

# ENGG1003 - Thursday Week 10

## Assignment 2: Image processing

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# Lecture overview

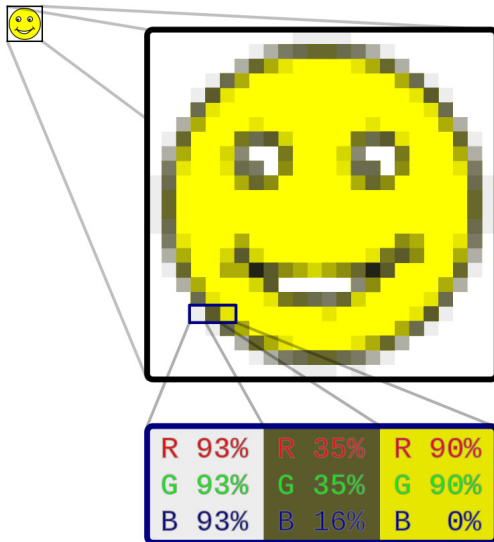
- 1 key assignment information
- 2 images as 3D arrays
- 3 digital image formats
- 4 data types
- 5 structure of assignment
- 6 strategies for the assignment

# 1) Key assignment information

- released: Monday 10 May 2021
- **due date: 9:00am Monday 31 May 2021**
  - ▶ Monday of week 13
- weighting: 15% of final course grade
- assignment sheet in BB > assessment
  - ▶ ensure you always have latest version
- submission: upload `imageProcessing.py` file to BB as an assignment submission
- marking: during face-face labs in week 13
  - ▶ final exam is on Tuesday 8 of “week 14” (8 June)
- marking guide released earlier today; details later in this lecture

## 2) Images as 3D arrays

- raster images
  - ▶ gif, jpeg, png
  - ▶ contrast with vector images: svg
- review of Sarah's material from Thursday week 7



[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Raster\\_graphics](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Raster_graphics)

CC0 1.0

### 3) Digital image formats

- colourspaces
  - ▶ RGB
  - ▶ HSL
- RGB and HSL are two different ways of representing the *same* colour
  - ▶ key theme of assignment: RGB  $\longleftrightarrow$  HSL
- $[0, 1]$  and  $[0, 255]$
- use colour images and links to colour picker

## 4) Data types

- uint8
- uint16
- float32
- float64
  
- type conversions

## 5) Structure of assignment

- covers the basics of digital image manipulation
- you will learn how everyday tools such as mobile phone camera apps perform several common image processing tasks
- first 5 functions
  - ▶ “unlimited” help from discord, demonstrators, fellow students is permitted  
(your assignment submission must be your own work)
  - ▶ no marks for these questions; required for later q's
- next 8 functions
  - ▶ where the marks are
  - ▶ **functions can be attempted in any order!**
  - ▶ implement all 8 functions, or fewer (for fewer marks)



# Five “getting started” functions

- **loadImage()**
  - ▶ read image file into 3D numpy array
- **saveImage()**
  - ▶ save 3D numpy array as image file
- **rgb2hsl()**
  - ▶ convert image in RGB format to HSL format
- **hsl2rgb()**
  - ▶ convert image in HSL format to RGB format
- **showImage()**
  - ▶ display image in window

# Eight functions in the assignment

Eight (8) functions to be graded in assignment

- **brightness()**
  - ▶ adjust image brightness
- **contrast()**
  - ▶ adjust image contrast
- **saturation()**
  - ▶ adjust image saturation
- **toneMap()**
  - ▶ adjust image by setting H and S channels of each pixel

## Eight (8) functions to be graded in assignment (ctd.)

- **crop()**
  - ▶ crop image
- **histogram()**
  - ▶ plot histogram of image
- **saturated()**
  - ▶ compute percentage of pixels which have at least one RGB channel value which has undergone clipping saturation
- **unsharpMask()**
  - ▶ sharpen image

## 6) Strategies for the assignment

- rtfm
- recommend (assume) Lab sheet week 10 first
- start small, take tiny steps
- test RGB/HSL conversion against colour picker

# Strategies

- submission to BB will be a single file `imageProcessing.py`
  - ▶ your uploaded file will contain definitions and code for up to eight (8) functions
  - ▶ you may implement  $< 8$  functions, for  $< 15$  marks
- **strongly** encouraged to develop and test as follows:
  - 1 each function's behaviour in its own script (test it)
  - 2 define code into function in same file (test it again)
  - 3 copy/paste working function into `imageProcessing.py` (and test it again!)
    - test code will be made available to students
    - you can check *in advance* if your code works correctly!

# Strategies for developing code

## Step 1: in `square.py`

```
1 # square
2
3 x = 3
4 print('{} squared = {:.4f}'.format(x, x**2))
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## Step 2: in `square_fn.py`

```
1 # square_fn
2 def f(x):
3     return x**2
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5 x = 3
6 print('{ } squared = {:.4f}'.format(x, f(x)))
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# Strategies for developing code

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## Step 3: in imageProcessing.py

```
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2     return x**2
```



# Getting started with the assignment

- XXX