// MinTuts/Procedural Terrain.shader

```
Shader "MinTuts/Procedural Terrain" {
  SubShader {
    Pass {
      CGPROGRAM
        #pragma vertex
                         vert
        #pragma fragment frag
        #include "UnityCG.cginc"
        struct v2f {
                      : SV POSITION;
          float4 pos
          float3 wpos : POSITION1;
        };
        v2f vert(float4 vertex : POSITION) {
          v2f o;
          o.pos = UnityObjectToClipPos(vertex);
          o.wpos = mul(unity_ObjectToWorld, vertex);
          return o;
        float4 frag(v2f i) : COLOR {
          float p = i.wpos.y * 0.015;
          float3 y = float3(p, p, p);
          return float4(y, 1);
      ENDCG
```

Here we are defining a data structure

This data structure is named **v2f**; which is short for <u>vertex2fragment</u>

It has two properties; **pos** (of type **float4**) and **wpos** (of type **float3**)

These properties have **semantic**s along with their <u>types</u>

The best way to think about **semantics** is as a *filter on top of a type*

For example: **pos** has a type of **float4** with a **semantic** filter of **SV_POSITION**The **semantic** meaning of **SV_POSITION**is: <u>clip space position</u>, or where the <u>current</u> **vertex** is located <u>relative to the cameras</u>
field of view

Another example: wpos has a type of float3 with a semantic filter of POSITION1
The semantic meaning of POSITION1
is: world space position, or where the current vertex is located in the world

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The semantic meaning of POSITION1
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NOTE: We don't use the **pos** property, but a **semantic** of **SV_POSITION** *must* be <u>included</u> to <u>work</u> with **DirectX**