lo;

endmodule
```

## VECTOR\_DATAPATH

```

`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s): Brian Ortiz
*           Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename:  VECTOR_DATAPATH.v
* Project:   CECS 440 Senior Project GBRAINS
*
* Notes:     Integer Datapath module, routes data from outside sources to
*           destinations in execution phase of instruction cycle.
*           Instantiates the 64x64 Register file and ALU that performs operations.
*
*****/

module VECTOR_DATAPATH(CLK, RESET, D_EN, FS, D_Addr, S_Addr, T_Addr, FMT, DT,
                      DY, T_Sel, DIN_Sel, DOut_Sel, Y_Sel, D_OUT );

  input CLK, RESET;
  input [4:0] FS;          //ALU Function Select

  input D_EN;              //D Register write enable
  input [4:0] D_Addr;      //D Reg Address
  input [4:0] S_Addr;      //S Reg Address
  input [4:0] T_Addr;      //T Reg Address
  input [4:0] FMT;         /**Format specifier, mostly unused in this edition VDP,
                          //for future packed data size select, now just for LW
  input [63:0] DT;         //32 bit External Tvalue for ALU, gets data out value
                          //from IDP

  input T_Sel,             //Select T input for ALU, either T from RegFile or DT,
    DIN_Sel,              //select which Din reg to load HI or LO, LO is 0
    DOut_Sel;             //choose hi or lo 32bit half of data to come out
  input [31:0] DY;         //External Y value for Register File D input
  input Y_Sel;            //Select Y that goes into regfile from ALU or Memory

  output [31:0] D_OUT;

  wire [63:0] Y, S, T, T_Mux, Y_Mux, Dreg;
  wire [31:0] Din_HI, Din_LO, Y_hi, Y_lo;
  wire [4:0] DA_Mux;

  //two REG32 Y_lo, Y_hi always loaded, but muxed on output depending on mcu input
  REG32 Y_HIRESG(.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(1'b1), .D(Y[63:32]), .Q(Y_hi));
  REG32 Y_LORESG(.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(1'b1), .D(Y[31:0]), .Q(Y_lo));

  //DIN_Sel selects hi or lo to data in buffers to load,
  REG32 DIN_HIRESG(.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(DIN_Sel), .D(DY), .Q(Din_HI));
  REG32 DIN_LORESG(.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET), .ld(~DIN_Sel), .D(DY), .Q(Din_LO));

  //Regfile64 32 registers, 64 bits wide, VREGFILE64, three outputs
  VREGFILE64 regfile (.CLK(CLK), .RESET(RESET),
    .D_Addr(D_Addr), .S_Addr(S_Addr), .T_Addr(T_Addr), .D_EN(D_EN),
    .D(Y_Mux), .S(S), .T(T), .DOUT(Dreg));

  //VALU, takes in three data inputs, one of which is D, which will get overwritten
  VALU_64 valu (.S(S), .T(T_Mux), .D(Dreg), .FS(FS), .FMT(FMT), .Y(Y));

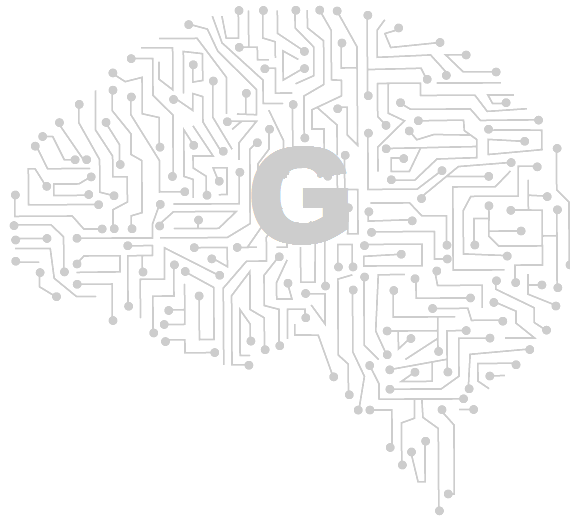
  //TMux, select ALU T from regfile or external IDP Reg Immediate,
  //64bit, used for immediate stores from IDP regfile
  assign T_Mux = T_Sel? DT : T;

```

```
//Y_Mux, for ALU or external data buffers into RegFile data in
assign Y_Mux = Y_Sel? {Din_HI, Din_LO} : Y;

//D_OutMux, select hi or lo reg to come out on 32 bit data line
assign D_OUT = DOut_Sel ? Y_hi : Y_lo;

endmodule
```



## DATA\_MEMORY

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s):Bryan Linares
*           Brian Ortiz
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename: DATA_MEMORY.v
* Date:     Oct. 9, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Lab 4
* Version:  1.0
*
* Notes:    Data Memory module, register file that holds the data
*           Writing to is synchronous, reading asynchronous.
*           Chip select (dm_cs) must asserted with dm_rd or dm_wr
*           simultaneously to read or write
*
*****/
module DATA_MEMORY( clk, dm_cs, dm_wr, dm_rd, Address, D_in, D_Out );

    input  clk, dm_cs, dm_wr, dm_rd; //Enables: chip select, write, read
    input  [11:0] Address;
    input  [31:0] D_in;
    output [31:0] D_Out;

    reg [7:0] memory[0:4095]; //big endian 4096x8 byte addressable

    //synchronous writes
    always@(posedge clk)
        if(dm_cs & dm_wr)
            {memory[Address + 0],memory[Address + 1],
             memory[Address + 2],memory[Address + 3]} <= D_in;

    //asynchronous reading
    assign D_Out = (dm_cs & dm_rd)?
        {memory[Address + 0],memory[Address + 1],
         memory[Address + 2],memory[Address + 3]}
        : 32'hZ;

endmodule
```



## IO\_MODULE

```

`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s):Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
*           Brian Ortiz
* Filename: IO_Module.v
* Date:     Nov. 17, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Lab 4
*
* Notes:    IO Memory module, register file that holds the data.
*           Writing to is synchronous, reading asynchronous.
*           Chip select (iom_cs) must be asserted with iom_rd or iom_wr
*           simultaneously to read or write
*
*****/
module IO_Module( clock, io_cs, io_rd, io_wr, Address, int_ack, intr, IO_in, IO_out);

    input          clock, int_ack;
    input          io_cs, io_wr, io_rd; //Enables: chip select, write, read
    input  [11:0]  Address;
    input  [31:0]  IO_in;
    output reg     intr;
    output [31:0]  IO_out;

    reg [7:0] memory[0:4095]; //big endian 4096x8 byte addressable

    initial begin
        intr = 0;
        #1000 intr = 1;
        @(posedge int_ack) intr = 0;
    end

    //synchronous writes
    always@(posedge clock)
        if(io_cs & io_wr)
            {memory[Address + 0], memory[Address + 1],
             memory[Address + 2], memory[Address + 3]} <= IO_in;

        else begin
            memory[Address+0] = memory[Address+0];
            memory[Address+1] = memory[Address+1];
            memory[Address+2] = memory[Address+2];
            memory[Address+3] = memory[Address+3];
        end

    //asynchronous reading
    assign IO_out = (io_cs & io_rd)?
        {memory[Address + 0], memory[Address + 1],
         memory[Address + 2], memory[Address + 3]}
        : 32'hZ;

endmodule

```

## INTEGER\_ALU

```

`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author:    Bryan Linares
*           Brian Ortiz
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename:  ALU_32.v
* Date:      Sep. 11, 2018
* Project:   CECS 440 Lab 1
* Version:   1.0
*
* Notes:     32 bit ALU wrapper module for MIPS ISA.
*           FS is 5 bit function select input. Input
*           operands S and T . C,V,N,Z, Y_hi,Y_lo outputs
*****/
module ALU_32( S, T, SHAMT, FS, Y_hi, Y_lo, C, V, N, Z);

    input [4:0] FS, SHAMT;
    input [31:0] S;
    input [31:0] T;

    output      C, V, N, Z;
    output [31:0] Y_hi;
    output [31:0] Y_lo;

    wire mips_c, bs_c;
    wire [31:0] Y, mpy_hi, mpy_lo, div_rem, div_quot, mips_y, bs_y;
    wire [63:0] mpy_product;

    MIPS_32 mips ( S, T, FS, V, mips_c, mips_y);

    MPY_32 mul    ( S, T, mpy_product);

    DIV_32 div    ( S, T, div_rem, div_quot);

    Barrel_Shifter bs ( .FS(FS), .SHAMT(SHAMT), .T(T), .SHFT_OUT(bs_y), .C(bs_c));

    assign mpy_hi = mpy_product[63:32];
    assign mpy_lo = mpy_product[31:0];

    assign {Y_hi, Y_lo, N} = (FS == 5'h1E) ? {mpy_hi, mpy_lo, mpy_hi[31]}:
                              (FS == 5'h1F) ? {div_rem, div_quot, div_quot[31]}:
                              (FS == 5'h0C ||
                               FS == 5'h0D ||
                               FS == 5'h0E) ? {32'b0, bs_y, bs_y[31]}:
                              {32'b0, mips_y, mips_y[31]};

    assign C = (FS == 5'h1e) ? 1'bx:
               (FS == 5'h1f) ? 1'bx:
               (FS == 5'h0C ||
                FS == 5'h0D ||
                FS == 5'h0E) ? bs_c:
                           mips_c;

    assign Z = ((Y_hi == 16'h0) && (Y_lo == 16'h0)) ? 1'b1 : 1'b0;

endmodule

```

## FLOATINGPOINT\_ALU

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
*Author(s): Brian Ortiz
*           Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename: FPALU.v
* Project:  CECS 440 Senior Project GBRAINS
*
*****/
module FPALU_64( S, T, FS, Y);

input [63:0] S, T;
input [4:0] FS;

output reg [63:0] Y;

parameter PASS_S = 5'h00, PASS_T = 5'h01, ADD   = 5'h02, SUB = 5'h03,
          MULT   = 5'h1E, DIV   = 5'h1F, ZERO  = 5'h13;

real fpY, fpS, fpT;

always @(*) begin
    fpS = $bitstoreal(S);
    fpT = $bitstoreal(T);

    case (FS)
        PASS_S: fpY = fpS;           // pass S
        PASS_T: fpY = fpT;           // pass T
        ADD:    fpY = fpS + fpT;     // Addition
        SUB:    fpY = fpS - fpT;     // Subtraction R-S
        MULT:   fpY = fpS * fpT;     // Multiply
        DIV:    fpY = fpS / fpT;     // Division S/T
        ZERO:   fpY = 0.0;           // zero
        default: fpY = 64'hx;
    endcase

    Y = $realtobits(fpY);
end
endmodule
```



## VECTOR\_ALU

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s): Brian Ortiz
*           Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
*
* Filename: VALU_64.v
* Project: CECS 440 Senior Project GBRAINS
*
* Credit: Based on functions found in the AltiVec Technology Programming
*         Interface Manual
* Notes: Performs vectored integer operations on combined 32-bit values passed in on
*         three 64bit inputs, outputting to one 64-bit output.
*
*****/
module VALU_64(S, T, D, FS, FMT, Y);

    input  [63:0] S, T, D;
    input   [ 4:0] FS, FMT;

    output reg [63:0] Y;

    reg      [ 7:0] carry;

    parameter
    ADDS = 5'h08,    MULADD = 5'h09,    ANDEI = 5'h02,
    VCMPE = 5'h06,   VCLT  = 5'h07,    PASS_S = 5'h00,
    PASS_T = 5'h01;

    //bits to integer, so verilog math operators work
    integer S_hi, S_lo, D_hi;
    integer T_hi, T_lo, D_lo;
    integer int_d;

    always @ (*) begin

        //Split inputs for easier indexing
        S_hi = S[63:32]; S_lo = S[31: 0];
        T_hi = T[63:32]; T_lo = T[31: 0];
        D_hi = D[63:32]; D_lo = D[31: 0];
        int_d = D;
        carry = 8'b0;

        case (FS)

            ADDS: //ADD SATURATED 8 Bit Signed
            begin
                {carry[0], Y[ 7: 0]} = S[ 7: 0] + T[ 7: 0];
                {carry[1], Y[15: 8]} = S[15: 8] + T[15: 8];
                {carry[2], Y[23:16]} = S[23:16] + T[23:16];
                {carry[3], Y[31:24]} = S[31:24] + T[31:24];
                {carry[4], Y[39:32]} = S[39:32] + T[39:32];
                {carry[5], Y[47:40]} = S[47:40] + T[47:40];
                {carry[6], Y[55:48]} = S[55:48] + T[55:48];
                {carry[7], Y[63:56]} = S[63:56] + T[63:56];

                Y[ 7: 0] = (carry[0]) ? 8'hFF: Y[ 7: 0]; //if the sum had a carry,
                Y[15: 8] = (carry[1]) ? 8'hFF: Y[15: 8]; //this clamps the value to
                Y[23:16] = (carry[2]) ? 8'hFF: Y[23:16]; //the max within the 8 bits: 8'FF
                Y[31:24] = (carry[3]) ? 8'hFF: Y[31:24];
                Y[39:32] = (carry[4]) ? 8'hFF: Y[39:32];
            end
        endcase
    end
endmodule
```

```

Y[47:40] = (carry[5]) ? 8'hFF: Y[47:40];
Y[55:48] = (carry[6]) ? 8'hFF: Y[55:48];
Y[63:56] = (carry[7]) ? 8'hFF: Y[63:56]; //over carry drops off

end

MULADD: //Multiply and Add 32 BIT Signed, Multiplies the 32 bit
        //integers in S and T, then adds 64 bit D
begin
    Y[ 31: 0] = (S_lo * T_lo ) + int_d;
    Y[ 63:32] = (S_hi * T_hi ) + int_d;
end

ANDEI:   //AND Unsigned 8 bit Integers, ands every 8 bit in the operands
begin
    Y[ 7: 0] = S[ 7: 0] & T[ 7: 0];
    Y[15: 8] = S[15: 8] & T[15: 8];
    Y[23:16] = S[23:16] & T[23:16];
    Y[31:24] = S[31:24] & T[31:24];
    Y[39:32] = S[39:32] & T[39:32];
    Y[47:40] = S[47:40] & T[47:40];
    Y[55:48] = S[55:48] & T[55:48];
    Y[63:56] = S[63:56] & T[63:56];
end

VCMPE:   //Vectored 8 BIT Compare if Equal,8 bit element
        //in S is equal to parallel element in T
begin
    Y[ 7: 0] = (S[ 7: 0]==T[ 7: 0]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[15: 8] = (S[15: 8]==T[15: 8]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[23:16] = (S[23:16]==T[23:16]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[31:24] = (S[31:24]==T[31:24]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[39:32] = (S[39:32]==T[39:32]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[47:40] = (S[47:40]==T[47:40]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[55:48] = (S[55:48]==T[55:48]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[63:56] = (S[63:56]==T[63:56]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
end

VCLT:    //compare if less than, Compares if 8 bit element in S is
        //less than parallel element in T
begin
    Y[ 7: 0] = (S[ 7: 0]<T[ 7: 0]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[15: 8] = (S[15: 8]<T[15: 8]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[23:16] = (S[23:16]<T[23:16]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[31:24] = (S[31:24]<T[31:24]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[39:32] = (S[39:32]<T[39:32]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[47:40] = (S[47:40]<T[47:40]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[55:48] = (S[55:48]<T[55:48]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
    Y[63:56] = (S[63:56]<T[63:56]) ? 8'hFF: 8'b0;
end

PASS_S:  Y = S;    //PASS S
PASS_T:  Y = T;    //PASS T used when receiving val from IDP,
                  //to direct into Regfile

default: Y = T;

endcase
end

endmodule

```

## INTEGER\_REGISTER\_FILE

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author:   Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
*           Brian Ortiz
* Filename: REGFILE32.v
* Date:     Sep. 20, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Lab 2
* Version:  1.0
*
* Notes:    32 bit wide, 32 bits deep register file module for MIPS ISA.
*           Contains the user registers for a given processor.
*           Contains 32 general registers, each 32 bits wide.
*           registers[0] (mips $r0) is read only. Always has value 0 (Zero)
*
*****/
module REGFILE32(CLK, RESET, D_Addr, S_Addr, T_Addr, D_EN, D, S, T);

    input CLK;
    input RESET;

    input      D_EN;
    input [4:0] D_Addr;
    input [4:0] S_Addr;
    input [4:0] T_Addr;
    input [31:0] D;

    output [31:0] S;
    output [31:0] T;

    reg [31:0] registers [31:0];

    //Write Section - synchronous on posedge clock and reset signals
    always@(posedge CLK, posedge RESET)
        if(RESET)
            registers[0] <= 32'b0;
        else
            if(D_EN)
                registers[D_Addr] <= (D_Addr == 5'b0) ? registers[D_Addr] : D;
            //otherwise, registers doesn't change

    //Read Section - asynchronous, continuous assign statements
    assign S = registers[S_Addr];
    assign T = registers[T_Addr];

endmodule
```

## FLOATINGPOINT\_REGISTER\_FILE

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s): Brian Ortiz
*           Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename:  REGFILE64.v
* Project:   CECS 440 Senior Project GBRAINS
*
*****/
module REGFILE64(CLK, RESET, D_Addr, S_Addr, T_Addr, D_EN, D, S, T);

    input CLK;
    input RESET;

    input      D_EN;
    input [4:0] D_Addr;
    input [4:0] S_Addr;
    input [4:0] T_Addr;
    input [63:0] D;

    output [63:0] S;
    output [63:0] T;

    reg [63:0] registers [31:0];

    //Write Section - synchronous on posedge clock and reset signals
    always@(posedge CLK, posedge RESET) //can write to any register
        if(D_EN)
            registers[D_Addr] <= D;
            //otherwise, registers don't change

    //Read Section - asynchronous, continuous assign statements
    assign S = registers[S_Addr];
    assign T = registers[T_Addr];

endmodule
```



