

4.3.3 Exercises

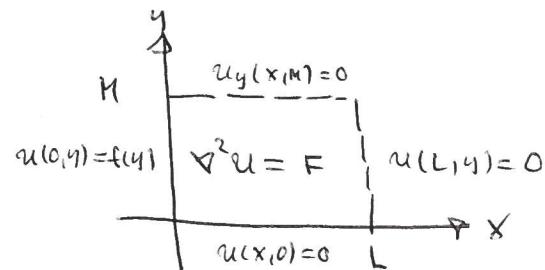
1) $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = F(x,y)$ ($= \frac{1}{10}xy(L-x)(H-y)$)

$$u(0,y) = f(y) \quad (= y)$$

$$u(L,y) = 0$$

$$u(x,0) = 0$$

$$u_y(x,H) = 0$$



Solution:

a) decompose BVP: $u = v + w$

A. Poisson Eqn with 4 hom. bcs

$$v_{xx} + v_{yy} = F(x,y)$$

$$v(0,y) = 0 \quad] \text{ hom. bcs in } x$$

$$v(L,y) = 0$$

$$v(x,0) = 0 \quad] \text{ hom. bcs in } y$$

$$v_y(x,H) = 0$$

B. Laplace Eqn with given bcs

$$w_{xx} + w_{yy} = 0$$

$$w(0,y) = f(y)$$

$$w(L,y) = 0$$

$$w(x,0) = 0 \quad] \text{ hom. bcs in } y$$

$$w_y(x,H) = 0$$

b) solve subproblems

A. Poisson eqn with hom. bcs

i) compute Eigenvalues, -functions

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} v_{xx} + v_{yy} = 0 \\ v(0,y) = 0 \\ v(L,y) = 0 \\ v(x,0) = 0 \\ v_y(x,H) = 0 \end{array} \right\} \xrightarrow[\text{var.}]{\text{rep.}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x''(x) + \mu x = 0 \\ x(0) = 0 \\ x(L) = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\mu_m = \left[\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} \right]^2$$

$$x_m(x) = \sin \left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x \right)$$

$$m = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} y''(y) + \mu y(y) = 0 \\ y(0) = 0 \\ y'(H) = 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\sigma_n = \left[\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2H} \right]^2$$

$$y_n(y) = \sin \left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2H} y \right)$$

$$n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

iii] Eigenfunction expansion of solution

$$\boxed{v(x,y) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_{mn} X_m(x) Y_n(y) =}$$

$$= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_{mn} \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right)$$

with

$$\boxed{A_{mn} = - \frac{\iint_0^L \int_0^M F(x,y) X_m(x) Y_n(y) dx dy}{(\mu_m + \sigma_n) \int_0^L X_m^2(x) dx \int_0^M Y_n^2(y) dy}}$$

$$= - \frac{\iint_0^L \int_0^M F(x,y) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dx dy}{\left[\frac{(m+1)^2 \pi^2}{L^2} + \frac{(2n+1)^2 \pi^2}{4M^2} \right] \int_0^L \sin^2\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) dx \int_0^M \sin^2\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dy}$$

$$= - \frac{16LM}{(4M^2(m+1)^2 + L^2(2n+1)^2)\pi^2} \iint_0^L \int_0^M F(x,y) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dx dy$$

B. Laplace Eqn

if rep. variables $w(x,y) = X(x)Y(y)$

$$\frac{X''(x)}{Y''(y)} = -\frac{Y''(y)}{Y(y)} = \mu \Rightarrow \begin{cases} X''(x) - \mu X(x) = 0 \\ Y''(y) + \mu Y(y) = 0 \end{cases}$$

iii] bound. b.c. : $X(L) = 0, Y(0) = 0, Y'(M) = 0$

iii] solve SL problem

$$\boxed{u_n = \frac{(2n+1)^2 \pi^2}{4M^2}}, \quad \boxed{Y_n(y) = \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right)}, \quad n=0,1,2,\dots$$

iv] solve remaining p. eqn

$$X''(x) - \mu_n X(x) = 0, \quad \mu_n > 0, \quad \text{char. eqn } r^2 = \frac{(2n+1)^2 \pi^2}{4M^2}$$

$X(L) = 0$ Note bc on non-zero boundary!

