// ProceduralTerrain

int x0 = x * CellSize;

Lower frequency = more distance Sampled float height11 = 0f; float amplitude = 1f; Not sampled float frequency = 1f; for (int i = Octaves; i > 0; i--) { float octave_x0 = x / Scale * frequency; float octave_z0 = z / Scale * frequency; float octave_x1 = (x + 1f) / Scale * frequency; float octave_z1 = (z + 1f) / Scale * frequency; height00 += Mathf.PerlinNoise(octave_x0, octave_z0) * amplitude; height01 += Mathf.PerlinNoise(octave_x0, octave_z1) * amplitude; height10 += Mathf.PerlinNoise(octave_x1, octave_z0) * amplitude; height11 += Mathf.PerlinNoise(octave_x1, octave_z1) * amplitude; amplitude *= Persistance; frequency *= Lacunarity;

// ProceduralTerrain

```
float height11 = 0f;
float amplitude = 1f;
float frequency = 1f; We process each of our octaves in turn
for (int i = Octaves; i > 0; i--) {
 float octave_x0 = x / Scale * frequency;
 float octave_z0 = z / Scale * frequency;
 float octave_x1 = (x + 1f) / Scale * frequency;
  float octave_z1 = (z + 1f) / Scale * frequency;
 height00 += Mathf.PerlinNoise(octave_x0, octave_z0) * amplitude;
  height01 += Mathf.PerlinNoise(octave_x0, octave_z1) * amplitude;
  height10 += Mathf.PerlinNoise(octave_x1, octave_z0) * amplitude;
  height11 += Mathf.PerlinNoise(octave_x1, octave_z1) * amplitude;
 amplitude *= Persistance;
  frequency *= Lacunarity;
int x0 = x * CellSize;
```