## VECTOR\_REGISTER\_FILE

```

`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s): Brian Ortiz
*           Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename: VREGFILE64.v
* Project:  CECS 440 Senior Project GBRAINS
*
*****/
module VREGFILE64(CLK, RESET, D_Addr, S_Addr, T_Addr, D_EN, D, S, T, DOUT);

    input CLK;
    input RESET;

    input      D_EN;
    input [4:0] D_Addr;
    input [4:0] S_Addr;
    input [4:0] T_Addr;
    input [63:0] D;

    output [63:0] S;
    output [63:0] T;
    output [63:0] DOUT;

    reg [63:0] registers [31:0];

    //Write Section - synchronous on posedge clock and reset signals
    always@(posedge CLK, posedge RESET) //can write to any register
        if(D_EN)
            registers[D_Addr] <= D;
        //otherwise, registers don't change

    //Read Section - asynchronous, continuous assign statements
    assign S = registers[S_Addr];
    assign T = registers[T_Addr];
    assign DOUT = registers[D_Addr];
endmodule

```



## PROGRAM\_COUNTER

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s):Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
*           Brian Ortiz
* Filename: PROGRAM_COUNTER.v
* Date:     Oct. 16, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Lab 5
* Version:  1.0
*
* Notes:    Program Counter module, register that holds the PC
*           Can be loaded and incremented by value of 4.
*           pc_ld active-hi loads the Reg and pc_inc counts up.
*           PC reg is 32 bits wide.
*
*****/
module PROGRAM_COUNTER( CLK, RESET, pc_ld, pc_inc, PC_in, PC_out );

    input CLK, RESET;
    input pc_ld, pc_inc;
    input [31:0] PC_in;
    output reg [31:0] PC_out;

    always@(posedge CLK, posedge RESET)
    if(RESET)
        PC_out <= 32'h0;
    else
        begin
            case({pc_inc,pc_ld})
                2'b01: PC_out <= PC_in;
                2'b10: PC_out <= PC_out + 4;
                default: PC_out <= PC_out;
            endcase
        end
    endmodule
```



## MIPS\_32BIT

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author:   Bryan Linares
*           Brian Ortiz
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename: MIPS_32.v
* Date:     Sep. 11, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Lab 1
* Version:  1.0
*
* Notes:    32 bit ALU operations module for MIPS ISA
*
*****/

module MIPS_32( S, T, FS, V, C, Y );

    input [31:0] S;
    input [31:0] T;
    input [4:0] FS;

    output reg V;
    output reg C;
    output reg [31:0] Y;

    //Symbolic Constants for Operations,
    parameter PASS_S = 5'h00, PASS_T = 5'h01, ADD = 5'h02, SUB = 5'h03,
              ADDU = 5'h04, SUBU = 5'h05, SLT = 5'h06, SLTU = 5'h07,
              AND = 5'h08, OR = 5'h09, XOR = 5'h0A, NOR = 5'h0B,
              SLL = 5'h0C, SRL = 5'h0D, SRA = 5'h0E, ANDI = 5'h16,
              ORI = 5'h17, LUI = 5'h18, XORI = 5'h19, INC = 5'h0F,
              DEC = 5'h10, INC4 = 5'h11, DEC4 = 5'h12, ZEROS = 5'h13,
              ONES = 5'h14, SP_INIT = 5'h15 ;

    always @ (*) begin
        {C, V} = {1'bX, 1'bX}; //If flag unaffected set to X
        case(FS)

        PASS_S: begin
            Y = S;
            {C, V} = {1'bX, 1'bX};
        end
        PASS_T: begin
            Y = T;
            {C, V} = {1'bX, 1'bX};
        end
        ADD: begin
            {C, Y} = S + T;
            if((S[31] == 1'b1) && (T[31] == 1'b1))
                V = (Y[31]) ? 1'b0 : 1'b1;
            if((S[31] == 1'b0) && (T[31] == 1'b0))
                V = (Y[31]) ? 1'b1 : 1'b0;
            else
                V = 1'b0;
            end
        SUB: begin
            {C, Y} = S - T;
            if((S[31] == 1'b0) && (T[31] == 1'b1))
                V = (Y[31]) ? 1'b1 : 1'b0;
            if((S[31] == 1'b1) && (T[31] == 1'b0))
                V = (Y[31]) ? 1'b0 : 1'b1;
            else

```

```

        V = 1'b0;
    end
ADDU: begin
    {C, Y} = S + T;
    if((Y < S) && (Y < T)) //if Carry 1, Overflowed
        V = 1'b1;
    else
        V = 1'b0;
    end
SUBU: begin
    {C, Y} = S - T;
    if(S < T)
        V = 1'b1;
    else
        V = 1'b0;
    end
SLT: begin
    Y = S - T;
    Y = (Y[31] == 1'b1) ? 1'b1 : 1'b0;
    {C, V} = {2'bXX};
    end
SLTU: begin
    Y = (S < T) ? 1'b1 : 1'b0;
    {C, V} = {2'bXX};
    end
AND: begin
    Y = S & T;
    {C, V} = {2'bXX};
    end
OR: begin
    Y = S | T;
    {C, V} = {2'bXX};
    end
XOR: begin
    Y = S ^ T;
    {C, V} = {2'bXX};
    end
NOR: begin
    Y = ~(S | T);
    {C, V} = {2'bXX};
    end
SLL: begin
    {C, Y} = T << 1;
    V = 1'bx;
    end
SRL: begin
    {C, Y} = {T[0], T >> 1};
    V = 1'bx;
    end
SRA: begin
    {C, Y} = {T[0], T[31], T[31:1]};
    V = Y[31] ^ T[31];
    end
ANDI: begin
    Y = S & {16'h0, T[15:0]};
    end
ORI: begin
    Y = S | {16'h0, T[15:0]};
    end
LUI: begin
    Y = {T[15:0], 16'h0};
    end
XORI: begin

```



```

        Y = S ^ {16'h0, T[15:0]};
    end
INC: begin
    {C, Y} = S + 1;
    if(S[31] == 1'b0)
        V = (Y[31]) ? 1'b1 : 1'b0;
    else
        V = 1'b0;
    end
DEC: begin
    {C, Y} = S - 1;
    if(S[31] == 1'b0)
        V = (Y[31]) ? 1'b1 : 1'b0;
    else
        V = 1'b0;
    end
INC4: begin
    {C, Y} = S + 4;
    if(S[31] == 1'b0)
        V = (Y[31]) ? 1'b1 : 1'b0;
    else
        V = 1'b0;
    end
DEC4: begin
    {C, Y} = S - 4;
    if(S[31] == 1'b0)
        V = (Y[31]) ? 1'b1 : 1'b0;
    else
        V = 1'b0;
    end
ZEROS: begin
    Y = 32'h0;
    end
ONES: begin
    Y = 32'hFFFFFFF;
    end
SP_INIT: begin
    Y = 32'h3FC;
    end
default: begin //pass Source operand on default
    Y = S;
    {C, V} = {2'bXX};
    end
endcase
end // end of always
endmodule

```

## MULTIPLICATION\_32BIT

```

`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author:   Bryan Linares
*           Brian Ortiz
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename: MPY_32.v
* Date:     Sep. 11, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Lab 1
* Version:  1.0
*
* Notes:    32 bit Multiplication module for MIPS ISA.
*           Casts raw input to Integer type for built-in calculation.
*
*****/
module MPY_32( s, t, product );

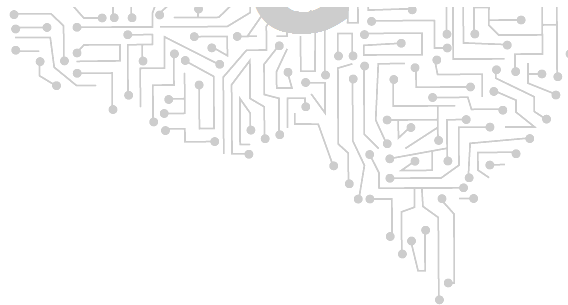
    input [31:0] s;
    input [31:0] t;

    output reg [63:0] product;

    integer int_s, int_t;

    always@(*) begin
        int_s = s;
        int_t = t;
        product = int_s * int_t;
    end
endmodule

```



*DIVISON\_32BIT*

```

`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author:    Bryan Linares
* Filename:  MPY_32.v
* Date:      Sep. 11, 2018
* Project:   CECS 440 Lab 1
* Version:   1.0
*
* Notes:     32 bit Division module for MIPS ISA
*            Casts raw input to Integer type for calculation.
*****/
module DIV_32( s, t, remainder, quotient );

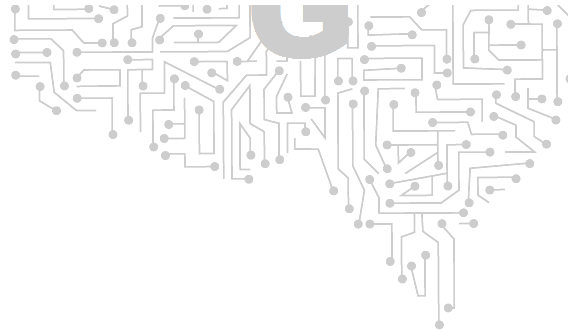
    input [31:0] s;
    input [31:0] t;

    output reg [31:0] remainder;
    output reg [31:0] quotient;

    integer int_s, int_t;

    always@(*) begin
        int_s = s;
        int_t = t;
        quotient = int_s / int_t;
        remainder = int_s % int_t;
    end
endmodule

```



## BARREL\_SHIFTER

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s): Brian Ortiz
*           Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename: Barrel_Shifter.v
* Project: CECS 440 Senior Project GBRAINS
*
*****/
module Barrel_Shifter(FS, SHAMT, T, SHFT_OUT, C);
    input [4:0] FS, SHAMT;    // Function type and amount to be shifted
    input [31:0] T;           //data input
    output reg C;             // Carry flag
    output reg [31:0] SHFT_OUT; // data output
    always@(*)
        case(FS)
            5'h0C: // SLL
                case(SHAMT)
                    5'd 0: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {1'b0, T};
                    5'd 1: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[31], T[30:0], 1'b0};
                    5'd 2: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[30], T[29:0], 2'b0};
                    5'd 3: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[29], T[28:0], 3'b0};
                    5'd 4: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[28], T[27:0], 4'b0};
                    5'd 5: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[27], T[26:0], 5'b0};
                    5'd 6: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[26], T[25:0], 6'b0};
                    5'd 7: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[25], T[24:0], 7'b0};
                    5'd 8: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[24], T[23:0], 8'b0};
                    5'd 9: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[23], T[22:0], 9'b0};
                    5'd10: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[22], T[21:0], 10'b0};
                    5'd11: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[21], T[20:0], 11'b0};
                    5'd12: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[20], T[19:0], 12'b0};
                    5'd13: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[19], T[18:0], 13'b0};
                    5'd14: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[18], T[17:0], 14'b0};
                    5'd15: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[17], T[16:0], 15'b0};
                    5'd16: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[16], T[15:0], 16'b0};
                    5'd17: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[15], T[14:0], 17'b0};
                    5'd18: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[14], T[13:0], 18'b0};
                    5'd19: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[13], T[12:0], 19'b0};
                    5'd20: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[12], T[11:0], 20'b0};
                    5'd21: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[11], T[10:0], 21'b0};
                    5'd22: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[10], T[ 9:0], 22'b0};
                    5'd23: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 9], T[ 8:0], 23'b0};
                    5'd24: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 8], T[ 7:0], 24'b0};
                    5'd25: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 7], T[ 6:0], 25'b0};
                    5'd26: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 6], T[ 5:0], 26'b0};
                    5'd27: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 5], T[ 4:0], 27'b0};
                    5'd28: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 4], T[ 3:0], 28'b0};
                    5'd29: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 3], T[ 2:0], 29'b0};
                    5'd30: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 2], T[ 1:0], 30'b0};
                    5'd31: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 1], T[0], 31'b0};

                endcase
            5'h0D: // SRL
                case(SHAMT)
                    5'd 0: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {1'b0, T};
                    5'd 1: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 0], 1'b0, T[31: 1]};
                    5'd 2: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 1], 2'b0, T[31: 2]};
                    5'd 3: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 2], 3'b0, T[31: 3]};
                    5'd 4: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 3], 4'b0, T[31: 4]};
                    5'd 5: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 4], 5'b0, T[31: 5]};
                    5'd 6: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 5], 6'b0, T[31: 6]};
```

```

5'd 7: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 6], 7'b0, T[31: 7]};
5'd 8: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 7], 8'b0, T[31: 8]};
5'd 9: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 8], 9'b0, T[31: 9]};
5'd10: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[ 9], 10'b0, T[31: 10]};
5'd11: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[10], 11'b0, T[31: 11]};
5'd12: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[11], 12'b0, T[31: 12]};
5'd13: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[12], 13'b0, T[31: 13]};
5'd14: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[13], 14'b0, T[31: 14]};
5'd15: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[14], 15'b0, T[31: 15]};
5'd16: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[15], 16'b0, T[31: 16]};
5'd17: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[16], 17'b0, T[31: 17]};
5'd18: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[17], 18'b0, T[31: 18]};
5'd19: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[18], 19'b0, T[31: 19]};
5'd20: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[19], 20'b0, T[31: 20]};
5'd21: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[20], 21'b0, T[31: 21]};
5'd22: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[21], 22'b0, T[31: 22]};
5'd23: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[22], 23'b0, T[31: 23]};
5'd24: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[23], 24'b0, T[31: 24]};
5'd25: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[24], 25'b0, T[31: 25]};
5'd26: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[25], 26'b0, T[31: 26]};
5'd27: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[26], 27'b0, T[31: 27]};
5'd28: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[27], 28'b0, T[31: 28]};
5'd29: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[28], 29'b0, T[31: 29]};
5'd30: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[29], 30'b0, T[31: 30]};
5'd31: {C,SHFT_OUT} = {T[30], 31'b0, T[31]};
endcase
5'h0E: // SRA
case (SHAMT)
5'd 0: {SHFT_OUT} = T;
5'd 1: {SHFT_OUT} = {T[31], T[31: 1]};
5'd 2: {SHFT_OUT} = {{2{T[31]}}, T[31:2]};
5'd 3: {SHFT_OUT} = {{3{T[31]}}, T[31:3]};
5'd 4: {SHFT_OUT} = {{4{T[31]}}, T[31:4]};
5'd 5: {SHFT_OUT} = {{5{T[31]}}, T[31:5]};
5'd 6: {SHFT_OUT} = {{6{T[31]}}, T[31:6]};
5'd 7: {SHFT_OUT} = {{7{T[31]}}, T[31:7]};
5'd 8: {SHFT_OUT} = {{8{T[31]}}, T[31:8]};
5'd 9: {SHFT_OUT} = {{9{T[31]}}, T[31:9]};
5'd10: {SHFT_OUT} = {{10{T[31]}}, T[31:10]};
5'd11: {SHFT_OUT} = {{11{T[31]}}, T[31:11]};
5'd12: {SHFT_OUT} = {{12{T[31]}}, T[31:12]};
5'd13: {SHFT_OUT} = {{13{T[31]}}, T[31:13]};
5'd14: {SHFT_OUT} = {{14{T[31]}}, T[31:14]};
5'd15: {SHFT_OUT} = {{15{T[31]}}, T[31:15]};
5'd16: {SHFT_OUT} = {{16{T[31]}}, T[31:16]};
5'd17: {SHFT_OUT} = {{17{T[31]}}, T[31:17]};
5'd18: {SHFT_OUT} = {{18{T[31]}}, T[31:18]};
5'd19: {SHFT_OUT} = {{19{T[31]}}, T[31:19]};
5'd20: {SHFT_OUT} = {{20{T[31]}}, T[31:20]};
5'd21: {SHFT_OUT} = {{21{T[31]}}, T[31:21]};
5'd22: {SHFT_OUT} = {{22{T[31]}}, T[31:22]};
5'd23: {SHFT_OUT} = {{23{T[31]}}, T[31:23]};
5'd24: {SHFT_OUT} = {{24{T[31]}}, T[31:24]};
5'd25: {SHFT_OUT} = {{25{T[31]}}, T[31:25]};
5'd26: {SHFT_OUT} = {{26{T[31]}}, T[31:26]};
5'd27: {SHFT_OUT} = {{27{T[31]}}, T[31:27]};
5'd28: {SHFT_OUT} = {{28{T[31]}}, T[31:28]};
5'd29: {SHFT_OUT} = {{29{T[31]}}, T[31:29]};
5'd30: {SHFT_OUT} = {{30{T[31]}}, T[31:30]};
5'd31: {SHFT_OUT} = {{32{T[31]}}};
endcase
endcase
endmodule

```

## REGISTER\_32

```

`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author:   Bryan Linares
*           Brian Ortiz
*           Grace Daliwan
* Filename: REG32.v
* Date:     Nov. 27, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Senior Project
* Version:  1.0
*
* Notes:    32 bit load Register to support the mips processor
*
*****/
module REG32( CLK, RESET, ld, D, Q );

