1 Colinear points

Given three points, check whether the three points are colinear or not $p_0(x_0, y_0), p_1(x_1, y_1), p_2(x_2, y_2)$

- 1. find the equation of two points
- 2. substitude the third point to the equation and check whether it is zero or not
- 3. if f(x,y) = 0, it is colinear
- 1. if f(x,y) > 0, it is on one side
- 5. if f(x,y) < 0, it is on other side

$$\frac{y - y_0}{x - x_0} = \frac{y_1 - y_0}{x_1 - x_0}$$
$$(y - y_0)(x_1 - x_0) = (x - x_0)(y_1 - y_0)$$
$$f(x, y) = (y - y_0)(x_1 - x_0) - (x - x_0)(y_1 - y_0)$$

There is one big problem with the solution. The line can not be vertical line since $x_1 - x_0$ can NOT be zero

(1)

Given two pair of points, check whether they are intersected or not, $p_0(x_0, y_0), p_1(x_1, y_2)$ and $p_2(x_2, y_2), p_3(x_3, y_3)$

Line Equation for p_0 and p_1

$$\frac{y - y_0}{x - x_0} = \frac{y_1 - y_0}{x_1 - x_0}$$
$$(y - y_0)(x_1 - x_0) = (x - x_0)(y_1 - y_0)$$
$$(y - y_0) = \frac{(x - x_0)(y_1 - y_0)}{(x_1 - x_0)}$$
$$\mathbf{y} = \frac{(x - x_0)(y_1 - y_0)}{(x_1 - x_0)} + y_0$$

Line Equation for p_2 and p_3

$$\frac{y - y_2}{x - x_2} = \frac{y_3 - y_2}{x_3 - x_2}$$
$$(y - y_2)(x_3 - x_2) = (x - x_2)(y_3 - y_2)$$
$$(y - y_2) = \frac{(x - x_2)(y_3 - y_2)}{(x_3 - x_2)}$$
$$y = \frac{(x - x_2)(y_3 - y_2)}{(x_3 - x_2)} + y_2$$

Substitude y

$$\frac{(x-x_0)(y_1-y_0)}{(x_1-x_0)} + y_0 = \frac{(x-x_2)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)} + y_2$$

$$\frac{(x-x_1)(y_1-y_0)}{(x_1-x_0)} = \frac{(x-x_2)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)} + (y_2-y_0)$$

$$(x-x_0)(y_1-y_0) = (x_1-x_0)\frac{(x-x_2)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)} + (x_1-x_0)(y_2-y_0)$$

$$(x-x_0)(y_1-y_0) = (x-x_2)\frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)} + (x_1-x_0)(y_2-y_0)$$

$$(x-x_0) = (x-x_2)\frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} + \frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_2-y_0)}{(y_1-y_0)}$$

$$(x-x_0) = x\frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} + x_2\frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_2-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} + \frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_2-y_0)}{(y_1-y_0)}$$

$$x - x\frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} = x_2\frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} + \frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_2-y_0)}{(y_1-y_0)} + x_0$$

$$x\left(1 - \frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)}\right) = x_2\frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} + \frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_2-y_0)}{(y_1-y_0)} + x_0$$

$$x\frac{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} = x_2\frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} + \frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_2-y_0)}{(y_1-y_0)} + x_0$$

$$x\frac{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0) - (x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} = x_2\frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} + \frac{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} + x_0$$

$$x\frac{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0) - (x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} = x_2\frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} + \frac{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} + x_0$$

$$x\frac{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0) - (x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} = x_2\frac{(x_1-x_0)(y_3-y_2)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} + \frac{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)}{(x_3-x_2)(y_1-y_0)} + x_0$$
Solve for x and bit $x = x^2$

$$x' = \frac{x_2(x_1 - x_0)(y_3 - y_2) + (x_3 - x_2)(x_1 - x_0)(y_2 - y_0) + (x_3 - x_2)(y_1 - y_0)x_0}{(x_3 - x_2)(y_1 - y_0) - (x_1 - x_0)(y_3 - y_2)}$$

Solve for y and let y = y'

$$\mathbf{y}' = \frac{(x' - x_0)(y_1 - y_0)}{(x_1 - x_0)} + y_0$$