INTERPROCEDURAL SPECIALIZATION OF HIGHER-ORDER DYNAMIC LANGUAGES WITHOUT STATIC ANALYSIS

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INTRODUCTION

- Research on JIT compilation
 - Dynamic languages
 - Dynamic techniques

- *LC*: Research oriented Scheme compiler
 - Scheme and Functional Programming Workshop 2014 & 2015
 - https://github.com/bsaleil/lc

INTRODUCTION

- Dynamic languages
 - Work done at compilation
 - Work done at execution

- Dynamic type checking
 - Ensures safety of the primitives :)
 - Impact on performance :(

DYNAMIC TYPE CHECKING

Example

DYNAMIC TYPE CHECKING

Example

```
(define (sum-to-10 x)

(if (> \underline{x} 10)

0

(+ \underline{x} (sum-to-10 (+ \underline{x} 1)))))
```

4 type checks in this code

DYNAMIC TYPE CHECKING

Example

```
(define (sum-to-10 x)

(if (> \underline{x} 10)

0

(+ \underline{x} (sum-to-10 (+ \underline{x} 1)))))
```

4 type checks in this code

How can we remove them ?

```
(define (sum-to-10 x)
  (if (> x 10))
                                              sum-to-10:
                                               (x:int)
      (+ x (sum-to-10 (+ x 1))))
(print (sum-to-10 6))
                                              sum-to-10:
(print (sum-to-10 7.5))
                                              (x:float)
```

```
(define (make-sumer n)
  (letrec ((f (lambda (x) \leftarrow Closure that captures n
                (if (> x n)
                    (+ x (f (+ x 1)))))
   f))
(define sum-to-10 (make-sumer 10))
(define sum-to-pi (make-sumer 3.14))
; 6 + 7 + 8 + 9 + 10
(print (sum-to-10 6))
; 7.5 + 8.5 + 9.5
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```
(define (make-sumer n)
                           → Static analysis (e.g. 0-CFA)
  (letrec ((f (lambda (x)
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(define (make-sumer n)
                           → Static analysis (e.g. 0-CFA)
  (letrec ((f (lambda (x)

    JIT incompatible

                (if (> x n)

    Lacks precision

                    (+ x (f (+ x 1))))))
   f))
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INTERPROCEDURAL SPECIALIZATION OF HIGHER-ORDER LANGUAGES

INTERPROCEDURAL SPECIALIZATION OF HIGHER-ORDER DYNAMIC LANGUAGES

INTERPROCEDURAL SPECIALIZATION OF HIGHER-ORDER DYNAMIC LANGUAGES WITHOUT STATIC ANALYSIS

INTERPROCEDURAL SPECIALIZATION OF HIGHER-ORDER DYNAMIC LANGUAGES WITHOUT STATIC ANALYSIS

→ Basic Block Versioning (BBV)

Simple and Effective Type Check Removal through Lazy Basic Block Versioning

Maxime Chevalier-Boisvert and Marc Feeley, ECOOP 2015

- Lazy intraprocedural code specialization (JIT)
- No static analysis
- Dynamic languages (JavaScript, Scheme, ...)

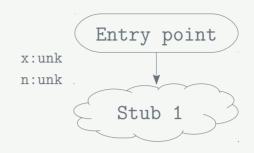
NAIVE COMPILATION

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NAIVE COMPILATION

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(define (make-sumer n)
  (letrec ((f (lambda (x)
                 (if (> x n)
                      (+ \underline{x} (f (+ \underline{x} 1))))))
    f))
                    5 checks needed
(define sum-to-10 (make-sumer 10))
(define sum-to-pi (make-sumer 3.14))
; 6 + 7 + 8 + 9 + 10
(print (sum-to-10 6))
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```