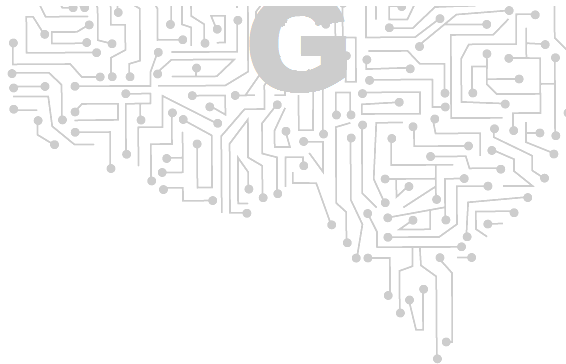
    input      CLK, RESET;
    input      ld;
    input [31:0] D;

    output reg [31:0] Q;

    always@(posedge CLK, posedge RESET)
        if(RESET) Q <= 32'b0;
        else      Q <= ld? D : Q;

endmodule

```



## C. Instruction Memory Modules with Annotated Log Files

The data below details the instructions run through the project simulator to verify that the operations work as designed from modules 1-14 and an enhanced instruction memory and data. Instructions and their relevant register assignments are boxed together for easy parsing.

### Module 1

```
@0
3c 01 12 34 // main:    lui  $01, 0x1234    time:  641.0 ns    $r[0]:  00000000
34 21 56 78 //          ori  $01, 0x5678    time:  651.0 ns    $r[1]:  12345678
3c 02 87 65 //          lui  $02, 0x8765    time:  661.0 ns    $r[2]:  87654321
34 42 43 21 //          ori  $02, 0x4321    time:  671.0 ns    $r[3]:  12345678
00 01 18 20 //          add  $03, $00, $01

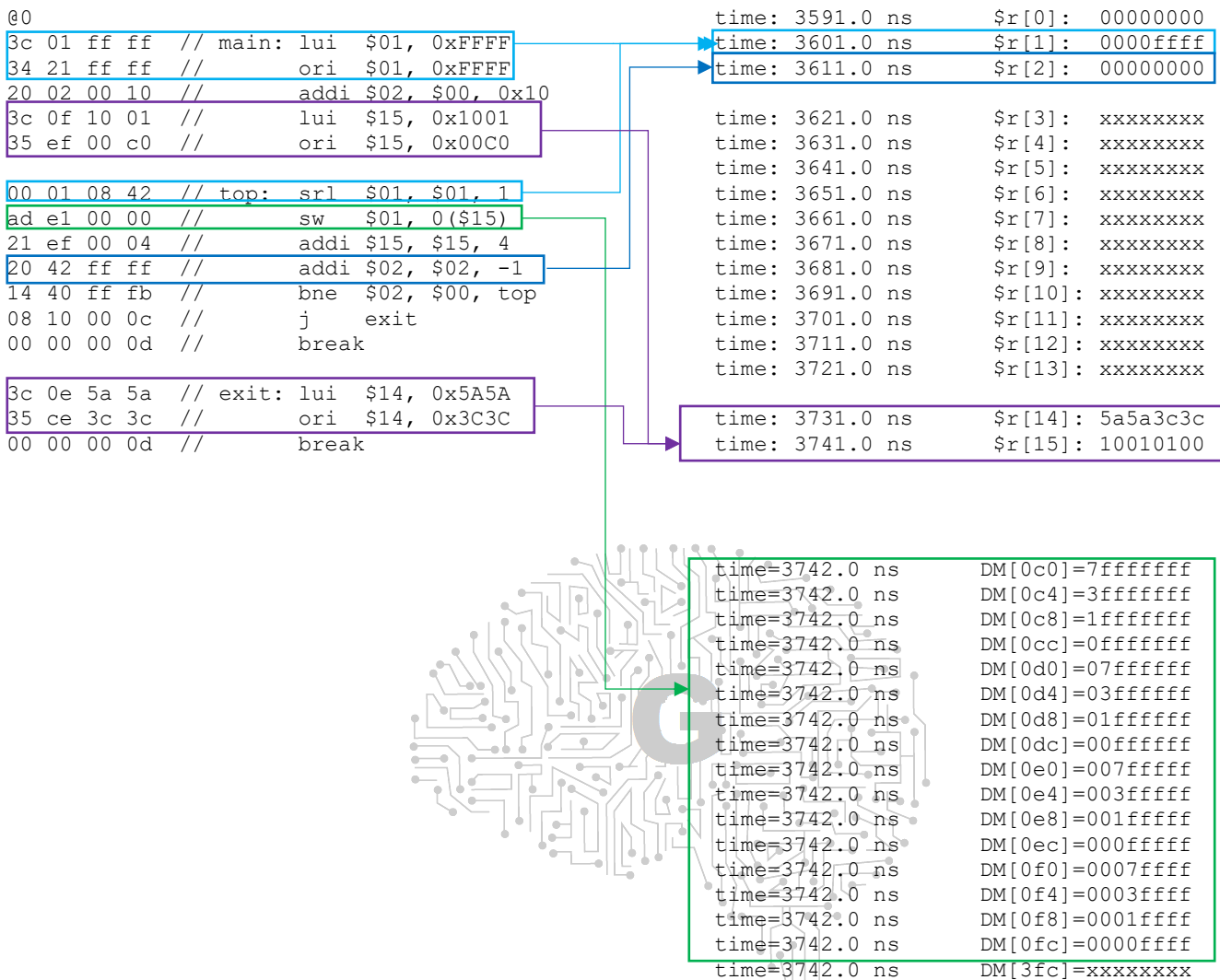
10 22 00 01 //          beq  $01, $02,
no_eq
10 23 00 03 //          beq  $01, $03,
yes_eq
3c 0e ff ff // no_eq:    lui  $14, 0xFFFF    time:  731.0 ns    $r[9]:  xxxxxxxx
35 ce ff ff //          ori  $14, 0xFFFF    time:  741.0 ns    $r[10]: xxxxxxxx
00 00 00 0d //          breakK    time:  751.0 ns    $r[11]: xxxxxxxx
                                time:  761.0 ns    $r[12]: xxxxxxxx

00 00 70 20 // yes_eq:    add  $14, $0, $0
                                time:  771.0 ns    $r[13]: 100100c0
14 23 00 01 //          bne  $01, $03,
no_ne
14 22 00 03 //          bne  $01, $02,
yes_ne
3c 0f ff ff // no_ne:    lui  $15, 0xFFFF    time:  781.0 ns    $r[14]: 00000000
35 ef ff ff //          ori  $15, 0xFFFF    time:  791.0 ns    $r[15]: 00000000
00 00 00 0d //          break
                                time:  792.0 ns    DM[0c0]=12345678

00 00 78 20 // yes_ne:    add  $15, $0, $0
3c 0d 10 01 //          lui  $13, 0x1001
35 ad 00 c0 //          ori  $13, 0x00C0
ad a1 00 00 //          sw   $01, 0($13)
00 00 00 0d //          break
```

This module tests the branch if equal and branch if not equal operations. If the branch function work correctly, register 13 will be written to 100100c0 and data memory at 0c0 will store the value of register 1 which was loaded with 12345678. If any branch is not working as intended, register 15 will be written with a fail flag of FFFFFFFF and the program will prematurely exit.

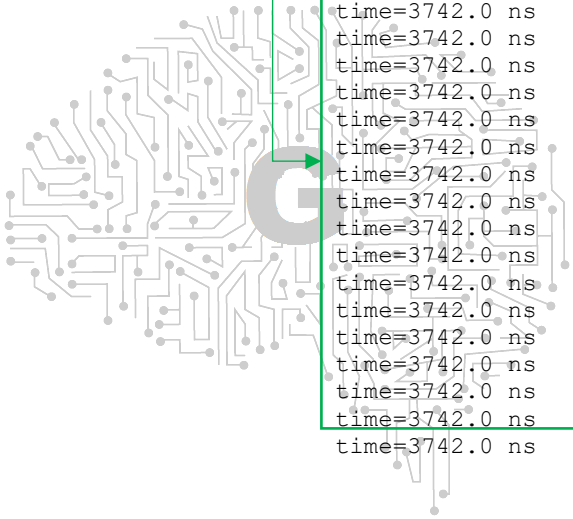
## Module 2



This module tests the shift right logical operation. If the function works correctly, data memory will be loaded with zeros shifting in from the left. If the function is not performing correctly, this will either cause an illegal operation call and a premature program exit or an infinite loop where the program cannot exit. To verify the program's proper functions, data memory should be written from 0c0 to 0fc with a zero bit shifted in from the left at each sequential memory space ending with 0000ffff.



## Module 3



```

3c 01 80 00 // main:      lui $01, 0x8000
34 21 ff ff //            ori $01, 0xFFFF
20 02 00 10 //            addi $02, $00, 0x10
3c 0f 10 01 //            lui $15, 0x1001
35 ef 00 c0 //            ori $15, 0x00C0

00 01 08 43 // top:      sra $01, $01, 1
ad e1 00 00 //            sw $01, 0($15)
21 ef 00 04 //            addi $15, $15, 4
20 42 ff ff //            addi $02, $02, -1
14 40 ff fb //            bne $02, $00, top

08 10 00 0c //            j exit
00 00 00 0d //            break

3c 0e 5a 5a // exit:     lui $14, 0x5A5A
35 ce 3c 3c //            ori $14, 0x3C3C
00 00 00 0d //            break

```

time: 3591.0 ns \$r[0]: 00000000  
time: 3601.0 ns \$r[1]: ffff8000  
time: 3611.0 ns \$r[2]: 00000000  
time: 3621.0 ns \$r[3]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 3631.0 ns \$r[4]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 3641.0 ns \$r[5]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 3651.0 ns \$r[6]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 3661.0 ns \$r[7]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 3671.0 ns \$r[8]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 3681.0 ns \$r[9]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 3691.0 ns \$r[10]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 3701.0 ns \$r[11]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 3711.0 ns \$r[12]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 3721.0 ns \$r[13]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 3731.0 ns \$r[14]: 5a5a3c3c  
time: 3741.0 ns \$r[15]: 10010100

time=3742.0 ns DM[0c0]=c0007fff  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0c4]=e0003fff  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0c8]=f0001fff  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0cc]=f8000fff  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0d0]=fc0007ff  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0d4]=fe0003ff  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0d8]=ff0001ff  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0dc]=ff8000ff  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0e0]=ffc0007f  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0e4]=ffe0003f  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0e8]=fff0001f  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0ec]=fff8000f  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0f0]=fffc0007  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0f4]=fffe0003  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0f8]=ffff0001  
time=3742.0 ns DM[0fc]=ffff8000  
time=3742.0 ns DM[3fc]=xxxxxxxx

This module tests the shift right arithmetic operation. This operation is essentially a divide by 2, causing memory to receive number values decreasing by half. If this operation is not performing as intended, the program will may have an illegal operation call and exit prematurely or have an infinite loop where the program cannot exit. Data memory should be written to with sign-extended values ending with ffff8000.

## Module 4

```

@0
3c 01 ff ff // main:    lui $01, 0xFFFF
34 21 ff ff //          ori $01, 0xFFFF
20 02 00 10 //          addi $02, $00, 0x10
3c 0f 10 01 //          lui $15, 0x1001
35 ef 00 c0 //          ori $15, 0x00C0

```

```

00 01 08 40 // top:    sll $01, $01, 1
ad e1 00 00 //          sw $01, 0($15)
21 ef 00 04 //          addi $15, $15, 4
20 42 ff ff //          addi $02, $02, -1
00 02 18 2a //          slt $03, $00, $02
14 60 ff fa //          bne $03, $00, top

```

```

08 10 00 0d //          j exit
00 00 00 0d //          break

```

```

3c 0e 5a 5a // exit:    lui $14, 0x5A5A
35 ce 3c 3c //          ori $14, 0x3C3C
00 00 00 0d //          break

```

```

time: 4231.0 ns    $r[0]: 00000000
time: 4241.0 ns    $r[1]: ffff0000
time: 4251.0 ns    $r[2]: 00000000
time: 4261.0 ns    $r[3]: 00000000
time: 4271.0 ns    $r[4]: xxxxxxxx
time: 4281.0 ns    $r[5]: xxxxxxxx
time: 4291.0 ns    $r[6]: xxxxxxxx
time: 4301.0 ns    $r[7]: xxxxxxxx
time: 4311.0 ns    $r[8]: xxxxxxxx
time: 4321.0 ns    $r[9]: xxxxxxxx
time: 4331.0 ns    $r[10]: xxxxxxxx
time: 4341.0 ns    $r[11]: xxxxxxxx
time: 4351.0 ns    $r[12]: xxxxxxxx
time: 4361.0 ns    $r[13]: xxxxxxxx
time: 4371.0 ns    $r[14]: 5a5a3c3c
time: 4381.0 ns    $r[15]: 10010100

```

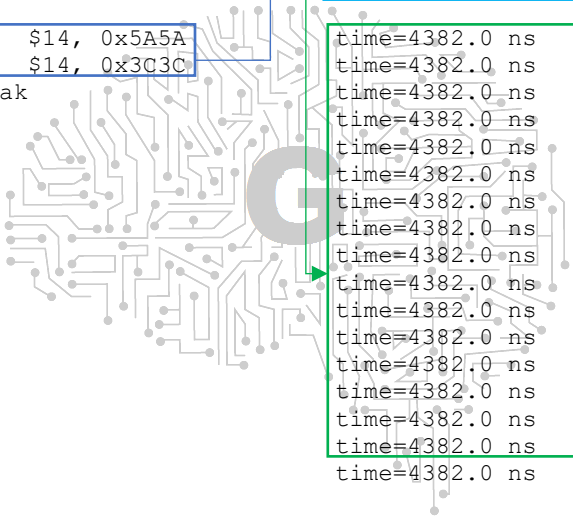
```

time=4382.0 ns    DM[0c0]=fffffffe
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0c4]=fffffffc
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0c8]=ffffff8
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0cc]=ffffff0
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0d0]=ffffffe0
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0d4]=ffffffc0
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0d8]=ffffff80
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0dc]=fffff00
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0e0]=fffffe00
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0e4]=fffffc00
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0e8]=fffff800
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0ec]=fffff000
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0f0]=ffffe000
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0f4]=ffffc000
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0f8]=ffff8000
time=4382.0 ns    DM[0fc]=ffff0000
time=4382.0 ns    DM[3fc]=xxxxxxxx

```

This module tests the shift left logical operation and the set if less than operation. If the operation works correctly, data memory will be stored with values having zeros coming in from the right. This is similar to the output of module 2 but in the opposite direction of shifting in the zero bit. The last memory space written to should be 0fc and the last data value written in should be ffff0000.

## Module 5



```

@0
3c 01 ff ff // main:    lui $01, 0xFFFF
34 21 ff ff //          ori $01, 0xFFFF
20 02 ff f0 //          addi $02, $00, -16
3c 0f 10 01 //          lui $15, 0x1001
35 ef 00 c0 //          ori $15, 0x00C0

00 01 08 40 // top:     sll $01, $01, 1
ad e1 00 00 //          sw $01, 0($15)
21 ef 00 04 //          addi $15, $15, 4
20 42 00 01 //          addi $02, $02, 1
28 43 00 00 //          slti $03, $02, 0
14 60 ff fa //          bne $03, $00, top

08 10 00 0d //          j exit
00 00 00 0d //          break

3c 0e 5a 5a // exit:    lui $14, 0x5A5A
35 ce 3c 3c //          ori $14, 0x3C3C
00 00 00 0d //          break

```

time: 4231.0 ns \$r[0]: 00000000  
time: 4241.0 ns \$r[1]: ffff0000  
time: 4251.0 ns \$r[2]: 00000000  
time: 4261.0 ns \$r[3]: 00000000  
time: 4271.0 ns \$r[4]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 4281.0 ns \$r[5]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 4291.0 ns \$r[6]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 4301.0 ns \$r[7]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 4311.0 ns \$r[8]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 4321.0 ns \$r[9]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 4331.0 ns \$r[10]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 4341.0 ns \$r[11]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 4351.0 ns \$r[12]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 4361.0 ns \$r[13]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 4371.0 ns \$r[14]: 5a5a3c3c  
time: 4381.0 ns \$r[15]: 10010100

time=4382.0 ns DM[0c0]=fffffffe  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0c4]=fffffffc  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0c8]=ffffff8  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0cc]=ffffff0  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0d0]=ffffffe0  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0d4]=ffffffc0  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0d8]=ffffff80  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0dc]=ffffff00  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0e0]=fffffe00  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0e4]=fffffc00  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0e8]=fffff800  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0ec]=fffff000  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0f0]=ffffe000  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0f4]=ffffc000  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0f8]=ffff8000  
time=4382.0 ns DM[0fc]=ffff0000  
time=4382.0 ns DM[3fc]=xxxxxxxx

This module tests the set if less than immediate operation. This will affect the branching of the program as the program will infinitely loop if this function is not operational. This output should be similar to module 4's output as it is essentially doing the same thing, but testing with an immediate value rather than a register value.

## Module 6

```

@0
3c 0f 10 01 // lui $15, 0x1001
35 ef 00 00 // ori $15, 0x0000
3c 0e 10 01 // lui $14, 0x1001
35 ce 00 c0 // ori $14, 0x00C0
20 0d 00 10 // addi $13, $00, 16
8d e1 00 04 // lw $01, 04($15)
8d e2 00 08 // lw $02, 08($15)
8d e3 00 0c // lw $03, 12($15)
8d e4 00 10 // lw $04, 16($15)
8d e5 00 14 // lw $05, 20($15)
8d e6 00 18 // lw $06, 24($15)
8d e7 00 1c // lw $07, 28($15)
8d e8 00 20 // lw $08, 32($15)
8d e9 00 24 // lw $09, 36($15)
8d ea 00 28 // lw $10, 40($15)
8d eb 00 2c // lw $11, 44($15)
8d ec 00 30 // lw $12, 48($15)