$$X_n(x) = C_1 \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2H}(x-L)\right) + C_2 \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2H}(x-L)\right)$$

$$0 = X_n(L) = C_1 \Rightarrow C_1 = 0, C_2 \neq 0$$

Hence

$$X_n(x) = \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2H}(x-L)\right), \quad n=0,1,2,\dots$$

v) gen. solution

$$w_n(x,y) = X_n(x) Y_n(y) = \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2H}(x-L)\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2H}y\right)$$

$$w(x,y) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} B_n w_n(x,y) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} B_n X_n(x) Y_n(y)$$

vi) apply nonhom. bc. $\sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2H}(-L)\right) = -\sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2H}\right)$

$$\begin{aligned} f(y) &= w(0,y) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} B_n \underbrace{X_n(0)}_{\sim} Y_n(y) \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[-B_n \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2H}\right) \right] \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2H}y\right) \end{aligned}$$

hence

$$-B_n \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2H}\right) = \frac{\int_0^H f(y) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2H}y\right) dy}{\int_0^H \sin^2\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2H}y\right) dy}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

and therefore

$$B_n = -\frac{2}{H \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2H}\right)} \int_0^H f(y) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2H}y\right) dy$$

for $n=0,1,2,\dots$

2] combine solution of subproblems

$$u(x,y) = v(x,y) + w(x,y)$$

$$= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_{mn} \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} B_n \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}(x-L)\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right)$$

where

$$A_{mn} = -\frac{16LM}{(4M^2(m+1)^2 + L^2(2n+1)^2\pi^2)} \int_0^M \int_0^L F(x,y) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dx dy$$

$$B_n = -\frac{2}{M \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right)} \int_0^M f(y) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dy$$

for $m, n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

2] $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = F(x,y)$

$$u(0,y) = f(y)$$

$$u(L,y) = g(y)$$

$$u(x,0) = 0$$

$$u_y(x,M) = 0$$

Solution

a) decompose BVP: $u = v + w$

A. Poisson Eqn with 4 b.c.s.

$$v_{xx} + v_{yy} = F(x, y)$$

$$v(0, y) = 0$$

$$v(L, y) = 0$$

$$v(x, 0) = 0$$

$$v_y(x, M) = 0$$

B. Laplace Eqn with given b.c.s

$$w_{xx} + w_{yy} = 0$$

$$w(0, y) = f(y)$$

$$w(L, y) = g(y)$$

$$w(x, 0) = 0$$

$$w_y(x, M) = 0$$

b) solve subproblems

A. Poisson eqn with hom. bcs.

Note this problem was already solved with the identical boundary conditions on Exercise 1. Hence

$$v(x, y) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_{mn} \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right)$$

with

$$A_{mn} = -\frac{(6LM)}{\left(4M^2(m+1)^2 + L^2(2n+1)^2\right)\pi^2} \int_0^M \int_0^L F(x, y) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dx dy$$

B. Laplace equation

since this equation has 2 nonhom. bcs., we have to decompose it further

$$B1: w_{xx}^{(1)} + w_{yy}^{(1)} = 0$$

$$w^{(1)}(0, y) = f(y)$$

$$w^{(1)}(L, y) = 0$$

$$w^{(1)}(x, 0) = 0$$

$$w_y^{(1)}(x, M) = 0$$

$$B2: w_{xx}^{(2)} + w_{yy}^{(2)} = 0$$

$$w^{(2)}(0, y) = 0$$

$$w^{(2)}(L, y) = g(y)$$

$$w^{(2)}(x, 0) = 0$$

$$w_y^{(2)}(x, M) = 0$$

B1: Laplace eqn

Note this equation was already solved in Exercise 1
hence

$$w^{(1)}(x, y) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} B_n \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}(x-L)\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right)$$

with

$$B_n = -\frac{2}{M \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right)} \int_0^M f(y) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dy$$

for $n=0, 1, 2, \dots$

B2: Laplace eqn

i) sep. variables: $w^{(2)}(x, y) = X(x)Y(y)$

$$\frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = -\frac{Y''(y)}{Y(y)} = \mu \Rightarrow \begin{cases} X''(x) - \mu X(x) = 0 \\ Y''(y) + \mu Y(y) = 0 \end{cases}$$

ii) bound. bcs: $X(0)=0, Y(0)=0, Y'(h)=0$

iii) solve SL problem:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} Y''(y) + \mu Y(y) = 0 \\ Y(0) = 0 \\ Y'(h) = 0 \end{array} \right\} \quad \begin{aligned} \mu_n &= \frac{(2n+1)^2 \pi^2}{4M^2} \\ Y_n(y) &= \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) \end{aligned}$$

$n=0, 1, 2, \dots$

iv) solve remaining eqn

$$X''(x) - \mu_n X(x) = 0, \mu_n > 0, \text{ char. eqn } r^2 = \frac{(2n+1)^2 \pi^2}{4M^2} > 0$$

$X(0) = 0$

$$X_n(x) = C_1 \cosh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}x\right) + C_2 \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}x\right)$$

$$0 = X_n(0) = C_1 \Rightarrow C_1 = 0, \quad C_2 \neq 0,$$

hence

$$X_n(x) = \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}x\right), \quad n=0, 1, 2, \dots$$