```
Entry point

x:unk

n:unk

int? x

false

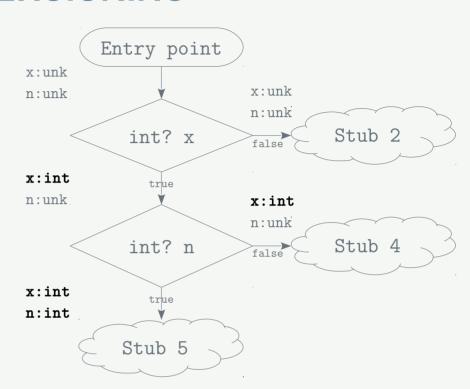
Stub 2

x:int

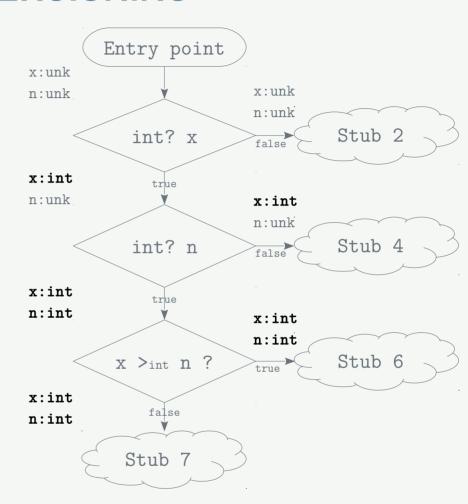
n:unk

Stub 3
```

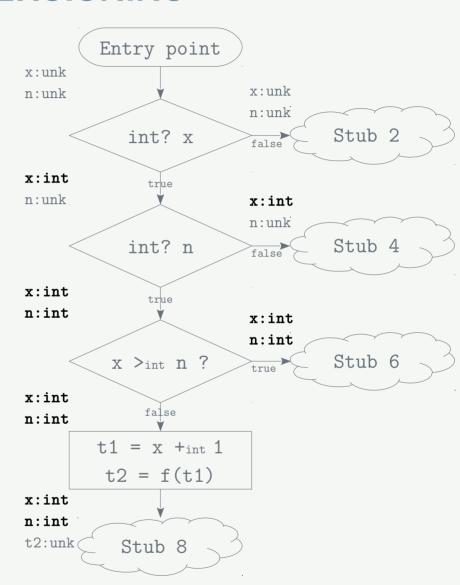
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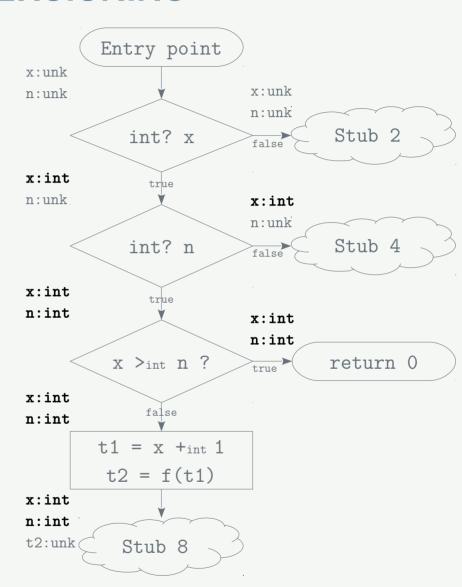
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  (letrec ((f (lambda (x)
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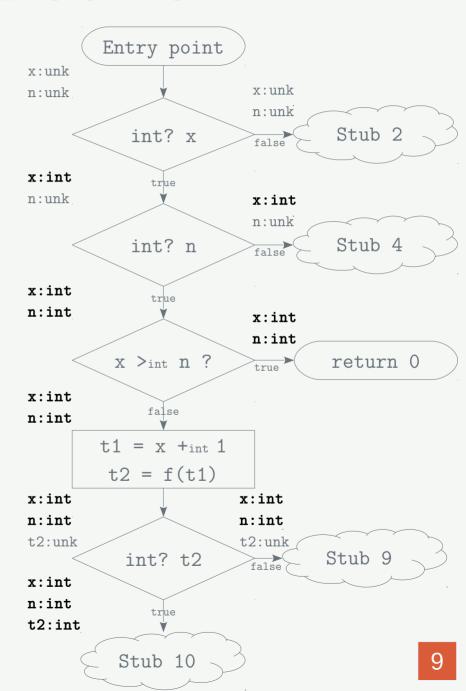
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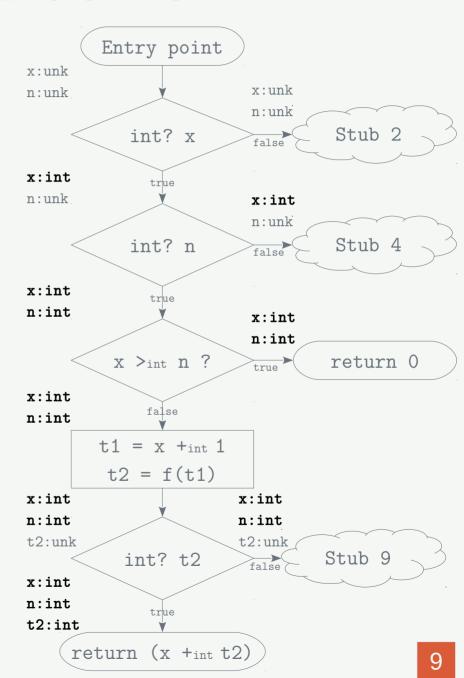
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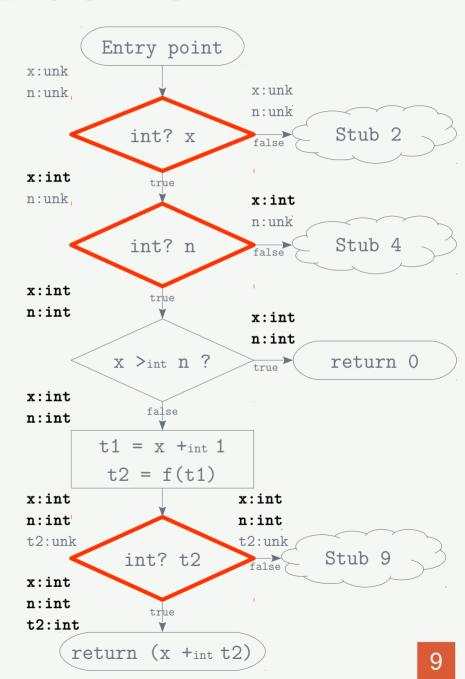
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```



```
(define (make-sumer n)
  (letrec ((f (lambda (x)
                (if (> x n)
                    (+ x (f (+ x 1)))))
                  3 checks needed
   f))
                     (2 removed)
(define sum-to-10 (make-sumer 10))
(define sum-to-pi (make-sumer 3.14))
; 6 + 7 + 8 + 9 + 10
(print (sum-to-10 6))
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(define (make-sumer n)
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   f))
                     (3 removed)
(define sum-to-10 (make-sumer 10))
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```

- Propagate the types through function calls
 - → no check on x

```
(define (make-sumer n)
 (letrec ((f (lambda (x)
                (if (> x n)
                    (+ x (f (+ x 1))))))
                   1 check needed
   f))
                     (4 removed)
(define sum-to-10 (make-sumer 10))
(define sum-to-pi (make-sumer 3.14))
; 6 + 7 + 8 + 9 + 10
(print (sum-to-10 6))
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- Propagate the types through function calls
 - → no check on x
- Propagate the types through function returns
 - → no check on the returned value

```
(define (make-sumer n)
 (letrec ((f (lambda (x)
                (if (> x n)
                    (+ x (f (+ x 1))))))
   f))
                  no checks needed
                     (5 removed)
(define sum-to-10 (make-sumer 10))
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(print (sum-to-10 6))
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- Propagate the types through function calls
 - → no check on x
- Propagate the types through function returns
 - → no check on the returned value
- Specialize the code using captured information
 - → no check on n

→ Several entry points, each specialized for a type combination

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1. Extend the closure representation

Allow storing multiple entry points instead of 1

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2. Dynamic dispatch to jump to the entry point

- Each function call
- Each function return (each continuation call)

OUR WORK: INTERPROCEDURAL EXTENSIONS

→ Several entry points, each specialized for a type combination

1. Extend the closure representation

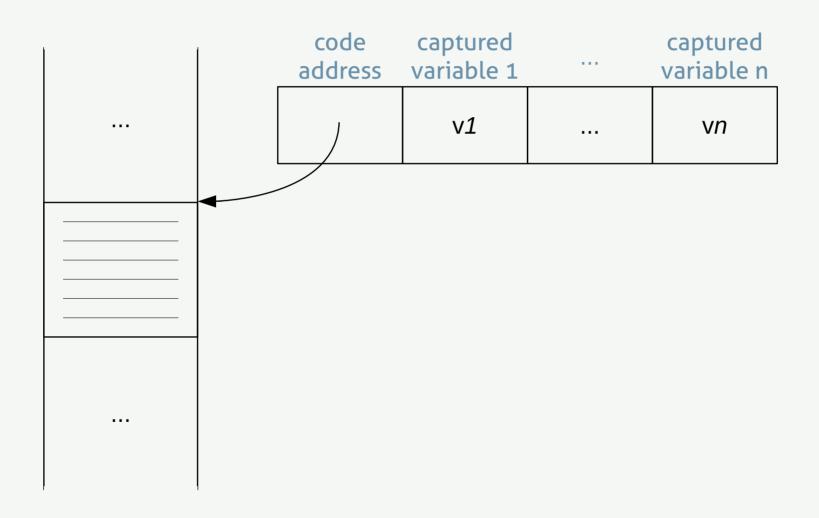
Allow storing multiple entry points instead of 1

