// MinTuts/Procedural Terrain.shader

```
Shader "MinTuts/Procedural Terrain" {
SubShader {
  Pass {
    CGPROGRAM
      #pragma vertex
                       vert
      #pragma fragment frag
      #include "UnityCG.cginc"
      struct v2f {
                   : SV POSITION;
        float4 pos
        float3 wpos : POSITION1;
      };
      v2f vert(float4 vertex : POSITION) {
        v2f o;
        o.pos = UnityObjectToClipPos(vertex);
        o.wpos = mul(unity_ObjectToWorld, vertex);
        return o;
      float4 frag(v2f i) : COLOR {
        float p = i.wpos.y * 0.015;
        float3 y = float3(p, p, p);
        return float4(y, 1);
    ENDCG
```

First things first: create our output data structure

Then we <u>populate</u> **v2f**'s **pos** and **wpos** <u>properties</u>

This function is available because... we **#include**d Unity's **Cg** helper functions

We pass the **vertex** input parameter to this function

Since **SV_POSITION** and **POSITION** have the <u>same</u> **semantic** meaning (the **vertex**s <u>position</u> in <u>object</u>, aka <u>local</u>, <u>space</u>)...

passing **vertex** results in our <u>local/object</u> coordinates... being <u>transformed</u> to <u>clip space</u> coordinates

NOTE: Even though the semantics are identical, the values for o.pos and vertex will be different because... they are <u>defined</u> in <u>different spaces</u>; <u>local/object</u> space... and <u>clip/camera's field of view</u> space

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Shader "MinTuts/Procedural Terrain" {
SubShader {
  Pass {
    CGPROGRAM
     #pragma vertex
                       vert
     #pragma fragment frag
     #include "UnityCG.cginc"
     struct v2f {
       float4 pos : SV_POSITION;
       float3 wpos : POSITION1;
      };
     v2f vert(float4 vertex : POSITION) {
       v2f o;
        o.pos = UnityObjectToClipPos(vertex);
        o.wpos = [mul](unity_ObjectToWorld, vertex);
        return o;
      float4 frag(v2f i) : COLOR {
        float p = i.wpos.y * 0.015;
        float3 y = float3(p, p, p);
        return float4(y, 1);
    ENDCG
```

Next, we <u>call</u> **mul** - a function <u>built</u> into **HLSL**