# codis AIO

2017年4月20日 14:04

# codis3.2.8 AIO 单机环境部署 (by: 一苇)

# 目录

codi	s3.2	2.8 AIO 单机环境部署	. 1
	零:	部署环境	. 2
		部署组件:	. 2
		软件环境:	. 3
	<b>一.</b> ₹	部署 zookeeper 集群	. 3
		1.1 安装 java 环境	. 3
		1. 2. 搭建 zookeeper 集群	. 3
	<b>二:</b>	部署 codis-server(redis-server)	
		2. 1. go 环境部署	. 7
		2. 2. codis-server 部署	
		2.2.1. codis-server 编译	
		2. 2. 2. codis-server 实例部署	
	三:	部署 codis-proxy	
		3.1. 生成 codis-proxy 配置文件	
		3. 2. 管理 codis-proxy 服务	15
	四:	部署 codis-dashboard	
		4.1. 配置 codis-dashboard	
		4. 2. 管理 codis-dashboard 服务	
	五:	部署 codis-fe	
		5. 1. 生成 codis-fe 配置文件	
		5. 2. 管理 codis−fe 服务	
	六:	redis-sentinel 部署	
		6.1. 部署多实例的 redis-sentinel	19
	七:	使用 codis-fe 管理 codis 集群环境	
		7. 1. codis-fe 管理界面	20
		7.2.添加 codis-proxy、codis-server、redis-sentinel	21
	八:	环境总结	25

# 零: 部署环境

#### 部署组件:

go java zookeeper codis

Codis 3.x 由以下组件组成:

- \* \*\*Codis Server\*\*: 基于 redis-3.2.8 分支开发。增加了额外的数据结构,以支持 slot 有关的操作以及数据迁移指令。具体的修改可以参考文档 [redis 的修改](redis\_change\_zh.md)。
- \* \*\*Codis Proxy\*\*: 客户端连接的 Redis 代理服务,实现了 Redis 协议。 除部分命令不支持以外([不支持的命令列表](unsupported\_cmds.md)),表现的和原生的 Redis 没有区别(就像 Twemproxy)。
  - + 对于同一个业务集群而言,可以同时部署多个 codis-proxy 实例;
  - + 不同 codis-proxy 之间由 codis-dashboard 保证状态同步。
- \* \*\*Codis Dashboard\*\*: 集群管理工具,支持 codis-proxy、codis-server 的添加、删除,以及据迁移等操作。在集群状态发生改变时,codis-dashboard 维护集群下所有 codis-proxy 的状态的一致性。
  - + 对于同一个业务集群而言,同一个时刻 codis-dashboard 只能有 0 个或者 1 个;
  - + 所有对集群的修改都必须通过 codis-dashboard 完成。
- \* \*\*Codis Admin\*\*: 集群管理的命令行工具。
  - + 可用于控制 codis-proxy、codis-dashboard 状态以及访问外部存储。
- \* \*\*Codis FE\*\*: 集群管理界面。
  - + 多个集群实例共享可以共享同一个前端展示页面;
  - + 通过配置文件管理后端 codis-dashboard 列表, 配置文件可自动更新。

- \* \*\*Storage\*\*: 为集群状态提供外部存储。
  - + 提供 Namespace 概念,不同集群的会按照不同 product name 进行组织;
  - + 目前仅提供了 Zookeeper、Etcd、Fs 三种实现,但是提供了抽象的 interface 可自行扩展。

#### 软件环境:

本机 IP: 10.0.5.140 系统: centos6.8

软件: codis-release3.2.zip gol.8.linux-amd64.tar.gz zookeeper-3.4.10.tar.gz java-1.8.0-openjdk

#### 软件下载地址:

codis: https://github.com/CodisLabs/codis
zookeeper: https://zookeeper.apache.org/

go: http://golangtc.com/download

# 一. 部署 zookeeper 集群

#### 1.1 安装 java 环境

# yum install java-1.8.0-openjdk-devel

#### 配置 JAVA HOME

# vim /etc/profile.d/java.sh
export JAVA HOME=/usr

# source /etc/profile.d/java.sh

# java -version

openjdk version "1.8.0 91"

OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0 91-b14)

OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.91-b14, mixed mode)

#### 1.2. 搭建 zookeeper 集群

# mkdir /{app, appdata} //软件安装目录和数据目录

# cd /app

# mkdir -pv ./{zk1, zk2, zk3}/{data, log} //zookeeper 安装目录, zookeeper 数据和日志目录

```
# tar -xf ./zookeeper-3.4.10. tar. gz -C ./zk1/
# tar -xf ./zookeeper-3.4.10. tar. gz -C ./zk2/
# tar -xf ./zookeeper-3.4.10. tar.gz -C ./zk3/
# 1n -sv ./zk1/zookeeper-3.4.10 ./zookeeper
# 1n -sv ./zk2/zookeeper-3.4.10 ./zookeeper
# 1n -sv ./zk3/zookeeper-3.4.10 ./zookeeper
配置 zk1:
# cd /app
# cp /app/zk1/zookeeper/conf/zoo sample.cfg /app/zk1/zookeeper/conf/zoo.cfg
# grep "^[^#].*" ./zoo.cfg
tickTime=2000
initLimit=10
syncLimit=5
dataDir=/app/zk1/data
#dataLogDir=/app/zk1/log
                          \\可以不写
clientPort=2181
server. 1=10. 0. 5. 140:2881:3888
server. 2=10. 0. 5. 140:2882:3888
server. 3=10. 0. 5. 140:2883:3888
生成 myid
# echo "1" > /app/zk1/data/myid
配置 zk2、zk3:
示例配置 zk3, zk2 类似:
# cd /app
# cp ./zk1/zookeeper/conf/zoo.cfg ./zk3/zookeeper/conf/
# sed -i 's/zk1/zk3/g' ./zk3/zookeeper/conf/zoo.cfg
# grep "^[^#].*" ./zk3/zookeeper/conf/zoo.cfg
tickTime=2000
initLimit=10
syncLimit=5
dataDir=/app/zk3/data
#dataLogDir=/app/zk3/log
```

```
clientPort=2183
server. 1=10.0.5.140:2881:3888
server. 2=10. 0. 5. 140:2882:3888
server. 3=10. 0. 5. 140:2883:3888
# echo "3" > /app/zk3/data/myid
启动、关闭、查看 zookeeper 服务:
# /app/zkl/zookeeper/bin /zkServer.sh start|stop|status|restart
开机自启动 zookeeper 服务:
# grep "^/app.*" /etc/rc.local
/app/zkl/zookeeper/bin/zkServer.sh start
/app/zk2/zookeeper/bin/zkServer.sh start
/app/zk3/zookeeper/bin/zkServer.sh start
zookeeper 集群状态:
[root codies140 07:54:21] /app
-- # ./zk3/zookeeper/bin/zkServer.sh status
ZooKeeper JMX enabled by default
Using config: /app/zk3/zookeeper/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Mode: follower
[root codies140 07:54:50] /app
-- # ./zk1/zookeeper/bin/zkServer.sh status
ZooKeeper JMX enabled by default
Using config: /app/zkl/zookeeper/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Mode: follower
[root codies140 07:54:55] /app
-- # ./zk2/zookeeper/bin/zkServer.sh status
ZooKeeper JMX enabled by default
Using config: /app/zk2/zookeeper/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Mode: leader
zookeeper 客户端连接:
# /app/zk1/zookeeper/bin/zkCli.sh -server 10.0.5.140:2181
Connecting to 10.0.5.140:2181
```

```
2017-04-20 09:38:48,858 [myid:] - INFO [main:Environment@100] - Client environment:zookeeper.version=3.4.10-
39d3a4f269333c922ed3db283be479f9deacaa0f, built on 03/23/2017 10:13 GMT
complete on server 10.0.5.140/10.0.5.140:2181, sessionid = 0x15b88a1c4070002, negotiated timeout = 30000
WATCHER::
WatchedEvent state:SyncConnected type:None path:null
[zk: 10.0.5.140:2181 (CONNECTED) 0] 1s /
[zookeeper]
[zk: 10.0.5.140:2181 (CONNECTED) 1]
[zk: 10.0.5.140:2181(CONNECTED) 1] help
ZooKeeper -server host:port cmd args
    stat path [watch]
    set path data [version]
    ls path [watch]
    delquota [-n|-b] path
    1s2 path [watch]
    setAcl path acl
    setquota -n | -b val path
    history
    redo cmdno
    printwatches on off
    delete path [version]
    sync path
    listquota path
    rmr path
    get path [watch]
    create [-s] [-e] path data acl
     addauth scheme auth
    quit
    getAcl path
     close
     connect host:port
```