2. Dynamic dispatch to jump to the entry point

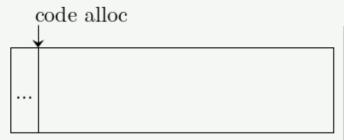
- Each function call
- Each function return (each continuation call)

3. Specialize using captured information

Closure representation extension

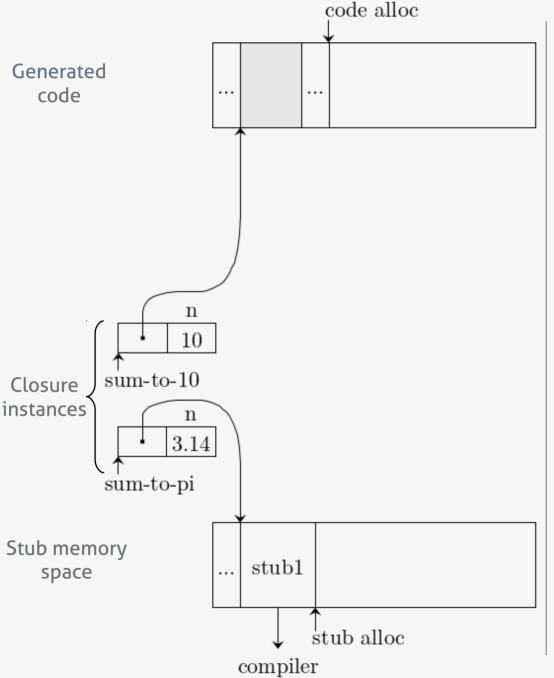




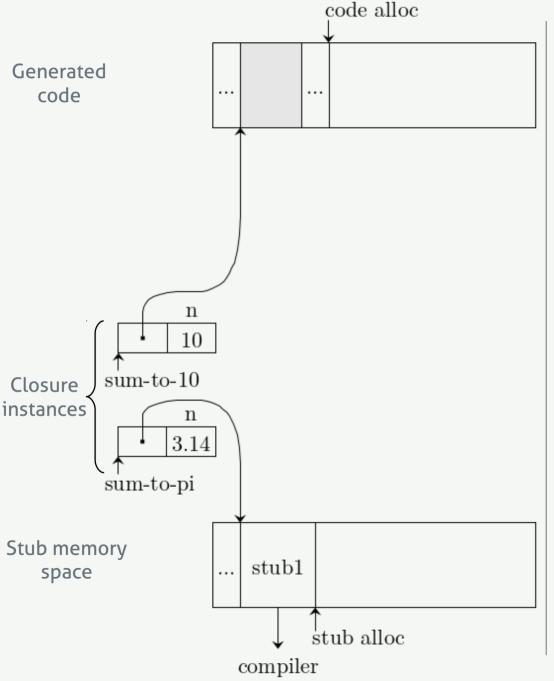


```
10
          sum-to-10
Closure
instances
                 3.14
          sum-to-pi
Stub memory
                         stub1
   space
                                stub alloc
                        compiler
```

