

Second Derivative Test and Optimization

Second Derivative

Example 1: Find the second derivative for the following functions:

a. $f(x) = x^3 - 8x^2 + 9x - 11$	b. $f(x) = x^5 - 3x^4 + 2x^2 - 5$	c. $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 1$
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Critical Values:

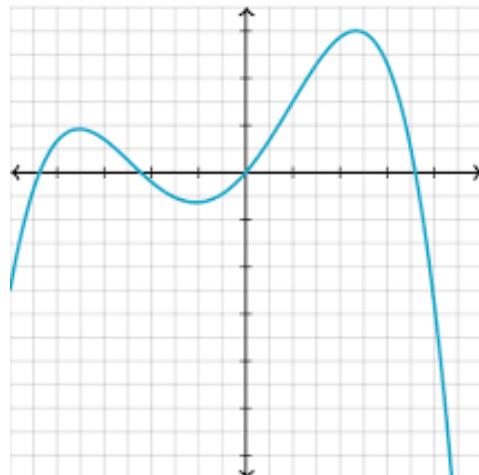
Example 2: Find the critical values for the following functions:

a. $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - 9x + 5$	b. $f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 1$
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c. $f(x) = 4x^3 - 9x^2 - 12x + 3$	d. $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 9x + 24$

Second Derivative and Graphs

a. Concave Up –



b. Concave Down –

Example 3: Determine if there is a minimum or a maximum based on the given information.

a. $f''(2) = -3$	b. $f''(-1) = 5$
c. $f''(3) = 8$	d. $f''(-5) = -10$

Four Steps for Optimization

1. Find $f'(x)$
2. Find critical values (CV) by setting $f'(x) = 0$.
3. Find $f''(x)$
4. Evaluate $f''(x)$ for all critical values.
 - a. $f''(CV) > 0$, meaning the graph is concave up, so there is a minimum at (x, y) . Find the y value by plugging x back into ORIGINAL $f(x)$.
 - b. $f''(CV) < 0$, meaning the graph is concave down, so there is a maximum at (x, y) . Find the y value by plugging x back into ORIGINAL $f(x)$

For each function, use the 4-step optimization process to find the maximum/minimum values.

<p>1. $f(x) = -x^3 + 3x^2 - 2$</p> <p>Step 1: Find the first derivative</p> <p>Step 2: Find the critical points</p> <p>Step 3: Find the second derivative</p> <p>Step 4: Evaluate $f''(x)$ for all critical values. Find the coordinates of the maximums/minimums</p>	<p>2. $f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 1$</p> <p>Step 1: Find the first derivative</p> <p>Step 2: Find the critical points</p> <p>Step 3: Find the second derivative</p> <p>Step 4: Evaluate $f''(x)$ for all critical values. Find the coordinates of the maximums/minimums</p>
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$$3. \ f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x - 7$$

Step 1: Find the first derivative

Step 2: Find the critical points

Step 3: Find the second derivative

Step 4: Evaluate $f''(x)$ for all critical values.
Find the coordinates of the
maximums/minimums

$$4. \ f(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 + 4$$

Step 1: Find the first derivative

Step 2: Find the critical points

Step 3: Find the second derivative

Step 4: Evaluate $f''(x)$ for all critical values.
Find the coordinates of the
maximums/minimums

$$5. \ f(x) = x^3 - 12x$$

Step 1: Find the first derivative

Step 2: Find the critical points

Step 3: Find the second derivative

Step 4: Evaluate $f''(x)$ for all critical values. Find the coordinates of the maximums/minimums

$$6. \ f(x) = x^3 - 12x^2 + 45x + 7$$

Step 1: Find the first derivative

Step 2: Find the critical points

Step 3: Find the second derivative

Step 4: Evaluate $f''(x)$ for all critical values. Find the coordinates of the maximums/minimums