## Assignment –3

## Overview of SQL.

- 1) Does ANSI recognize the data type DATE?
- **→**
- Format: The standard format for DATE is YYYY-MM-DD.
- Range: It typically supports a date range from '1000-01-01' to '9999-12-31', although this can vary by database system.
- Storage: The DATE type generally requires 3 bytes of storage.
- Functions: Various built-in functions can manipulate DATE values, such as calculating differences, formatting, and extracting specific parts (like year, month, or day).
- Use Cases: Commonly used in applications for managing events, transactions, or any data that requires date tracking.
- Consistency: Using the DATE type helps ensure that dates are stored in a consistent format, which is crucial for data integrity and querying.
- 2) Which subdivision of SQL is used to insert values in tables?
- → The subdivision of SQL used to insert values into a table is called Data Manipulation Language (DML). Specifically, the INSERT statement is used to add new records to a table.

For example, to insert a new customer into a customers table, you would use a command like this:

INSERT INTO customers (Cid, name, email)

VALUES (1, 'king', 'king@example.com');