A positive correlation between mask usage and excess mortality in Europe

SUPPLEMENTARY FILE 1

Table S1. Correlation between different approaches of excess deaths (2020-2021) calculation.

			Pearson	Spearman		
Predictor	Response variable	r	p	ρ	p	
$PLAA^*$	eLife	0.963	< .001	0.963	< .001	
	${f Economist}$	0.958	< .001	0.945	< .001	
	${f Lancet}$	0.880	< .001	0.886	< .001	
	PLNAA	0.982	< .001	0.974	< .001	
	$\operatorname{Multiverse}$	0.971	< .001	0.938	< .001	
	WHO	0.911	< .001	0.921	< .001	
eLife	Economist	0.997	< .001	0.983	< .001	
	${f Lancet}$	0.879	< .001	0.901	< .001	
	PLNAA	0.940	< .001	0.946	< .001	
	$\operatorname{Multiverse}$	0.908	< .001	0.918	< .001	
	WHO	0.944	< .001	0.943	< .001	
Economist	Lancet	0.900	< .001	0.946	< .001	
	PLNAA	0.937	< .001	0.941	< .001	
	$\operatorname{Multiverse}$	0.901	< .001	0.892	< .001	
	WHO	0.947	< .001	0.952	< .001	
Lancet	PLNAA	0.864	< .001	0.872	< .001	
	$\operatorname{Multiverse}$	0.843	< .001	0.816	< .001	
	WHO	0.907	< .001	0.924	< .001	
PLNAA	Multiverse	0.970	< .001	0.946	< .001	
	WHO	0.898	< .001	0.920	< .001	
Multiverse	WHO	0.881	< .001	0.895	< .001	

^{*} PLAA (Per Levitt Age Adjusted), PLNAA (Per Levitt Non Age Adjusted), eLife, Economist and Lancet cumulative percentage of excess deaths were obtained from Levitt et al. (2022). Multiverse cumulative excess deaths percentage was from Levitt et al. (2023).

Table S2. Correlation between variables other than excess deaths

		Pearson		Spearman		
Predictor	Response variable	r	p	ρ	ρ ρ	
	COVID-19 deaths/million	0.453	0.026	0.437	0.034	
	Vaccination rate ¹	-0.384	0.064	-0.470	0.021	
	% of seniors (> 65 years)	-0.108	0.614	-0.345	0.099	
	GDP per capita	-0.021	0.922	-0.093	0.664	
	CVD rate ²	0.239	0.260	0.196	0.358	
COVID-19 cases/million	Life expectancy	-0.361	0.083	-0.418	0.042	
	HDI ³	-0.154	0.471	-0.174	0.417	
	Stringency	0.133	0.534	-0.047	0.828	
	% obesity	0.089	0.678	0.036	0.867	
	Gini	-0.268	0.206	-0.196	0.359	
	Urban density	-0.150	0.484	-0.151	0.481	
	Vaccination rate	-0.613	0.001	-0.632	0.001	
	% of seniors (> 65 years)	-0.263	0.214	-0.294	0.163	
	GDP per capita	-0.487	0.016	-0.617	0.002	
	CVD rate	0.432	0.035	0.456	0.026	
COVID-19 deaths/million	Life expectancy	-0.545	0.006	-0.604	0.002	
	HDI	-0.224	0.292	-0.587	0.003	
	Stringency	0.065	0.764	0.049	0.821	
	% obesity	0.457	0.025	0.451	0.027	
	Gini	-0.081	0.707	-0.054	0.801	
	Urban density	0.011	0.961	-0.096	0.655	
	% of seniors (> 65 years)	0.615	0.001	0.470	0.022	
	GDP per capita	0.260	0.219	0.332	0.113	
	CVD rate	-0.612	0.001	-0.639	0.001	
	Life expectancy	0.563	0.004	0.588	0.003	
	HDI	0.399	0.053	0.358	0.086	
	Stringency	0.230	0.279	0.380	0.068	
Vaccination rate	% obesity	-0.172	0.421	-0.216	0.311	
	Gini	0.453	0.026	0.298	0.157	
	Urban density	0.192	0.368	0.150	0.485	
	GDP per capita	0.012	0.957	-0.168	0.431	
	CVD rate	-0.360	0.084	-0.142	0.507	
	Life expectancy	0.332	0.113	0.225	0.290	
% of seniors (> 65 years)	HDI	0.512	0.011	0.035	0.872	
	Stringency	0.036	0.869	0.113	0.598	
	% obesity	0.083	0.700	-0.100	0.643	
	Gini Unhan dancita	0.485	0.016	0.415	0.044	
	Urban density	0.193	0.367	0.229	0.282	
	CVD rate	-0.224	0.294	-0.334	0.111	
	Life expectancy	0.286	0.176	0.431	0.036	
	HDI	0.064	0.765	0.604	0.002	
GDP per capita	Stringency	0.124	0.564	-0.038	0.860	
	% obesity	-0.262	0.217	-0.452	0.027	
	Gini	-0.133	0.534	-0.242	0.255	
	Urban density	-0.272	0.198	-0.291	0.168	
	Life expectancy	-0.550	0.005	-0.645	< .001	
	HDI	-0.328	0.118	-0.457	0.025	
CVD rate	Stringency	-0.374	0.072	-0.261	0.217	
	% obesity	0.358	0.086	0.361	0.084	
	Gini	-0.189	0.377	-0.210	0.325	
	Urban density	-0.016	0.942	-0.086	0.689	

