

## 4.5.2 Exercises

-1-

¶  $u_t(x,t) = k u_{xx}(x,t) + h(x,t), \quad x \in (0,L), t > 0$   
 bcs:  $u_x(0,t) = b_1(t)$   
 $u(L,t) = b_2(t)$   
 ic:  $u(x,0) = f(x)$

Solution:

① Partition the solution

$$u(x,t) = s(x,t) + v(x,t)$$

with

[SSP]  $s_{xx}(x,t) = 0$   
 $s_x(0,t) = b_1(t)$   
 $s(L,t) = b_2(t)$

[VP]  $v_t(x,t) = k v_{xx}(x,t) + \underbrace{h(x,t) - s_t(x,t)}_{q(x,t)}$ ,  
 $v_x(0,t) = 0$   
 $v(L,t) = 0$   
 $v(x,0) = f(x) - s(x,0)$

② Solve subproblem [SSP]

Since  $s$  is linear in  $x$ ,  $s$  has the form

$$s(x,t) = m(t)x + b(t)$$

$$s_x(x,t) = m(t)$$

apply bcs:

$$b_1(t) = s_x(0,t) = m(t)$$

$$b_2(t) = s(L,t) = m(t)L + b(t)$$

hence

$$\begin{aligned} m(t) &= b_1(t) \\ Lm(t) + b(t) &= b_2(t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow m(t) = b_1(t) \quad b(t) = b_2(t) - Lb_1(t)$$

and therefore

$$S(x,t) = b_1(t)x + b_2(t) - Lb_1(t)$$

$$S_t(x,t) = b'_1(t)x + b'_2(t) - Lb'_1(t)$$

③ Solve subproblem [VP]:

a) compute Eigenvalues, -functions

$$\vartheta_t(x,t) = k \vartheta_{xx}(x,t)$$

$$\vartheta_x(0,t) = 0$$

$$\vartheta(L,t) = 0$$

i) reparate variables:  $\vartheta(x,t) = X(x)T(t)$

$$X(x)T(t) = k X''(x)T(t) \quad | \cdot \frac{1}{k X(x)T(t)}$$

$$\frac{T'(t)}{k T(t)} = \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = -\mu^2$$

$$\Rightarrow T'(t) + \mu^2 k T(t) = 0$$

$$X''(x) + \mu^2 X(x) = 0$$

ii) to solve bcs:  $X'(0) = 0, X(L) = 0$

iii) solve SL problem

$$\begin{cases} X''(x) + \mu^2 X(x) = 0 \\ X'(0) = 0 \\ X(L) = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \mu_n = \frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2L} \\ X_n(x) = \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2L} x\right) \end{cases}$$

Note: 
$$X_n''(x) = -\underbrace{\frac{(2n+1)^2 \pi^2}{4L^2}}_{\mu_n^2} X_n(x)$$

b) Eigenfunction expansion of  $v$  and  $q$ :

$$v(x,t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n(t) X_n(x)$$

$$q(x,t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} Q_n(t) X_n(x)$$

where

$$Q_n(t) = \frac{\int_0^L q(x,t) X_n(x) dx}{\int_0^L X_n^2(x) dx}$$

for  $n=0, 1, 2, \dots$

determine  $T_n(t)$ :

$$v_t(x,t) = k v_{xx}(x,t) + q(x,t)$$

$$\underbrace{\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n'(t) X_n(x)}_{T_n'(t) X_n(x)} = k \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n(t) X_n''(x) + \underbrace{\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} Q_n(t) X_n(x)}_{-k\mu_n^2 X_n(x)}$$

$$= -k\mu_n^2 X_n(x)$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [-k\mu_n^2 T_n(t)] X_n(x) + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} Q_n(t) X_n(x)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [T_n'(t) + k\mu_n^2 T_n(t)] X_n(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} Q_n(t) X_n(x)$$

Hence, since the functions  $X_n$  constitute a basis,

$$T_n'(t) + k\mu_n^2 T_n(t) = Q_n(t)$$

$n=0, 1, 2, \dots$

which is 1st orderode (with constant coeff)

$$T_n(t) = e^{-k\mu_n^2 t} \int_0^t e^{k\mu_n^2 \xi} Q_n(\xi) d\xi + C_n e^{-k\mu_n^2 t}$$

∴ apply i.c.

$$f(x) - s(x, 0) = v(x, 0) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \underbrace{T_n(0)}_{\substack{|| \\ C_n}} X_n(x)$$

hence

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) - s(x, 0) &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} C_n X_n(x) \\ \Rightarrow C_n &= \frac{\int_0^L (f(x) - s(x, 0)) X_n(x) dx}{\int_0^L X_n^2(x) dx} \\ &= \frac{\int_0^L (f(x) - s(x, 0)) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2L} x\right) dx}{\int_0^L \cos^2\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2L} x\right) dx} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \boxed{\int_0^L (f(x) - s(x, 0)) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2L} x\right) dx} \end{aligned}$$

2]  $u_t(x, t) = b u_{xx}(x, t) + h(x, t), \quad x \in (0, L), t > 0$

$$u(0, t) = b_1(t)$$

$$u_x(L, t) = b_2(t)$$

$$u(x, 0) = f(x)$$

Solution :

