MCAS Algorithm Specification

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1 Introduction

This document is about MCAS which is the algorithm to correct color reproduction.

2 Specification

2.1 Feature

- To correct color reproduction.
- To adjust for every 20 domains on a color space.

2.2 Input image

Color format: RGB linear data

Data type : Unsigned short (16bit)

Color order : BGR

Raster scan

Maximum bit range : 12bit

2.3 Output image

Color format: RGB linear data

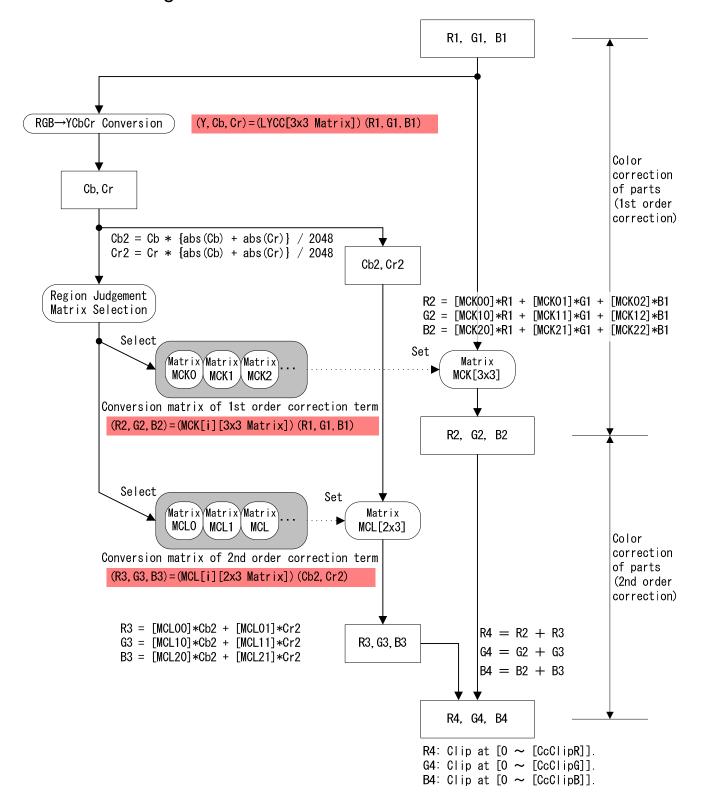
> Data type : Unsigned short (16bit)

➢ Color order : BGR

Raster scan

3 Process

3.1 Block diaglam



3.2 Region Judgement

1. To judge a region which the given color belongs to.

To find which quadrant the given color is.

+Cb +Cr -> 1st quadrant

-Cb +Cr -> 2st quadrant

-Cb -Cr \rightarrow 3st quadrant

+Cb -Cr -> 4st quadrant

To find which region the given color is.

e.g., At 1st quadrant,

Line A : y = x * Cr / Cb

Line B: x + y = 2048

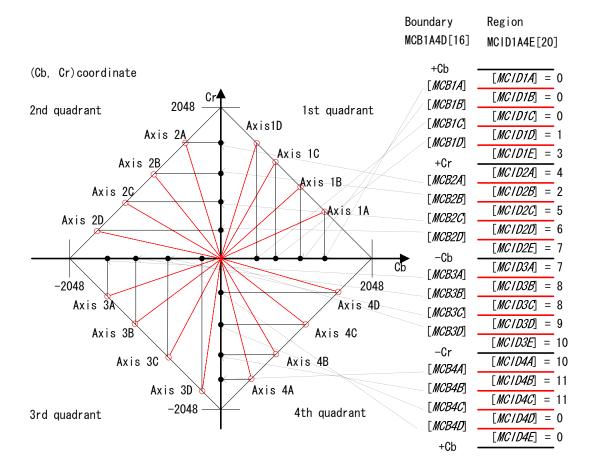
To get the intersection coordinates of the line A and the line B.

x = 2048* Cb/(Cb + Cr)

This value is compared with the value of a parameter (MCB1A4D[]) in order to judge a region.

2. To select a matrix.

The index of a matrix is given to each region into a parameter (MCID1A4E[])



改版履歴

日付	版数	改版内容	作成者
2012/07/13	1. 0. 0	Initial Version	Isao Yamada