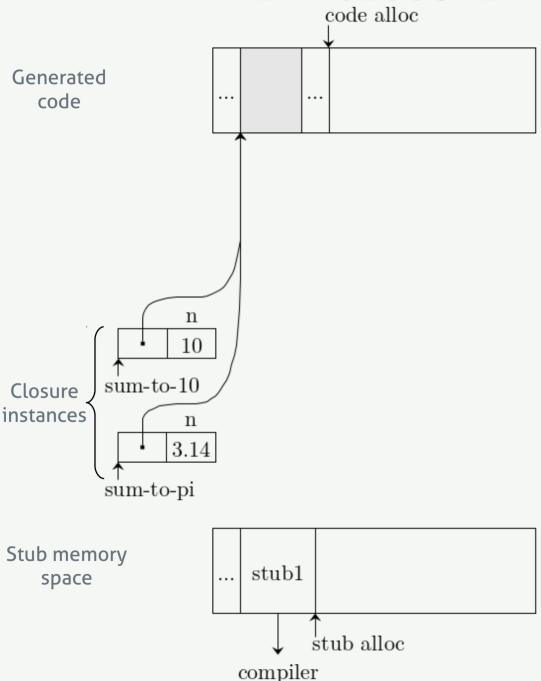
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(define (make-sumer n)
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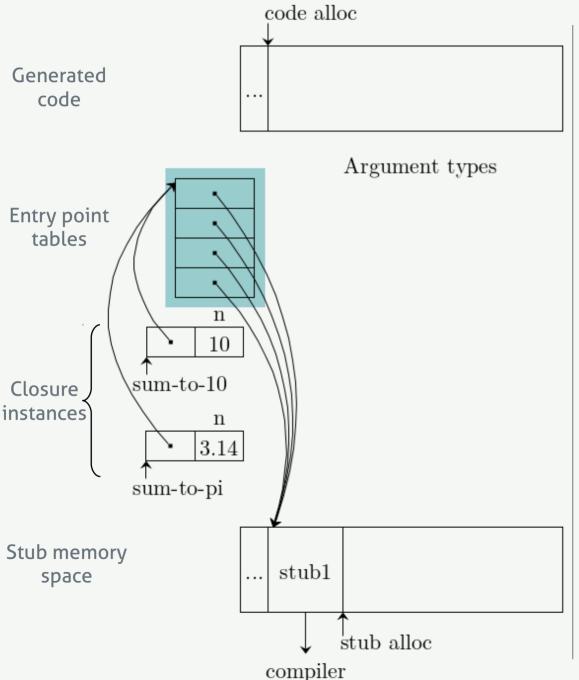
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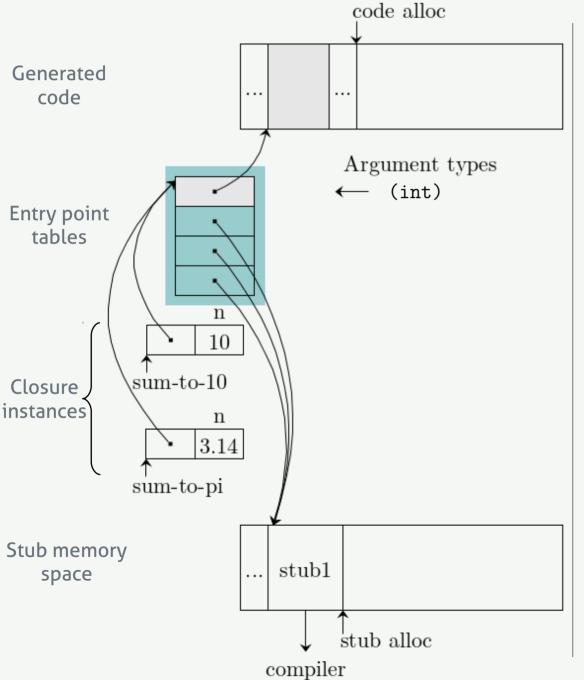
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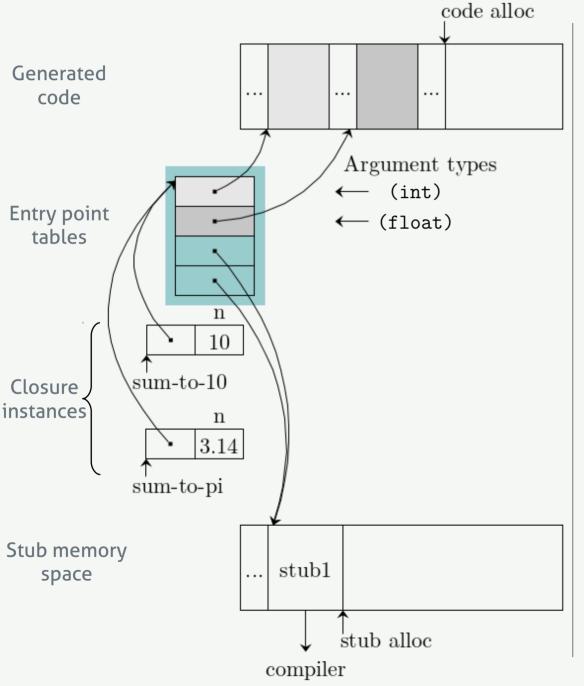
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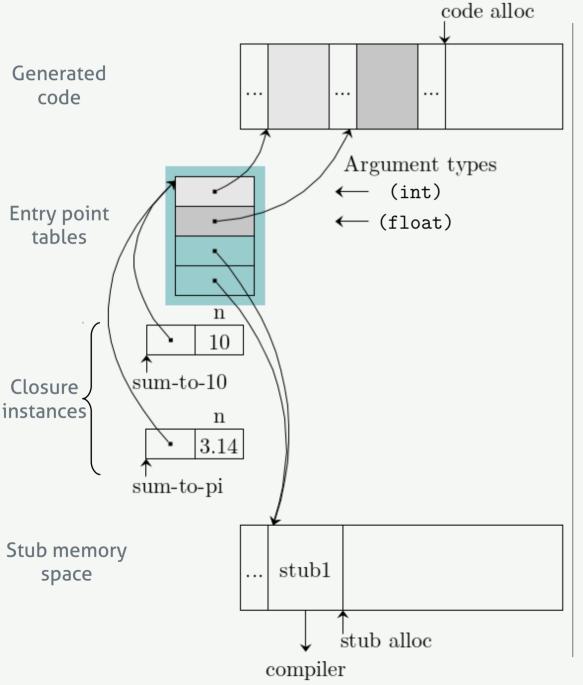
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Dynamic dispatch

Global layout

Generated code



Entry point tables

```
Closure
```

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(define sum-to-pi (make-sumer 3.14))
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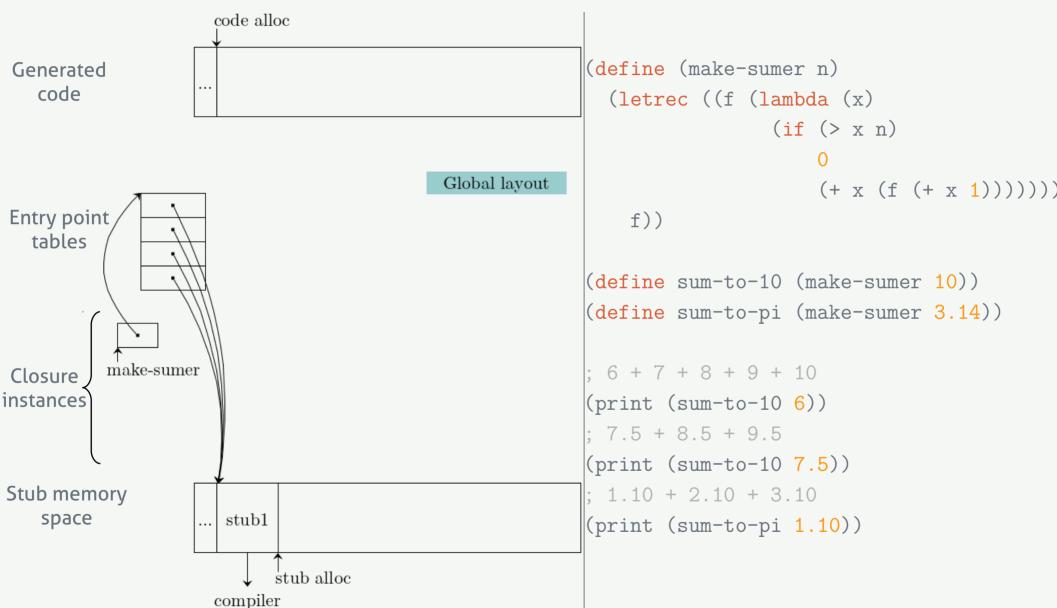
; 1.10 + 2.10 + 3.10