#### 参考:

https://zookeeper.apache.org/doc/r3.4.10/zookeeperStarted.html http://blackproof.iteye.com/blog/2039040

### 二: 部署 codis-server (redis-server)

#### 2.1. go 环境部署

# mkdir /{app, appdata}

# cd /app

# tar -xf ./gol. 8. linux-amd64. tar. gz

# mkdir ./gopkg

#### 配置 GOROOT、GOPATH:

# vim /etc/profile.d/go.sh

export GOROOT=/app/go

export GOPATH=/app/gopkg

export PATH=\$PATH:\$GOROOT/bin

# source /etc/profile.d/go.sh

#### 查看 go 版本:

# go version

go version gol.8 linux/amd64

#### 2. 2. codis-server 部署

# 2. 2. 1. codis-server 编译

#### 配置编译环境:

# yum install -y gcc make gcc-c++ automake lrzsz openssl-devel zlib-\* bzip2-\* readline\* git nmap unzip wget lsof xz net-tools mercurial vim //具体软件按实际需求

#### 创建 codis 编译目录:

# mkdir -pv /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/

#### 下载 codis 软件包到编译目录:

# cd /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/

```
# wget https://github.com/CodisLabs/codis/archive/release3.2.zip
# unzip release3.2
或者
# git clone https://github.com/CodisLabs/codis.git -b release3.2
# ln -sv ./codis-release3.2 ./codis
# cd ./codis
# make //如出现报错 , 可换成 make MALLOC=libc
确认编译无报错即可
编译完成后, bin 目录下生成如下文件:
[root codies140 08:50:46] /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis
-- # 11 ./bin
total 83188
                         4096 Apr 20 08:18 assets
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 15206342 Apr 20 08:18 codis-admin
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 16775582 Apr 20 08:17 codis-dashboard
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 14938086 Apr 20 08:18 codis-fe
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 18968628 Apr 20 08:18 codis-proxy
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 7982779 Apr 20 08:17 codis-server
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 5580447 Apr 20 08:17 redis-benchmark
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 5712403 Apr 20 08:17 redis-cli
                           94 Apr 20 08:17 version
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root
```

此处的/bin 目录会被后续 codis 各角色所使用;

#### 2.2.2. codis-server 实例部署

此处单机部署两个 redis 实例,一主一从为一组,建议部署多组;

创建 codis-server 实例所需目录: mkdir -pv /app/codis/redis/{7001,7002}

复制 codis 的 bin 目录和 redis 的配置文件:

- # cp -r /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis/bin /app/codis/
- # cp /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis/extern/redis-3.2.8/redis.conf /app/codis/redis/7001/redis.conf

```
# cp /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis/extern/redis-3.2.8/redis.conf /app/codis/redis/7002/redis.conf
修改 codis-server 的配置文件:
# cd /app/codis/redis
配置 redis7001 (主库):
[root codies140 09:09:39] /app/codis/redis
-- # grep "^[^#].*" ./7001/redis.conf
bind 0.0.0.0
protected-mode no
port 7001
tcp-backlog 511
timeout 60
tcp-keepalive 300
daemonize yes
supervised no
pidfile /tmp/redis_7001.pid
loglevel notice
logfile "/app/codis/redis/7001/redis 7001.log"
databases 16
save 900 1
save 300 10
save 60 10000
stop-writes-on-bgsave-error yes
rdbcompression yes
rdbchecksum ves
dbfilename dump 7001.rdb
dir /app/codis/redis/7001/
masterauth codis
slave-serve-stale-data yes
slave-read-only yes
repl-diskless-sync no
repl-diskless-sync-delay 5
repl-disable-tcp-nodelay no
slave-priority 100
requirepass codis
```

```
maxmemory 2gb
appendonly yes
appendfilename "appendonly.aof"
appendfsync everysec
no-appendfsync-on-rewrite no
auto-aof-rewrite-percentage 100
auto-aof-rewrite-min-size 64mb
aof-load-truncated yes
lua-time-limit 5000
slowlog-log-slower-than 10000
slowlog-max-len 128
latency-monitor-threshold 0
notify-keyspace-events ""
hash-max-ziplist-entries 512
hash-max-ziplist-value 64
list-max-ziplist-size -2
list-compress-depth 0
set-max-intset-entries 512
zset-max-ziplist-entries 128
zset-max-ziplist-value 64
hll-sparse-max-bytes 3000
activerehashing yes
client-output-buffer-limit normal 0 0 0
client-output-buffer-limit slave 256mb 64mb 60
client-output-buffer-limit pubsub 32mb 8mb 60
hz 10
aof-rewrite-incremental-fsync yes
配置 redis7002 (从库):
[root codies140 09:10:18] /app/codis/redis
-- # grep "^[^#].*" ./7002/redis.conf
bind 0.0.0.0
protected-mode no
port 7002
tcp-backlog 511
timeout 60
```

```
tcp-keepalive 300
daemonize yes
supervised no
pidfile /tmp/redis 7002.pid
loglevel notice
logfile "/app/codis/redis/7002/redis 7002.log"
databases 16
save 900 1
save 300 10
save 60 10000
stop-writes-on-bgsave-error yes
rdbcompression yes
rdbchecksum yes
dbfilename dump 7002.rdb
dir /app/codis/redis/7002/
# slaveof 10.0.5.140 7001 //此处不需要指定主库,后续会在 codis-fe 管理界面里指定;
masterauth codis
slave-serve-stale-data yes
slave-read-only yes
repl-diskless-sync no
repl-diskless-sync-delay 5
repl-ping-slave-period 10
repl-timeout 60
repl-disable-tcp-nodelay no
repl-backlog-size 1mb
slave-priority 100
requirepass codis
maxmemory 2gb
appendonly yes
appendfilename "appendonly.aof"
appendfsync everysec
no-appendfsync-on-rewrite no
auto-aof-rewrite-percentage 100
auto-aof-rewrite-min-size 64mb
aof-load-truncated yes
lua-time-limit 5000
```

```
slowlog-log-slower-than 10000
slowlog-max-len 128
latency-monitor-threshold 0
notify-keyspace-events ""
hash-max-ziplist-entries 512
hash-max-ziplist-value 64
list-max-ziplist-size -2
list-compress-depth 0
set-max-intset-entries 512
zset-max-ziplist-entries 128
zset-max-ziplist-value 64
hll-sparse-max-bytes 3000
activerehashing yes
client-output-buffer-limit normal 0 0 0
client-output-buffer-limit slave 256mb 64mb 60
client-output-buffer-limit pubsub 32mb 8mb 60
hz 10
aof-rewrite-incremental-fsync yes
```

