

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1999. The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 4.5 million women employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 3.5 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people with disabilities, with 1.5 million people with disabilities employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from ethnic minorities, with 1.5 million people from ethnic minorities employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the lower socio-economic groups, with 1.5 million people from the lower socio-economic groups employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people with low qualifications, with 1.5 million people with low qualifications employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people with low skills, with 1.5 million people with low skills employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people with low income, with 1.5 million people with low income employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people with low housing, with 1.5 million people with low housing employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people with low health, with 1.5 million people with low health employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people with low education, with 1.5 million people with low education employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people with low employment, with 1.5 million people with low employment employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people with low income, with 1.5 million people with low income employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 1 million in 1980.

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