// MinTuts/Procedural Terrain.shader

```
Shader "MinTuts/Procedural Terrain" {
SubShader {
  Pass {
    CGPROGRAM
      #pragma vertex
                       vert
      #pragma fragment frag
      #include "UnityCG.cginc"
      struct v2f {
                   : SV_POSITION;
        float4 pos
        float3 wpos : POSITION1;
      };
      v2f vert(float4 vertex : POSITION) {
        v2f o;
        o.pos = UnityObjectToClipPos(vertex);
        o.wpos = mul(unity_ObjectToWorld, vertex);
        return o;
      float4 frag(v2f i) : COLOR {
        float p = i.wpos.y * 0.015;
        float3 y = float3(p, p, p);
        return float4(y, 1);
    ENDCG
```

First things first: <u>create</u> our <u>output</u> <u>data structure</u>

Then we populate **v2f**'s **pos** and **wpos** properties

This function is available because... we **#include**d Unity's **Cg** helper functions

We pass the **vertex** input parameter to this function

Since **SV_POSITION** and **POSITION** have the <u>same</u> **semantic** meaning (the **vertex**s <u>position</u> in <u>object</u>, aka <u>local</u>, <u>space</u>)...

passing **vertex** results in our <u>local/object</u> coordinates... being <u>transformed</u> to <u>clip space</u> coordinates

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NOTE: Even though the **semantics** are identical, the values for **o.pos** and **vertex** will be different because...