For any 
$$x \in (-\infty, \infty)$$
.
$$P[T \leq x] = P[\frac{2}{\sqrt{y_r}}] \leq x] = P[Z \leq \sqrt{y_r}] x$$

$$3 = \frac{x}{\sqrt{r}} \sqrt{\sqrt{u}}$$

$$3 = \frac{x}{\sqrt{r}} \sqrt{v}$$

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$$- \sqrt{6(3 u) d_3 du}$$

$$= \iint_{\Delta} \xi(3, u) d3 du$$

$$= \int \int \frac{\frac{x}{\sqrt{r}}(\sqrt{r}u)}{\sqrt{2\pi r}} e^{-\frac{2r^2}{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\frac{r}{2})}2^{r/2}} \sqrt{\frac{r}{2} - \frac{a_2}{2}} d3 du$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}}} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2^{2}}{2}} \right] \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2^{2}}{2}} \right] \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}$$

And we differentiate w.r.t. x to sat

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2)}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left[ e^{-\frac{(x-\sqrt{2})^{2}}{\sqrt{1}}} \sqrt{v} \right] \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2-1)}} \left( e^{-\frac{v}{2}} \right) du$$