① Partition the solution

$$u(x,t) = s(x,t) + v(x,t)$$

with

$$[SSP] \quad s_{xx}(x,t) = 0$$

$$s(0,t) = b_1(t)$$

$$s_x(L,t) = b_2(t)$$

$$[VP] \quad v_t(x,t) = k v_{xx}(x,t) + \underbrace{h(x,t) - s_t(x,t)}_{=: q(x,t)}$$

$$v(0,t) = 0$$

$$v_x(L,t) = 0$$

$$v(x,0) = f(x) - s(x,0)$$

② Solve subproblem [SSP]:

Since  $s$  is linear in  $x$ ,  $s$  has the form

$$s(x,t) = m(t)x + b(t)$$

$$s_x(x,t) = m(t)$$

apply bcs:

$$b_1(t) = s(0,t) = b(t)$$

$$b_2(t) = s_x(L,t) = m(t)$$

hence

$$s(x,t) = b_2(t)x + b_1(t)$$

$$s_t(x,t) = b'_2(t)x + b'_1(t)$$

③ Solve subproblem [VP]:

to compute Eigenvalues, -functions

$$v_t(x,t) = k v_{xx}(x,t)$$

$$v(0,t) = 0$$

$$v_x(L,t) = 0$$

i) dep. var.:  $v(x,t) = X(x)T(t)$

$$X(x)T'(t) = k X''(x)T(t) \quad | \cdot \frac{1}{k X(x)T(t)}$$

$$\frac{T'(t)}{k T(t)} = \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = -\mu^2$$

$$\Rightarrow T'(t) + \mu^2 k T(t) = 0$$

$$X''(x) + \mu^2 X(x) = 0$$

ii) bound. bcs:  $X(0) = 0, X'(L) = 0$

iii) solve SL-problem

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} X''(x) + \mu^2 X(x) = 0 \\ X(0) = 0 \\ X'(L) = 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu_n = \frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2L} \\ X_n(x) = \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2L} x\right) \end{array} \right. \quad n=0,1,2,\dots$$

Note  $X_n''(x) = -\mu_n^2 X_n(x) = -\frac{(2n+1)^2 \pi^2}{L^2} X_n(x)$

b) Eigenfunction expansion of  $\psi$  and  $q$ :

$$\psi(x,t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n(t) X_n(x)$$

$$q(x,t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} Q_n(t) X_n(x)$$

where  $Q_n(t) = \frac{\int_0^L q(x,t) X_n(x) dx}{\int_0^L X_n^2(x) dx}$  for  $n=0,1,2,\dots$

Determine  $T_n(t)$ !

as above (Ex 1), we find

$$T_n'(t) + k \mu_n^2 T_n(t) = Q_n(t) \quad n=0,1,2,\dots$$

$$T_n(t) = e^{-k\mu_n^2 t} \int_0^t e^{k\mu_n^2 \xi} Q_n(\xi) d\xi + C_n e^{-k\mu_n^2 t}$$

Supply inc.

$$f(x) - g(x_0) = v(x_0) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n(c) x_n(x)$$

$$\text{Hence, } f(x) - s(x_0) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n x_n(x)$$

and Hector

$$C_n = \frac{\int_0^L (f(x) - s(x, 0)) X_n(x) dx}{\int_0^L X_n^2(x) dx} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L (f(x) - s(x, 0)) X_n(x) dx$$

#### ④ Summarise

$$u(x,t) = s(x,t) + v(x,t)$$

$$= b_2(t)x + b_1(t) + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n(t) x_n(x)$$

where  $X_n(x) = \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2L}x\right)$ , ( $\mu_n = \frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2L}$ )

$$T_n(t) = e^{-k\mu_n^2 t} \int_0^t e^{k\mu_n^2 s} Q_n(s) ds + C_n e^{-k\mu_n^2 t}$$

$$Q_n(t) = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L (h(x_{i+1}) - s_t(x_{i+1})) x_n(x) dx$$

$$C_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^L (f(x) - s(x, 0)) X_n(x) dx$$

$$3) u_t(x,y,t) = k(u_{xx}(x,y,t) + u_{yy}(x,y,t)) + h(x,y,t)$$

$$\text{bcs: } u(0,y,t) = b_1(y,t)$$

$$u(L,y,t) = b_2(y,t)$$

$$u(x,0,t) = 0$$

$$u(x,M,t) = 0$$

$$\text{ic: } u(x,y,0) = f(x,y)$$

Solution:

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ Partition the solution: } u(x,y,t) = s(x,y,t) + v(x,y,t)$$

$$[\text{SSP}]: \quad s_{xx}(x,y,t) + s_{yy}(x,y,t) = 0$$

$$\text{bcs: } s(0,y,t) = b_1(y,t)$$

$$s(L,y,t) = b_2(y,t)$$

$$s(x,0,t) = 0$$

$$s(x,M,t) = 0$$

Laplace equation  
with "parameter t"

$$[\text{VP}]: \quad v_t(x,y,t) = k(v_{xx}(x,y,t) + v_{yy}(x,y,t)) + \underbrace{(h(x,y,t) - s_t(x,y,t))}_{q(x,y,t)} =$$

$$\text{bcs: } v(0,y,t) = 0$$

$$v(L,y,t) = 0$$

$$s(x,0,t) = 0$$

$$s(x,M,t) = 0$$

$$\text{ic: } v(x,y,0) = f(x,y) - s(x,y,0)$$

\textcircled{2} Solve subproblem [\text{SSP}] Laplace eqn with 2 nonhom bcs:

$$\text{a) partition solution } s(x,y,t) = s^{(A)}(x,y,t) + s^{(B)}(x,y,t)$$

$$s^{(A)}_{xx}(x,y,t) + s^{(A)}_{yy}(x,y,t) = 0 \quad | \quad s^{(B)}_{xx}(x,y,t) + s^{(B)}_{yy}(x,y,t) = 0$$

$$s^{(A)}(0,y,t) = b_1(y,t)$$

$$s^{(A)}(L,y,t) = 0$$

$$s^{(A)}(x,0,t) = 0$$

$$s^{(A)}(x,M,t) = 0 \quad ] \quad \text{2 hom bcs in } y !$$

$$s^{(B)}(0,y,t) = 0$$

$$s^{(B)}(L,y,t) = b_2(y,t)$$

$$s^{(B)}(x,0,t) = 0$$

$$s^{(B)}(x,M,t) = 0 \quad ] \quad \text{2 hom bcs in } y !$$

b) solve subproblem (A) and (B):

(A): if rep. variables  $S^{(A)}(x, y, t) = X(x)Y(y)T(t)$

$$X''(x)Y(y)T(t) + X(x)Y''(y)T(t) = 0 \quad | - \frac{1}{X(x)Y(y)T(t)}$$

$$\frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} + \frac{Y''(y)}{Y(y)} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = -\frac{Y''(y)}{Y(y)} = \mu^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{X''(x) - \mu^2 X(x) = 0}, \quad \boxed{Y''(y) + \mu^2 Y(y) = 0}$$

ii) bound. bcs:  $X(L) = 0, Y(0) = 0, Y(H) = 0$

iii) solve SL problem bc on non-zero boundary!

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} Y''(y) + \mu^2 Y(y) = 0 \\ Y(0) = 0 \\ Y(H) = 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu_n = \frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}, \quad n=0,1,2,\dots \\ Y_n(y) = \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H} y\right) \end{array} \right.$$

iv) solve remaining eqn

$$X''(x) - \mu_n^2 X(x) = 0, \quad \mu_n^2 = \frac{(n+1)^2 \pi^2}{H^2} > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow X_n(x) = C_1 \cosh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}(x-L)\right) + C_2 \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}(x-L)\right)$$

apply hom. bc:

$$0 = X_n(L) = C_1 \Rightarrow C_1 = 0, \quad C_2 \neq 0$$

hence

$$\boxed{X_n(x) = \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}(x-L)\right), \quad n=0,1,2,\dots}$$

v) gen. solution

$$S_n^{(A)}(x, y, t) = X_n(x)Y_n(y)T_n^{(A)}(t)$$

$$= \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}(x-L)\right) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}y\right) T_n^{(A)}(t)$$

$$\boxed{S^{(A)}(x, y, t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n^{(A)} \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}(x-L)\right) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}y\right)}$$

vii] apply nonhom. bc:

$$b_i(y, t) = S^{(A)}(0, y, t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n^{(A)}(t) \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}(-L)\right) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}y\right)$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[ -T_n^{(A)}(t) \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi L}{H}\right) \right] \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}y\right)$$

hence

$$-T_n^{(A)}(t) \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi L}{H}\right) = \frac{\int_0^H b_i(y, t) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}y\right) dy}{\int_0^H \sin^2\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}y\right) dy}$$

$$= \frac{H}{2}$$

and therefore

$$T_n^{(A)}(t) = -\frac{2}{H \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi L}{H}\right)} \int_0^H b_i(y, t) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}y\right) dy$$

for  $n=0, 1, 2, \dots$

(B) if rep variables  $S^{(B)}(x, y, t) = X(x)Y(y)T(t)$

as in (A) (note that in both cases the 2 hom. bc's are in  $y$ !)

$$X''(x) - \mu^2 X(x) = 0, \quad Y''(y) + \mu^2 Y(y) = 0$$

iii) boundary:  $X(0) = 0, Y(0) = 0, Y(H) = 0$

iv) solve SL problem (as in (A)) bc on zero-ic!

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} Y''(y) + \mu^2 Y(y) = 0 \\ Y(0) = 0 \\ Y(H) = 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu_n = \frac{(n+1)\pi}{H} \\ Y_n(y) = \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}y\right) \end{array} \right. \quad n=0, 1, 2, \dots$$

v) solve remaining eqn

$$X''(x) - \mu_n^2 X(x) = 0, \quad \mu_n^2 = \frac{(n+1)^2 \pi^2}{H^2} > 0$$

hence

$$X_n(x) = C_1 \cosh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}x\right) + C_2 \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}x\right)$$

apply hom. bc:

$$0 = x_n(0) = C_1 \Rightarrow C_1 = 0, C_2 \neq 0$$

hence

$$x_n(x) = \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}x\right), \quad n=0,1,2,\dots$$

v) gen. solution

$$\begin{aligned} S_n^{(B)}(x,y,t) &= x_n(x) y_n(y) T_n^{(B)}(t) \\ &= \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}y\right) T_n^{(B)}(t) \end{aligned}$$

$$S^{(B)}(x,y,t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n^{(B)}(t) \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}y\right)$$

vii) apply nonhom. bc:

$$b_2(y,t) = S^{(B)}(L,y,t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[ T_n^{(B)}(t) \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi L}{M}\right) \right] \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}y\right)$$

