

Regression Trees

Regression Trees

- ▶ The tree will search for all combination of predictors and cutoff value to decide the best split
- ▶ In Regression tree, the best split is the split that minimizes

$$\underbrace{\sum_{i:\mathbf{x}_i \in R_1(j,s)} (y_i - \hat{y}_{R_1})^2}_{\text{RSS of obs. in left branch}} + \underbrace{\sum_{i:\mathbf{x}_i \in R_2(j,s)} (y_i - \hat{y}_{R_2})^2}_{\text{RSS of obs. in right branch}} \quad \leftarrow$$

- ▶ \hat{y}_{R_1} and \hat{y}_{R_2} are the means of the responses falling in to the left branch and right branch, respectively.

Example

continuous
↓

	X_1	X_2	Y
A	<u>1</u>	0	1.2
B	<u>2</u>	1	2.1
C	<u>3</u>	2	1.5
D	<u>4</u>	1	3.0
E	<u>2</u>	2	2.0
F	<u>1</u>	1	1.6

Using the RSS to decide the best split among

- Split 1: Region 1 $X_1 < 4$, Region 2 $X_1 \geq 4$
- Split 2: Region 1 $X_2 < 2$, Region 2 $X_2 \geq 2$

X_1	X_2	Y
1	0	1.2
2	1	2.1
3	2	1.5
4	1	3.0
2	2	2.0
1	1	1.6

Split 1

$Y_1 < 4$

yes

no

$Y = 1.2$
 2.1
 1.5
 2.0
 1.6

$Y = 3.0 \rightarrow \bar{Y}_2 = 3.0$

$\Rightarrow RSS_2 = 0$

$$\bar{Y}_1 = \frac{1.2 + 2.1 + 1.5 + 2.0 + 1.6}{5} = 1.68$$

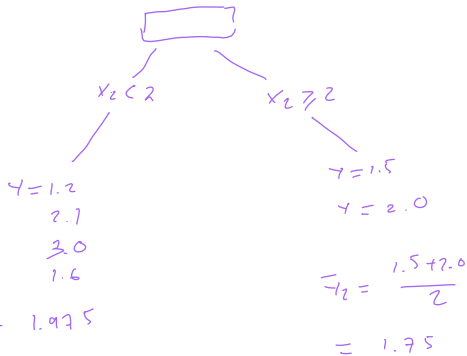
$$RSS_1 = (1.2 - \bar{Y}_1)^2 + (2.1 - \bar{Y}_1)^2 + (1.5 - \bar{Y}_1)^2 + (2.0 - \bar{Y}_1)^2 + (1.6 - \bar{Y}_1)^2$$

$$= 1.548$$

$$RSS = RSS_1 + RSS_2 = 1.548$$

X_1	X_2	Y
<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	1.2
<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	2.1
<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	1.5
<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3.0</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2.0</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	1.6

split 2



$$\bar{y}_1 = 1.975$$

$$RSS_1 = \sum (y_i - \bar{y}_1)^2 = 1.8075$$

$$RSS_2 =$$

$$(1.5 - 1.75)^2 + (2 - 1.75)^2$$

$$= 0.125$$

$$\text{Total } RSS = RSS_1 + RSS_2$$

$$= 1.9325 > RSS \text{ of split 1} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{split 1 is better.}}$$

Split 1

$$x_1 < 4$$

yes
no

$$y = 3.0 \rightarrow \bar{y}_2 = 3.0$$

predict the mean
 $\bar{y}_2 = 3.0$

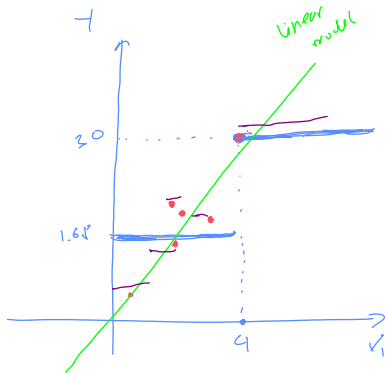
$y = 1.2$
2.1
1.5
2.0
1.6

predict by the

mean $\bar{y}_1 = \underline{\underline{1.68}}$

For example, if $x_1 = 0$, $x_2 = 100$, then this

tree will predict $y = 1.68$



classification: Mis. classification, ROC, Sensitivity....

Model
Evaluation

Regression:

$$R^2 =$$

$$RSS = \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$\sum |y_i - \hat{y}_i|$$

$$MAE = \sum \frac{|y_i - \hat{y}_i|}{n}$$

(mean absolute
error)

True value	predicted value
y_1	\hat{y}_1
y_2	\hat{y}_2
\vdots	\vdots

Linear model and regression model

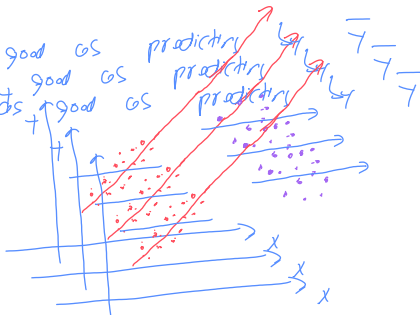
$$R^2 = 1 - \frac{\text{RSS}}{\text{Total SS}} = 1 - \frac{\sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}$$

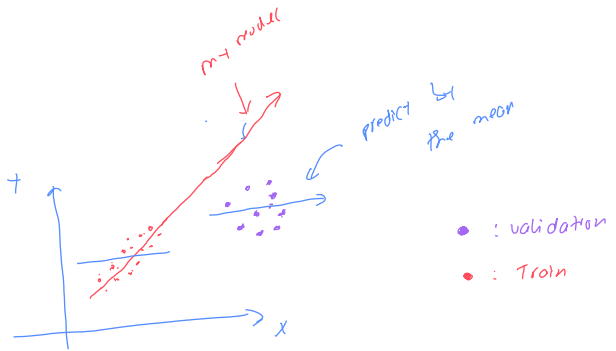
(*) $R^2 = 1 \Leftrightarrow \text{RSS} = 0$

(*) $R^2 = 0 \Leftrightarrow \text{RSS} = \text{TSS}$

The model is as good as predicting \bar{y}
The model is as good as predicting \bar{y}
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(*) $R^2 < 0$ (?)





① In train :
 $R^2 > 0$

② In validation :
 $R^2 < 0$

classify

0

1

:

2%

product 1 \rightarrow 0

regression

2.5

$R^2 = -100$