注意: codis-server 配置文件里不要设置密码, 否则会出现 codis-fe 管理界面添加 codis-server 报错;

```
启动 codis-server 实例:
# /app/codis/bin/codis-server /app/codis/redis/7001/redis.conf
# /app/codis/bin/codis-server /app/codis/redis/7002/redis.conf
```

```
codis-server 读写测试:
[root codies140 09:17:49] /app/codis/bin
-- # ./redis-cli -h 10.0.5.140 -p 7001
10.0.5.140:7001> AUTH codis
OK
10.0.5.140:7001> SET name tom
OK
10.0.5.140:7001> GET na
```

```
[root codies140 09:18:53] /app/codis/bin
    -- # ./redis-cli -h 10.0.5.140 -p 7002
    10.0.5.140:7002> AUTH codis
    OK.
    10.0.5.140:7002> SET name tom
    OK.
    10.0.5.140:7002> GET name
    "tom"
    可以看到两个 codis-server 实例读写数据均 0K;
三: 部署 codis-proxy
    3.1. 生成 codis-proxy 配置文件
    # cd /app/codis/bin/
    # /app/codis/bin/codis-proxy --default-config | tee proxy.toml (proxy.conf)
    # vim ./proxy.toml
    Codis-Proxy
    # Set Codis Product Name/Auth.
    product name = "codis-demo"
    product auth = ""
    # Set bind address for admin(rpc), tcp only.
    admin addr = "0.0.0.0:11080"
    # Set bind address for proxy, proto type can be "tcp", "tcp4", "tcp6", "unix" or "unixpacket".
    proto type = "tcp4"
    proxy addr = "0. 0. 0. 0:19000"
```

```
# Set jodis address & session timeout
    1. jodis name is short for jodis coordinator name, only accept "zookeeper" & "etcd".
    2. iodis addr is short for iodis coordinator addr
   3. proxy will be registered as node:
         if jodis compatible = true (not suggested):
           /zk/codis/db {PRODUCT NAME}/proxy-{HASHID} (compatible with Codis2.0)
         or else
           /jodis/{PRODUCT NAME}/proxy-{HASHID}
jodis name = "zookeeper"
jodis addr = "10.0.5.140:2881,10.0.5.140:2882,10.0.5.140:2883" //zookeeper 地址
iodis timeout = "20s"
iodis compatible = false
# Set datacenter of proxy.
proxv datacenter = ""
# Set max number of alive sessions.
proxy max clients = 1000
# Set max offheap memory size. (0 to disable)
proxy max offheap size = "1024mb"
# Set heap placeholder to reduce GC frequency.
proxy heap placeholder = "256mb"
# Proxy will ping backend redis (and clear 'MASTERDOWN' state) in a predefined interval. (0 to disable)
backend ping period = "5s"
# Set backend recv buffer size & timeout.
backend recv bufsize = "128kb"
backend recv timeout = "30s"
# Set backend send buffer & timeout.
backend send bufsize = "128kb"
backend send timeout = "30s"
```

```
# Set backend pipeline buffer size.
backend max pipeline = 1024
# Set backend never read replica groups, default is false
backend primary only = false
# Set backend parallel connections per server
backend primary parallel = 1
backend replica parallel = 1
参数说明:
    product name 集群名称,参考 dashboard 参数说明
    product auth 集群密码,默认为空
    admin addr RESTfulAPI 端口口
    proto type Redis 端口口类型,接受tcp/tcp4/tcp6/unix/unixpacket
    proxy addr Redis 端口口地址或者路路径
    jodis addr Jodis 注册 zookeeper 地址
    jodis timeout Jodis 注册 sessiontimeout 时间,单位 second
    jodis compatible Jodis 注册 zookeeper 的路路径
    backend ping period 与 codis-server 探活周期,单位 second, 0 表示禁止止
    session max timeout 与 client 连接最大大读超时,单位 second, 0 表示禁止止
    session max bufsize 与 client 连接读写缓冲区大大小小,单位 byte
    session max pipeline 与 client 连接最大大的 pipeline大大小小
    session keepalive period 与 client 的 tcp keepalive 周期,仅 tcp 有效,0表示禁止止
3.2. 管理 codis-proxy 服务
启动 codis-proxy:
[root codies140 10:11:36] /app/codis/bin
-- # nohup /app/codis/bin/codis-proxy --ncpu=4 --config=proxy.toml --log=proxy.log --log-level=WARN &
正常关闭 codis-proxy:
```