// mem2mem:
8d f1 00 00 // lw $17, 00($15)
ad d1 00 00 // sw $17, 00($14)
21 ef 00 04 // addi $15, $15, 04
21 ce 00 04 // addi $14, $14, 04
21 ad ff ff // addi $13, $13, -1
15 a0 ff fa // bne $13, $00, mem2mem
00 00 00 0d // break
  
```

Register dump:

```

time: 4881.0 ns $r[0]: 00000000
time: 4891.0 ns $r[1]: 12345678
time: 4901.0 ns $r[2]: 89abcdef
time: 4911.0 ns $r[3]: a5a5a5a5
time: 4921.0 ns $r[4]: 5a5a5a5a
time: 4931.0 ns $r[5]: 2468ace0
time: 4941.0 ns $r[6]: 13579bdf
time: 4951.0 ns $r[7]: 0f0f0f0f
time: 4961.0 ns $r[8]: f0f0f0f0
time: 4971.0 ns $r[9]: 00000009
time: 4981.0 ns $r[10]: 0000000a
time: 4991.0 ns $r[11]: 0000000b
time: 5001.0 ns $r[12]: 0000000c
time: 5011.0 ns $r[13]: 00000000
time: 5021.0 ns $r[14]: 10010100
time: 5031.0 ns $r[15]: 10010040
time: 5041.0 ns $r[16]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5051.0 ns $r[17]: 000075cc
time: 5061.0 ns $r[18]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5071.0 ns $r[19]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5081.0 ns $r[20]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5091.0 ns $r[21]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5101.0 ns $r[22]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5111.0 ns $r[23]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5121.0 ns $r[24]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5131.0 ns $r[25]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5141.0 ns $r[26]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5151.0 ns $r[27]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5161.0 ns $r[28]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5171.0 ns $r[29]: 000003fc
time: 5181.0 ns $r[30]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5191.0 ns $r[31]: xxxxxxxx
  
```

Data Memory dump:

```

time=5191.0 ns DM[0c0]=c3c3c3c3
time=5191.0 ns DM[0c4]=12345678
time=5191.0 ns DM[0c8]=89abcdef
time=5191.0 ns DM[0cc]=a5a5a5a5
time=5191.0 ns DM[0d0]=5a5a5a5a
time=5191.0 ns DM[0d4]=2468ace0
time=5191.0 ns DM[0d8]=13579bdf
time=5191.0 ns DM[0dc]=0f0f0f0f
time=5191.0 ns DM[0e0]=f0f0f0f0
time=5191.0 ns DM[0e4]=00000009
time=5191.0 ns DM[0e8]=0000000a
time=5191.0 ns DM[0ec]=0000000b
time=5191.0 ns DM[0f0]=0000000c
time=5191.0 ns DM[0f4]=0000000d
time=5191.0 ns DM[0f8]=ffffff8
time=5191.0 ns DM[0fc]=000075cc
time=5191.0 ns DM[3fc]=xxxxxxx
  
```

This module tests load word and store word, having corresponding values brought from memory and written to memory. Registers 1 through 12 should be loaded with values from data memory 004 through 030 respectively. Register 17 is used as a temporary to store the values from 000 through 03c to memory at 0c0 through 0fc.

### Module 7

```

@0
3c 0f 10 01 // main:    lui $15, 0x1001
35 ef 00 00 //            ori $15, 0x0000
3c 0e 10 01 //            lui $14, 0x1001
35 ce 00 c0 //            ori $14, 0x00C0
20 0d 00 10 //            addi $13, $00, 16

8d e1 00 04 //            lw $01, 04($15)
8d e2 00 08 //            lw $02, 08($15)
8d e3 00 0c //            lw $03, 12($15)
8d e4 00 10 //            lw $04, 16($15)
8d e5 00 14 //            lw $05, 20($15)
8d e6 00 18 //            lw $06, 24($15)
8d e7 00 1c //            lw $07, 28($15)
8d e8 00 20 //            lw $08, 32($15)
8d e9 00 24 //            lw $09, 36($15)
8d ea 00 28 //            lw $10, 40($15)
8d eb 00 2c //            lw $11, 44($15)
8d ec 00 30 //            lw $12, 48($15)

0c 10 00 15 //            jal mem2mem
3c 0f ff ff //            lui $15, 0xFFFF
35 ef ff ff //            ori $15, 0xFFFF
00 00 00 0d //            break

8d f1 00 00 // mem2mem: lw $17, 00($15)
ad d1 00 00 //          sw $17, 00($14)
21 ef 00 04 //          addi $15, $15, 04
21 ce 00 04 //          addi $14, $14, 04
21 ad ff ff //          addi $13, $13, -1
15 a0 ff fa //          bne $13, $00,
mem2mem
03 e0 00 08 //          jr $31
00 00 00 0d //          break

time: 5041.0 ns $r[0]: 00000000
time: 5051.0 ns $r[1]: 12345678
time: 5061.0 ns $r[2]: 89abcdef
time: 5071.0 ns $r[3]: a5a5a5a5
time: 5081.0 ns $r[4]: 5a5a5a5a
time: 5091.0 ns $r[5]: 2468ace0
time: 5101.0 ns $r[6]: 13579bdf
time: 5111.0 ns $r[7]: 0f0f0f0f
time: 5121.0 ns $r[8]: f0f0f0f0
time: 5131.0 ns $r[9]: 00000009
time: 5141.0 ns $r[10]: 0000000a
time: 5151.0 ns $r[11]: 0000000b
time: 5161.0 ns $r[12]: 0000000c
time: 5171.0 ns $r[13]: 00000000
time: 5181.0 ns $r[14]: 10010100
time: 5191.0 ns $r[15]: ffffffff
time: 5201.0 ns $r[16]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5211.0 ns $r[17]: 000075cc
time: 5221.0 ns $r[18]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5231.0 ns $r[19]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5241.0 ns $r[20]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5251.0 ns $r[21]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5261.0 ns $r[22]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5271.0 ns $r[23]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5281.0 ns $r[24]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5291.0 ns $r[25]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5301.0 ns $r[26]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5311.0 ns $r[27]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5321.0 ns $r[28]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5331.0 ns $r[29]: 000003fc
time: 5341.0 ns $r[30]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5351.0 ns $r[31]: 00000048

time=5351.0 ns DM[0c0]=c3c3c3c3
time=5351.0 ns DM[0c4]=12345678
time=5351.0 ns DM[0c8]=89abcdef
time=5351.0 ns DM[0cc]=a5a5a5a5
time=5351.0 ns DM[0d0]=5a5a5a5a
time=5351.0 ns DM[0d4]=2468ace0
time=5351.0 ns DM[0d8]=13579bdf
time=5351.0 ns DM[0dc]=0f0f0f0f
time=5351.0 ns DM[0e0]=f0f0f0f0
time=5351.0 ns DM[0e4]=00000009
time=5351.0 ns DM[0e8]=0000000a
time=5351.0 ns DM[0ec]=0000000b
time=5351.0 ns DM[0f0]=0000000c
time=5351.0 ns DM[0f4]=0000000d
time=5351.0 ns DM[0f8]=fffffff8
time=5351.0 ns DM[0fc]=000075cc
time=5351.0 ns DM[3fc]=xxxxxxx

```

This module tests jump and link. If jump and link does not work correctly, register 31 will not be written to and several values in memory will not be written to correctly. The output should be similar to that of module 6 but the memory storage routine should be jumped to by jump and link and the program should return to the instruction count it jumped from.

### Module 8

```

@0
3c 0f 10 01 // main:    lui $15, 0x1001          35 ce ff fa //          ori $14, 0xFFFFA
35 ef 00 00 //          ori $15, 0x0000          00 00 00 0d //          break

8d e1 00 00 //          lw $01, 00($15)
8d e2 00 04 //          lw $02, 04($15)
8d e3 00 08 //          lw $03, 08($15)
8d e4 00 0c //          lw $04, 12($15)
8d e5 00 10 //          lw $05, 16($15)
8d e6 00 14 //          lw $06, 20($15)
8d e7 00 18 //          lw $07, 24($15)

00 22 00 18 //          mult $01, $02
00 00 40 12 //          mflo $08
14 a8 00 10 //          bne $05, $08,
fail1

00 62 00 18 //          mult $03, $02
00 00 48 12 //          mflo $09
00 00 50 10 //          mfhi $10
14 c9 00 0f //          bne $06, $09,
fail2L
14 ea 00 11 //          bne $07, $10,
fail2H

00 24 00 18 //          mult $01, $04
00 00 58 12 //          mflo $11
00 00 60 10 //          mfhi $12
14 cb 00 10 //          bne $06, $11,
fail3L
14 ec 00 12 //          bne $07, $12,
fail3H

00 64 00 18 //          mult $03, $04
00 00 68 12 //          mflo $13
14 ad 00 12 //          bne $05, $13,
fail4

3c 0e 00 00 // pass:    lui $14, 0x0000
35 ce 00 00 //          ori $14, 0x0000
00 00 00 0d //          break
3c 0e ff ff // fail1:    lui $14, 0xFFFF
35 ce ff ff //          ori $14, 0xFFFF
00 00 00 0d //          break
3c 0e ff ff // fail2L:   lui $14, 0xFFFF
35 ce ff fe //          ori $14, 0xFFFE
00 00 00 0d //          break
3c 0e ff ff // fail2H:   lui $14, 0xFFFF
35 ce ff fd //          ori $14, 0xFFFD
00 00 00 0d //          break
3c 0e ff ff // fail3L:   lui $14, 0xFFFF
35 ce ff fc //          ori $14, 0xFFFC
00 00 00 0d //          break
3c 0e ff ff // fail3H:   lui $14, 0xFFFF
35 ce ff fb //          ori $14, 0xFFFB
00 00 00 0d //          break
3c 0e ff ff // fail4:    lui $14, 0xFFFF

```

time: 1131.0 ns \$r[0]: 00000000  
time: 1141.0 ns \$r[1]: 00000019  
time: 1151.0 ns \$r[2]: 000003e8  
time: 1161.0 ns \$r[3]: ffffffff7  
time: 1171.0 ns \$r[4]: fffffffc18  
time: 1181.0 ns \$r[5]: 000061a8  
time: 1191.0 ns \$r[6]: fffff9e58  
time: 1201.0 ns \$r[7]: ffffffff  
time: 1211.0 ns \$r[8]: 000061a8  
time: 1221.0 ns \$r[9]: fffff9e58  
time: 1231.0 ns \$r[10]: ffffffff  
time: 1241.0 ns \$r[11]: fffff9e58  
time: 1251.0 ns \$r[12]: ffffffff  
time: 1261.0 ns \$r[13]: 000061a8  
time: 1271.0 ns \$r[14]: 00000000  
time: 1281.0 ns \$r[15]: 10010000  
time: 1291.0 ns \$r[16]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1301.0 ns \$r[17]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1311.0 ns \$r[18]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1321.0 ns \$r[19]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1331.0 ns \$r[20]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1341.0 ns \$r[21]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1351.0 ns \$r[22]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1361.0 ns \$r[23]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1371.0 ns \$r[24]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1381.0 ns \$r[25]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1391.0 ns \$r[26]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1401.0 ns \$r[27]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1411.0 ns \$r[28]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1421.0 ns \$r[29]: 000003fc  
time: 1431.0 ns \$r[30]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1441.0 ns \$r[31]: xxxxxxxx

time=1441.0 ns DM[0c0]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0c4]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0c8]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0cc]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0d0]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0d4]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0d8]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0dc]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0e0]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0e4]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0e8]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0ec]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0f0]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0f4]=xxxxxxx

time=1441.0 ns DM[0f8]=xxxxxxx  
time=1441.0 ns DM[0fc]=xxxxxxx

time=1441.0 ns DM[3fc]=xxxxxxx

This module tests the multiply, move from hi, and move from low operations. If the functions are correct, register 14 will be written to with zeroes, otherwise, fail "flag"s will be written and the program will exit prematurely.

### Module 9

```

@0
3c 0f 10 01 // main:    lui $15, 0x1001
35 ef 00 c0 //            ori $15, 0x00C0
20 01 ff 8a //            addi $01, $00, -118
20 02 00 8a //            addi $02, $00, 138
0c 10 00 22 //            jal  slt_tests

3c 0d 77 88 //            lui $13, 0x7788
35 ad 77 88 //            ori $13, 0x7788
3c 0c 88 77 //            lui $12, 0x8877
35 8c 88 77 //            ori $12, 0x8877
3c 0b ff ff //            lui $11, 0xFFFF
35 6b ff ff //            ori $11, 0xFFFF

01 ac 50 26 //            xor $10, $13, $12
11 4b 00 02 //            beq $10, $11,
xor_pass
20 0e ff fb //            addi $14, $00, -5
00 00 00 0d //            break
01 ac 48 24 // xor_pass:  and $09, $13, $12
11 20 00 02 //            beq $09, $00,
and_pass
20 0e ff fa //            addi $14, $00, -6
00 00 00 0d //            break
01 e2 48 25 // and_pass:  or $09, $15, $02
3c 08 10 01 //            lui $08, 0x1001
35 08 00 ca //            ori $08, 0x00CA
11 09 00 02 //            beq $08, $09,
or_pass
20 0e ff f9 //            addi $14, $00, -7
00 00 00 0d //            break
01 e2 48 27 // or_pass:   nor $09, $15, $02
3c 08 ef fe //            lui $08, 0xEFFE
35 08 ff 35 //            ori $08, 0xFF35
11 09 00 02 //            beq $08, $09,
nor_pass
20 0e ff f8 //            addi $14, $00, -8
00 00 00 0d //            break
ad e8 00 10 // nor_pass:  sw $08, 0x10($15)
00 00 70 20 //            add $14, $00, $00
00 00 00 0d //            break
//

```

time: 1761.0 ns \$r[0]: 00000000  
time: 1771.0 ns \$r[1]: ffffffff8a  
time: 1781.0 ns \$r[2]: 0000008a  
time: 1791.0 ns \$r[3]: 00000000  
time: 1801.0 ns \$r[4]: 000000c0  
time: 1811.0 ns \$r[5]: 000000c4  
time: 1821.0 ns \$r[6]: 000000c8  
time: 1831.0 ns \$r[7]: 000000cc  
time: 1841.0 ns \$r[8]: effeff35  
time: 1851.0 ns \$r[9]: effeff35  
time: 1861.0 ns \$r[10]: ffffffff  
time: 1871.0 ns \$r[11]: ffffffff  
time: 1881.0 ns \$r[12]: 88778877  
time: 1891.0 ns \$r[13]: 77887788  
time: 1901.0 ns \$r[14]: 00000000  
time: 1911.0 ns \$r[15]: 100100c0  
time: 1921.0 ns \$r[16]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1931.0 ns \$r[17]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1941.0 ns \$r[18]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1951.0 ns \$r[19]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1961.0 ns \$r[20]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1971.0 ns \$r[21]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1981.0 ns \$r[22]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 1991.0 ns \$r[23]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2001.0 ns \$r[24]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2011.0 ns \$r[25]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2021.0 ns \$r[26]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2031.0 ns \$r[27]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2041.0 ns \$r[28]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2051.0 ns \$r[29]: 000003fc  
time: 2061.0 ns \$r[30]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2071.0 ns \$r[31]: 00000014  
time=2071.0 ns DM[0c0]=000000c0  
time=2071.0 ns DM[0c4]=000000c4  
time=2071.0 ns DM[0c8]=000000c8  
time=2071.0 ns DM[0cc]=000000cc  
time=2071.0 ns DM[0d0]=effeff35  
time=2071.0 ns DM[0d4]=xxxxxxx  
time=2071.0 ns DM[0d8]=xxxxxxx  
time=2071.0 ns DM[0dc]=xxxxxxx  
time=2071.0 ns DM[0e0]=xxxxxxx  
time=2071.0 ns DM[0e4]=xxxxxxx  
time=2071.0 ns DM[0e8]=xxxxxxx  
time=2071.0 ns DM[0ec]=xxxxxxx

```
time=2071.0 ns DM[0f0]=xxxxxxxx
time=2071.0 ns DM[0f4]=xxxxxxxx
time=2071.0 ns DM[0f8]=xxxxxxxx
```

```
time=2071.0 ns DM[0fc]=xxxxxxxx
time=2071.0 ns DM[3fc]=xxxxxxxx
```

```
00 22 18 2a // slt_tests: slt $03, $01, $02
14 60 00 02 //          bne $03, $00, slt1
20 0e ff ff //          addi $14, $00, -1
00 00 00 0d //          break
20 04 00 c0 // slt1:    addi $04, $00, 0xC0
ad e4 00 00 //          sw $04, 0x00($15)

00 41 18 2b //          sltu $03, $02, $01
14 60 00 02 //          bne $03, $00, slt2
20 0e ff fe //          addi $14, $00, -2
00 00 00 0d //          break
20 05 00 c4 // slt2:    addi $05, $00, 0xC4
ad e5 00 04 //          sw $05, 0x04($15)

00 41 18 2a //          slt $03, $02, $01
10 60 00 02 //          beq $03, $00, slt3
20 0e ff fd //          addi $14, $00, -3
00 00 00 0d //          break
20 06 00 c8 // slt3:    addi $06, $00, 0xC8
ad e6 00 08 //          sw $06, 0x08($15)

00 22 18 2b //          sltu $03, $01, $02
10 60 00 02 //          beq $03, $00, slt4
20 0e ff fc //          addi $14, $00, -4
00 00 00 0d //          break

20 07 00 cc // slt4:    addi $07, $00, 0xCC
ad e7 00 0c //          sw $07, 0x0C($15)
03 e0 00 08 //          jr $31
```