hence

$$T_n^{(B)}(t) \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi L}{M}\right) = \frac{\int_0^M b_2(y,t) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}y\right) dy}{\int_0^M \sin^2\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}y\right) dy}$$

$$= \frac{M}{2}$$

and therefore

$$T_n^{(B)}(t) = \frac{2}{M \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi L}{M}\right)} \int_0^M b_2(y,t) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}y\right) dy$$

for  $n=0,1,2,\dots$

c) combine the solution of (A) and (B)

$$\begin{aligned}
 S(x,y,t) &= S^{(A)}(x,y,t) + S^{(B)}(x,y,t) \\
 &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n^{(A)}(t) \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}(x-L)\right) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}y\right) \\
 &\quad + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n^{(B)}(t) \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}y\right) \\
 &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[ T_n^{(A)}(t) \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}(x-L)\right) + T_n^{(B)}(t) \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}x\right) \right] \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}y\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

where

$$T_n^{(A)}(t) = -\frac{2}{M \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi L}{M}\right)} \int_0^M b_1(y,t) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}y\right) dy$$

$$T_n^{(B)}(t) = \frac{2}{M \sinh\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi L}{M}\right)} \int_0^M b_2(y,t) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M}y\right) dy$$

③ solve subproblem [VP]

a) compute Eigenvalues, -functions

$$\psi_t(x,y,t) = b(\psi_{xx}(x,y,t) + \psi_{yy}(x,y,t))$$

$$\psi(0,y,t) = 0$$

$$\psi(L,y,t) = 0$$

$$\psi(x,0,t) = 0$$

$$\psi(x,M,t) = 0$$

if rep. var.  $\psi(x,y,t) = X(x)Y(y)T(t)$

split the pde into

$$T'(t) + \mu^2 k T(t) = 0$$

$$X''(x) + g^2 X(x) = 0$$

$$Y''(y) + \tau^2 Y(y) = 0$$

$$g^2 + \tau^2 = \mu^2$$

ii) travel. bcs:

$$x(0) = 0, x(L) = 0, y(0) = 0, y(H) = 0$$

iii) solve SL-problems:

$$x''(x) + q^2 x(x) = 0$$

$$x(0) = 0$$

$$x(L) = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}$$

$$X_m(x) = \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right)$$

$$y''(y) + \tau^2 y(y) = 0$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

$$y(H) = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\tau_n = \frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}$$

$$Y_n(y) = \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}y\right)$$

for  $m, n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

b) Eigenfunction expansion of  $\psi$  and  $q$

$$\psi(x, y, t) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_{mn}(t) X_m(x) Y_n(y)$$

$$q(x, y, t) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} Q_{mn}(t) X_m(x) Y_n(y)$$

where

$$Q_{mn}(t) = \frac{\int_0^L \int_0^H q(x, y, t) X_m(x) Y_n(y) dx dy}{\int_0^L X_m^2(x) dx \int_0^H Y_n^2(y) dy}$$

$$= \frac{L}{2} \frac{H}{2}$$

$$= \frac{4}{LM} \int_0^L \int_0^H q(x, y, t) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{H}y\right) dx dy$$

where

$$T_{mn}(t) = e^{-k\mu_{mn}^2 t} \int_0^t e^{k\mu_{mn}^2 \xi} Q_{mn}(\xi) d\xi + C_{mn} e^{-k\mu_{mn}^2 t}$$

$$\text{with } \mu_{mn}^2 = g_m^2 + l_n^2 = \pi^2 \left( \frac{(m+1)^2}{L^2} + \frac{(n+1)^2}{M^2} \right)$$

and

$$C_{mn} = \frac{\int_0^M \int_0^L (f(x,y) - s(x,y,0)) X_m(x) Y_n(y) dx dy}{\int_0^L \int_0^M X_m^2(x) dx \int_0^M Y_n^2(y) dy}$$

$$= \frac{4}{LM} \int_0^M \int_0^L (f(x,y) - s(x,y,0)) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(n+1)\pi}{M} y\right) dx dy$$

#### ④ Comtinue solution

$$u(x,y,t) = s(x,y,t) + v(x,y,t)$$

$$4] u_t(x,y,t) = k(u_{xx}(x,y,t) + u_{yy}(x,y,t)) + h(x,y,t)$$

$$\text{bcs } u(0,y,t) = b_1(y,t)$$

$$u(L,y,t) = b_2(y,t)$$

$$u_y(x,0,t) = 0$$

$$u(x,M,t) = 0$$

$$\text{ic. } u(x,y,0) = f(x,y)$$

Solution:

① Partition the solution:

$$u(x,y,t) = s(x,y,t) + v(x,y,t)$$

$$[\text{SSP}] \quad S_{xx}(x,y,t) + S_{yy}(x,y,t) = 0$$

$$\text{bcs: } S(0,y,t) = b_1(y,t)$$

$$S(L,y,t) = b_2(y,t)$$

$$S_y(x,0,t) = 0$$

$$S(x,M,t) = 0$$

$$[\text{VP}] \quad v_t(x,y,t) = k (v_{xx}(x,y,t) + v_{yy}(x,y,t)) + \underbrace{(h(x,y,t) - S_t(x,y,t))}_{q(x,y,t)}$$

$$\text{bcs: } v(0,y,t) = 0$$

$$v(L,y,t) = 0$$

$$v_y(x,0,t) = 0$$

$$v(x,M,t) = 0$$

$$\text{ic: } v(x,y,0) = f(x,y) - S(x,y,0)$$

② Solve subproblem [SSP]: Replace eqn with 2 nonhom. bcs.

