

Steam Tables Process Overview
Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics
8th Edition by Moran, Shapiro, Boettner, and Bailey, 2014

Given Properties	Test to Determine Region of Vapor Dome	Vapor Dome Diagram	Where/How to Obtain Properties
1. p 2. T	Look up p in Table A-3/3E: a. If $T < T_{\text{sat}}$, Compressed liquid b. If $T = T_{\text{sat}}$, Two-phase, liquid-vapor mixture c. If $T > T_{\text{sat}}$, Superheated vapor d. If $T > T_c$, Superheated vapor		a. Table A-5/5E or Table A-2/2E (approximate as saturated liquid) b. T and p are not independent; need another property c.&d. Table A-4/4E
1. p 2. T	Look up T in Table A-2/2E: a. If $p > p_{\text{sat}}$, Compressed liquid b. If $p = p_{\text{sat}}$, Two-phase, liquid-vapor mixture c. If $p < p_{\text{sat}}$, Superheated vapor		a. Table A-5/5E or Table A-2/2E (approximate as saturated liquid at T) b. T and p are not independent; need another property c. Table A-4/4E
1. T 2. v , u , h , or s	Look up T in Table A-2/2E: a. If $v < v_f$, Compressed liquid b. If $v_f < v < v_g$, Two-phase, liquid-vapor mixture c. If $v > v_g$, Superheated vapor Apply the same procedure if u, h, or s is given.		a. Table A-5/5E or Table A-2/2E (approximate as saturated liquid) b. Table A-2/2E and quality (x) calculations below c. Table A-4/4E
1. p 2. v , u , h , or s	Look up p in Table A-3/3E: a. If $v < v_f$, Compressed liquid b. If $v_f < v < v_g$, Two-phase, liquid-vapor mixture c. If $v > v_g$, Superheated vapor Apply the same procedure if u, h, or s is given.		a. Table A-5/5E or Table A-2/2E (approximate as saturated liquid) b. Table A-3/3E and quality (x) calculations below c. Table A-4/4E
1. T 2. x	b. Two-phase, liquid vapor mixture		b. Table A-2/2E and quality (x) calculations below
1. p 2. x	b. Two-phase, liquid vapor mixture		b. Table A-3/3E and quality (x) calculations below

Quality Calculations (Eqs. 3.2, 3.6, 3.7, and 6.4)

$x = \frac{v - v_f}{v_g - v_f}$	$x = \frac{u - u_f}{u_g - u_f}$	$x = \frac{h - h_f}{h_g - h_f} = \frac{h - h_f}{h_{fg}}$	$x = \frac{s - s_f}{s_g - s_f}$
$v = v_f + x(v_g - v_f)$	$u = u_f + x(u_g - u_f)$	$h = h_f + x(h_g - h_f) = h_f + xh_{fg}$	$s = s_f + x(s_g - s_f)$