System Design Cheatsheet - Numbers and Approximations - v1

Users to Volume

\mathbf{X}	Million	users	* y KB	 xy	GΒ
X	Million	users	* y MB	 ху	ΤВ

Period Numbers

per Month	1 Billion	1 Million	1 Thousand
per Day	32 M	32 K	32
per Hour	1.3 M	1.3 K	1.3
per Minute	22 K	22	0.02
per Second	400	0.4	0.0004
per Day	1 Billion	1 Million	1 Thousand
per Hour	42 M	42 K	42
per Minute	700 K	700	0.7
per Second	12 K	12	0.01

Example 1: If a server has a million requests per day, it will need to handle 12 requests per second.

Example 2: 100M photos (200KB) are uploaded daily to a server. 100 (number of millions) * 12 (the number per second for 1M) = 1200 uploads a second. 1200 (uploads) * 200KB (size of photo) = 240MB per second.

Number Sizes

K ilo	Thousands (3 zeros)
Mega	Millions (6 zeros)
G iga	Billions (9 zeros)
Tera	Trillions (12 zeros)
Peta (Quadrilions (15 zeros)

Service Limitations

These are very rough estimations on throughput, requests, and connections (Conn.) that certain services can handle.

Storage Conn. Requests

SQL DB	60 TB	30 K	25 K/sec
Cache (Redis).	$300~\mathrm{GB}$	10 K	$100 \mathrm{\ K/sec}$
, ,			,
-	Throu	ghput	Requests
Web Server		-	5-10 K/sec
Queues/Stream	ıs 1-100	$\mathrm{MB/s}$	$1-3 \mathrm{~K/sec}$

Throughput

Read sequentially from	n memory		4 GB/s
Read sequentially from	n SSD		$1~\mathrm{GB/s}$
Read sequentially from	n HDD	3	80 MB/s
Read sequentially from	n 1Gbps E	thernet 10	00 MB/s

Latency

Read 1 MB sequentially from memory 0 Read 1 MB sequentially from SSD Read 1 MB sequentially from HDD	. 1 n	ns
Roundtrip within datacenter 0.5 ms (8 Send packet $CA \rightarrow NL \rightarrow CA$,

Data Sizes

char	1 Byte (8 Bit
char (Unicode)	2 Byte (16 Bit
short	2 Byte (16 Bit)
int or float	4 Byte (32 Bit
long or double	. 8 Byte (64 Bit

Approximate Object Sizes

File	100 KB
Web Page w/o a lot of magic and images	100 KB
Picture (jpeg,)	200 KB
Short Posted Video	2 MB
Streaming Video	50 MB/s

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