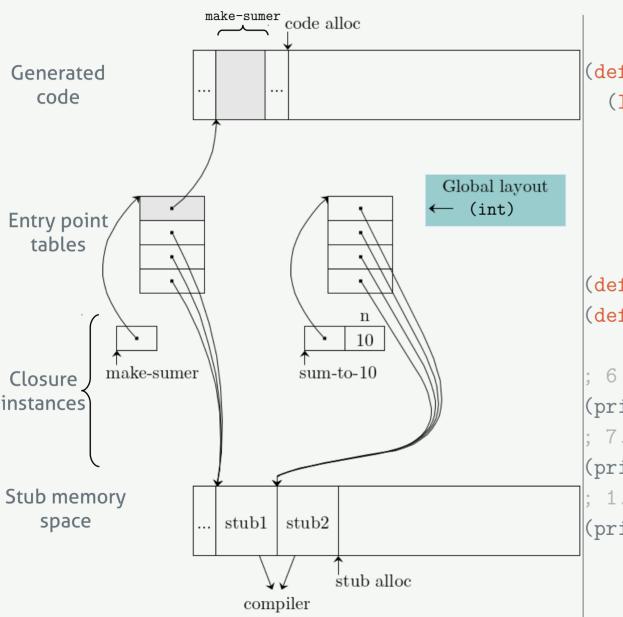
(print (sum-to-pi 1.10))

Stub memory space

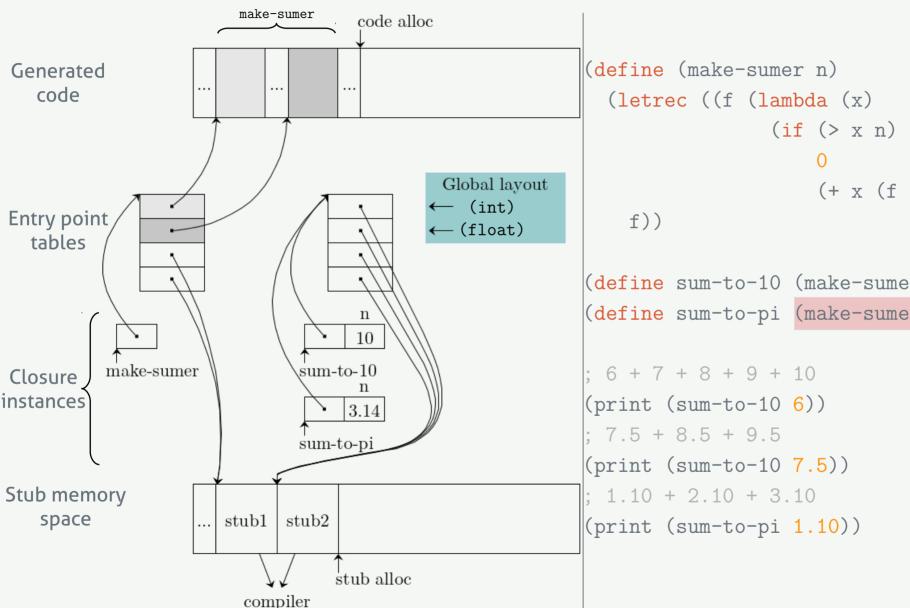
```
...

stub alloc
```

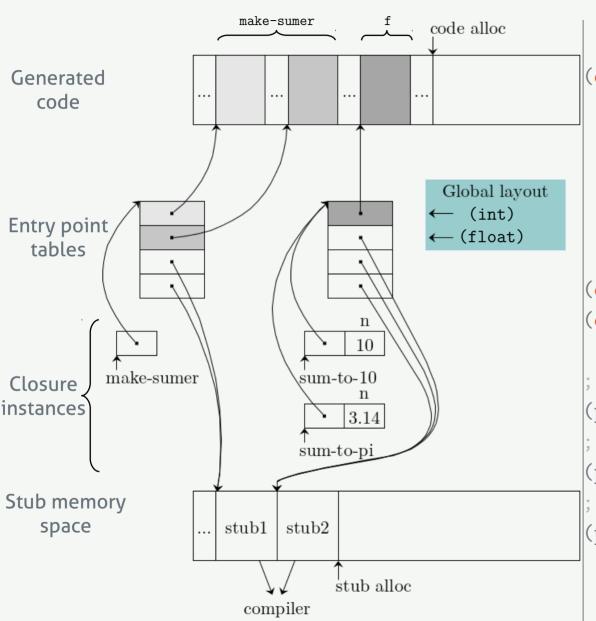




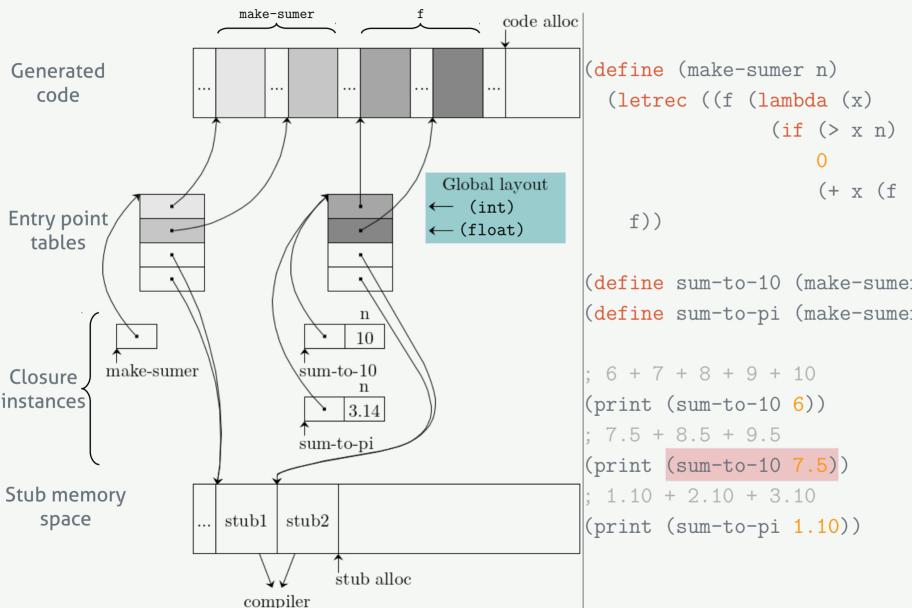
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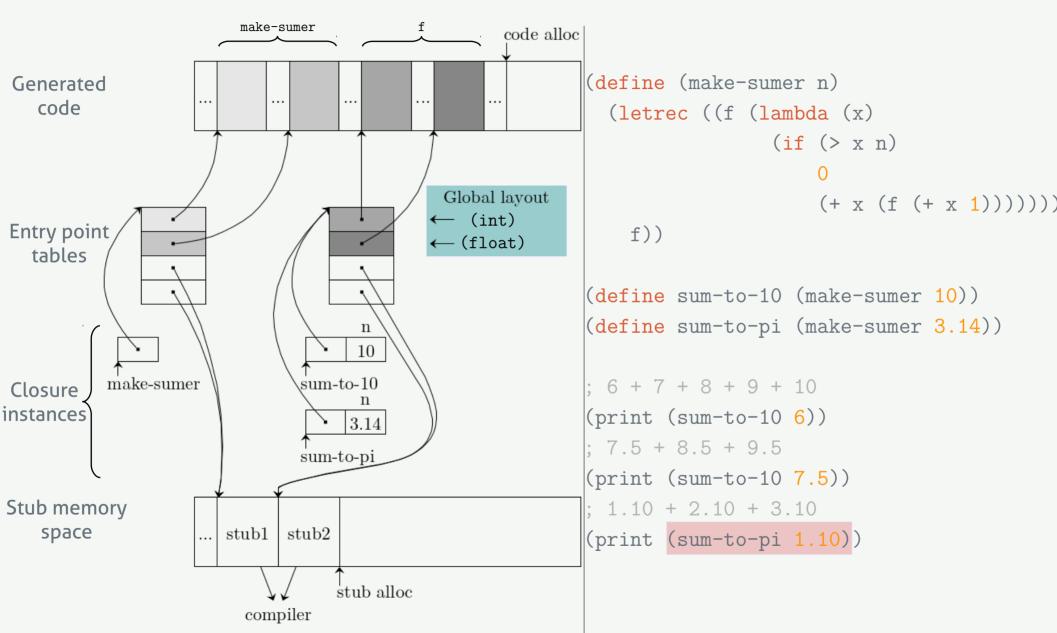
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```
(+ x (f (+ x 1))))))
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Captured information