a) partition solution:  $S(x,y,t) = S^{(A)}(x,y,t) + S^{(B)}(x,y,t)$

$$S_{xx}^{(A)}(x,y,t) + S_{yy}^{(A)}(x,y,t) = 0 \quad | \quad S_{xx}^{(B)}(x,y,t) + S_{yy}^{(B)}(x,y,t) = 0$$

$$S^{(A)}(0,y,t) = b_1(y,t)$$

$$S^{(A)}(L,y,t) = 0$$

$$S_y^{(A)}(x,0,t) = 0 \quad ] \quad \text{2 hom}$$

$$S^{(A)}(x,M,t) = 0 \quad ] \quad \text{bcs in } y$$

$$S_{xx}^{(B)}(x,y,t) + S_{yy}^{(B)}(x,y,t) = 0$$

$$S^{(B)}(0,y,t) = 0$$

$$S^{(B)}(L,y,t) = b_2(y,t)$$

$$S_y^{(B)}(x,0,t) = 0 \quad ] \quad \text{2 hom}$$

$$S^{(B)}(x,M,t) = 0 \quad ] \quad \text{bcs in } y$$

b) solve subproblem (A) and (B)

$$(A) \text{ if rep var. } S^{(A)}(x,y,t) = x \cdot \chi(y) \cdot T(t)$$

$$x''(y)T(t) + x(x)y''(y)T(t) = 0 \quad | \cdot \frac{1}{x(x)y''(y)T(t)}$$

$$\frac{x''(x)}{x(x)} + \frac{y''(y)}{y(y)} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{x''(x)}{x(x)} = -\frac{y''(y)}{y(y)} = \mu^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{x''(x) - \mu^2 x(x) = 0} \quad \boxed{y''(y) + \mu^2 y(y) = 0}$$

$$\text{iii) trans. bcs: } x(L) = 0, y'(0) = 0, y(M) = 0$$

*bc on non-zero boundary!*

iii) solve SL problem

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} y''(y) + \mu^2 y(y) = 0 \\ y'(0) = 0 \\ y(M) = 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \mu_n = \frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} \\ y_n(y) = \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y\right) \end{cases} \quad n=0, 1, 2, \dots$$

iv) solve remaining eqn

$$X''(x) - \mu_n^2 X(x) = 0, \quad \mu_n^2 = \frac{(2n+1)^2 \pi^2}{4M^2} > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow X_n(x) = C_1 \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}(x-L)\right) + C_2 \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}(x-L)\right)$$

apply hom. bc:

$$0 = X(L) = C_1 \Rightarrow C_1 = 0, \quad C_2 \neq 0$$

hence

$$X_n(x) = \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}(x-L)\right) \quad n=0, 1, 2, \dots$$

v) gen. solution

$$S_n^{(A)}(x, y, t) = X_n(x) Y_n(y) T_n^{(A)}(t)$$

$$= \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}(x-L)\right) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) T_n^{(A)}(t)$$

$$S^{(A)}(x, y, t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n^{(A)}(t) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}(x-L)\right) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right)$$

vi) apply nb. bc:

$$b_i(0, y, t) = S^A(0, y, t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \underbrace{T_n^{(A)}(t) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}(-L)\right) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right)}_{[T_n^{(A)}(t) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right)]}$$

hence

$$T_n^{(A)}(t) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right) = \frac{\int_0^M b_i(y, t) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dy}{\int_0^M \cos^2\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dy}$$

$$= \frac{M}{2}$$

and therefore

$$T_n^{(A)}(t) = \frac{2}{M \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right)} \int_0^M b_1(y, t) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y\right) dy$$

for  $n=0, 1, 2, \dots$

$$(B) \text{ resp. var. } S_n^{(B)}(x, y, t) = X(x) Y(y) T(t)$$

Note that i) - iii) is analogous to (A), hence

$$\mu_n = \frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} \quad | \quad Y_n(y) = \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y\right) \quad n=0, 1, 2, \dots$$

iv) solve remaining eq.

$$X''(x) - \mu_n^2 X(x) = 0, \quad \mu_n^2 = \frac{(2n+1)^2 \pi^2}{4M^2} > 0$$

$$X(0) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow X_n(x) = C_1 \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} x\right) + C_2 \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} x\right)$$

apply hom. bc,

$$0 = X(0) = C_1 \Rightarrow C_1 = 0, \quad C_2 \neq 0$$

hence

$$X_n(x) = \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} x\right) \quad n=0, 1, 2, \dots$$

v) gen. sol.