```
time: 1761.0 ns $r[0]: 00000000
time: 1771.0 ns $r[1]: ffffffff8a
time: 1781.0 ns $r[2]: 0000008a
time: 1791.0 ns $r[3]: 00000000
time: 1801.0 ns $r[4]: 000000c0
time: 1811.0 ns $r[5]: 000000c4
time: 1821.0 ns $r[6]: 000000c8
time: 1831.0 ns $r[7]: 000000cc
time: 1841.0 ns $r[8]: effefff35
time: 1851.0 ns $r[9]: effefff35
time: 1861.0 ns $r[10]: ffffffff
time: 1871.0 ns $r[11]: ffffffff
time: 1881.0 ns $r[12]: 88778877
time: 1891.0 ns $r[13]: 77887788
time: 1901.0 ns $r[14]: 00000000
time: 1911.0 ns $r[15]: 100100c0
```

```
time: 1921.0 ns $r[16]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1931.0 ns $r[17]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1941.0 ns $r[18]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1951.0 ns $r[19]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1961.0 ns $r[20]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1971.0 ns $r[21]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1981.0 ns $r[22]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1991.0 ns $r[23]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2001.0 ns $r[24]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2011.0 ns $r[25]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2021.0 ns $r[26]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2031.0 ns $r[27]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2041.0 ns $r[28]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2051.0 ns $r[29]: 000003fc
time: 2061.0 ns $r[30]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2071.0 ns $r[31]: 00000014
```

```
time=2071.0 ns DM[0c0]=000000c0
time=2071.0 ns DM[0c4]=000000c4
time=2071.0 ns DM[0c8]=000000c8
time=2071.0 ns DM[0cc]=000000cc
time=2071.0 ns DM[0d0]=effefff35
time=2071.0 ns DM[0d4]=xxxxxxxx
time=2071.0 ns DM[0d8]=xxxxxxxx
time=2071.0 ns DM[0dc]=xxxxxxxx
time=2071.0 ns DM[0e0]=xxxxxxxx
time=2071.0 ns DM[0e4]=xxxxxxxx
time=2071.0 ns DM[0e8]=xxxxxxxx
```



```
time=2071.0 ns DM[0ec]=xxxxxxxx
time=2071.0 ns DM[0f0]=xxxxxxxx
time=2071.0 ns DM[0f4]=xxxxxxxx
```

```
time=2071.0 ns DM[0f8]=xxxxxxxx
time=2071.0 ns DM[0fc]=xxxxxxxx
time=2071.0 ns DM[3fc]=xxxxxxxx
```

This module tests xor, and, or, and nor. If these functions do not work correctly the program will prematurely terminate and fail flags will be set. All slt tests affect registers 3-7 and data sections 0c0 through 0d0. All xor, and, or and nor instructions only affect registers 8 through 14.

## Module 10

```
@0
3c 0f 10 01 // main:    lui  $15, 0x1001
35 ef 00 00 //            ori  $15, 0x0000
3d e1 00 00 //            lw   $01, 00($15)
3d e2 00 04 //            lw   $02, 04($15)
3d e3 00 08 //            lw   $03, 08($15)
3d e4 00 0c //            lw   $04, 12($15)
3d e5 00 10 //            lw   $05, 16($15)
3d e6 00 14 //            lw   $06, 20($15)
3d e7 00 18 //            lw   $07, 24($15)
3d e8 00 1c //            lw   $08, 28($15)

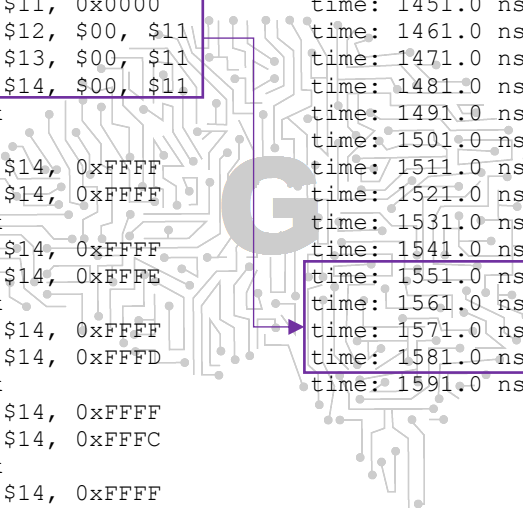
00 22 00 1a //            div  $01, $02
00 00 48 12 //            mflo $09
00 00 50 10 //            mfhi $10
15 25 00 16 //            bne  $09, $05,
fail1Q
15 46 00 18 //            bne  $10, $06,
fail1R

00 62 00 1a //            div  $03, $02
00 00 48 12 //            mflo $09
00 00 50 10 //            mfhi $10
15 27 00 17 //            bne  $09, $07,
fail2Q
15 48 00 19 //            bne  $10, $08,
fail2R

00 24 00 1a //            div  $01, $04
00 00 48 12 //            mflo $09
00 00 50 10 //            mfhi $10
15 27 00 18 //            bne  $09, $07,
fail3Q
15 46 00 1a //            bne  $10, $06,
fail3R

00 64 00 1a //            div  $03, $04
00 00 48 12 //            mflo $09
00 00 50 10 //            mfhi $10
15 25 00 19 //            bne  $09, $05,
fail4Q
15 48 00 1b //            bne  $10, $08,
fail4R
```

```
time: 1441.0 ns $r[0]: 00000000
time: 1451.0 ns $r[1]: 00040911
time: 1461.0 ns $r[2]: 000003e8
time: 1471.0 ns $r[3]: fffbf6ef
time: 1481.0 ns $r[4]: fffffc18
time: 1491.0 ns $r[5]: 00000108
time: 1501.0 ns $r[6]: 000001d1
time: 1511.0 ns $r[7]: fffffef8
time: 1521.0 ns $r[8]: fffffe2f
time: 1531.0 ns $r[9]: 00000108
time: 1541.0 ns $r[10]: fffffe2f
time: 1551.0 ns $r[11]: 00000000
time: 1561.0 ns $r[12]: 00000000
time: 1571.0 ns $r[13]: 00000000
time: 1581.0 ns $r[14]: 00000000
time: 1591.0 ns $r[15]: 10010000
```



```

3c 0b 00 00 // pass:      lui $11, 0x0000      time: 1441.0 ns $r[0]: 00000000
35 6b 00 00 //            ori $11, 0x0000      time: 1451.0 ns $r[1]: 00040911
00 0b 60 20 //            add $12, $00, $11     time: 1461.0 ns $r[2]: 000003e8
00 0b 68 20 //            add $13, $00, $11     time: 1471.0 ns $r[3]: fffbf6ef
00 0b 70 20 //            add $14, $00, $11     time: 1481.0 ns $r[4]: fffffc18
00 00 00 0d //            break                    time: 1491.0 ns $r[5]: 00000108
                                time: 1501.0 ns $r[6]: 000001d1
3c 0e ff ff // fail1Q:    lui $14, 0xFFFF     time: 1511.0 ns $r[7]: fffffef8
35 ce ff ff //            ori $14, 0xFFFF     time: 1521.0 ns $r[8]: fffffe2f
00 00 00 0d //            break                    time: 1531.0 ns $r[9]: 00000108
3c 0e ff ff // fail1R:    lui $14, 0xFFFF     time: 1541.0 ns $r[10]: fffffe2f
35 ce ff fe //            ori $14, 0xFFFE     time: 1551.0 ns $r[11]: 00000000
00 00 00 0d //            break                    time: 1561.0 ns $r[12]: 00000000
3c 0e ff ff // fail2Q:    lui $14, 0xFFFF     time: 1571.0 ns $r[13]: 00000000
35 ce ff fd //            ori $14, 0xFFFD     time: 1581.0 ns $r[14]: 00000000
00 00 00 0d //            break                    time: 1591.0 ns $r[15]: 10010000
3c 0e ff ff // fail2R:    lui $14, 0xFFFF
35 ce ff fc //            ori $14, 0xFFFC
00 00 00 0d //            break
3c 0e ff ff // fail3Q:    lui $14, 0xFFFF
35 ce ff fb //            ori $14, 0xFFFB
00 00 00 0d //            break
3c 0e ff ff // fail3R:    lui $14, 0xFFFF
35 ce ff fa //            ori $14, 0xFFFA
00 00 00 0d //            break
3c 0e ff ff // fail4Q:    lui $14, 0xFFFF
35 ce ff f9 //            ori $14, 0xFFFF9
00 00 00 0d //            break
3c 0e ff ff // fail4R:    lui $14, 0xFFFF
35 ce ff f8 //            ori $14, 0xFFFF8
00 00 00 0d //            break

```

This module tests the divide operation. If the function does not work correctly, fail flags will be set and the program will terminate prematurely. If all functions work as intended, registers 11 through 14 should be written with zeros.

## Module 11

```

@0
3c 0f 10 01 // main:    lui $15, 0x1001
35 ef 00 c0 //            ori $15, 0x00C0
20 01 ff 8a //            addi $01, $00, -118
20 02 00 8a //            addi $02, $00, -138
0c 10 00 1a //            jal  srtiu tests

3c 0d ff ff //            lui $13, 0xFFFF
35 ad 55 55 //            ori $13, 0x5555
3c 0c ff ff //            lui $12, 0xFFFF
35 8c fa f5 //            ori $12, 0xFAF5
3c 0b ff ff //            lui $11, 0xFFFF
35 6b ff ff //            ori $11, 0xFFFF
3c 0a 00 00 //            lui $10, 0x0000
35 4a f0 f0 //            ori $10, 0xF0F0

39 a9 aa aa //            xori $09, $13,
0xAAAA
01 2b 40 22 //            sub  $08, $09, $11
11 00 00 02 //            beq  $08, $00,
xor_p1
20 0e ff f9 //            addi $14, $00, -7
00 00 00 0d //            break
31 87 f5 fa // xor_p1:    andi $07, $12,
0xF5FA
00 ea 40 22 //            sub  $08, $07, $10
11 00 00 02 //            beq  $08, $00,
xor_p2
20 0e ff f8 //            addi $14, $00, -8
00 00 00 0d //            break
ad e1 00 18 // xor_p2:    sw    $01, 0x18($15)
00 00 00 0d //            break
00 00 00 0d //            break

```

time: 1921.0 ns \$r[0]: 00000000  
time: 1931.0 ns \$r[1]: ffffffff8a  
time: 1941.0 ns \$r[2]: 0000008a  
time: 1951.0 ns \$r[3]: 00000000  
time: 1961.0 ns \$r[4]: 000000c0  
time: 1971.0 ns \$r[5]: 000000c4  
time: 1981.0 ns \$r[6]: 000000d4  
time: 1991.0 ns \$r[7]: 0000f0f0  
time: 2001.0 ns \$r[8]: 00000000  
time: 2011.0 ns \$r[9]: ffffffff  
time: 2021.0 ns \$r[10]: 0000f0f0  
time: 2031.0 ns \$r[11]: ffffffff  
time: 2041.0 ns \$r[12]: fffffaf5  
time: 2051.0 ns \$r[13]: ffff5555  
time: 2061.0 ns \$r[14]: 00000000  
time: 2071.0 ns \$r[15]: 100100c0  
time: 2081.0 ns \$r[16]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2091.0 ns \$r[17]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2101.0 ns \$r[18]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2111.0 ns \$r[19]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2121.0 ns \$r[20]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2131.0 ns \$r[21]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2141.0 ns \$r[22]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2151.0 ns \$r[23]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2161.0 ns \$r[24]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2171.0 ns \$r[25]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2181.0 ns \$r[26]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2191.0 ns \$r[27]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2201.0 ns \$r[28]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2211.0 ns \$r[29]: 000003fc  
time: 2221.0 ns \$r[30]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 2231.0 ns \$r[31]: 00000014

time=2231.0 ns DM[0c0]=000000c0

```

time=2231.0 ns DM[0c4]=000000c4
time=2231.0 ns DM[0c8]=000000c8
time=2231.0 ns DM[0cc]=000000cc
time=2231.0 ns DM[0d0]=000000d0
time=2231.0 ns DM[0d4]=000000d4
time=2231.0 ns DM[0d8]=ffffff9a
time=2231.0 ns DM[0dc]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0e0]=xxxxxxxx

```

```

time=2231.0 ns DM[0e4]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0e8]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0ec]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0f0]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0f4]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0f8]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0fc]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[3fc]=xxxxxxxx

```

This module tests the set if less than immediate unsigned operation. The program should jump to the sltiu test section and write to memory at 0c0 through 0d4 if it functions as intended. fffffff9a should be stored to data memory at 0d8 if all operations functioned as intended.

```

// sltiu_tests:
2c 23 ff 8b // sltiu $03, $01, -117
14 60 00 02 // bne $03, $00, slt1_p1
20 0e ff ff // addi $14, $00, -1
00 00 00 0d // break
20 04 00 c0 // slt1_p1: addi $04, $00, 0xc0
ad e4 00 00 // sw $04, 0x00($15)
2c 23 ff 89 // sltiu $03, $01, -119
10 60 00 02 // beq $03, $00, slt_p2
20 0e ff fe // addi $14, $00, -2
00 00 00 0d // break
20 05 00 c4 // slt_p2: addi $05, $00, 0xc4
ad e5 00 04 // sw $05, 0x04($15)

2c 23 ff 8a // sltiu $03, $01, -118
10 60 00 02 // beq $03, $00, slt_p3
20 0e ff fd // addi $14, $00, -3
00 00 00 0d // break
20 06 00 c8 // slt_p3: addi $06, $00, 0xc8
ad e6 00 08 // sw $06, 0x08($15)

2c 43 00 8b // sltiu $03, $02, 0x008B
14 60 00 02 // bne $03, $00, slt1_p4
20 0e ff fc // addi $14, $00, -4
00 00 00 0d // break
20 07 00 cc // slt1_p4: addi $07, $00, 0xcc
ad e7 00 0c // sw $07, 0x0c($15)

2c 43 00 89 // sltiu $03, $02, 0x0089
10 60 00 02 // beq $03, $00, slt_p5
20 0e ff fb // addi $14, $00, -5
00 00 00 0d // break
20 08 00 d0 // slt_p5: addi $08, $00, 0xd0
ad e8 00 10 // sw $08, 0x10($15)
2c 43 00 8a // sltiu $03, $02, 0x008A
10 60 00 02 // beq $03, $00, slt_p6
20 0e ff fa // addi $14, $00, -6
00 00 00 0d // break
20 06 00 d4 // slt_p6: addi $06, $00, 0xd4
ad e6 00 14 // sw $06, 0x14($15)
20 0e 00 00 // addi $14, $00, 0
03 e0 00 08 // jr $31

time: 1921.0 ns $r[0]: 00000000
time: 1931.0 ns $r[1]: fffffff8a
time: 1941.0 ns $r[2]: 0000008a
time: 1951.0 ns $r[3]: 00000000
time: 1961.0 ns $r[4]: 000000c0
time: 1971.0 ns $r[5]: 000000c4
time: 1981.0 ns $r[6]: 000000d4
time: 1991.0 ns $r[7]: 0000f0f0
time: 2001.0 ns $r[8]: 00000000
time: 2011.0 ns $r[9]: ffffffff
time: 2021.0 ns $r[10]: 0000f0f0
time: 2031.0 ns $r[11]: ffffffff
time: 2041.0 ns $r[12]: fffffaf5
time: 2051.0 ns $r[13]: ffff5555
time: 2061.0 ns $r[14]: 00000000
time: 2071.0 ns $r[15]: 100100c0

time: 2081.0 ns $r[16]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2091.0 ns $r[17]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2101.0 ns $r[18]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2111.0 ns $r[19]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2121.0 ns $r[20]: xxxxxxxx

```

```

time: 2131.0 ns $r[21]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2141.0 ns $r[22]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2151.0 ns $r[23]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2161.0 ns $r[24]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2171.0 ns $r[25]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2181.0 ns $r[26]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2191.0 ns $r[27]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2201.0 ns $r[28]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2211.0 ns $r[29]: 000003fc
time: 2221.0 ns $r[30]: xxxxxxxx
time: 2231.0 ns $r[31]: 00000014

```

```

time=2231.0 ns DM[0e0]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0e4]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0e8]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0ec]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0f0]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0f4]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0f8]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[0fc]=xxxxxxxx
time=2231.0 ns DM[3fc]=xxxxxxxx

```

Registers 6 through 8 are rewritten in after the jump register instruction.

