

## **CIS 256 Lab #7**

$$1) T(n) = 2^n + 1 \text{ and } f(n) = 4^n - 16$$

$$c=1, n=3$$

$$2^3 + 1 \leq 4^3 - 16 \Rightarrow T(n) \leq cf(n)$$

$$9 \leq 48$$

$$2) f(n) = O(g(n))$$

$$f(n) \leq c' \cdot g(n) \text{ for all } n \geq N'$$

$$g(n) \leq O(h(n))$$

$$g(n) \leq c'' \cdot h(n) \text{ for all } n \geq N''$$

$$\text{so } f(n) \leq c' \cdot c'' h(n) \text{ and } c' \cdot c'' = c'''$$

$$f(n) \leq c''' h(n)$$

$$\text{so } f(n) = O(h(n))$$

$$3) T(n) = 0.01n^2 - 1$$

$$f(n) = O(n)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{cf(n)}{T(n)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{cn}{0.01n^2 - 1}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{cn}{n(0.01n - \frac{1}{n})} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{c}{\underbrace{0.01n}_{\rightarrow \infty} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{n}}_{\rightarrow 0}} \rightarrow 0$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{c}{\infty - 0} = \boxed{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{c}{\infty} = 0}$$

so  $0.01n^2 - 1$  is NOT in  $O(n)$

