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EECS 101: HW 2

1)

Cooled CCD  
3 electron standard deviation

$$N_{total} = N_A + N_P + N_{DC}$$

$\emptyset$

SD  $SD_N = 3 + SD_P + \emptyset$

Var(NP) =  $\text{mean}(S + N_{DC})$

$\swarrow$

$\frac{S}{\text{mean}(S + N_{DC}) + \text{Var}(N_A)}$        $\frac{S}{\text{mean}(S) + 3} = \text{Signal to noise ratio}$

Amp, 3, 10%      90% of noise is from  $N_P$

$N_{total} = 30$   
 $N_A = 3$   
 $N_P = 27$

$\frac{S}{\text{mean}(S + 27)} = 27 =$

$\text{Var}(N_A) = \text{mean}(N_A^2) - (\text{mean}(N_A))^2$

$SD_N = \frac{S}{N_{total}} = \boxed{47.1e}$

$N_{total} = N_A + N_P + \emptyset$   
 $\boxed{30} = 3 + 27 \rightarrow$

$\text{Var}(NP) = \text{mean}(S + 27)$

$\text{Var}(NP) = \frac{S + 27}{2}$

$27^2 = \frac{S + 27}{2}$

$27 = \text{std of VP}$

$\boxed{S = 1431e}$

2)

2)

$$fL = 8\text{cm}$$

$$D = 1\text{cm}$$



$$f = 8\text{cm}$$

$$d = 1\text{cm}$$

$$z' = 10\text{cm}$$

$$\frac{1}{z'} + \frac{1}{-z} = \frac{1}{f}$$

a) Get an image with no blur

$$\frac{b}{d} = \frac{|\bar{z}' - z'|}{\bar{z}'}$$

$$b = \phi$$

$$\phi = d \frac{|\bar{z} - 10|}{z}$$

$$\boxed{\bar{z} = 10\text{cm}}$$

$$\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{-z} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{-z} = \frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\frac{1}{-z} = 0.025$$

$$-z = 40\text{cm}$$



$$\frac{1}{z}$$

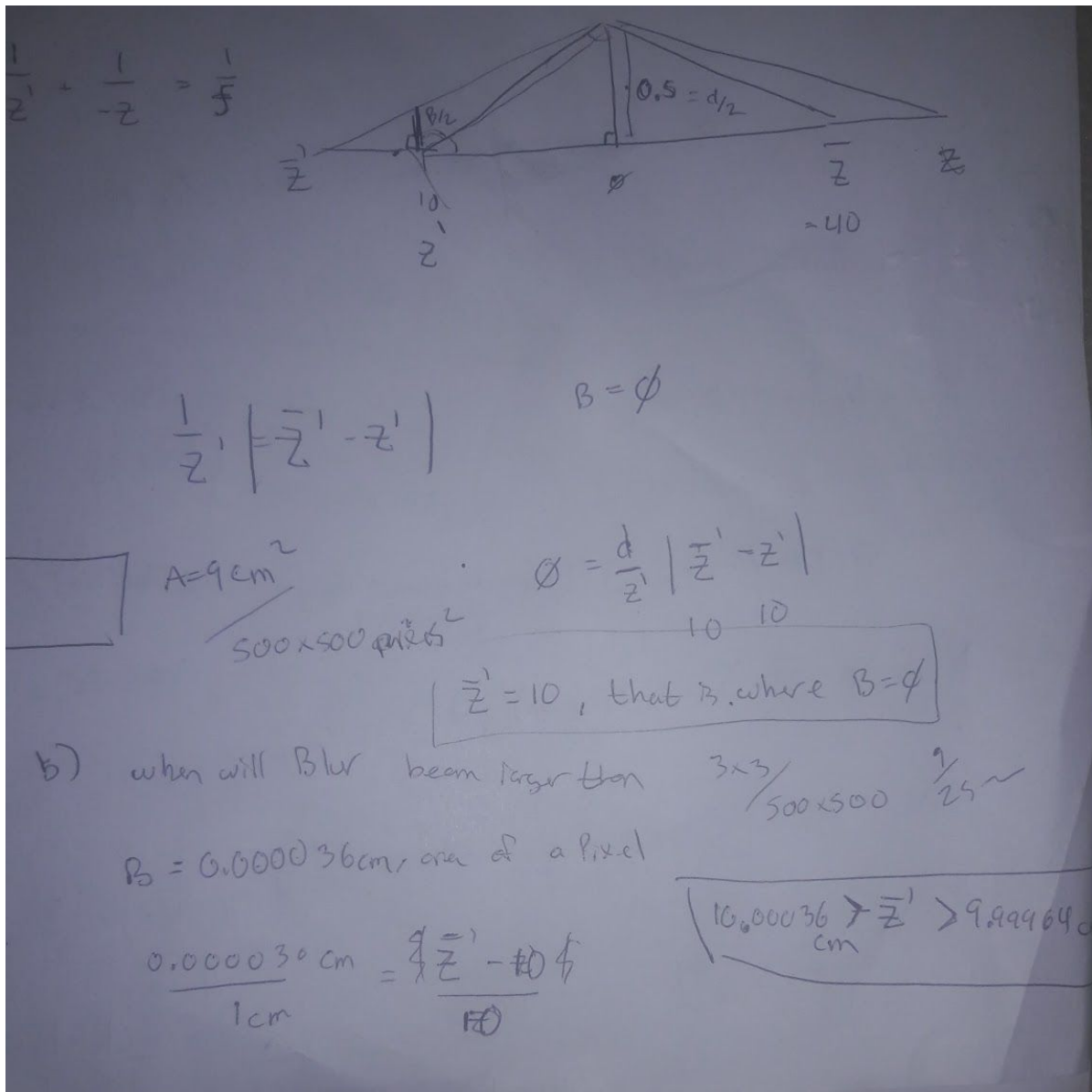
$$\frac{1}{z'} + \frac{1}{-z} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$-z = 40\text{cm}$$