```

time=2231.0 ns DM[0c0]=000000c0
time=2231.0 ns DM[0c4]=000000c4
time=2231.0 ns DM[0c8]=000000c8
time=2231.0 ns DM[0cc]=000000cc
time=2231.0 ns DM[0d0]=000000d0
time=2231.0 ns DM[0d4]=000000d4
time=2231.0 ns DM[0d8]=ffffff8a
time=2231.0 ns DM[0dc]=xxxxxxxx

```

## Module 12

```

@0
3c 0f 10 01 // main: lui $15, 0x1001
35 ef 00 c0 // ori $15, 0x00C0

20 01 ff 8a // addi $01, $00, -118
20 02 00 8a // addi $02, $00, 138
0c 10 00 08 // jal blt_tests
ad e1 00 18 // sw $01, 0x18($15)
ad e2 00 1c // sw $02, 0x1C($15)
00 00 00 0d // break

```

```

time: 1251.0 ns $r[0]: 00000000
time: 1261.0 ns $r[1]: fffffff8a
time: 1271.0 ns $r[2]: 0000008a
time: 1281.0 ns $r[3]: 000000c0
time: 1291.0 ns $r[4]: 000000c4
time: 1301.0 ns $r[5]: 000000c8
time: 1311.0 ns $r[6]: 000000cc
time: 1321.0 ns $r[7]: 000000d0
time: 1331.0 ns $r[8]: 000000d4
time: 1341.0 ns $r[9]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1351.0 ns $r[10]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1361.0 ns $r[11]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1371.0 ns $r[12]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1381.0 ns $r[13]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1391.0 ns $r[14]: 00000000
time: 1401.0 ns $r[15]: 100100c0
time: 1411.0 ns $r[16]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1421.0 ns $r[17]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1431.0 ns $r[18]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1441.0 ns $r[19]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1451.0 ns $r[20]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1461.0 ns $r[21]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1471.0 ns $r[22]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1481.0 ns $r[23]: xxxxxxxx

```

```

time: 1491.0 ns $r[24]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1501.0 ns $r[25]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1511.0 ns $r[26]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1521.0 ns $r[27]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1531.0 ns $r[28]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1541.0 ns $r[29]: 000003fc
time: 1551.0 ns $r[30]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1561.0 ns $r[31]: 00000014

```

```

time=1561.0 ns DM[0c0]=000000c0
time=1561.0 ns DM[0c4]=000000c4
time=1561.0 ns DM[0c8]=000000c8
time=1561.0 ns DM[0cc]=000000cc

```

```

time=1561.0 ns DM[0d0]=000000d0
time=1561.0 ns DM[0d4]=000000d4
time=1561.0 ns DM[0d8]=ffffff8a
time=1561.0 ns DM[0dc]=0000008a
time=1561.0 ns DM[0e0]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0e4]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0e8]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0ec]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0f0]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0f4]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0f8]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0fc]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[3fc]=xxxxxxxx

```

```

18 20 00 02 // blt_tests: blez $01, blez_p1
20 0e ff ff //      addi $14, $00, -1
00 00 00 0d //      break
20 03 00 c0 // blez_p1: addi $03, $00, 0xC0
ad e3 00 00 //      sw  $03, 0x00($15)
18 40 00 03 //      blez $02, blez_f2
20 04 00 c4 //      addi $04, $00, 0xC4
ad e4 00 04 //      sw  $04, 0x04($15)
08 10 00 13 //      j    blez_p2
20 0e ff fe // blez_f2: addi $14, $00, -2
00 00 00 0d //      break
18 00 00 02 // blez_p2: blez $0, blez_p3
20 0e ff fd //      addi $14, $00, -3
00 00 00 0d //      break
20 05 00 c8 // blez_p3: addi $05, $00, 0xC8
ad e5 00 08 //      sw  $05, 0x08($15)

1c 40 00 02 //      bgtz $02, bgtz_p1
20 0e ff fc //      addi $14, $00, -4
00 00 00 0d //      break
20 06 00 cc // bgtz_p1: addi $06, $00, 0xCC
ad e6 00 0c //      sw  $06, 0x0C($15)
1c 20 00 03 //      bgtz $01, bgtz_f2
20 07 00 d0 //      addi $07, $00, 0xD0
ad e7 00 10 //      sw  $07, 0x10($15)
08 10 00 23 //      j    bgtz_p2
20 0e ff fb // bgtz_f2: addi $14, $00, -5
00 00 00 0d //      break
1c 20 00 03 // bgtz_p2: bgtz $01, bgtz_f3
20 08 00 d4 //      addi $08, $00, 0xD4
ad e8 00 14 //      sw  $08, 0x14($15)
08 10 00 29 //      j    bgtz_p3
20 0e ff fa // bgtz_f3: addi $14, $00, -6
00 00 00 0d //      break
20 0e 00 00 // bgtz_p3: addi $14, $00, 0
03 e0 00 08 //      jr  $31

```

```

time: 1251.0 ns $r[0]: 00000000
time: 1261.0 ns $r[1]: fffffff8a
time: 1271.0 ns $r[2]: 0000008a
time: 1281.0 ns $r[3]: 000000c0
time: 1291.0 ns $r[4]: 000000c4
time: 1301.0 ns $r[5]: 000000c8
time: 1311.0 ns $r[6]: 000000cc
time: 1321.0 ns $r[7]: 000000d0
time: 1331.0 ns $r[8]: 000000d4
time: 1341.0 ns $r[9]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1351.0 ns $r[10]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1361.0 ns $r[11]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1371.0 ns $r[12]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1381.0 ns $r[13]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1391.0 ns $r[14]: 00000000
time: 1401.0 ns $r[15]: 100100c0
time: 1411.0 ns $r[16]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1421.0 ns $r[17]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1431.0 ns $r[18]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1441.0 ns $r[19]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1451.0 ns $r[20]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1461.0 ns $r[21]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1471.0 ns $r[22]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1481.0 ns $r[23]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1491.0 ns $r[24]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1501.0 ns $r[25]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1511.0 ns $r[26]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1521.0 ns $r[27]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1531.0 ns $r[28]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1541.0 ns $r[29]: 000003fc
time: 1551.0 ns $r[30]: xxxxxxxx
time: 1561.0 ns $r[31]: 00000014

```

```

time=1561.0 ns DM[0c0]=000000c0
time=1561.0 ns DM[0c4]=000000c4
time=1561.0 ns DM[0c8]=000000c8
time=1561.0 ns DM[0cc]=000000cc
time=1561.0 ns DM[0d0]=000000d0
time=1561.0 ns DM[0d4]=000000d4
time=1561.0 ns DM[0d8]=ffffff8a
time=1561.0 ns DM[0dc]=0000008a
time=1561.0 ns DM[0e0]=xxxxxxxx

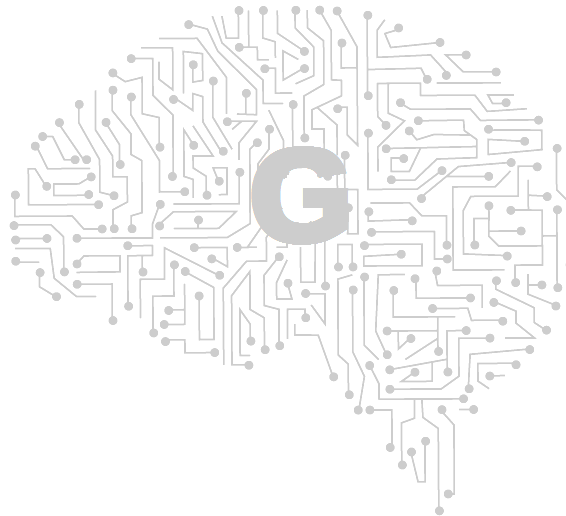
```

```

time=1561.0 ns DM[0e4]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0e8]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0ec]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0f0]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0f4]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0f8]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[0fc]=xxxxxxxx
time=1561.0 ns DM[3fc]=xxxxxxxx

```

This module tests the branch is less than zero and branch if greater than zero operations. If all tests operate as intended data memory at 0c0 through 0d4 should be written with the values of register 3 through 8 respectively and data memory at 0d8 through 0dc should be written with registers 1 and 2 respectively.



## Module 13

```

@0
00 00 00 1f // main:      setie
3c 01 12 34 //          lui $01, 0x1234
34 21 56 78 //          ori $01, 0x5678
3c 02 87 65 //          lui $02, 0x8765
34 42 43 21 //          ori $02, 0x4321
3c 03 ab cd //          lui $03, 0xABCD
34 63 ef 01 //          ori $03, 0xEF01
3c 04 01 fe //          lui $04, 0x01FE
34 84 dc ba //          ori $04, 0xDCBA
3c 05 5a 5a //          lui $05, 0x5A5A
34 a5 5a 5a //          ori $05, 0x5A5A
3c 06 ff ff //          lui $06, 0xFFFF
34 c6 ff ff //          ori $06, 0xFFFF
3c 07 ff ff //          lui $07, 0xFFFF
34 e7 ff 00 //          ori $07, 0xFF00

00 c7 40 20 //          add $08, $06, $07
00 c8 48 20 //          add $09, $06, $08
00 c9 50 20 //          add $10, $06, $09
00 ca 58 20 //          add $11, $06, $10
00 cb 60 20 //          add $12, $06, $11
00 cc 68 20 //          add $13, $06, $12
00 cd 70 20 //          add $14, $06, $13
00 ce 78 20 //          add $15, $06, $14

3c 07 10 01 //          lui $07, 0x1001
34 e7 03 f0 //          ori $07, 0x03F0
ac ef 00 00 //          sw $15, 0($07)
00 00 00 0d //          break

@200
3c 10 10 01 // isr:      lui $16, 0x1001
36 10 00 c0 //          ori $16, 0x00C0
3c 11 80 00 //          lui $17, 0x8000
36 31 ff ff //          ori $17, 0xFFFF
20 12 00 10 //          addi $18, $0,
0x10

76 11 00 00 // out_IO:   output $17, 0($16)
00 11 88 83 //          sra $17, $17, 2
22 10 00 04 //          addi $16, $16, 4
22 52 ff ff //          addi $18, $18, -1
16 40 ff fb //          bne $18, $00,
out_IO

3c 10 10 01 //          lui $16, 0x1001
36 10 00 c0 //          ori $16, 0x00C0
72 13 00 00 //          input $19, 0($16)
72 14 00 04 //          input $20, 4($16)
72 15 00 08 //          input $21, 8($16)
72 16 00 0c //          input $22, 12($16)
72 17 00 10 //          input $23, 16($16)
72 18 00 14 //          input $24, 20($16)
03 e0 00 08 //          jr $31

```

time: 4971.0 ns \$r[0]: 00000000  
time: 4981.0 ns \$r[1]: 12345678  
time: 4991.0 ns \$r[2]: 87654321  
time: 5001.0 ns \$r[3]: abcdef01  
time: 5011.0 ns \$r[4]: 01fedcba  
time: 5021.0 ns \$r[5]: 5a5a5a5a  
time: 5031.0 ns \$r[6]: ffffffff  
time: 5041.0 ns \$r[7]: 100103f0  
time: 5051.0 ns \$r[8]: fffffeff  
time: 5061.0 ns \$r[9]: fffffefe  
time: 5071.0 ns \$r[10]: fffffefd  
time: 5081.0 ns \$r[11]: fffffefc  
time: 5091.0 ns \$r[12]: fffffefb  
time: 5101.0 ns \$r[13]: fffffefa  
time: 5111.0 ns \$r[14]: fffffef9  
time: 5121.0 ns \$r[15]: fffffef8  
time: 5131.0 ns \$r[16]: 100100c0  
time: 5141.0 ns \$r[17]: ffffffff  
time: 5151.0 ns \$r[18]: 00000000  
time: 5161.0 ns \$r[19]: 8000ffff  
time: 5171.0 ns \$r[20]: e0003fff  
time: 5181.0 ns \$r[21]: f8000fff  
time: 5191.0 ns \$r[22]: fe0003ff  
time: 5201.0 ns \$r[23]: ff8000ff  
time: 5211.0 ns \$r[24]: ffe0003f  
time: 5221.0 ns \$r[25]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 5231.0 ns \$r[26]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 5241.0 ns \$r[27]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 5251.0 ns \$r[28]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 5261.0 ns \$r[29]: 000003fc  
time: 5271.0 ns \$r[30]: xxxxxxxx  
time: 5281.0 ns \$r[31]: 00000064  
time=5281.0 ns DM[3fc]=00000200  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0c0]=8000ffff  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0c4]=e0003fff  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0c8]=f8000fff  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0cc]=fe0003ff  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0d0]=ff8000ff  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0d4]=ffe0003f  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0d8]=fff8000f  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0dc]=fffe0003  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0e0]=ffff8000  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0e4]=ffffe000  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0e8]=fffff800  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0ec]=fffffe00  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0f0]=fffff800  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0f4]=ffffffe0  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0f8]=fffffff8  
time=5281.0 ns IOM[0fc]=fffffffef

This module tests the input output module and operations. The output to I/O should be similar to that of the data memory in module 3 with the corresponding instruction change from load and store to input and output.



## Module 14

```

@0
00 00 00 1f // main:      setie
3c 01 12 34 //          lui    $01, 0x1234
34 21 56 78 //          ori    $01, 0x5678
3c 02 87 65 //          lui    $02, 0x8765
34 42 43 21 //          ori    $02, 0x4321
3c 03 ab cd //          lui    $03, 0xABCD
34 63 ef 01 //          ori    $03, 0xEF01
3c 04 01 fe //          lui    $04, 0x01FE
34 84 dc ba //          ori    $04, 0xDCBA
3c 05 5a 5a //          lui    $05, 0x5A5A
34 a5 5a 5a //          ori    $05, 0x5A5A
3c 06 ff ff //          lui    $06, 0xFFFF
34 c6 ff ff //          ori    $06, 0xFFFF
3c 07 ff ff //          lui    $07, 0xFFFF
34 e7 ff 00 //          ori    $07, 0xFF00

00 c7 40 20 //          add    $08, $06, $07
00 c8 48 20 //          add    $09, $06, $08
00 c9 50 20 //          add    $10, $06, $09
00 ca 58 20 //          add    $11, $06, $10
00 cb 60 20 //          add    $12, $06, $11
00 cc 68 20 //          add    $13, $06, $12
00 cd 70 20 //          add    $14, $06, $13
00 ce 78 20 //          add    $15, $06, $14

3c 07 10 01 //          lui    $07, 0x1001
34 e7 03 f0 //          ori    $07, 0x03F0
ac ef 00 00 //          sw     $15, 0($07)
00 00 00 0d //          break

@200
3c 10 10 01 // isr:      lui    $16, 0x1001
36 10 00 c0 //          ori    $16, 0x00C0
3c 11 80 00 //          lui    $17, 0x8000
36 31 ff ff //          ori    $17, 0xFFFF
20 12 00 10 //          addi   $18, $0,
0x10

76 11 00 00 // out_IO:   output $17, 0($16)
00 11 88 83 //          sra    $17, $17, 2
22 10 00 04 //          addi   $16, $16, 4
22 52 ff ff //          addi   $18, $18, -1
16 40 ff fb //          bne    $18, $00,
out_IO

3c 10 10 01 //          lui    $16, 0x1001
36 10 00 c0 //          ori    $16, 0x00C0
72 13 00 00 //          input  $19, 0($16)
72 14 00 04 //          input  $20, 4($16)
72 15 00 08 //          input  $21, 8($16)
72 16 00 0c //          input  $22, 12($16)
72 17 00 10 //          input  $23, 16($16)
72 18 00 14 //          input  $24, 20($16)
7B A0 00 00 //          reti

time: 5071.0 ns $r[0]: 00000000
time: 5081.0 ns $r[1]: 12345678
time: 5091.0 ns $r[2]: 87654321
time: 5101.0 ns $r[3]: abcdef01
time: 5111.0 ns $r[4]: 01fedcba
time: 5121.0 ns $r[5]: 5a5a5a5a
time: 5131.0 ns $r[6]: ffffffff
time: 5141.0 ns $r[7]: 100103f0
time: 5151.0 ns $r[8]: fffffffe
time: 5161.0 ns $r[9]: fffffffe
time: 5171.0 ns $r[10]: fffffffd
time: 5181.0 ns $r[11]: fffffffc
time: 5191.0 ns $r[12]: fffffffb
time: 5201.0 ns $r[13]: fffffffa
time: 5211.0 ns $r[14]: fffffff9
time: 5221.0 ns $r[15]: fffffff8

time: 5231.0 ns $r[16]: 100100c0
time: 5241.0 ns $r[17]: ffffffff
time: 5251.0 ns $r[18]: 00000000
time: 5261.0 ns $r[19]: 8000ffff
time: 5271.0 ns $r[20]: e0003fff
time: 5281.0 ns $r[21]: f8000fff
time: 5291.0 ns $r[22]: fe0003ff
time: 5301.0 ns $r[23]: ff8000ff
time: 5311.0 ns $r[24]: ffe0003f
time: 5321.0 ns $r[25]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5331.0 ns $r[26]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5341.0 ns $r[27]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5351.0 ns $r[28]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5361.0 ns $r[29]: 000003fc
time: 5371.0 ns $r[30]: xxxxxxxx
time: 5381.0 ns $r[31]: xxxxxxxx

time=5381.0 ns DM[3f0]=ffffffef8

time=5381.0 ns DM[3f4]=f1a95000
time=5381.0 ns DM[3f8]=00000064
time=5381.0 ns DM[3fc]=00000200

time=5381.0 ns IOM[0c0]=8000ffff
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0c4]=e0003fff
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0c8]=f8000fff
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0cc]=fe0003ff
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0d0]=ff8000ff
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0d4]=ffe0003f
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0d8]=fff8000f
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0dc]=fffe0003
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0e0]=ffff8000
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0e4]=ffffe000
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0e8]=fffff800
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0ec]=fffffe00
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0f0]=fffff800
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0f4]=ffffffe0
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0f8]=fffffff8
time=5381.0 ns IOM[0fc]=fffffffef

```

This module tests the I/O operations using the save to stack method of storing PC which is highlighted in red. All other outputs should be similar to that of module 13.

### Enhanced Operations Module

```
@0
3c 01 12 34 //          lui $01, 0x1234
34 21 56 78 //          ori $01, 0x5678
3c 02 87 65 //          lui $02, 0x8765
34 42 43 21 //          ori $02, 0x4321
3c 03 ab cd //          lui $03, 0xABCD
34 63 ef 01 //          ori $03, 0xEF01
3c 04 01 fe //          lui $04, 0x01FE
34 84 dc ba //          ori $04, 0xDCBA
3c 05 5a 5a //          lui $05, 0x5A5A
34 a5 5a 5a //          ori $05, 0x5A5A
3c 06 40 09 //          lui $06, 0x4009
34 c6 21 fb //          ori $06, 0x21FB
3c 07 54 44 //          lui $07, 0x5444
34 e7 2d 11 //          ori $07, 0x2D11
3c 08 40 00 //          lui $08, 0x4000

