// MinTuts/Procedural Terrain.shader

```
float3 y = float3(p, p, p);

float r = 0;
float g = 1;
float b = 0;

return float4(y * float3(r, g, b), 1);
```

The goal of this commit to get our shader to go from green to black instead of white to black

We start by defining 3 **floats**

We name our 3 properties for the 3 color channels: $\mathbf{r} = \underline{red}$, $\mathbf{g} = \underline{green}$, $\mathbf{b} = \underline{blue}$

r and **b** are set to 0 because we're only interest in adding **g** to our **y** value

Numeric data types of the same dimension can be multiplied together; the * operator ensures all elements in the **type** are properly multiplied

Since **g** is 1...

as y approaches 1...

so does the green channel of the **float3** we multiply against **y**...

meaning the <u>green</u> channel of our <u>color</u> will become <u>more intense</u> (aka <u>brighter</u>)

git checkout 8692d1

// Let's make some water