$$\bar{z}'$$

$$\frac{d}{z} \left| \frac{\bar{z}' - z'}{z} \right|$$

$$-510 = 10$$



3)

A.

3.  $N_{DC} = \phi$

$$D = (S + N_A + N_P)A + N_Q$$

$$\text{Avg}(D) = S \cdot A$$

$$\sigma_D^2 = A^2 \sigma_C^2$$

$$\sigma_C^2 = A^2 \sigma_A^2 + \sigma_Q^2$$

• D is a pixel

• S = signal in electrons

$$\bullet N_A^2 = \sigma_A^2$$

$$\bullet NP^2 = S$$

$$\bullet N_Q = \sigma_Q^2$$

$$\text{Var}(N_P) = \text{Mean}(S + NP)$$

$$2NP^2 = \frac{S + NP}{2}$$

$$2NP^2 - NP = S$$

$$SA = \sum_i (S + N_A + N_P)A + N_Q$$

$$E[M] = \mu = SA$$

$$E[S] = S$$

$$E[A] = A$$

$$E[S]E[A] = E[\mu]$$

$$\sigma_D^2 = A^2 \sigma_C^2$$

$$A^2 \sigma_C^2 = A^2 \sigma_A^2 + N_Q^2$$

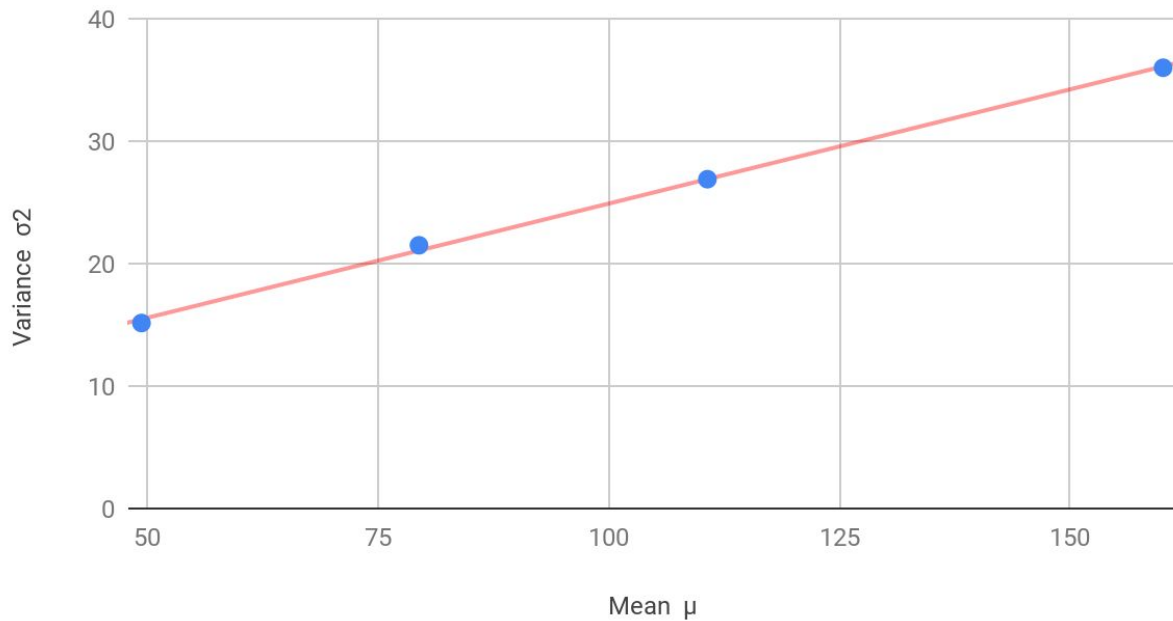
$$\text{Var}(D) = A^2 [\sigma_A^2 + \sigma_Q^2]$$

## B. Code output

```
C:\Users\Bschnedar\Source\Repos\Project2\Debug\Project2.exe
image1.raw: Mean: 49.422600 Variance: 15.144367
image2.raw: Mean: 79.478500 Variance: 21.492956
image3.raw: Mean: 110.721100 Variance: 26.886707
image4.raw: Mean: 160.079193 Variance: 35.986778
Press any key to exit: █
```

## C.

### Variance $\sigma^2$ vs. Mean $\mu$



$$A = \text{sqr}(\text{mean}) + \text{std}$$

$$O2c = \text{var}/(\text{mean} * \text{amp})$$

image	A	O2c
1	53.27	0.0056
2	84.1	0.00321
3	115.18	0.00211
4	165.99	0.00135