Life expectancy	HDI	0.337	0.107	0.646	< .001
	Stringency	0.186	0.384	0.347	0.097
	% obesity	-0.457	0.025	-0.425	0.039
	Gini	0.002	0.994	0.114	0.596
	Urban density	-0.096	0.655	-0.009	0.966
HDI	Stringency	0.140	0.514	0.052	0.809
	% obesity	0.077	0.722	-0.217	0.308
	Gini	0.414	0.044	0.023	0.914
	Urban density	0.220	0.301	-0.074	0.730
Stringency	% obesity	-0.086	0.690	-0.033	0.878
	Gini	-0.142	0.508	0.137	0.525
	Urban density	-0.230	0.279	0.028	0.896
% obesity	Gini	0.289	0.171	0.258	0.223
	Urban density	0.553	0.005	0.437	0.033
Gini	Urban density	0.643	< .001	0.656	< .001

¹Fully vaccinated per 100K; ²Cardiovascular death rate; ³Human development index

Table S3. Average mask usage in 2022.

Country	Avg % mask usage
Austria	14.82
Belgium	12.81
Croatia	7.81
Czechia	6.82
Denmark	2.65
Estonia	25.72
Finland	31.89
France	18.01
Germany	19.64
Greece	31.22
Hungary	12.17
Italy	32.61
Latvia	21.52
Lithuania	28.27
Netherlands	7.87
Norway	8.57
Poland	13.06
Portugal	31.06
Slovakia	10.92
Slovenia	13.65
Spain	30.18
Sweden	1.56
Switzerland	9.09
United Kingdom	12.48

Table S4. Correlation between the percentage of seniors (> 65 years) and excess deaths metrics

Predictor	Response variable	Pearson		Spearman	
		r	p	ρ	p
	Per eLife	-0.346	0.097	-0.310	0.141
% seniors	Per Economist	-0.329	0.116	-0.310	0.141
	Per Lancet	-0.087	0.685	-0.224	0.294
	Per WHO	-0.263	0.214	-0.228	0.284
	Per Levitt Age-Adjusted	-0.280	0.185	-0.217	0.308
	Per Levitt Not Age-Adjusted	-0.278	0.188	-0.203	0.339
	multiverse	-0.203	0.342	-0.168	0.432

