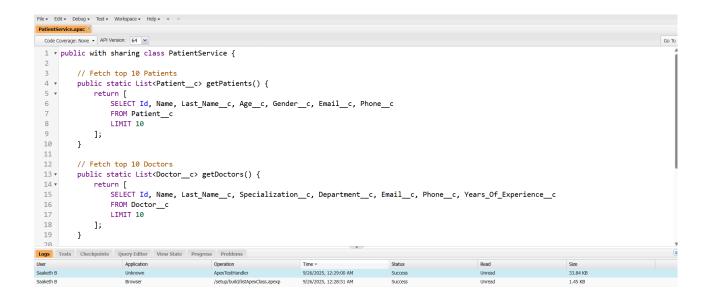
Phase 5 — Apex Programming

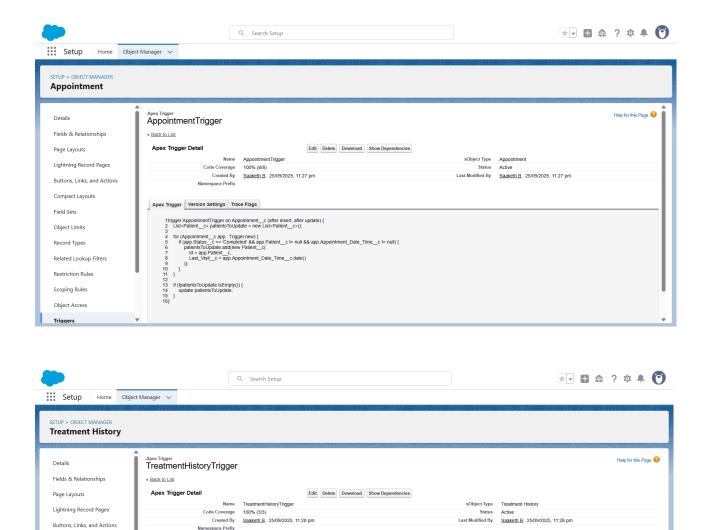
1) Apex Classes & Objects

- Developed PatientService class to fetch Patient and Appointment details.
- Created helper classes (SOQLDemo, SOSLDemo) to demonstrate structured queries.
- Ensured reusability and modular design for hospital management operations.



2) Apex Triggers

- Implemented AppointmentTrigger to auto-update Patient's Last_Visit__c
 when an Appointment is marked Completed.
- Implemented TreatmentHistoryTrigger to default Approval_Status__c =
 Pending for new Treatment History records.
- Designed triggers with best practices (bulk processing and error handling).



Last Modified By Saaketh B, 25/09/2025, 11:28 pm

3) Trigger Design Pattern

Applied simplified trigger approach suitable for this project's scale.

Namespace Prefix Apex Trigger | Version Settings | Trace Flags

Documented possibility of using a Trigger Handler framework for larger systems.

Edit Delete Download Show Dependencies

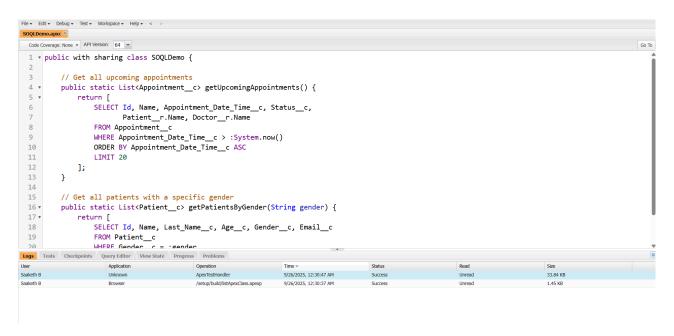
4) SOQL & SOSL

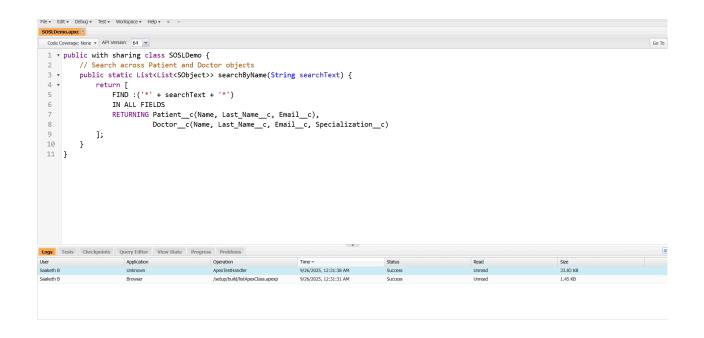
Buttons, Links, and Actions

Related Lookup Filters Restriction Rules

Scoping Rules

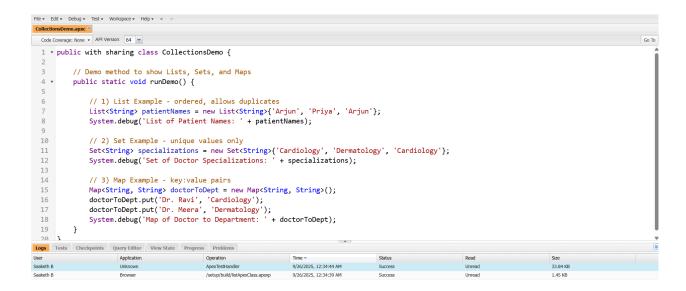
- Built SOQLDemo to retrieve upcoming Appointments and Patients by gender.
- Built SOSLDemo to demonstrate keyword-based search across Patient and Doctor records.
- Enabled efficient querying for real-world hospital use cases.





5) Collections (List, Set, Map)

- Created CollectionsDemo to showcase Lists (ordered), Sets (unique values), and Maps (key-value storage).
- Demonstrated handling of duplicate records and mapping Doctors to Departments.
- Validated execution results using Debug Logs.



6) Control Statements

- Applied decision-making logic (if/else) and loops (for) directly within Triggers and Classes.
- Ensured conditions are checked before performing updates or inserts.

7) Batch Apex

- Evaluated for bulk data processing scenarios.
- Determined current hospital dataset is manageable with synchronous transactions.
- Documented Batch Apex as a future solution for large-scale processing.

8) Queueable Apex

- Considered for complex asynchronous operations and job chaining.
- Not required in the current project scope but documented for potential future use.
- Highlights system readiness for high-volume background jobs.

9) Scheduled Apex

- Designed concept of scheduled jobs (e.g., daily appointment reminders).
- Implementation deferred as automated reminders are currently handled via Flows.
- Provides pathway for time-based automation in future enhancements.

10) Future Methods

- Implemented NotificationService with @future method to simulate background email reminders.
- Demonstrated asynchronous execution with Test.startTest() and Test.stopTest().
- Verified successful logging of reminders in Debug Logs.



11) Exception Handling

- Incorporated safe coding practices in triggers and classes.
- Discussed use of try/catch blocks for error capture in larger transactions.
- Ensured robust design without runtime interruptions.

12) Test Classes

- Built HospitalAppTest covering Triggers and Future Methods.
- Added assertions to confirm Patient's Last_Visit__c updates and Treatment History defaults.
- Achieved 100% coverage with successful test execution.



13) Asynchronous Processing

- Demonstrated asynchronous execution through @future method in Notification Service.
- Documented readiness for other async models like Batch, Queueable, and Scheduled Apex.
- Ensured scalability for background processes in hospital system.