✓ gen. solution

$$w_n^{(2)}(x, y) = X_n(x) Y_n(y) = \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right)$$

$$w^{(2)}(x, y) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} D_n w_n^{(2)}(x, y) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} D_n X_n(x) Y_n(y)$$

vi) apply nonhom. bc:

$$g(y) = w^2(L, y) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [D_n \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right)] \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right)$$

hence

$$D_n \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right) = \frac{\int_0^M g(y) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dy}{\int_0^M \sin^2\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dy}$$

$$= \frac{M}{2}$$

and therefore

$$D_n = \frac{2}{M \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right)} \int_0^M g(y) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dy$$

for $n=0, 1, 2, \dots$

3] combine solution of sub-problem

$$\begin{aligned}
 u(x,y) &= v(x,y) + w^{(1)}(x,y) + w^{(2)}(x,y) = \\
 &= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_{mn} \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) \\
 &\quad + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} B_n \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}(x-L)\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) \\
 &\quad + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} D_n \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

where

$$A_{mn} = -\frac{16LM}{(4\pi^2(m+1)^2 + L^2(2n+1)^2\pi^2)} \int_0^M \int_0^L F(x,y) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dx dy$$

$$B_n = -\frac{2}{M \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right)} \int_0^M f(y) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dy$$

$$D_n = \frac{2}{M \sinh\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi L}{2M}\right)} \int_0^M g(y) \sin\left(\frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2M}y\right) dy$$

3] $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = F(x,y)$

$$u(0,y) = f(y)$$

$$u(L,y) = g(y)$$

$$u_y(x,0) = 0$$

$$u_y(x,M) = 0$$

Solution:

a) decompose BVP: $u = v + w$

A. Poisson eqn with 4 hom. bcs

$$v_{xx} + v_{yy} = F(x, y)$$

$$v(0, y) = 0$$

$$v(L, y) = 0$$

$$v_y(x, 0) = 0$$

$$v_y(x, M) = 0$$

B. Laplace eqn with given bcs

$$w_{xx} + w_{yy} = 0$$

$$w(0, y) = f(y)$$

$$w(L, y) = g(y)$$

$$w_y(x, 0) = 0$$

$$w_y(x, M) = 0$$

b) solve subproblem

A. Poisson eqn

i) compute Eigenvalues, -functions

$$v_{xx} + v_{yy} = 0$$

$$v(0, y) = 0$$

$$v(L, y) = 0$$

$$v_y(x, 0) = 0$$

$$v_y(x, M) = 0$$

sep
var.

$$x''(x) + \mu x(x) = 0$$

$$x(0) = 0$$

$$x(L) = 0$$

$$\mu_m = \left[\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} \right]^2, \quad x_m(x) = \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x\right)$$

↓ sep.
var.

$$y''(y) + q y(y) = 0$$

$$y'(0) = 0$$

$$y'(M) = 0$$

$$\lambda_n = \left[\frac{n\pi}{M} \right]^2, \quad y_n(y) = \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right)$$

for $m, n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

ii) Eigenfunction expansion of solution

$$v(x, y) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_{mn} x_m(x) y_n(y) =$$

$$= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_{mn} \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right)$$

with

$$A_{mn} = - \frac{\int_0^M \int_0^L F(x,y) X_m(x) Y_n(y) dx dy}{(\mu_m + \sigma_n) \int_0^M X_m^2(x) dx \int_0^N Y_n^2(y) dy}$$

Note $\sigma_0 = 0$ is Eigenvalue, $Y_0(y) = 1$ is Eigenfunction

$$A_{m0} = - \frac{\int_0^M \int_0^L F(x,y) X_m(x) dx dy}{\mu_m \frac{L}{2} \cdot M}$$

$$= - \frac{2L}{(m+1)^2 \pi^2 M} \int_0^M \int_0^L F(x,y) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x\right) dx dy \quad , m=0,1,2,\dots$$

$$A_{mn} = - \frac{\int_0^M \int_0^L F(x,y) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) dx dy}{\left[\frac{(m+1)^2 \pi^2}{L^2} + \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{M^2}\right] \int_0^L \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x\right) dx \int_0^M \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) dy}$$

$$= - \frac{(M^2(m+1) + L^2 n^2) \pi^2}{L^2 M^2} \quad = \frac{L}{2} \quad = \frac{M}{2}$$

$$= - \frac{4LM}{(M^2(m+1)^2 + L^2 n^2) \pi^2} \int_0^M \int_0^L F(x,y) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) dx dy$$

