$$H_{c} = \frac{1}{2n} \sum_{l=0}^{n} (-1)^{l} (n-l)^{p-2} \sum_{l_{1} + \dots + l_{p} = l} \prod_{i=1}^{p} \binom{n_{i}}{l_{i}}$$

$$\cdot \left[ (n-l) - (n_{i} - l_{i}) \right]^{n_{i} - l_{i}} \cdot \left[ (n-l)^{2} - \sum_{j=1}^{p} (n_{i} - l_{i})^{2} \right].$$
(1)

$$H_{c} = \frac{1}{2n} \sum_{l=0}^{n} (-1)^{l} (n-l)^{p-2} \sum_{l_{1}+\dots+l_{p}=l} \prod_{i=1}^{p} \binom{n_{i}}{l_{i}}$$

$$\cdot [(n-l) - (n_{i} - l_{i})]^{n_{i}-l_{i}} \cdot \left[ (n-l)^{2} - \sum_{j=1}^{p} (n_{i} - l_{i})^{2} \right].$$
(2)

$$H_{c} = \frac{1}{2n} \sum_{l=0}^{n} (-1)^{l} (n-l)^{p-2} \sum_{l_{1}+\dots+l_{p}=l} \prod_{i=1}^{p} \binom{n_{i}}{l_{i}}$$

$$\cdot \left[ (n-l) - (n_{i}-l_{i}) \right]^{n_{i}-l_{i}} \cdot \left[ (n-l)^{2} - \sum_{j=1}^{p} (n_{i}-l_{i})^{2} \right].$$
(3)