A pipeline to analyse PAT-seq data

Reference

This repository contains the pipeline and raw results described in the manuscript:

• Botond Sipos, Greg Slodkowicz, Adrian M. Stütz, Tim Massingham, Jan Korbel, Nick Goldman: *PAT-seq - a whole-transcriptome poly(A) tail length determination assay for the Illumina platform*.

Click <u>here</u> for more details on the wetlab experiment.

Using the pipeline

The pipeline can be used by invoking the following make targets:

- Fetch raw data from ENA: make fetch
- Generate transcriptome from SGD annotation: make transcriptome
- Align and parse reads: make parse
- Test for differential polyadenylation: make test or make lsf_test
- Parse spike-in reads (make parse spikeins) and build "error model" (make error model)
- Filter test results by G-tail coverage: make gtail cov filter
- Plot correlation between technical replicates: make gtail tech corr
- Plot and cluster tail length distributions: make classify tail dists
- Correlate thresholded tail lengths with PASTA and PAL-seq: make corr_with_studies

Index of selected raw results

Illumina reads

Sequencing data are available in the $\underline{\text{ArrayExpress database}}$ under accession number $\underline{\text{E-}}$ MTAB-2456.

Alignment

Sample	Alignment log	Alignment report
WT1A	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1A_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1A_align_pdf
WT1B	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1B_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1B_align_pdf
WT1C	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1C_aln_log	<pre>http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1C_align_pdf`</pre>
WT1D	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1D_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1D_align_pdf
WT2A	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2A_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2A_align_pdf
WT2B	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2B_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2B_align_pdf
WT2C	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2C_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2C_align_pdf
WT2D	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2D_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2D_align_pdf
MUT1A	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1A_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1A_aln_pdf
MUT1B	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1B_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1B_aln_pdf
MUT1C	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1C_aln_log	<pre>http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1C_aln_pdf`</pre>
MUT1D	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1D_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1D_aln_pdf
MUT2A	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2A_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2A_aln_pdf
MUT2B	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2B_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2B_aln_pdf
MUT2C	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2C_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2C_aln_pdf
MUT2D	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2D_aln_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2D_aln_pdf

Parsing alignments

Sample	Parse log	Parse report
WT1A	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1A_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1A_parse_pdf
WT1B	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1B_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1B_parse_pdf
WT1C	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1C_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1C_parse_pdf
WT1D	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1D_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT1D_parse_pdf
WT2A	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2A_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2A_parse_pdf
WT2B	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2B_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2B_parse_pdf
WT2C	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2C_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2C_parse_pdf
WT2D	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2D_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-WT2D_parse_pdf
MUT1A	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1A_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1A_parse_pdf
MUT1B	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1B_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1B_parse_pdf
MUT1C	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1C_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1C_parse_pdf
MUT1D	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1D_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT1D_parse_pdf
MUT2A	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2A_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2A_parse_pdf
MUT2B	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2B_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2B_parse_pdf
MUT2C	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2C_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2C_parse_pdf
MUT2D	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2D_parse_log	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-MUT2D_parse_pdf

Quantifying tail length slippage using spike-in standards

• Tail run lengths until the first 1-5 non-A bases in reads mapped to spike-in poly(A) tracts PDF

Testing differences between wild type and mutant tail runs

Comparison	Test log	Test report	Results
WT1 vs.	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-
MUT1	TEST_WT1_vs_MUT1_log	TEST_WT1_vs_MUT1_pdf	TEST_WT1_vs_MUT1_trs_tab
WT2 vs.	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-	http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-
MUT2	TEST WT2 vs MUT2 log	TEST WT2 vs MUT2 pdf	TEST WT2 vs MUT2 trs tab

Tail run distributions from all transcripts with G-tail coverage > 1000

- WT1: http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-CLS WT1 pdf
- WT2: http://bit.ly/PAT-seq_CLS_WT2_pdf
- MUT1: http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-CLS_MUT1_pdf
- MUT2: http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-CLS_MUT2_pdf

Cross-study correlation

- PAL total vs. WT1: http://bit.ly/PAT seq PAL total vs WT1 pdf
- PAL total vs. WT2: http://bit.ly/PAT-seq PAL total vs WT2 pdf
- PAL total vs. PASTA: http://bit.ly/PAT-seq-PAL total vs PASTA pdf