B. Laplace eqn

Since this eqn has 2 nonhom. b.c., we have to decompose it further:

$$B1: \omega_{xx}^{(1)} + \omega_{yy}^{(1)} = 0$$

$$\omega^{(1)}(0,y) = f(y)$$

$$\omega^{(1)}(L,y) = 0$$

$$\omega_y^{(1)}(x,0) = 0$$

$$\omega_y^{(1)}(x,M) = 0$$

$$B2: \omega_{xx}^{(2)} + \omega_{yy}^{(2)} = 0$$

$$\omega^{(2)}(0,y) = 0$$

$$\omega^{(2)}(L,y) = g(y)$$

$$\omega_y^{(2)}(x,0) = 0$$

$$\omega_y^{(2)}(x,M) = 0$$

B1: Laplace Egh

Note, this eqn was solved as Example 4.8 (p 258ff)

$$w^{(2)}(x,y) = B_0(x-L) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}(x-L)\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right)$$

with

$$B_0 = -\frac{1}{ML} \int_0^M f(y) dy$$

$$B_n = -\frac{2}{M \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}L\right)} \int_0^M f(y) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right) dy$$

for $n=1, 2, 3, \dots$

B2: Laplace Egh

i) sep. var. $w^{(2)}(x,y) = X(x)Y(y)$

$$\frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = -\frac{Y''(y)}{Y(y)} = \mu \Rightarrow \begin{cases} X''(x) - \mu X(x) = 0 \\ Y''(y) + \mu Y(y) = 0 \end{cases}$$

ii) transv. bcs: $X(0)=0, Y'(0)=0, Y'(M)=0$

iii) solve SLprob.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} Y''(y) + \mu Y(y) = 0 \\ Y'(0) = 0 \\ Y'(M) = 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu_n = \left[\frac{n\pi}{M}\right]^2 \\ Y_n(y) = \begin{cases} 1, & n=0 \\ \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right), & n=1, 2, \dots \end{cases} \end{array} \right.$$

iv) solve remaining egh

$$X''(x) - \mu_n X(x) = 0, \quad \mu_n \geq 0 !$$

$$X(0) = 0$$

$$X_n(x) = \begin{cases} C_1 + C_2 x, & n=0 \\ C_1 \cosh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}x\right) + C_2 \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}x\right), & n=1, 2, \dots \end{cases}$$

$$0 = x_n(0) = \begin{cases} c_1, & n=0 \\ c_{11}, & n=1, 2, \dots \end{cases} \Rightarrow c_1=0, c_2 \neq 0$$

hence

$$x_n(x) = \begin{cases} x, & n=0 \\ \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}x\right), & n=1, 2, \dots \end{cases}$$

v) gen. solution

$$w_n^{(2)}(x, y) = x_n(x) y_n(y) = \begin{cases} x, & n=0 \\ \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right), & n=1, 2, \dots \end{cases}$$

$$w^{(2)}(x, y) = D_0 x + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} D_n \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right)$$

vi) apply nonhom. bc:

$$g(y) = w^{(2)}(L, y) = D_0 L + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [D_n \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}L\right)] \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right)$$

with

$$D_0 L = \frac{\int_0^M g(y) dy}{\int_0^M dy} = \frac{1}{M} \int_0^M g(y) dy$$

$$D_n \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}L\right) = \frac{\int_0^M g(y) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right) dy}{\int_0^M \cos^2\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}y\right) dy}$$

$$= \frac{M}{2}$$

and therefore

$$D_0 = \frac{1}{LM} \int_0^L g(y) dy$$

$$D_n = \frac{2}{M \sinh(\frac{n\pi}{M} L)} \int_0^M g(y) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) dy$$

for $n=1, 2, \dots$

□ Combine solution of subproblem

$$\begin{aligned} u(x, y) &= v(x, y) + w^{(1)}(x, y) + w^{(2)}(x, y) = \\ &= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_{mn} \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) + \\ &\quad + B_0(x-L) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M}(x-L)\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) \\ &\quad + D_0 x + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} D_n \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} x\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) \end{aligned}$$

where

$$A_{m0} = -\frac{2L}{(m+1)^2 \pi^2 M} \int_0^M \int_0^L F(x, y) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x\right) dx dy$$

$$A_{mn} = -\frac{4LM}{(M^2(m+1)^2 + L^2 n^2) \pi^2} \int_0^M \int_0^L F(x, y) \sin\left(\frac{(m+1)\pi}{L} x\right) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) dx dy$$

for $m, n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

$$B_0 = -\frac{1}{ML} \int_0^M f(y) dy$$
$$B_n = -\frac{2}{M \sinh(\frac{n\pi}{M} L)} \int_0^M f(y) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) dy$$
$$D_0 = \frac{1}{LM} \int_0^M g(y) dy$$
$$D_n = \frac{2}{M \sinh(\frac{n\pi}{M} L)} \int_0^M g(y) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{M} y\right) dy$$

for $n=1, 2, 3, \dots$