

## Quotient Rule

$$\left[ \frac{\text{top}}{\text{bot}} \right]' = \frac{(\text{top})' \cdot \text{Bot} - (\text{Bot})' \cdot \text{Top}}{(\text{Bot})^2}$$

OR

$$\left[ \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right]' = \frac{f'(x) \cdot g(x) - g'(x) \cdot f(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$$

Example : Find  $h'(x)$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad h(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3x}{x^2 - 4}$$

$$h'(x) = \frac{(x^2 + 3x)' \cdot (x^2 - 4) - (x^2 - 4)' \cdot (x^2 + 3x)}{(x^2 - 4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(2x + 3)(x^2 - 4) - (2x)(x^2 + 3x)}{(x^2 - 4)^2}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad h(x) = \frac{x+2}{3x+7}$$

$$\Rightarrow h'(x) = \frac{(x+2)' \cdot (3x+7) - (3x+7)' \cdot (x+2)}{(3x+7)^2}$$

$$h'(x) = \frac{1 \cdot (3x+7) - 3(x+2)}{(3x+7)^2}$$

③ (Simplify the answer.)

$$h(x) = \frac{4x+1}{4x-1}$$

$$\rightarrow h'(x) = \frac{(4x+1)'(4x-1) - (4x-1)'(4x+1)}{(4x-1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{4(4x-1) - 4 \cdot (4x+1)}{(4x-1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{16x} - 4 - \cancel{16x} - 4}{(4x-1)^2}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{-8}{(4x-1)^2}}$$

$$(4) \quad h(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x} + x^9}{\sqrt{x} + 2}$$

$$\Rightarrow h'(x) = \frac{(\sqrt{x} + x^9)' \cdot (\sqrt{x} + 2) - (\sqrt{x} + 2)' \cdot (\sqrt{x} + x^9)}{(\sqrt{x} + 2)^2}$$

$$[\text{Note: } (\sqrt{x})' = (x^{1/2})' = \frac{1}{2} x^{1/2-1} = \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2}]$$

$$\Rightarrow h'(x) = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2} + 9x^8\right)(\sqrt{x} + 2) - \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2} \cdot (\sqrt{x} + x^9)}{(\sqrt{x} + 2)^2}$$

$$(5) \quad h(x) = \frac{\left(\frac{3}{x^2} + 4x\right)}{\frac{4}{x} + 6}$$

$$\Rightarrow h'(x) = \frac{\left(\frac{3}{x^2} + 4x\right)' \cdot \left(\frac{4}{x} + 6\right) - \left(\frac{4}{x} + 6\right)' \cdot \left(\frac{3}{x^2} + 4x\right)}{\left(\frac{4}{x} + 6\right)^2}$$

$$\left[ \begin{aligned} \text{note: } \left(\frac{3}{x^2}\right)' &= (3x^{-2})' = 3 \cdot (-2) \cdot x^{-2-1} = -6x^{-3} \\ \left(\frac{4}{x}\right)' &= (4x^{-1})' = 4 \cdot (-1) \cdot x^{-1-1} = \underline{\underline{-4x^{-2}}} \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow h'(x) = \frac{(-6x^{-3} + 4)\left(\frac{4}{x} + 6\right) - (-4x^{-2})\left(\frac{3}{x^2} + 4x\right)}{\left(\frac{4}{x} + 6\right)^2}$$

⑥

$$h(x) = \frac{3}{x+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow h'(x) = \frac{(3)' \cdot (x+1) - (x+1)' \cdot 3}{(x+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{0 \cdot (x+1) - 1 \cdot 3}{(x+1)^2} = \frac{-3}{(x+1)^2}$$

Assignment . Find  $h'(x)$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad h(x) = \frac{x^3 + 3x}{x^2 + 4}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad h(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 1} \quad (\text{simplify})$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad h(x) = \frac{2x^4 + x}{x + 4}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad h(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3x + 1}{x^2 + 4x + 1}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad h(x) = \frac{x^{2025} + 4x^3}{x^{2002} - 6}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad h(x) = \frac{3x + 1}{4x + 1}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad h(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x} + 2}{\sqrt{x} + 3}$$

$$(8) \quad h(x) = \frac{\sqrt[4]{x} + 1}{x + 2}$$

$$(9) \quad h(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x} + 1}{x}$$

$$(10) \quad h(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{x^2} + 1}{3x}$$

$$(11) \quad h(x) = \frac{2025}{x^3 + 1}$$

$$(12) \quad h(x) = \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x^2 - x - 1} \quad (\text{simplify})$$