$$S_n^{(B)}(x, y, t) = X_n(x) Y_n(y) T_n(t)$$

$$= \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} x\right) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y\right) T_n(t)$$

$$S^{(B)}(x, y, t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n(t) \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} x\right) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y\right)$$

v) apply nonhomogeneous BC:

$$b_2(y_1, t) = S^{(B)}(L, y_1, t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[ T_n(t) \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} L\right) \right] \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y_1\right)$$

hence

$$T_n(t) \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} L\right) = \frac{\int_0^M b_2(y_1, t) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y_1\right) dy_1}{\int_0^M \cos^2\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y_1\right) dy_1}$$

$$= \frac{M}{2}$$

and therefore

$$T_n(t) = \frac{2}{M \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right)} \int_0^M b_2(y_1, t) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y_1\right) dy_1$$

if combine solution of (A) and (B)

$$\begin{aligned} S(x_1, y_1, t) &= S^{(A)}(x_1, y_1, t) + S^{(B)}(x_1, y_1, t) \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n^{(A)}(t) \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}(x-L)\right) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y_1\right) \\ &\quad + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n^{(B)}(t) \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} x\right) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y_1\right) \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[ T_n^{(A)}(t) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}(x-L)\right) + T_n^{(B)}(t) \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} x\right) \right] \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y_1\right) \end{aligned}$$

where

$$T_n^{(A)}(t) = \frac{2}{M \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right)} \int_0^M b_1(y_1, t) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y_1\right) dy_1$$

$$T_n^{(B)}(t) = \frac{2}{M \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right)} \int_0^M b_2(y_1, t) \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y_1\right) dy_1$$

③ Solve subproblem [VP]

a) compute Eigenvalues, -functions

$$\vartheta_t(x, y, t) = k (\vartheta_{xx}(x, y, t) + \vartheta_{yy}(x, y, t))$$

$$\vartheta(0, y, t) = 0$$

$$\vartheta(L, y, t) = 0$$

$$\vartheta_y(x, 0, t) = 0$$

$$\vartheta(x, M, t) = 0$$

i) rep. variables:  $\vartheta(x, y, t) = X(x) Y(y) T(t)$

splits the pde into

$$T'(t) + \mu^2 k T(t) = 0$$

$$X''(x) + g^2 X(x) = 0$$

$$Y''(y) + \tau^2 Y(y) = 0$$

$$g^2 + \tau^2 = \mu^2$$

ii) bound. bcs:

$$X(0) = 0, X(L) = 0, Y'(0) = 0, Y(M) = 0$$

iii) solve SL-problem

$$X''(x) + g^2 X(x) = 0$$

$$X(0) = 0$$

$$X(L) = 0$$

                        

$$g_m = \frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}$$

$$X_m(x) = \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x\right)$$

$$Y''(y) + \tau^2 Y(y) = 0$$

$$Y'(0) = 0$$

$$Y(M) = 0$$

$$\tau_n = \frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}$$

$$Y_n(y) = \cos\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M} y\right)$$

for  $m, n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

b) Eigenfunction expansion of  $v$  and  $q$

$$v(x,y,t) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_{mn}(t) X_m(x) Y_n(y)$$

$$q(x,y,t) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} Q_{mn}(t) X_m(x) Y_n(y)$$

where

$$Q_{mn}(t) = \frac{\int_0^L \int_0^M q(x,y,t) X_m(x) Y_n(y) dx dy}{\int_0^L X_m^2(x) dx \int_0^M Y_n^2(y) dy}$$

$$= \frac{4}{LM} \int_0^L \int_0^M q(x,y,t) X_m(x) Y_n(y) dx dy$$

$$= \frac{4}{LM} \int_0^L \int_0^M q(x,y,t) X_m(x) Y_n(y) dx dy$$

and

$$T_{mn}(t) = e^{-k\mu_{mn}^2 t} \int_0^t e^{k\mu_{mn}^2 \xi} Q_{mn}(\xi) d\xi + C_{mn} e^{-k\mu_{mn}^2 t}$$

with

$$\mu_{mn}^2 = S_m^2 + T_n^2 = \left[ \frac{(m+1)^2}{L^2} + \frac{(2n+1)^2}{4H^2} \right] \pi^2$$

and

$$C_{mn} = \frac{\int_0^L \int_0^M (f(x,y) - s(x,y,0)) X_m(x) Y_n(y) dx dy}{\int_0^L X_m^2(x) dx \int_0^M Y_n^2(y) dy}$$

$$= \frac{L}{2} \quad \frac{M}{2}$$

$$C_{mn} = \frac{4}{LM} \int_0^L \int_0^M (f(x,y) - S(x,y,0)) X_m(x) Y_n(y) dx dy$$

④ Combine solution

$$u(x,y,t) = S(x,y,t) + v(x,y,t)$$

5]  $u_t(x,y,t) = k(u_{xx}(x,y,t) + u_{yy}(x,y,t)) + h(x,y,t)$

bcs:  $u(0,y,t) = b_1(y,t)$

$u(L,y,t) = b_2(y,t)$

$u_y(x,0,t) = 0$

$u_y(x,M,t) = 0$

i.e.:  $u(x,y,0) = f(x,y)$

Solution:

① Partition the solution:

$$u(x,y,t) = S(x,y,t) + v(x,y,t)$$

[SSP]  $S_{xx}(x,y,t) + S_{yy}(x,y,t) = 0$

bcs:  $S(0,y,t) = b_1(y,t)$

$S(L,y,t) = b_2(y,t)$

$S_y(x,0,t) = 0$

$S_y(x,M,t) = 0$

[VP]  $v_t(x,y,t) = k(v_{xx}(x,y,t) + v_{yy}(x,y,t)) + \underbrace{(h(x,y,t) - S_t(x,y,t))}_{g(x,y,t)}$

bcs:  $v(0,y,t) = 0$

$v(L,y,t) = 0$

$v_y(x,0,t) = 0$

$v_y(x,M,t) = 0$

i.e.:  $v(x,y,0) = f(x,y) - S(x,y,0)$

② Solve subproblem [SSP]: Replace eqn with 2 nonhom. bcs

a) partition solution

$$S(x, y, t) = S^{(A)}(x, y, t) + S^{(B)}(x, y, t)$$

$$S_{xx}^{(A)}(x, y, t) + S_{yy}^{(B)} = 0$$

$$S^{(A)}(0, y, t) = b_1(y, t)$$

$$S^{(A)}(L, y, t) = 0$$

$$S_y^{(A)}(x, 0, t) = 0 \quad \text{[2 hom]}$$

$$S_y^{(A)}(x, M, t) = 0 \quad \text{[bc w/ y]}$$

$$S_{xx}^{(B)}(x, y, t) + S_{yy}^{(B)}(x, y, t) = 0$$

$$S^{(B)}(0, y, t) = 0$$

$$S^{(B)}(L, y, t) = b_2(y, t)$$

$$S_y^{(B)}(x, 0, t) = 0 \quad \text{[2 hom]}$$

$$S_y^{(B)}(x, M, t) = 0 \quad \text{[bc w/ y]}$$

b) solve subproblems (A) and (B)

$$(A) \text{ if rep. var: } S^{(A)}(x, y, t) = x \cos y \sin T(t)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x''(x)}{x(x)} = -\frac{y''(y)}{y(y)} = \mu^2 \Rightarrow \boxed{x''(x) - \mu^2 x(x) = 0}, \boxed{y''(y) + \mu^2 y(y) = 0}$$

$$\text{ii) boundary bcs: } x(L) = 0, y'(0) = 0, y'(M) = 0$$

iii) solve SL-problem  
bc on non-zero boundaries!

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} y''(y) + \mu^2 y(y) = 0 \\ y'(0) = 0 \\ y'(M) = 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu_n = \frac{n\pi}{M} \\ y_n(y) = \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) \end{array} \right. \quad \text{note } \mu_0 = 0 !$$

iv) solve remaining eqn

$$x''(x) - \mu_n^2 x(x) = 0 \quad | \quad \mu_n^2 = \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{M^2} \geq 0 \quad (r^2 = \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{M^2})$$

$$x(L) = 0 \quad r = 0 \text{ if } n=0$$

$$x_n(x) = \begin{cases} C_1 + C_2(x-L), & n=0 \\ C_1 \cosh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}(x-L)\right) + C_2 \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}(x-L)\right), & n>0 \end{cases}$$

$$0 = x_n(L) = \begin{cases} C_1 & n=0 \\ C_1 & n>0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow C_1 = 0, C_2 \neq 0$$

hence

$$x_n(x) = \begin{cases} x-L, & n=0 \\ \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}(x-L)\right), & n>0 \end{cases}$$

↓ gen. solution

$$\begin{aligned} S_n^{(A)}(x,y,t) &= x_n(x) y_n(y) T_n(t) \\ &= \begin{cases} (x-L) \cdot 1 \cdot T_0^{(A)}(t), & n=0 \\ \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}(x-L)\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}y\right) T_n^{(A)}(t), & n>0 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$S^{(A)}(x,y,t) = T_0^{(A)}(t)(x-L) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n^{(A)}(t) \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}(x-L)\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}y\right)$$

vii) apply n.h. bc:

$$b_1(y,t) = S^{(A)}(0,y,t) = T_0^{(A)}(t)(-L) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n^{(A)}(t) \underbrace{\sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}(-L)\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}y\right)}_{= -\sinh\left(\frac{n\pi L}{L}\right)}$$

hence

$$-T_0^{(A)}(t) \cdot L = \frac{\int_0^M b_1(y,t) dy}{\int_0^M dy} = M \quad (\quad y_0(y) = 1 \quad !)$$

$$T_0^{(A)}(t) = -\frac{1}{ML} \int_0^M b_1(y,t) dy$$

$$-T_n^{(A)}(t) \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi L}{L}\right) = \frac{\int_0^M b_1(y,t) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}y\right) dy}{\int_0^M \cos^2\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}y\right) dy} = \frac{M}{2}$$

$$T_n^{(A)}(t) = -\frac{2}{M \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi L}{L}\right)} \int_0^M b_1(y,t) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}y\right) dy, \quad n=1,2,$$

(B) if rep. var.  $S^{(B)}(x,y,t) = X(x)Y(y)T(t)$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = -\frac{Y''(y)}{Y(y)} = \mu^2 \Rightarrow \boxed{X''(x) - \mu^2 X(x) = 0}, \boxed{Y''(y) + \mu^2 Y(y) = 0}$$

iii) to anal. bcs:  $X(0) = 0, Y'(0) = 0, Y'(M) = 0$

iv) solve SL problem bc on  $\infty$ -boundaries!

