

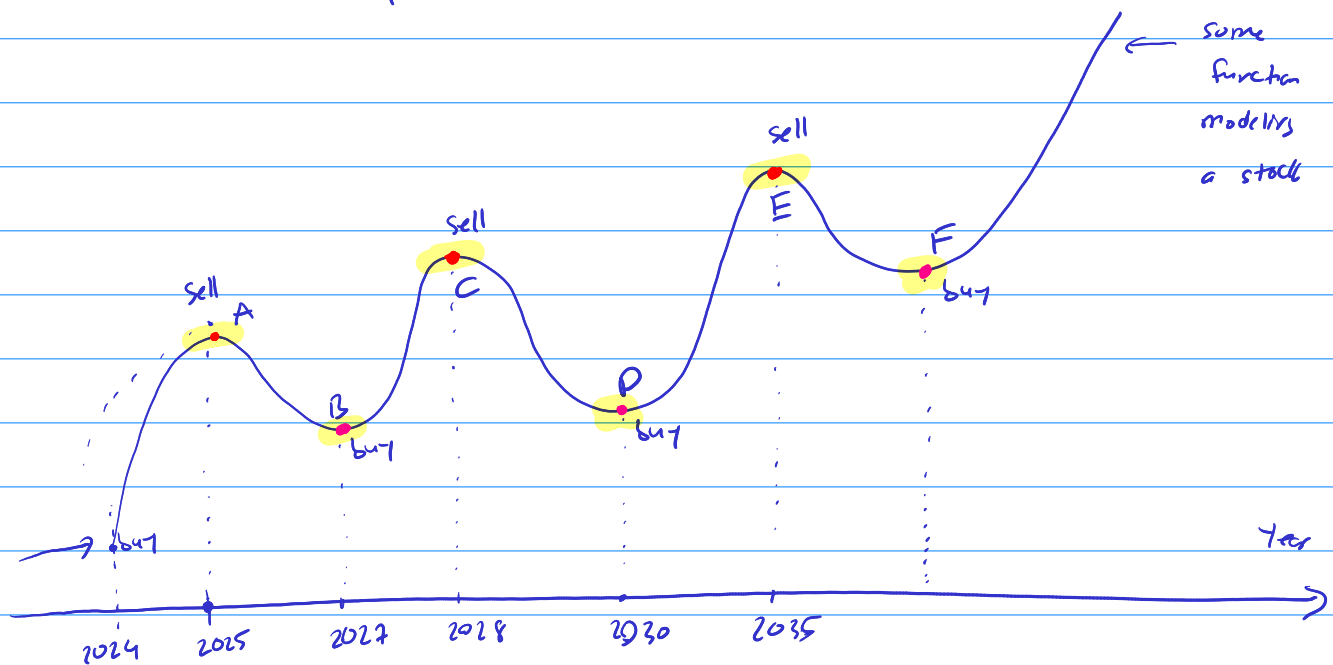
we can use function to model data / real-world issues

why we want to do that?

The benefit is: — Make future predictions / estimation

use Derivatives
to solve it

— Find some optimal value of the function. For example: Find the number of items that a company should produce to maximize their profit.



A, B, C, D, E, F are called local extrema of the function.

we can use "Derivatives" to find these points for a given function

Points A, C, E : local max where the 1st derivatives are zeros
and 2nd derivatives are negative

Points B, D, F : local min 1st derivative are zeros and
2nd ————— are positive.

Derivatives

we will cover the following functions:

- polynomial f.
- Rational f.
- Exponential f.
- logarithmic f.

Rule 1 (power rule)

The derivative of $f(x)$ is denoted by $f'(x)$

$$f(x) = x^n$$

$$\Rightarrow f'(x) = n \cdot x^{n-1}$$

Example: Find $f'(x)$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad f(x) = x^4 \Rightarrow f'(x) = 4 \cdot x^{4-1} = 4x^3$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad f(x) = x^{2024} \Rightarrow f'(x) = 2024 \cdot x^{2024-1} = 2024 \cdot x^{2023}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad f(x) = x^1 = x^1 \Rightarrow f'(x) = 1 \cdot x^{1-1} = x^0 = 1$$
$$\Rightarrow f'(x) = 1$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x} = x^{1/2}$$
$$\Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^{1/2-1} = \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2}$$

$$(5) \quad f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} = x^{1/3}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{3} x^{1/3-1} = \frac{1}{3} x^{-2/3}$$

In general: $f(x) = \sqrt[n]{x} = x^{1/n}$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{n} x^{1/n-1}$$

Assignment 12

Find $f'(x)$

$$(1) \quad f(x) = x^{1000}$$

$$(5) \quad f(x) = \sqrt[4]{x}$$

$$(2) \quad f(x) = x^3$$

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \sqrt[5]{x}$$

$$(3) \quad f(x) = x^7$$

$$(7) \quad f(x) = x^{2/3}$$

$$(4) \quad f(x) = x$$

$$(8) \quad f(x) = x^{7/3}$$

Show all the work
as in the example.

$$(9) \quad f(x) = x^{-6}$$

$$(10) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x} \quad (\text{extra credit})$$

Do not just give the final
answer.