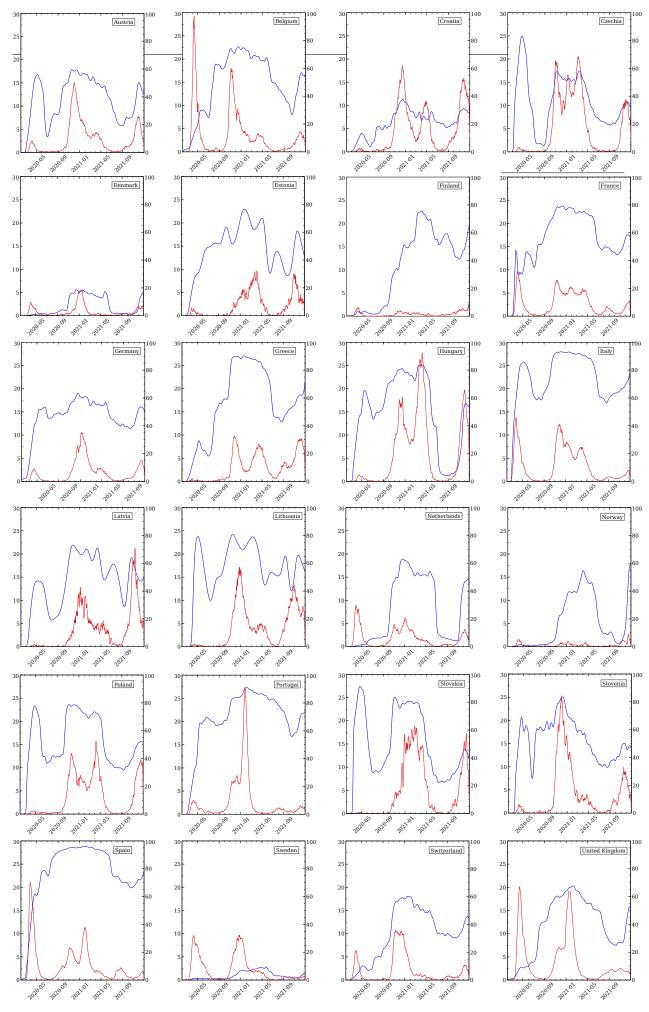


Fig S1. Percentage of mask usage (bule lines) and daily COVID-19 deaths/million (red lines) in each ⁵ of 24 countries from February 2020 to the end of 2021. Data was obtained from IHME (2023).

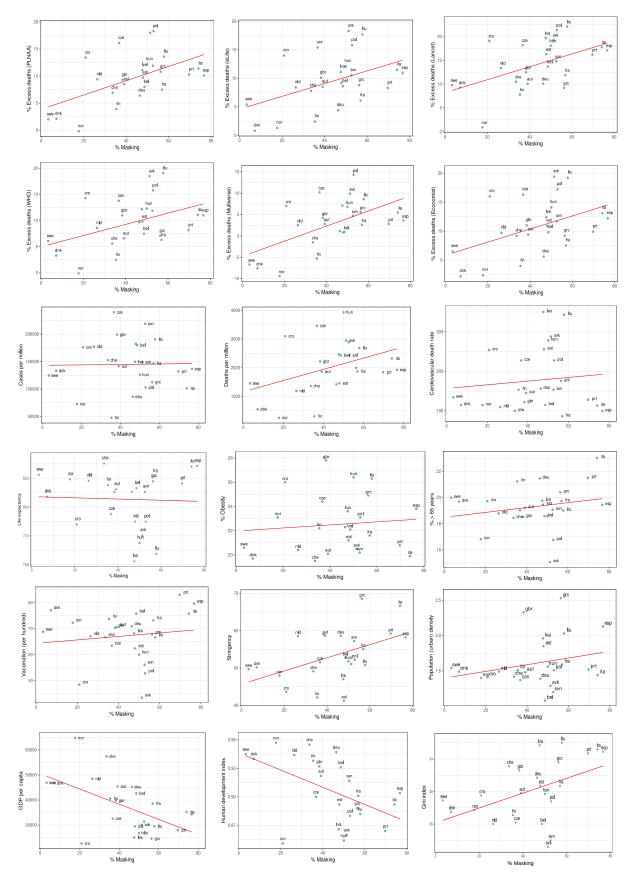


Fig S2. Correlation between average mask usage and all response variables in 24 European countries. Each dot represents a country. The red line represents the fitted regression line.

References

IHME, 2023. Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation. University of Washington. URL: https://www.healthdata.org/covid/data-downloads.

Levitt, M., Zonta, F., Ioannidis, J., 2023. Excess death estimates from multiverse analysis in 2009-2021. European Journal of Epidemiology, 1-11.

Levitt, M., Zonta, F., Ioannidis, J.P., 2022. Comparison of pandemic excess mortality in 2020-2021 across different empirical calculations. Environmental Research 213, 113754.