[root codies140 10:12:47] /app/codis/bin

-- # /app/codis/bin/codis-admin --proxy=10.0.5.140:11080 --auth="xxx"(有密码就加,没有就不加) --shutdown

```
# ./codis-proxy -h
    Usage:
         codis-proxy [--ncpu=N [--max-ncpu=MAX]] [--config=CONF] [--log=FILE] [--log-level=LEVEL] [--host-admin=ADDR] [--host-proxy=ADDR]
         [--dashboard=ADDR|--zookeeper=ADDR|--etcd=ADDR|--filesystem=ROOT|--fillslots=FILE] [--ulimit=NLIMIT] [--pidfile=FILE]
         codis-proxy --default-config
         codis-proxy --version
    Options:
                                   set runtime. GOMAXPROCS to N, default is runtime. NumCPU().
         --ncpu=N
         -c CONF, --config=CONF
                                   run with the specific configuration.
         -1 FILE, --log=FILE
                                   set path/name of daliy rotated log file.
         --log-level=LEVEL
                                   set the log-level, should be INFO, WARN, DEBUG or ERROR, default is INFO.
         --ulimit=NLIMIT
                                   run 'ulimit -n' to check the maximum number of open file descriptors.
四: 部署 codis-dashboard
    4.1. 配置 codis-dashboard
    生成 codis-dashboard 配置文件:
    # cd /app/codis/bin
    # /app/codis/bin/codis-dashboard --default-config | tee dashboard.toml (dashboard.conf)
    # vim ./dashboard.toml
                      Codis-Dashboard
    # Set Coordinator, only accept "zookeeper" & "etcd" & "filesystem".
    # Quick Start
    coordinator name = "zookeeper" \\ 外部存储类型,接受 zookeeper etcd
    coordinator addr = "10. 0. 5. 140:2181, 10. 0. 5. 140:2182, 10. 0. 5. 140:2183"
                                                                      \\ zookeeper 外部存储地址
    #coordinator name = "zookeeper"
```

```
#coordinator addr = "127.0.0.1:2181"
# Set Codis Product Name/Auth.
product name = "codis-demo"
product auth = ""
# Set bind address for admin(rpc), tcp only.
admin addr = "0.0.0.0:18080"
# Set arguments for data migration (only accept 'sync' & 'semi-async').
migration method = "semi-async"
migration parallel slots = 100
migration async maxbulks = 200
migration async maxbytes = "32mb"
migration async numkeys = 500
migration timeout = "30s"
# Set configs for redis sentinel.
sentinel quorum = 2
sentinel parallel syncs = 1
sentinel down after = "30s"
sentinel failover timeout = "5m"
sentinel notification script = ""
sentinel client reconfig script = ""
参数说明:
    coordinator name 外部存储类型,接受 zookeeper/etcd
    coordinator addr 外部存储地址
    product name 集群名称,满足足正则 \w[\w\.\-]*
    product auth 集群密码,默认为空
    admin addr RESTful API 端口口
4.2. 管理 codis-dashboard 服务
启动 codis-dashboard:
```

[root codies140 09:57:19] /app/codis/bin

```
-- # nohup /app/codis/bin/codis-dashboard --ncpu=4 --config=dashboard.toml --log=dashboard.log --log-level=WARN &
    正常关闭 codis-dashboard:
    # /app/codis/bin/codis-admin --dashboard=10.0.5.140:18080 --shutdown
    #./codis-dashboard -h
    Usage:
         codis-dashboard [--ncpu=N] [--config=CONF] [--log=FILE] [--log-level=LEVEL] [--host-admin=ADDR] [--pidfile=FILE]
         codis-dashboard --default-config
         codis-dashboard --version
    Options:
                                     set runtime. GOMAXPROCS to N, default is runtime. NumCPU().
         --ncpu=N
         -c CONF, --config=CONF
                                     run with the specific configuration.
         -1 FILE, --log=FILE
                                     set path/name of daliy rotated log file.
         --log-level=LEVEL
                                     set the log-level, should be INFO, WARN, DEBUG or ERROR, default is INFO.
五: 部署 codis-fe
    5.1. 生成 codis-fe 配置文件
    # cd /app/codis/bin
    # /app/codis/bin/codis-admin --dashboard-list --zookeeper=10.0.5.140:2181 | tee ./codis.json
            "name": "codis-demo",
            "dashboard": "10.0.5.140:18080"
    5.2. 管理 codis-fe 服务
    启动 codis-fe 服务:
    [root codies140 10:21:00] /app/codis/bin
    -- # nohup /app/codis/bin/codis-fe --ncpu=4 --log=fe.log --log-level=WARN --dashboard-list=codis.json --listen=0.0.0.0:18090 &
```

```
和 codis 相关的服务及端口有:
```

```
# ss -tunlp | grep codis
```

