

Capstone Project 1 - Statistical Data Analysis

The section of statistical analysis is based on the previous EDA section and uses techniques for analyzing the CO₂ trend and CO₂ yearly differences.

I noticed a slight anomaly in the time series data, between the years 1990...1995. I used several techniques for a better understanding of the anomaly, like:

- `sns.regplot` for showing graphically the confidence interval for CO₂ data for 1, 2 and 3 sigma;
- `sns.regplot` for the yearly difference
- `sns.jointgrid` for contour plots
- `sns.residplot` for plotting the residuals against the fitted values
- `sns.qqplot` for plotting the sample quantiles against the theoretical quantiles
- `sns.boxplot` for analyzing the 1990...1995 anomaly against the data before 1990 and after 1995
- CDF for investigating if the CO₂ differences have a normal distribution
- Polynomial interpolation with `sns.lmplot` and `np.polyfit`, with the advantage of `polyfit` that it returns the coefficients for interpolation and other elements
- `np.polyfit` interpolation for the data until 1990 and extrapolation until present
- bootstrap replicates for getting statistical parameters even if there is only one set of data available
- Hypothesis testing using permutation replicates
- Test statistics and p-value

The results show that the 1990...1995 anomaly effects were diminished in time. The increase in CO₂ concentration is currently even higher than before 1990 and the yearly standard deviation is relatively unchanged. This confirms the H₀ hypothesis that the CO₂ increase before 1990 and after 1995 are similar. The p-value is 1.0 for test regarding different standard deviations before 1990 and after 1995.

However, the anomaly created a delay in CO₂ increase. As for now (January 2020), the current CO₂ level should have been reached several years ago.