3c 0f 10 01 //          lui $15, 0x1001
35 ef 00 00 //          ori $15, 0x0000
8d ed 00 04 //          lw $13, 04($15)
8d ee 00 00 //          lw $14, 00($15)
8d eb 00 0c //          lw $11, 12($15)
8d ec 00 08 //          lw $12, 08($15)
8d ea 00 10 //          lw $10, 16($15)
8d e9 00 14 //          lw $9, 14($15)

7c 22 00 00 //          MVFR $00, $01, $02
7c c7 08 00 //          MVFR $01, $06, $07
7d 00 10 00 //          MVFR $02, $08, $00
7c 22 18 01 //          FMULT $03, $01, $02
7c 61 20 02 //          FDIV $04, $03, $02
7c 61 28 03 //          FADD $05, $03, $01
7c 41 30 04 //          FSUB $06, $02, $01
7c 26 38 05 //          FZERO $07, $01, $06

7c 26 00 06 //          MVVR $00, $01, $06
7d ce 08 06 //          MVVR $01, $14, $14
7d ad 10 06 //          MVVR $02, $13, $13
7c 22 80 07 //          VADDS $16, $01, $02

7d 6c 18 06 //          MVVR $03, $11, $12
7d 6a 20 06 //          MVVR $04, $11, $10
7c 0b 28 06 //          MVVR $05, $11, $11
7c 64 28 08 //          MULADD $05, $3, $4

7d 29 48 06 //          MVVR $9, $9, $9
7d 30 30 09 //          VAND $6, $9, $16
7d 30 38 0a //          VCEQ $7, $9, $16
7d 30 40 0b //          VCLT $$8, $9, $16

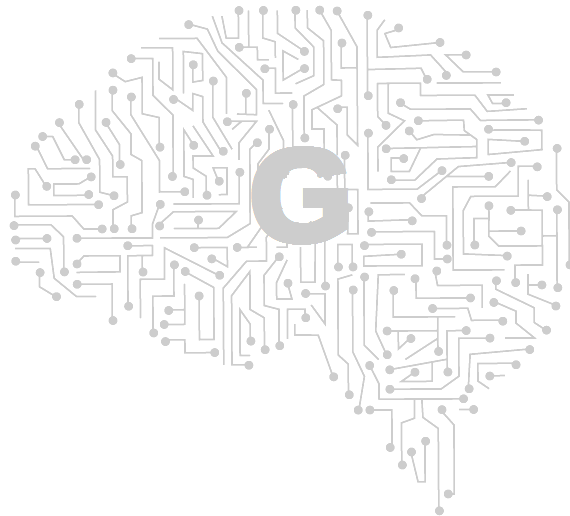
00 00 00 0d //          break
```

time: 1691.0 ns \$r[0]: 00000000  
time: 1701.0 ns \$r[1]: 12345678  
time: 1711.0 ns \$r[2]: 87654321  
time: 1721.0 ns \$r[3]: abcdef01  
time: 1731.0 ns \$r[4]: 01fedcba  
time: 1741.0 ns \$r[5]: 5a5a5a5a  
time: 1751.0 ns \$r[6]: 400921fb  
time: 1761.0 ns \$r[7]: 54442d11  
time: 1771.0 ns \$r[8]: 40000000  
time: 1781.0 ns \$r[9]: ffffffff  
time: 1791.0 ns \$r[10]: 00000004  
time: 1801.0 ns \$r[11]: 00000005  
time: 1811.0 ns \$r[12]: 00000007  
time: 1821.0 ns \$r[13]: 05060506  
time: 1831.0 ns \$r[14]: fd03fd03  
time: 1841.0 ns \$r[15]: 10010000  
time: 2011.0 ns \$f[0]: 1234567887654321  
time: 2021.0 ns \$f[1]: 400921fb54442d11  
time: 2031.0 ns \$f[2]: 4000000000000000  
time: 2041.0 ns \$f[3]: 401921fb54442d11  
time: 2051.0 ns \$f[4]: 4000000000000000  
time: 2061.0 ns \$f[5]: 4022d97c7f3321cd  
time: 2071.0 ns \$f[6]: bff243f6a8885a22  
time: 2081.0 ns \$f[7]: 0000000000000000  
time: 2091.0 ns \$f[8]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2101.0 ns \$f[9]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2111.0 ns \$f[10]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2121.0 ns \$f[11]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2131.0 ns \$f[12]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2141.0 ns \$f[13]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2151.0 ns \$f[14]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2161.0 ns \$f[15]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

The double at F[\$01] is 3.141593  
The double at F[\$02] is 2.000000  
The double at F[\$03] is 6.283185  
The double at F[\$04] is 2.000000  
The double at F[\$05] is 9.424778  
The double at F[\$06] is -1.141593  
The double at F[\$07] is 0.000000

time: 2331.0 ns \$v[0]: 12345678400921fb  
time: 2341.0 ns \$v[1]: fd03fd03fd03fd03  
time: 2351.0 ns \$v[2]: 0506050605060506  
time: 2361.0 ns \$v[3]: 0000000500000007  
time: 2371.0 ns \$v[4]: 0000000500000004  
time: 2381.0 ns \$v[5]: 0000001e00000021  
time: 2391.0 ns \$v[6]: ff09ff09ff09ff09  
time: 2401.0 ns \$v[7]: ff00ff00ff00ff00  
time: 2411.0 ns \$v[8]: 0000000000000000  
time: 2421.0 ns \$v[9]: ffffffffffffffff  
time: 2431.0 ns \$v[10]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2441.0 ns \$v[11]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2451.0 ns \$v[12]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2461.0 ns \$v[13]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2471.0 ns \$v[14]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2481.0 ns \$v[15]: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx  
time: 2491.0 ns \$v[16]: ff09ff09ff09ff09

This module tests the Enhanced instruction set of our project. Integer register values are copied to floating point registers as well as vector registers then operations are done on the values in their respective datapaths using register-type operations. The bitwise conversion to real numbers is displayed for comparison for the double precision floating-point.



## D. Data memory reference logs

### DM 1-7 modules

```
@0      // Big Endian Format

C3 C3 C3 C3  // 0x00:03
12 34 56 78  // 0x04:07
89 AB CD EF  // 0x08:0B
A5 A5 A5 A5  // 0x0C:0F
5A 5A 5A 5A  // 0x10:13 //word 4
24 68 AC E0  // 0x14:17
13 57 9B DF  // 0x18:1B
0F 0F 0F 0F  // 0x1C:1F
F0 F0 F0 F0  // 0x20:23 //word 8
00 00 00 09  // 0x24:27
00 00 00 0A  // 0x28:2B
00 00 00 0B  // 0x2C:2F
00 00 00 0C  // 0x30:33 //word 12
00 00 00 0D  // 0x34:37
FF FF FF F8  // 0x38:3B
00 00 75 CC  // 0x3C:3F

@1CC
AB CD EF 01  // 0x1CC:1CF

@3F8
00 00 00 00  // 0x3F8:3FB
```

### DM 13-14 modules

```
@0
C3 C3 C3 C3
12 34 56 78
89 AB CD EF
A5 A5 A5 A5
5A 5A 5A 5A
24 68 AC E0
13 57 9B DF
0F 0F 0F 0F
F0 F0 F0 F0
00 00 00 09
00 00 00 0A
00 00 00 0B
00 00 00 0C
00 00 00 0D
FF FF FF F8
00 00 75 CC
@1CC
AB CD EF 01
@3F8
00 00 00 00
@3FC
00 00 02 00
```

### DM 8 module

```
@0      // Big Endian Format

00 00 00 19  // 0x00:03 //word 00 = 25
00 00 03 E8  // 0x04:07 //word 01 = 1000
FF FF FF E7  // 0x08:0B //word 02 = -25
FF FF FC 18  // 0x0C:0F //word 03 = -1000
00 00 61 A8  // 0x10:13 //word 04 = 25000
FF FF 9E 58  // 0x14:17 //word 05 = -25000
FF FF FF FF  // 0x18:1B //word 06 = -1
00 00 00 07  // 0x1C:1F
00 00 00 08  // 0x20:23
00 00 00 09  // 0x24:27
00 00 00 0A  // 0x28:2B
00 00 00 0B  // 0x2C:2F
00 00 00 0C  // 0x30:33
00 00 00 0D  // 0x34:37
00 00 00 0E  // 0x38:3B
00 00 00 0F  // 0x3C:3F
```

### DM 9-12 modules

```
@0      // Big Endian Format

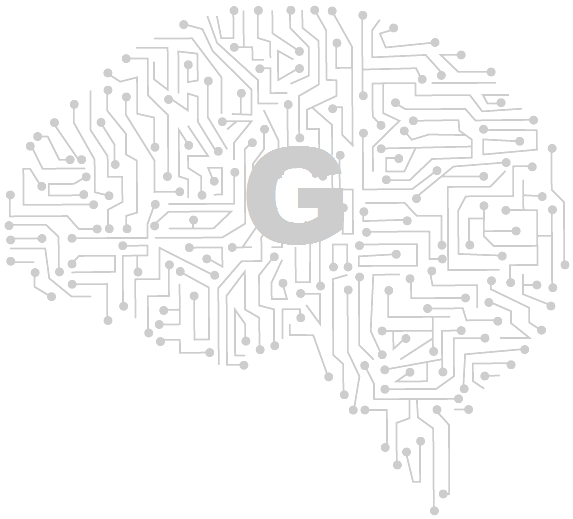
00 04 09 11  // 0x00:03 //word 00 = 264465
00 00 03 E8  // 0x04:07 //word 01 = 1000
FF FB F6 EF  // 0x08:0B //word 02 = -264465
FF FF FC 18  // 0x0C:0F //word 03 = -1000
00 00 01 08  // 0x10:13 //word 04 = 264 Quot1,4 w00 div w01, w02 div w03
00 00 01 D1  // 0x14:17 //word 05 = 465 Rem 1,3 w00 mod w01, w00 mod w03
FF FF FE F8  // 0x18:1B //word 06 = -264 Quot2,3 w02 div w01, w00 div w03
FF FF FE 2F  // 0x1C:1F //word 07 = -465 Rem 2,4 w02 mod w01, w02 mod w03
00 00 00 08  // 0x20:23 //word 08 =
00 00 00 09  // 0x24:27 //word 09 =
00 00 00 0A  // 0x28:2B //word 10 =
00 00 00 0B  // 0x2C:2F //word 11 =
00 00 00 0C  // 0x30:33 //word 12 =
00 00 00 0D  // 0x34:37 //word 13 =
00 00 00 0E  // 0x38:3B //word 14 =
00 00 00 0F  // 0x3C:3F //word 15 =

@1CC
AB CD EF 01  // 0x1CC:1CF

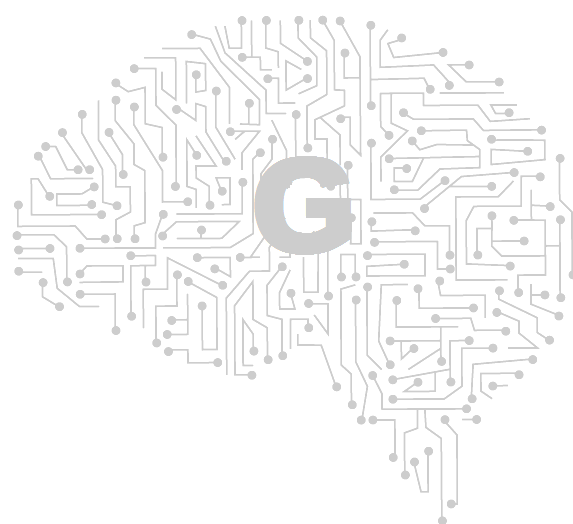
@3F8
00 00 00 00  // 0x3F8:3FB
```

### DM Enhanced module

```
@0
FD 03 FD 03
05 06 05 06
00 00 00 07
00 00 00 05
00 00 00 04
FF FF FF FF
00 00 00 20
00 00 00 25
F0 F0 F0 F0
00 00 00 09
00 00 00 0A
00 00 00 0B
00 00 00 0C
00 00 00 0D
FF FF FF F8
00 00 75 CC
@1CC
AB CD EF 01
@3F8
00 00 00 00
@3FC
00 00 02 00
```



IV. Hardware Implementation Diagrams



## V. Additional Discussions or Comments

### Future Enhancements

Will include pipelining the GBRAINS CPU, expanding the memory usage operations for the enhance registers. Also to increase the memory access capabilities of the enhanced registers. Expand and include more operations.

### Builder

We used the following module as a tool to write out custom instructions to reduce the stress of fiddling with bits on the windows calculator, which is a terrible little program.

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
/*****
* Author(s):Bryan Linares
*           Grace Daliwan
*           Brian Ortiz
* Filename: Builder.v
* Date:     Nov. 17, 2018
* Project:  CECS 440 Senior Project
*
* Notes:    Tool module: efficient way to print out custom instructions for our
*           enhanced IMem file.
*
*****/
module builder();

    reg [ 4:0] rs,rt,rd,fmt;
    reg [ 5:0] funct, hfunct, op;
    reg [15:0] imm;

    wire      c;
    wire [ 7:0] test;
    wire [31:0] IR, IRI;

    assign IR = {op,rs,rt,rd,fmt,funct};
    assign IRI= {op, rs, rt, imm};
    assign {c,test} = 8'hFD + 8'h05;

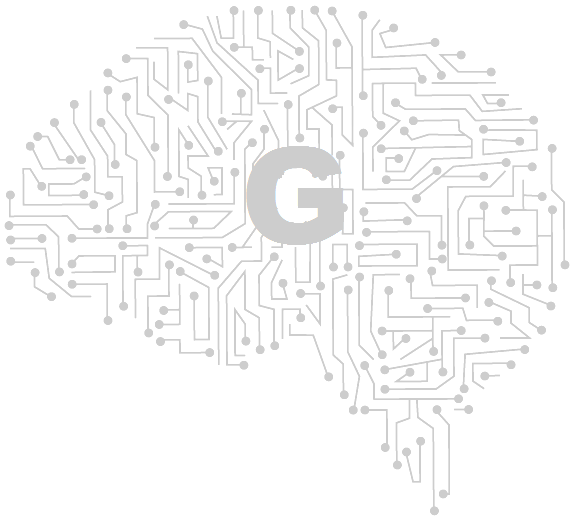
    initial begin
        op      = 6'h1F;
        rs      = 5'h9;
        rt      = 5'h10;
        rd      = 5'h8;
        fmt     = 5'h0;
        funct   = 6'hB;

        #100;
        $display("%h", IR);
        $display("IR %h, es %h, et %h, ed %h, fmt %h, funct %h ",
            IR, IR[25:21],IR[20:16],IR[15:11],IR[10:6],IR[5:0]);

        op      = 6'h1F;
        rs      = 5'h9;
        rt      = 5'h10;
        rd      = 5'h7;
        fmt     = 5'h0;
        funct   = 6'hA;

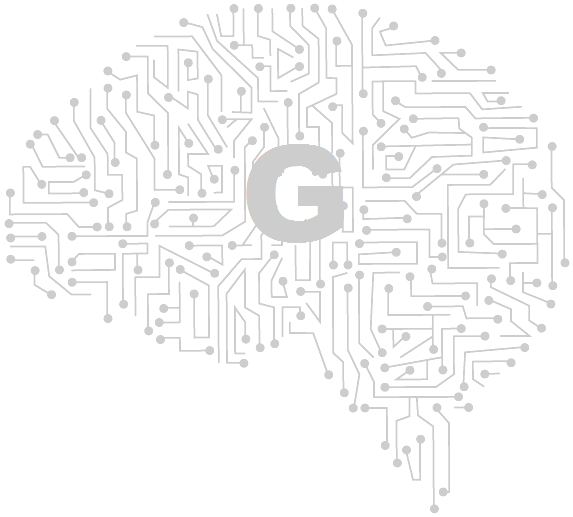
        #100;
        $display("%h", IR);

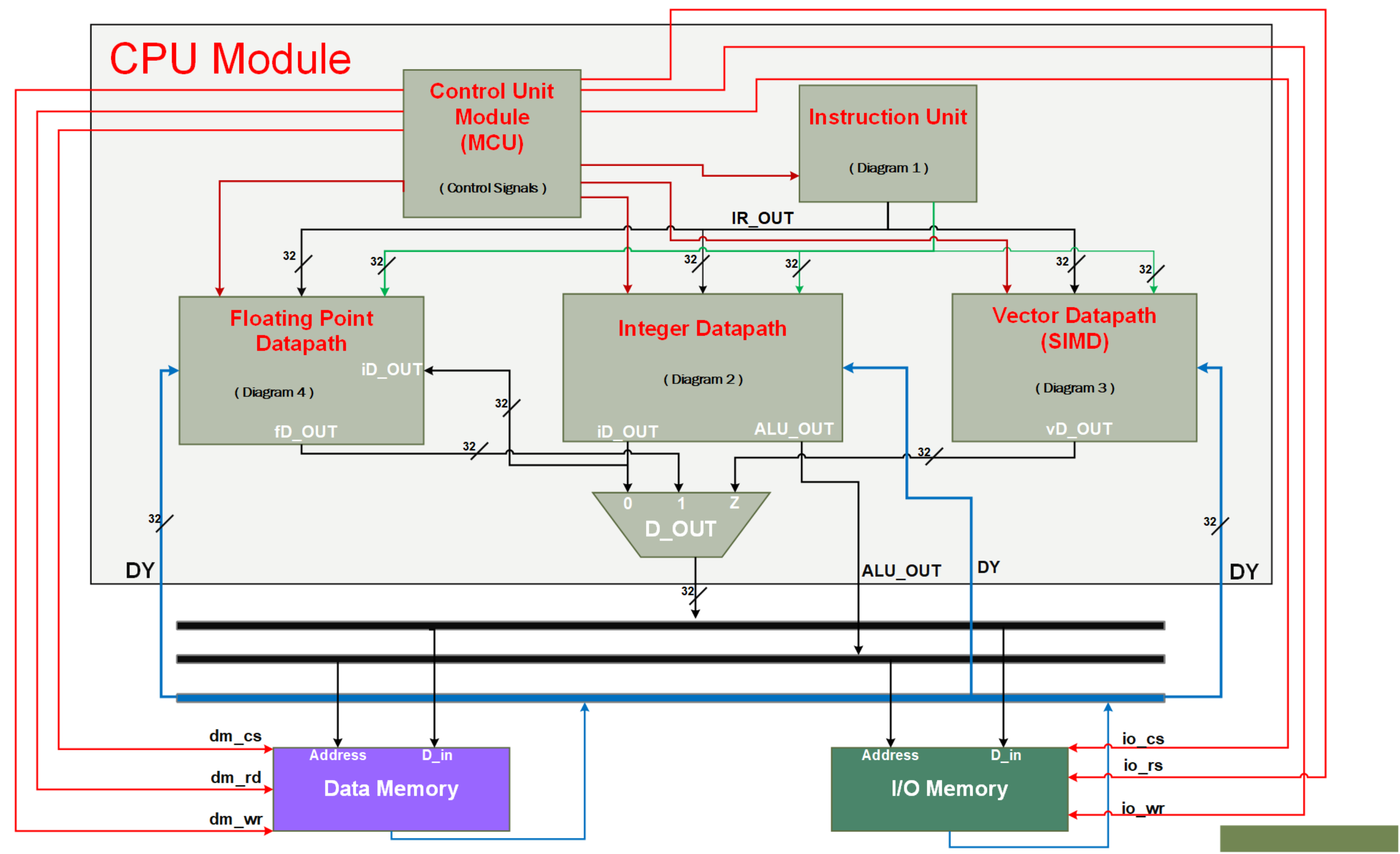
    end
endmodule
```