Generated code



Global layout

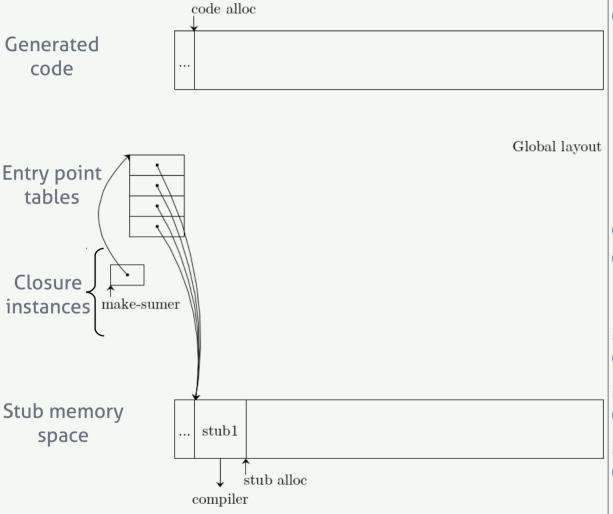
```
Entry point tables
```



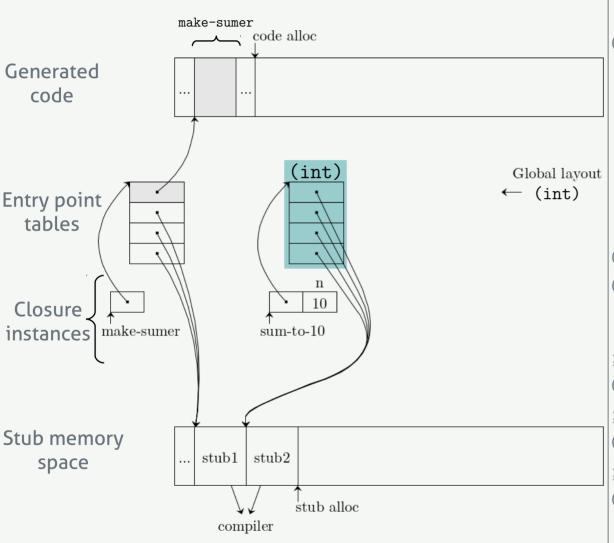
Stub memory space

```
... stub alloc
```