tcp	LISTEN	0	128	:::18080	:::*	users:(("codis-dashboard",13795,6))
tcp	LISTEN	0	128	:::11080	:::*	users:(("codis-proxy",13851,6))
tcp	LISTEN	0	128	:::18090	:::*	users:(("codis-fe",13881,5))
tcp	LISTEN	0	128	*:19000	*:*	users:(("codis-proxy",13851,4))
tcp	LISTEN	0	128	*:7001	*:*	users:(("codis-server",13601,4))
tcp	LISTEN	0	128	*:7002	*:*	users:(("codis-server",13786,4))

# 六: redis-sentinel 部署

#### 6.1. 部署多实例的 redis-sentinel

此处部署三个 redis-sentinel 实例;

创建 redis-sentinel 目录, 复制 redis-sentinel 配置文件:

# mkdir /app/codis/sentine1/{27001,27002,27003}

# cp /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis/extern/redis-3.2.8/sentinel.conf /app/codis/sentinel/

# vim /app/codis/sentinel/sentinel.conf

bind 0.0.0.0

protected-mode no

port 27001

dir /app/codis/sentinel/27001/

注意:此时不用指定 monitor 节点,后续会在 codis-fe 管理界面里添加 sentinel,然后向 sentinel 指定需要 monitor 的节点;

将此配置文件复制到各 sentinel 实例目录下,修改监听端口和数据目录:

sentinel 实例 1:

# cp /app/codis/sentinel/sentinel.conf /app/codis/sentinel/27001/

# grep "^[^#].\*" /app/codis/sentinel/27001/sentinel.conf

bind 0.0.0.0

protected-mode no

port 27001

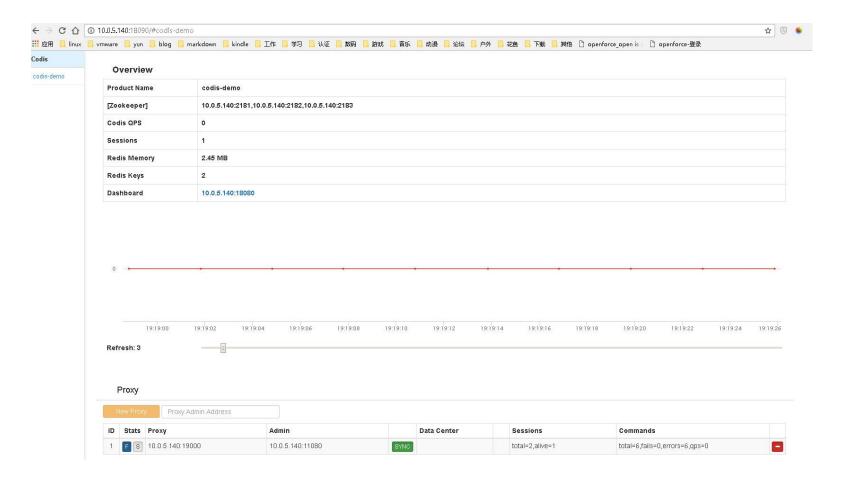
dir /app/codis/sentine1/27001/

```
sentinel 实例 2:
# cp /app/codis/sentinel/sentinel.conf /app/codis/sentinel/27002/
# sed -i "s/27001/27002/g" /app/codis/sentine1/27002/sentine1.conf
# grep "^[^#].*" ./27002/sentinel.conf
bind 0.0.0.0
protected-mode no
port 27002
dir /app/codis/sentine1/27002/
sentinel 实例 3:
# cp /app/codis/sentinel/sentinel.conf /app/codis/sentinel/27003/
# sed -i "s/27001/27003/g" /app/codis/sentine1/27003/sentine1.conf
# grep "^[^#].*" /app/codis/sentine1/27003/sentine1.conf
bind 0.0.0.0
protected-mode no
port 27003
dir /app/codis/sentine1/27003/
codis/bin 下没有 redis-sentinel 命令,需要将 redis-xxx/src 目录下 redis-sentinel 命令复制到 codis/bin 目录下:
# cp /app/gopkg/src/github.com/CodisLabs/codis/extern/redis-3.2.8/src/redis-sentinel /app/codis/bin/
启动 sentinel 服务:
# /app/codis/bin/codis-server /app/codis/sentinel/27001/sentinel.conf
# /app/codis/bin/codis-server /app/codis/sentinel/27002/sentinel.conf
# /app/codis/bin/codis-server /app/codis/sentine1/27003/sentine1.conf
```

