

Diagrams Package In Python

A sophisticated approach to creating diagrams

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Motivation



- ▶ Faster than methods that involve manually inserting and editing the images
- ▶ Automatic alignment of the icons and arrows
- ▶ Consistency of icons
- ▶ Easy to make updates
- ▶ Easy to monitor changes in the diagram
- ▶ Can be included as part of a project in a github repository as python code

Purpose



- ▶ Diagrams let you draw the cloud system architecture in Python code
- ▶ Diagrams currently supports main major providers including:
 - ▶ AWS
 - ▶ Azure
 - ▶ GCP
 - ▶ Kubernetes
 - ▶ Saas

Requirements



- ▶ Diagrams require Python 3.6 or higher
- ▶ It uses Graphviz - an open source graph visualization software - to render the diagrams

- ▶ Diagrams has 4 concepts:
 - ▶ Diagrams
 - ▶ Nodes
 - ▶ Clusters
 - ▶ Edges

Diagrams



- ▶ Diagram represents a global diagram context
- ▶ A diagram context is created with the Diagram class

```
from diagrams import Diagram
from diagrams.k8s.compute import Pod

with Diagram("Simple Diagram", show=False):
    Pod("pod instance")
```

Diagrams (cont.)

100



pod instance
Simple Diagram

Nodes



- ▶ A node represents a single system component
- ▶ A node consists of three parts:
 - ▶ a provider
 - ▶ a resource type
 - ▶ a name

```
from diagrams.aws.compute import EC2
```

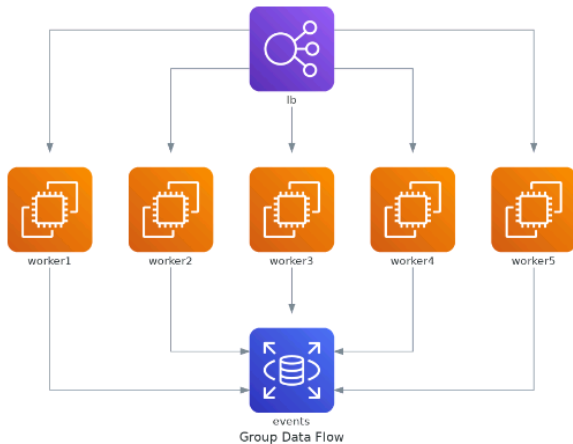
In the above example, aws is the provider, compute is the resource type and EC2 is the name

Nodes - Data Flow

- ▶ >> : Connects node in left to right direction
- ▶ << : Connects node in right to left direction
- ▶ : : Undirected

```
from diagrams import Diagram
from diagrams.aws.compute import EC2
from diagrams.aws.database import RDS
from diagrams.aws.network import ELB
with Diagram("Group Data Flow", show=False, direction="TB"):
    ELB("lb") >> [EC2("worker1"),
                   EC2("worker2"),
                   EC2("worker3"),
                   EC2("worker4"),
                   EC2("worker5")] >> RDS("events")
```

Nodes - Data Flow (cont.)



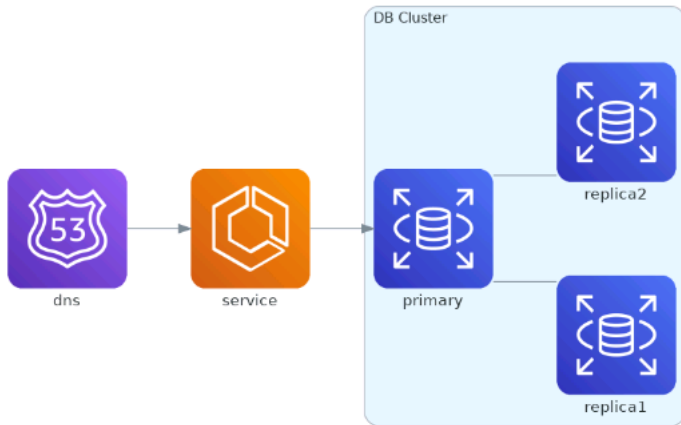
Clusters



- ▶ Cluster allows you to group nodes in an isolated group
- ▶ Clusters can be nested as well

```
from diagrams import Cluster, Diagram
from diagrams.aws.compute import ECS
from diagrams.aws.database import RDS
from diagrams.aws.network import Route53
with Diagram("Simple Web Service with DB Cluster", show=False):
    dns = Route53("dns")
    web = ECS("service")
    with Cluster("DB Cluster"):
        db_primary = RDS("primary")
        db_primary - [RDS("replica1"), RDS("replica2")]
    dns >> web >> db_primary
```

Clusters (cont.)



Simple Web Service with DB Cluster

Edges



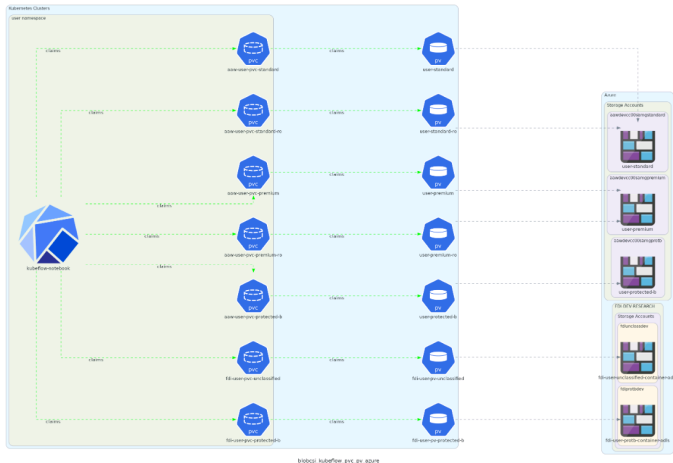
- ▶ An edge represents a linkage between nodes with some additional properties
- ▶ An edge object contains three attributes:
 - ▶ label
 - ▶ color
 - ▶ style (example: dashed, dotted, bold)

Simplified Diagram for BlobCSI System



- ▶ Diagram showing the links between Kubeflow Notebooks, PVCs, PVs and Azure Containers
- ▶ blobcsi_kubeflow_pvc_pv_azure.py
- ▶ This diagram illustrates that:
 - ▶ clusters can be nested
 - ▶ nodes can be joined across clusters
 - ▶ the edges can be labelled and formatted

Simplified Diagram for BlobCSI System (cont.)



Questions?



Statistics
Canada

Statistique
Canada

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