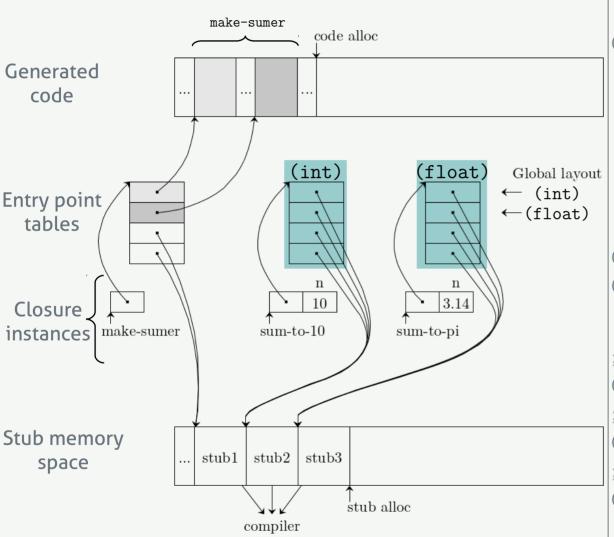
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(define (make-sumer n)
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    f))
(define sum-to-10 (make-sumer 10))
(define sum-to-pi (make-sumer 3.14))
; 6 + 7 + 8 + 9 + 10
(print (sum-to-10 6))
: 7.5 + 8.5 + 9.5
(print (sum-to-10 7.5))
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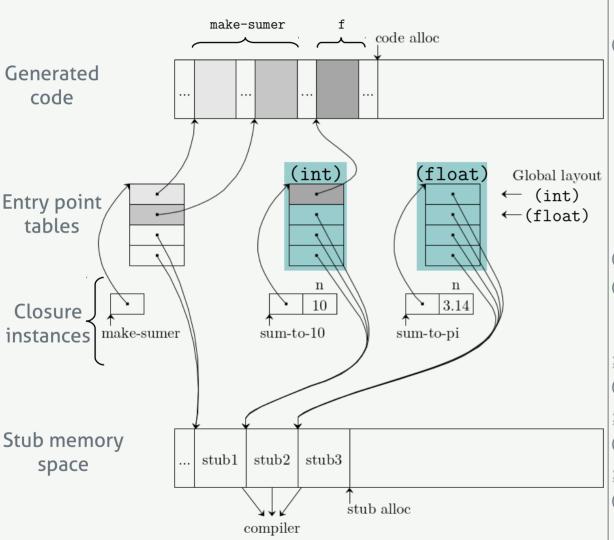
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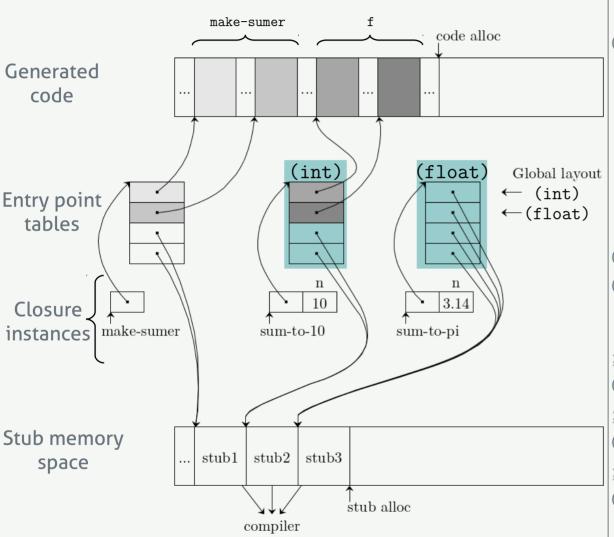
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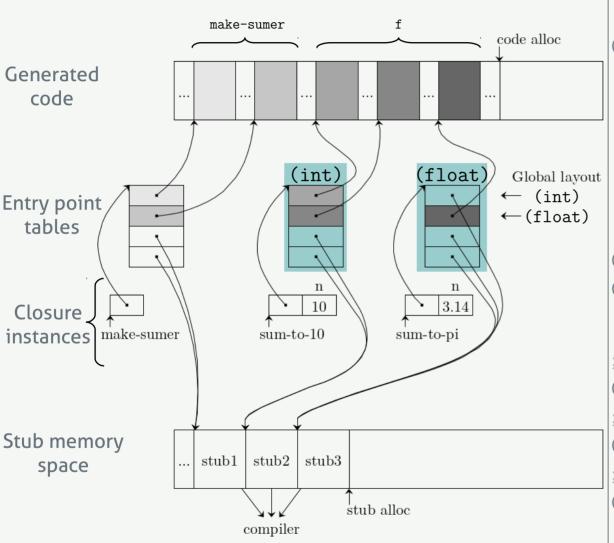
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What about continuations ?

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 - → Conceptually same implementation!

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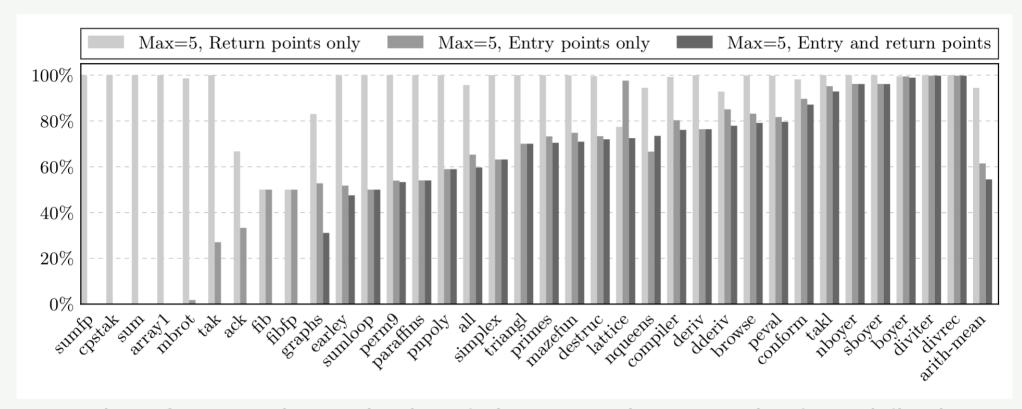
- Propagated types → Type of the returned value
- Captured types → Type of the local variables

RESULTS

RESULTS

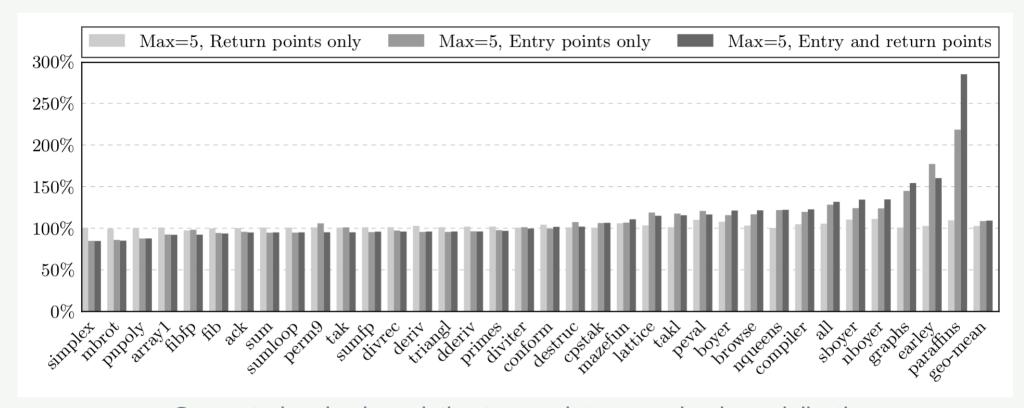
- 35 benchmarks: Standard Scheme benchmarks
- Configurations
 - Intraprocedural BBV
 - Interprocedural: function specialization
 - Interprocedural: continuation specialization
 - Interprocedural: function and continuation specialization
- Metrics
 - Number of type checks
 - Generated code size
 - Execution / Compilation / Total time