# 七: 使用 codis-fe 管理 codis 集群环境

7.1. codis-fe 管理界面

使用浏览器打开 codis-fe 管理界面: http://10.0.5.140:18090



# 7.2. 添加 codis-proxy、codis-server、redis-sentinel

添加 codis-proxy:



添加 codis-server:

group: 一组主从 codis-server 为一组;

# Group New Grou



#### 设置 codis-server 主从:



# 添加 redis-sentinel:

#### Sentinels



#### 同步 redis-sentinel:

#### Sentinels

Add Sent	inel 10.0.5.140:27003		
SYNC	Sentinels	Status	
WATCHED	s 10.0.5.140:27001	masters=1,down=0,slaves=1.00,sentinels=3.00	
WATCHED	s 10.0.5.140:27002	masters=1,down=0,slaves=1.00,sentinels=3.00	
WATCHED	s 10.0.5.140:27003	masters=1,down=0,slaves=1.00,sentinels=3.00	<b>-</b>

# 分配 slot:

slot:数据槽,在codis-server间数据分片的单元;建议将数据槽均分于多个group;



Slots											
Migrate Range Slots-[ 0 ~	1023 ] to Group 1										
			1 1	î î	1 1						
Offline											
Migrating											
Default											
0 64 128	192 256 320 384	448	512 576	640 704	768 832	896 960	1024				
		Group-0:693	Group-1:331								
Migrate Some Number of Slots from Grou	up [1,9999] to Group [1,9999]										
Action : Enabled	Enable Disable										
Action Interval (us)	0	Update									
Action Status											
Show Actions											
Auto-Rebalance	Rebalance All Slots										
Slots  Migrate Range Slots-[ 0	~ 1023 ] to Group 1										
Offline											
Migrating											
Default											
0 64 128	192 256 320	384 448	512 576	640 704	768 832	896	960 1024				
Migrate Some Number of Slots from Group [1,9999] to Group [1,9999]											
-											
Action : Enabled	Enable Disable										
Action Interval (us)	0	Update									
Action Status											
Show Actions											
Auto-Rebalance	Rebalance All Slots										

在 codis-fe 管理界面添加 redis-sentinel, 并同步, 同步后 redis-sentinel 配置文件会更新: # grep "^[^#].\*" /app/codis/sentinel//27001/sentinel.conf bind 0.0.0.0 protected-mode no

#### port 27001

#### dir "/app/codis/sentine1/27001"

```
sentinel myid da5cefe099c9dbfa7583998ce33051e24bcf8284
sentinel monitor codis-demo-1 10.0.5.140 7001 2
sentinel failover-timeout codis-demo-1 300000
sentinel config-epoch codis-demo-1 0
sentinel leader-epoch codis-demo-1 0
sentinel known-slave codis-demo-1 10.0.5.140 7002
sentinel known-sentinel codis-demo-1 10.0.5.140 27003 a2235596194dd9c81b941cbbaa7685326a848d10
sentinel known-sentinel codis-demo-1 10.0.5.140 27002 23dc0dfe33f9a513a5b0111e388371353b849974
sentinel current-epoch 0
```

可以看到配置文件新增了 monitor 节点信息;

至此完成单机环境的 codis 集群部署;

# 八:环境总结

