

Proof (in 3 parts)

$$1) \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{x_i - \mu}{\sigma} \right)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(x_i - \mu)^2}{\sigma^2} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x} + \bar{x} - \mu)^2}{\sigma^2}$$

$\sim \chi^2(n)$ by quadratic formula

$$= \sum \frac{(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{\sigma^2} + \sum \frac{(\bar{x} - \mu)^2}{\sigma^2} + 2 \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(\bar{x} - \mu)}{\sigma^2}$$

$$= \sum \frac{(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{n(\bar{x} - \mu)^2}{\sigma^2} + 2(\bar{x} - \mu) \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})}{\sigma^2} = 0$$

Since
 $\sum x_i - n\bar{x} = 0$

$$= \sum \frac{(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{\sigma^2} + \left(\frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{(\sigma/\sqrt{n})} \right)^2$$

we'll show

$$\sim \chi^2(n-1)$$

Note: Class ended here