NUMBER OF TYPE CHECKS



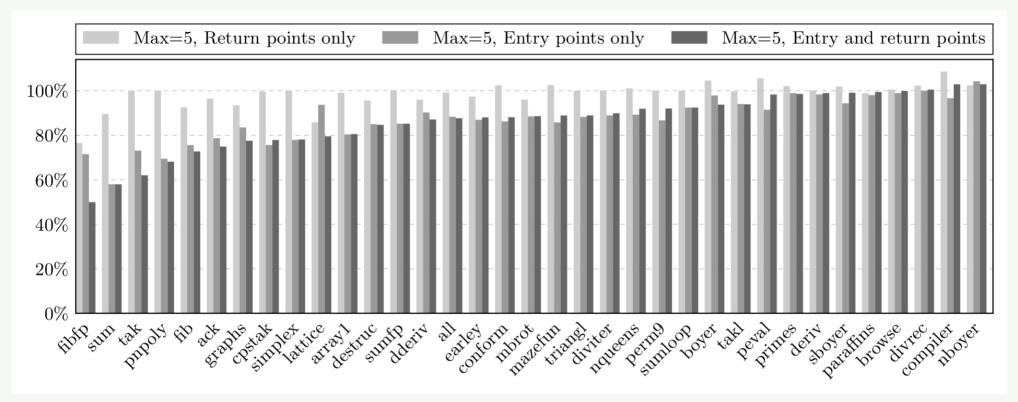
- Number of executed type checks relative to pure intraprocedural specialization
- No checks for 9 benchmarks
- Significantly fewer checks for most of the benchmarks

CODE SIZE



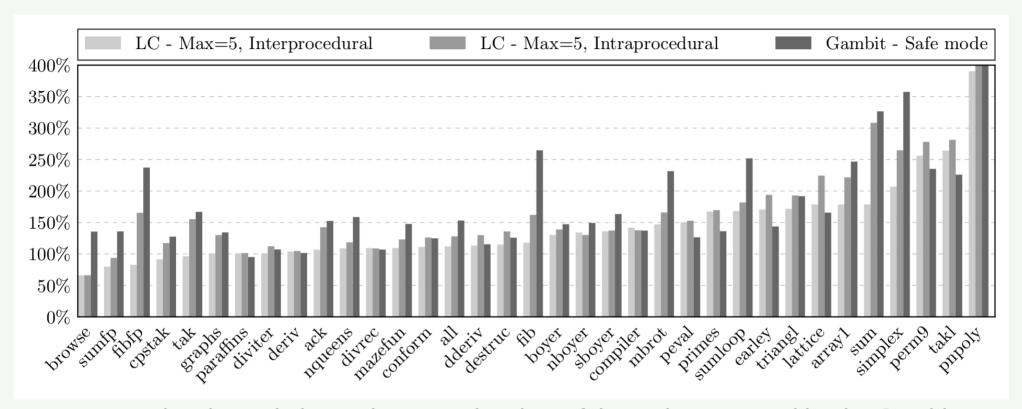
- Generated code size relative to pure intraprocedural specialization
- Less code generated for half of the benchmarks
- Just 9% more code generated on average

EXECUTION TIME



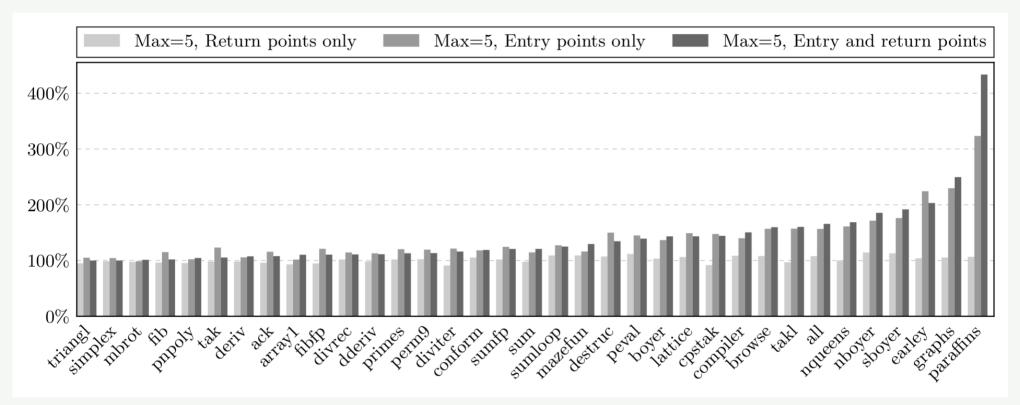
- Execution time relative to pure intraprocedural specialization
- Almost all benchmarks are faster
- No benchmark is significantly slower
- Up to 2x faster

EXECUTION TIME (VS GAMBIT)



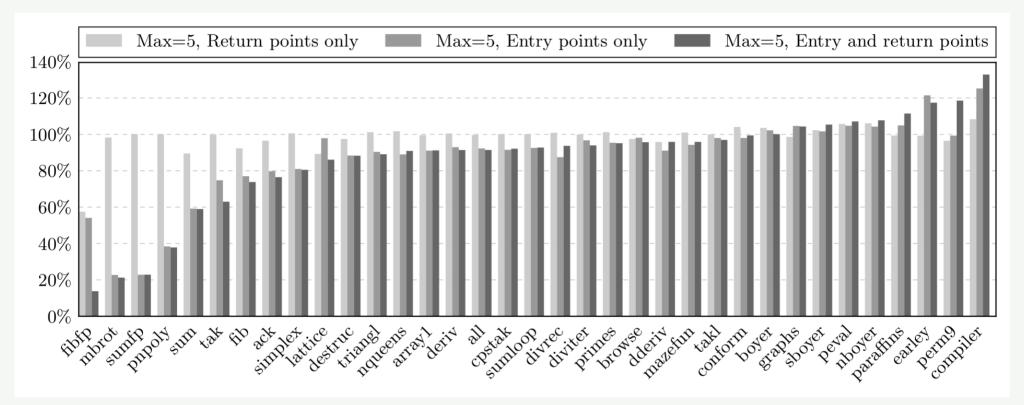
- Execution time relative to the execution time of the code generated by the Gambit Scheme compiler with dynamic checks turned off (capped at 400%)
- Faster than Gambit with dynamic checks turned on
- Varies from 0.5x to 4x (6x slower with Gambit executing all the checks)

COMPILATION TIME



- Compilation time relative to pure intraprocedural BBV
- Compilation time increase for most of the benchmarks
- Mostly small increase in compilation time, but up to 4x

TOTAL TIME



- Total time relative to pure intraprocedural BBV
- Large speedup for floating point (avoids boxing)
- Most of the benchmarks are faster
- From 0.14x to 1.33x

CONCLUSION

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- Lazy interprocedural specialization
- Works well
 - Checks removed (up to 100%)
 - Faster code (up to 50%)
- Simple
 - Simple to implement
 - Does not require complex architecture

FUTURE WORK

- Propagating other properties
 - Value (e.g. x = 10)
 - Variable relationship (e.g. x < y)
- Function identity and return address propagation
 - Dynamic function inlining
- Register allocation information
 - Arguments
 - Returned value