

(*) Limits at infinity (cont.)

Result from last session

(1)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0}{b_m x^m + b_{m-1} x^{m-1} + \dots + b_1 x + b_0} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n x^n}{b_m x^m}$$

(2)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0}{b_m x^m + b_{m-1} x^{m-1} + \dots + b_1 x + b_0} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{a_n x^n}{b_m x^m}$$

Example

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{5x^2 - 4x}{2x^2 + 3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^2}{2x^2} = 5/2$$

$$(3) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0 = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} a_n x^n$$

$$(4) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0 = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} a_n x^n$$

Example :

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1 + 2x - 3x^5) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} -3x^5 = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 20} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x^2} = \infty$$

$$29. \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3x^4 + x}}{x^2 - 8} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3x^4}}{x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{x^4}}{x^2} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$[\text{notice: } \sqrt{x^4} = (x^4)^{1/2} = x^{4 \cdot 1/2} = x^2]$$

Practice : Find

$$(1) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{10}{2x^3 - 10x^2 - 100x + 2}$$

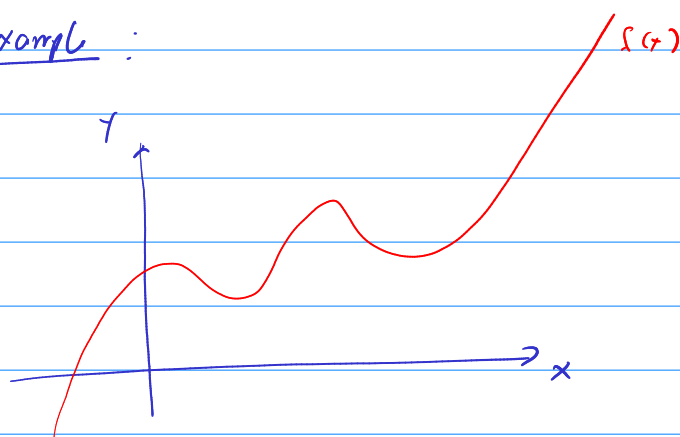
$$(2) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^6 - 6x^3 + x}{1 - x - x^{10}}$$

$$(3) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6x^3 + x + 1}{7x^3 - 2x - 1}$$

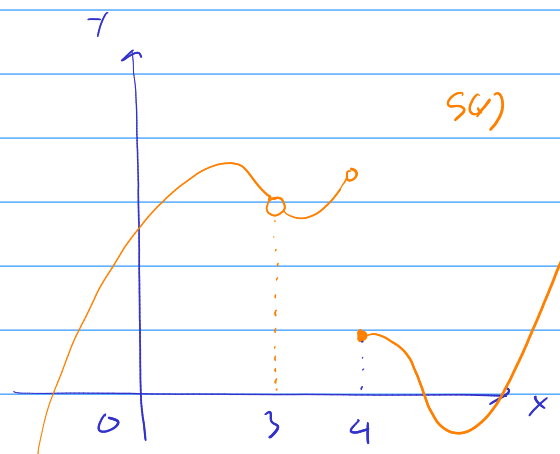
$$(4) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{3x+1}}{\sqrt{4x+2}}$$

1.5 Continuity

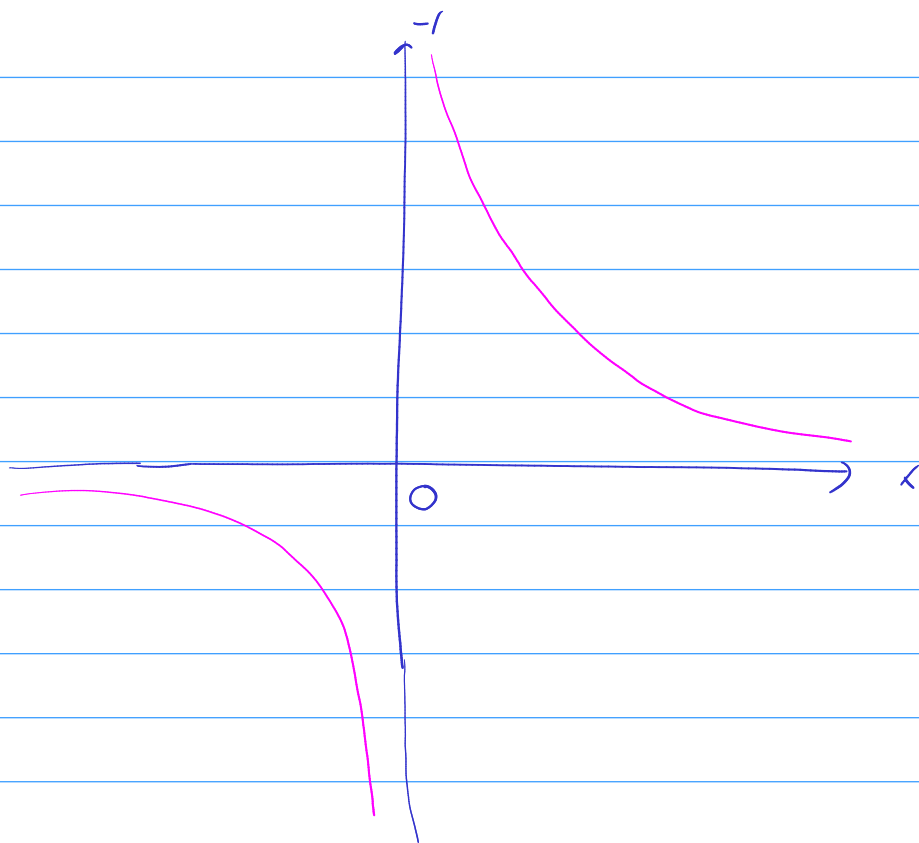
Example :



$f(x)$ is a continuous function



$g(x)$ is not a continuous function
 $g(x)$ is discont. at $x=3, 4$



This function is not
continuous at $x = 0$

* Def.

The function $y = f(x)$ is continuous at $x = a$
if and only if (iff) the following 3 conditions are
satisfied

① $f(a)$ exists

② $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$ exists [means: $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x)]$

③ $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = f(a)$

Example: Find some example of discontinuity when the first condition is not satisfied.

(1) Example of functions that are not continuous at $x = 7$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-7} \text{ is not cont. at } x=7 \text{ b/c}$$

$f(7)$ does not exist (DNE)

$$g(x) = \frac{10}{(x-7)^3}, \quad h(x) = \sqrt{-x}$$

$$k(x) = \sqrt{1-x}$$

are some example where the function is not cont. at $x=7$

b/c the func. DNE at $x=7$