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} Y''(y) + \mu^2 Y(y) = 0 \\ Y'(0) = 0 \\ Y'(M) = 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu_n = \frac{n\pi}{M} \\ Y_n(y) = \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} \mu_0 = 0 \\ n=0, 1, 2, \dots \end{array}$$

v) solve rem. ppte.

$$X''(x) - \mu_n^2 X(x) = 0$$

$$X(0) = 0$$

$$X_n = \begin{cases} C_1 + C_2 x, & n=0 \\ C_1 \cosh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} x\right) + C_2 \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} x\right), & n>0 \end{cases}$$

$$0 = X_n(0) = \begin{cases} C_1 & n=0 \\ C_1 & n>0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow C_1 = 0, C_2 \neq 0$$

hence

$$X_n = \begin{cases} x, & n=0 \\ \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} x\right), & n>0 \end{cases}$$

vi) gen. solution

$$S_n^{(B)}(x,y,t) = X_n(x)Y_n(y)T_n(t)$$

$$= \begin{cases} x T_n(t), & n=0 \\ \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) T_n(t), & n>0 \end{cases}$$

$$S^{(B)}(x, y, t) = T_0(t)x + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n(t) \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right)$$

vii] apply n.h. bcs

$$b_2(y, t) = S^{(B)}(L, y, t) = T_0(t)L + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n(t) \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi L}{M}\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right)$$

hence

$$T_0(t)L = \frac{\int_0^M b_2(y, t) dy}{\int_0^M dy} = M$$

$$T_0(t) = \frac{1}{LM} \int_0^M b_2(y, t) dy$$

$$T_n(t) \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi L}{M}\right) = \frac{\int_0^M b_2(y, t) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right) dy}{\int_0^M \cos^2\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right) dy}, \quad n=1, 2, \dots$$

$$T_n(t) = \frac{2}{M \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi L}{M}\right)} \int_0^M b_2(y, t) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right) dy$$

c] combine solution of (A) and (B)

$$S(x, y, t) = S^{(A)}(x, y, t) + S^{(B)}(x, y, t)$$

③ Solve subproblem [VP]

a] compute Eigenvalues, - functions

$$v_t(x, y, t) = b(v_{xx}(x, y, t) + v_{yy}(x, y, t))$$

$$v(0, y, t) = 0$$

$$v(L, y, t) = 0$$

$$v_y(x(0), t) = 0$$

$$v_y(x(M), t) = 0$$

i) rep. var.  $v(x, y, t) = X(x)Y(y)T(t)$

splitt into

$$T'(t) + \mu^2 k T(t) = 0$$

$$X''(x) + g^2 X(x) = 0$$

$$Y''(y) + \tau^2 Y(y) = 0$$

$$g^2 + \tau^2 = \mu^2$$

ii) bound b.c.:

$$x(0) = 0, x(L) = 0, y(0) = 0, y(M) = 0$$

iii) solve SL-problem

$$X''(x) + g^2 X(x) = 0$$

$$x(0) = 0$$

$$x(L) = 0$$

$$Y''(y) + \tau^2 Y(y) = 0$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

$$y(M) = 0$$

$\downarrow$

$$s_m = \frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}$$

$$\tau_n = \frac{n\pi}{M}$$

$$X_m(x) = s_m \left( \frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x \right)$$

$$Y_n(y) = \cos \left( \frac{n\pi}{M} y \right)$$

$$m, n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

b) Eigenfunction expansion

$$v(x,y,t) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_{mn}(t) X_m(x) Y_n(y)$$

$$= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} T_{m0}(t) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) +$$

$$+ \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_{mn}(t) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}y\right)$$

$$q(x,y,t) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} Q_{mn}(t) X_m(x) Y_n(y)$$

$$= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} Q_{m0}(t) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) +$$

$$+ \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} Q_{mn}(t) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}y\right)$$

where  $Q_{m0}(t) = \frac{\int_0^L \int_0^h q(x,y,t) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) dy dx}{\int_0^L \sin^2\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) dx}$

$$= \frac{L}{2} \int_0^M \int_0^h q(x,y,t) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) dy dx$$

$$Q_{mn}(t) = \frac{\int_0^L \int_0^h q(x,y,t) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}y\right) dy dx}{\int_0^L \sin^2\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) dx}$$

$$= \frac{L}{2} \int_0^M \int_0^h q(x,y,t) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}y\right) dy dx$$

$$= \frac{4}{LM} \int_0^L \int_0^M q(x, y, t) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right) dy dx$$

for  $m = 0, 1, 2, \dots$   
 $n = 1, 2, \dots$

and

$$T_{mn}(t) = e^{-k\mu_{mn}^2 t} \int_0^t e^{k\mu_{mn}^2 \xi} Q_{mn}(\xi) d\xi + C_{mn} e^{-k\mu_{mn}^2 t}$$

$$\text{with } \mu_{mn}^2 = \tilde{Q}_m^2 + \tilde{C}_n^2 = \left[ \frac{(m+1)^2}{L^2} + \frac{n^2}{M^2} \right] \pi^2$$

and

$$C_{m0} = \frac{\int_0^M \int_0^L (f(x, y) - s(x, y, 0)) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) dy dx}{\int_0^M \int_0^L \sin^2\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) dy dx}$$

$$= \frac{2}{ML} \int_0^L \int_0^M (f(x, y) - s(x, y, 0)) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) dy dx$$

$$C_{mn} = \frac{\int_0^M \int_0^L (f(x, y) - s(x, y, 0)) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right) dy dx}{\int_0^M \int_0^L \cos^2\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right) dy dx \int_0^L \sin^2\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) dx}$$

$$= \frac{4}{LM} \int_0^L \int_0^M (f(x, y) - s(x, y, 0)) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right) dy dx$$

for  $m = 0, 1, 2, \dots$      $n = 1, 2, \dots$

④ combine solutions

$$u(x,y,t) = S(s(x,y,t)) + \mathcal{O}(x,y,t)$$