Python过程间调用分析

马洪跃

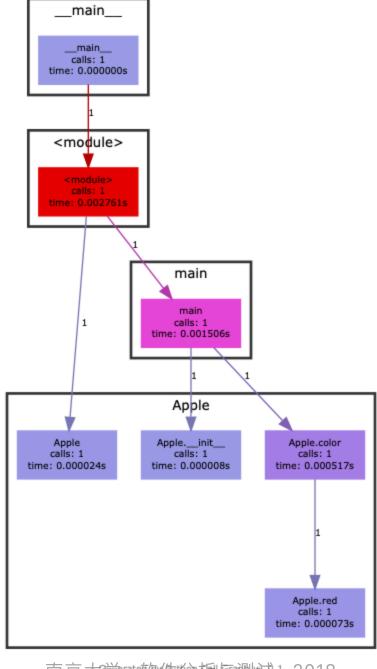
2018-12-29

Github项目地址 InterPy

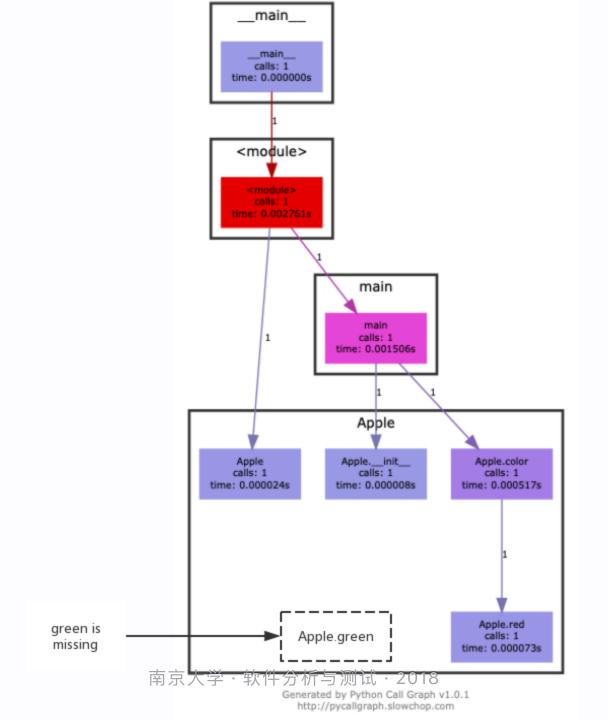
PyCallGraph

项目地址

```
class Apple:
    def ___init___(self, name):
        self_name = name
    def color(self):
        lname = self.name.lower()
        if lname == 'gala' or lname == 'fuji':
            self.red(self.name)
            return 'red'
        else:
            self.green(self.name)
            return 'green'
    def red(self, rname):
        print('R u want to eat red apples? '+ rname + ' is red. Plz')
    def green(self, gname):
        print('R u want to eat green apples? '+ gname + ' is red. Plz')
def main():
    apple = Apple('fuji')
    color = apple.color()
    print('The color of this apple is: '+ color)
```



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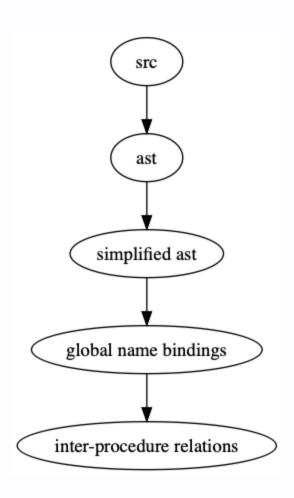
PyCallGraph

- 需要运行待分析源代码
- 代码覆盖不全
- 考虑通过求解器生成输入数据

InterPy

- 静态分析 无须运行源代码
- 代码覆盖100%
- 现版本支持单个Python源文件

Four Passes



First pass

- trivial
- python api: ast.parse()

Second pass

- 简化抽象语法树
- 去除控制流信息
- for loop, while loop, if, etc.
- ast.NodeTransformer

Third pass

- 从AST中解析过程信息
- 类似于Python的import过程

Fourth pass

- 获取过程间调用信息
- 类似于Python的解释执行过程

Demo time

TODOs

- 多文件解析
- 处理Python动态性

Q&A