

ENGG1003 - Thursday Week 3

Review of Monday's lecture
& overview of Week 4 assessed lab

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Lecture overview

1 Review of Monday's lecture

- ▶ `for` loop
- ▶ `while` loop
- ▶ `if-elif-else`

2 Overview of Week 4 assessed lab

- ▶ review of main topics covered in weeks 1–3
- ▶ what to expect in assessed lab
- ▶ reminder: worth 5% of overall course grade

1) Review of Monday's lecture

Reminder of main ideas in Monday's lecture:

- Iteration using **for** loop
 - ▶ fixed number of iterations
- Iteration using **while**
 - ▶ keep iterating whenever a Boolean condition is satisfied
- Branching: **if**, **elif** and **else**
 - ▶ conditional execution of code blocks
 - `if`
 - `if-else`
 - `if-elif-else`

Iteration using `for` loop

Example 1:

Write a Python program which uses a **`for`** loop to print the numbers 1, 2, 3, ..., 10 to the console.

Your program should use the basic form of `for` loop

- ie: in loop header, use
`[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]`
- Live demo

Python code for Example 1

- show code
- screenshot of console output

Example 2:

Modify your solution to Example 1 to use a **for** loop to print the *squares* of the numbers 1, 2, 3, ..., 10 to the console using the following display format:

$$1 ** 2 = 1$$

$$2 ** 2 = 4$$

$$3 ** 2 = 9$$

$$4 ** 2 = 16$$

.

.

.

$$10 ** 2 = 100$$

- Live demo

Python code for Example 2

- show code
- screenshot of console output

Example 3:

Modify your solution to Example 2 to use a **for** loop to print the squares of the numbers 1, 2, 3, ..., 1000 to the console using the display format in Example 2. You *must* use the `range` function in the `for` loop header.

$$1**2 = 1$$

$$2**2 = 4$$

$$3**2 = 9$$

$$4**2 = 16$$

...

$$1000**2 = 1000000$$

- Live demo

Python code for Example 3

- show code
- screenshot of console output

Reflections on Examples 1–3

- XXX

- XXX

Iteration using `while` loop

Example 4:

Write a Python program which calculates the sum of the squares of the first N integers:

$$S_N = 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \cdots + N^2$$

- your program *must* use a `while` loop
- demonstrate your program for $N = 10$
- check your answer is correct using the formula

$$S_N = \frac{N(N+1)(2N+1)}{6}$$

How do we start to solve this problem?

- Don't try and solve the whole problem at once!
- Start small and build up your code one small step at a time
 - ▶ ...testing along the way
- Suggested first step: display 1, 2, 3, ..., 10 to the console
 - ▶ tests that your `while` loop syntax is correct
- Coding in small steps often helps in better understanding the problem

Python code for Example 4

- live demo—code developed in small stages
- show final code
- screenshot of console output

2) Overview of assessed lab in week 4

- 1 Python program with library function
- 2 Simple plotting
- 3 Simple printing
- 4 Iterative processing / conditional