VI. CD-ROM





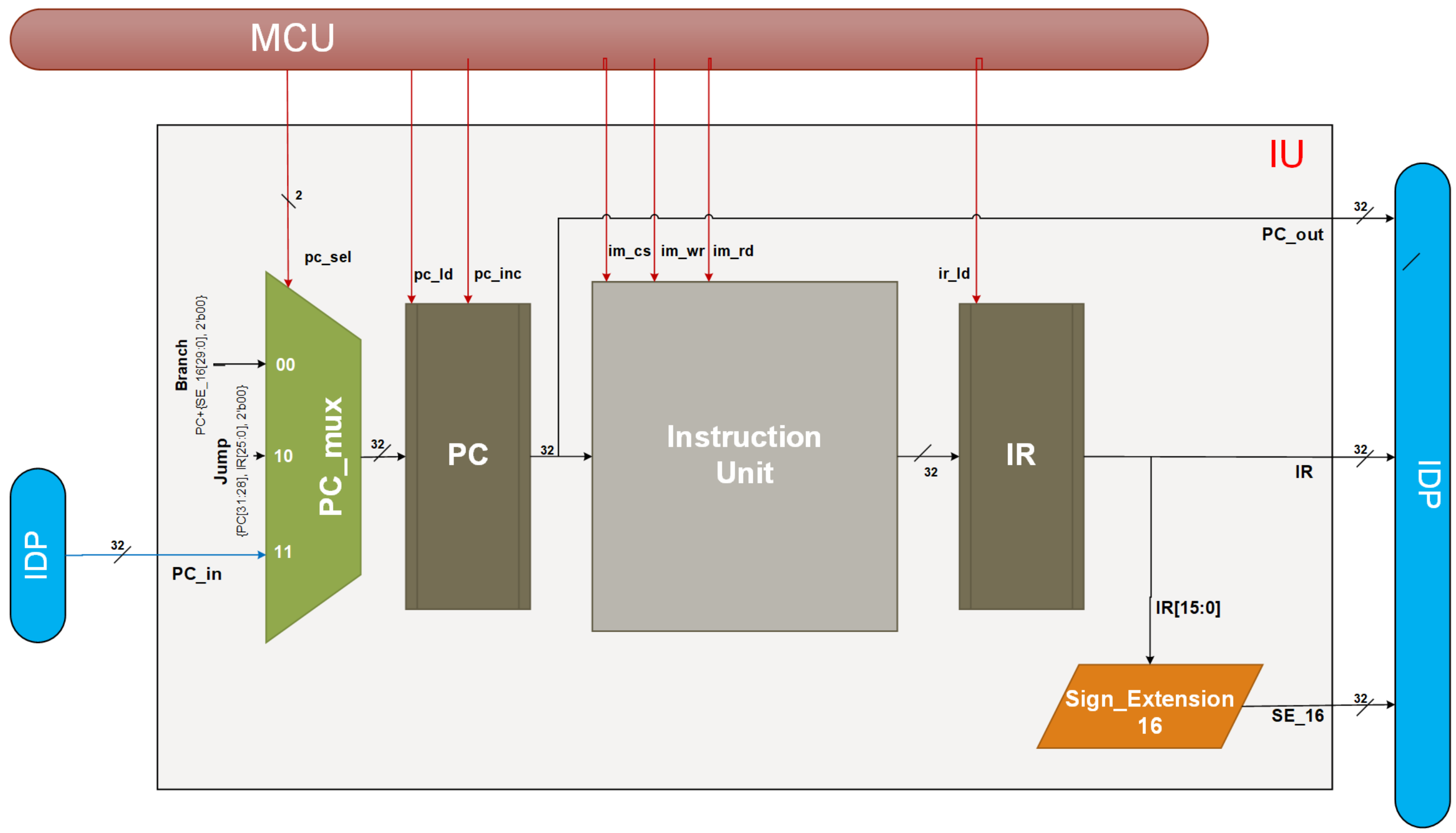


DIAGRAM 1

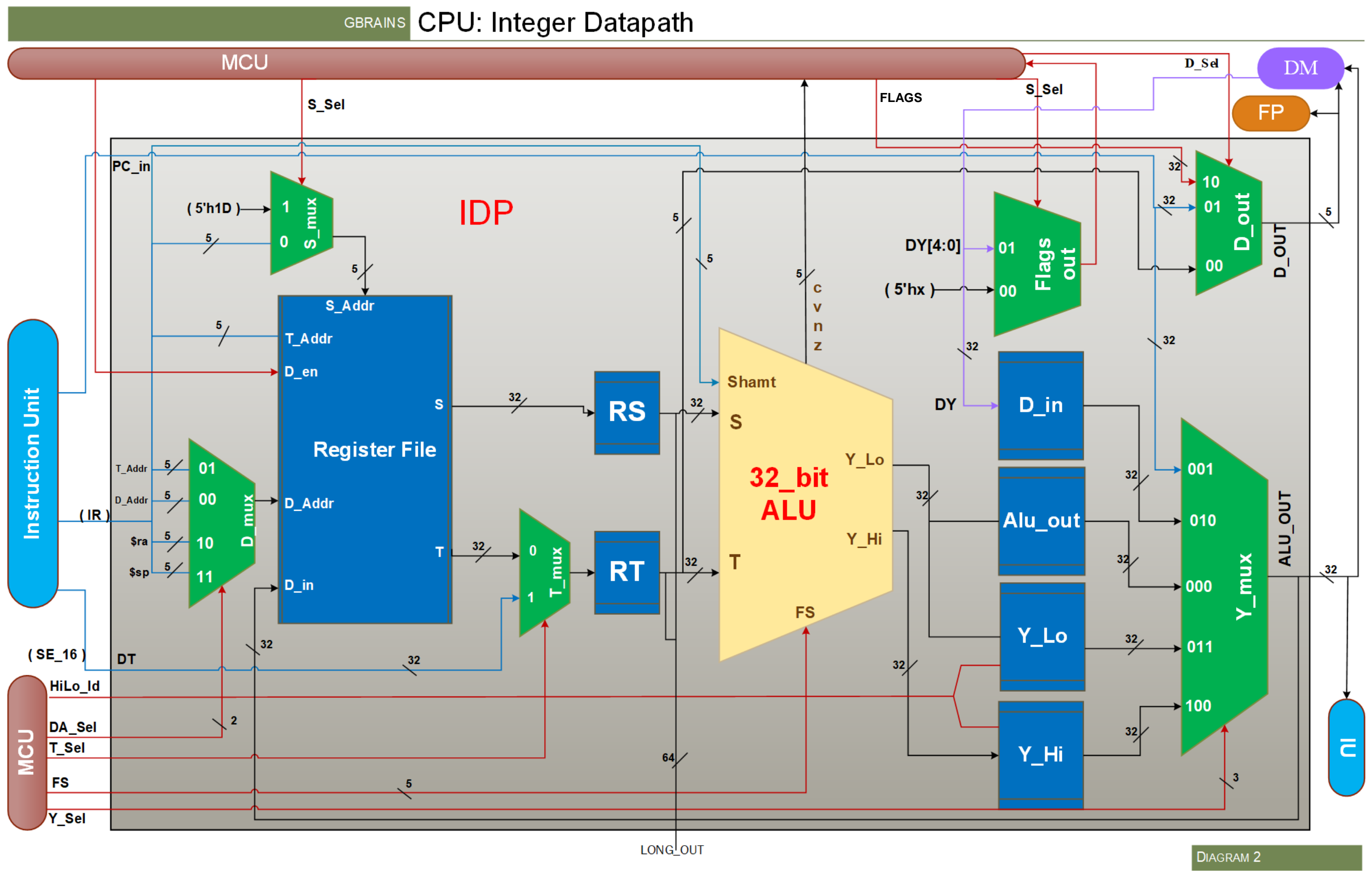


DIAGRAM 2

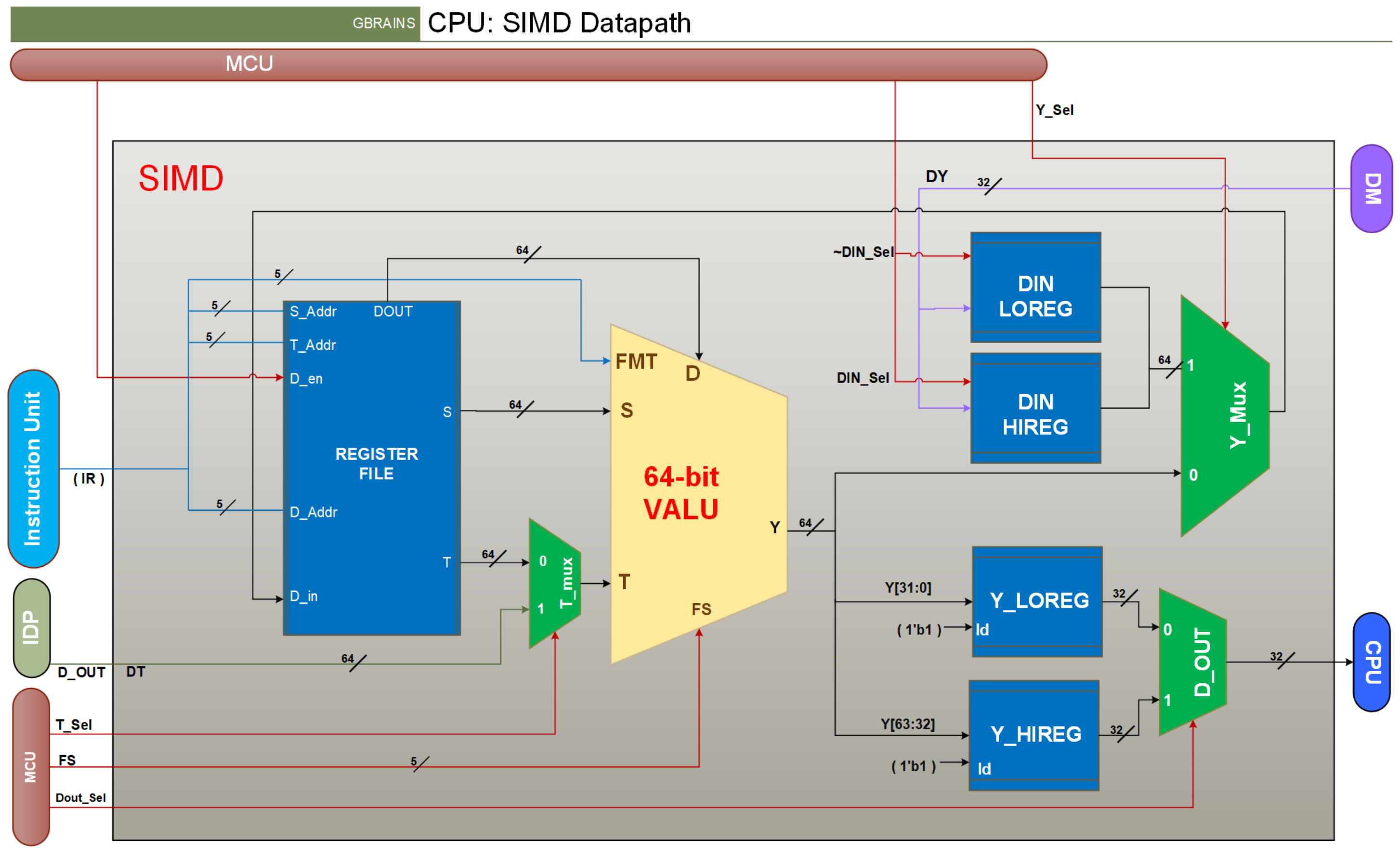


DIAGRAM 3

GBRAINS CPU: Floating Point Datapath

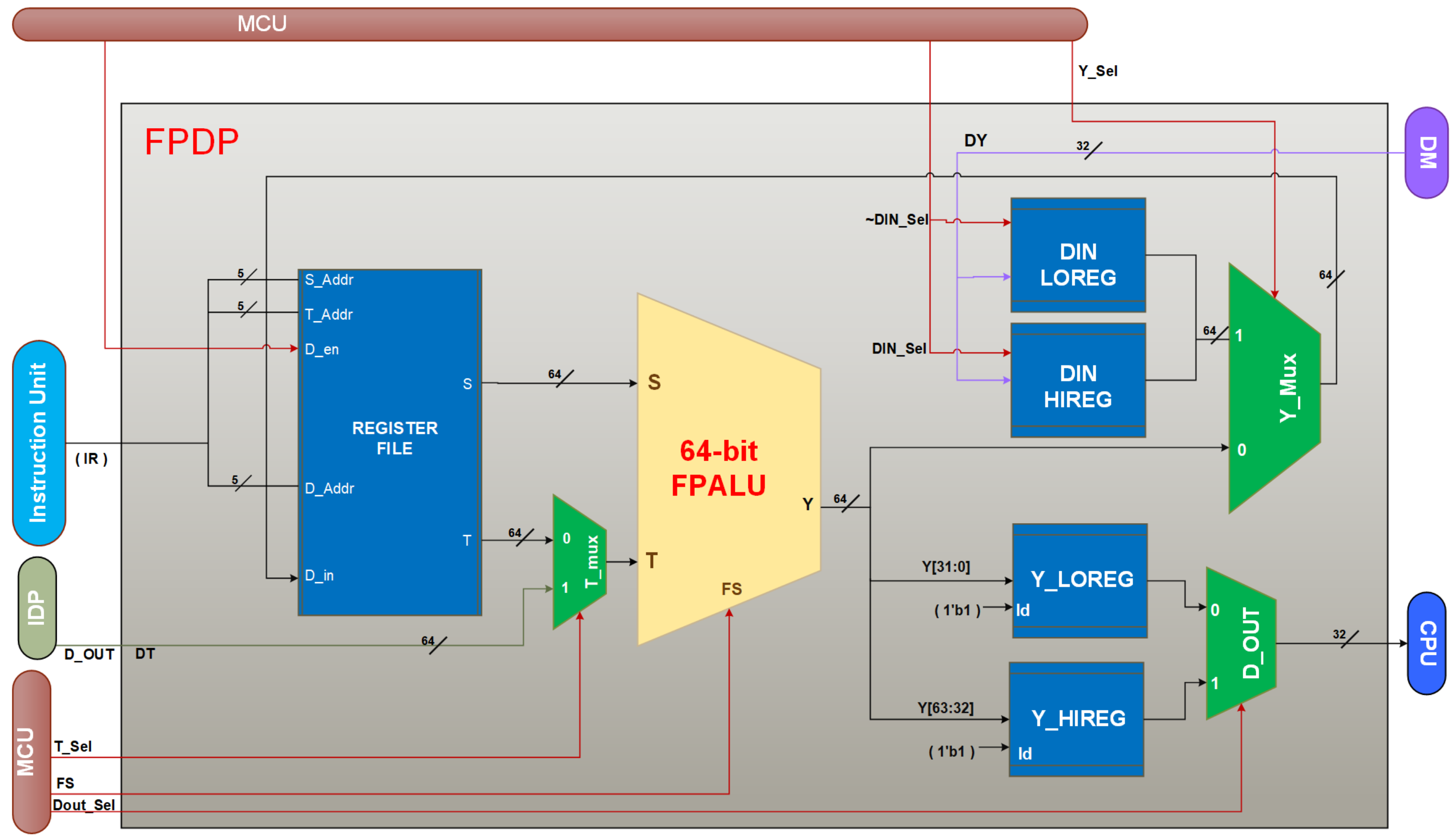


DIAGRAM 4