Dependencies

- Platform LSF
- Python 2.x
- numpy >= 1.6.2
- <u>matplotlib</u> >= 1.1.0
- $\frac{\text{scipy}}{\text{scipy}} >= 0.10.1$
- <u>biopython</u> >= 1.60
- Bowtie2 >= 2.1.0
- samtools >= 0.1.19+
- wget

Using the analysis tools

The analysis tool can be found under patsy/:

patsy-align - classify read pairs and align them using Bowtie2

```
usage: patsy-align [-h] -1 fq1 -2 fq2 -f ref [-o outdir] [-s stats_pickle]
           [-I gtail sig] [-G gtag min] [-N max N] [-I min fsize]
           [-X max fsize] [-p nr threads] [-r report]
Align PAT-seg reads using Bowtie2 (1.1).
optional arguments:
 -h, --help
              show this help message and exit
 -1 fq1
             First FASTQ file.
 -2 fq2
             Second FASTQ file.
 -f ref
            Reference fasta.
 -o outdir Output directory.
 -s stats_pickle Stats pickle file.
 -l gtail sig Portion of read start/end used for G-tail classification
           (14).
 -G gtag_min Minimum G-tag length(3).
 -N max N
                Maximum number of Ns in the first -I bases (6).
 -I min fsize Minimum fragment size (0).
 -X max_fsize Maximum fragment size (500).
 -p nr threads Number of threads to use (1).
```

patsy-parse - parse classified and aligned PAT-seq read pairs

```
usage: patsy-parse [-h] -g gtail_sam -n nvtr_sam -d dataset_id -f ref
[-l gtail_sig] [-G gtag_min] [-N max_N] [-e err_tol]
[-o out_pickle] [-i tr_list] [-q min_q] [-r report] [-t]
```

Parse classified and aligned PAT-seq read pairs (1.1).

Report PDF.

```
optional arguments:
```

-r report

```
-h, --help show this help message and exit
-g gtail_sam SAM file containing G-tail alignments.
-n nvtr_sam SAM file containing NVTR alignments.
-d dataset id Dataset identifier.
-f ref
         Reference fasta.
-l gtail_sig Portion of read start/end used for G-tail classification.
-G gtag_min Minimum G-tag length(3).
-N max N
              Maximum number of Ns in the first -I bases (6).
-e err tol Number of errors tolerated in the tail.
-o out pickle Output pickle file.
-i tr list List of transcripts considered.
-q min q
             Mapping quality treshold (30).
           Report PDF.
-r report
-t
         Plot per-transcript coverage reports.
```

patsy-test - test for differential polyadenylation in PAT-seq data

Test for differential polyadenylation in PAT-seq data (1.1).

optional arguments:

```
-h, --help show this help message and exit
```

```
Parsed read pickles - group A.
                    Name of data group A.
-na a_name
-b [b_pickles [b_pickles ...]]
              Parsed read pickles - group B.
-nb b_name
                    Name of data group B.
-i lrt list
               Transcripts to be tested with anchors LRT.
-P lik_penalty
                  Log-likelihood penalty for data points outside valid
                    Minimum sample size when performing Mann-Whitney U
-M min size U
              test (30).
-s sig level
                 Significance level.
-op out_pickle
                   Output pickle file.
-ot out_trs
                 Output tabular file: transcript properties.
-og out_glob
                   Output tabular file: global results.
-otr out_runs_prefix Output tabular file: tail runs prefix.
-orr out rep prefix Output tabular file: tail means per replicate.
-r report
                Report PDF.
              Plot reports for all transcripts.
```

patsy-spike - estimate the number of sequencing errors in runs of bases.

Estimate the number of sequencing errors in runs of bases (1.0).

optional arguments:

-a [a_pickles [a_pickles ...]]

-h, --help show this help message and exit
 -n spike_sam SAM file containing NVTR alignments.
 -f ref Reference fasta with the spike-in sequences.
 -w window Size of the flanking sequence around the run of As.
 -m max_errors_plot Maximum number of errors for which to plot the length distribution.
 -o out pickle Output pickle file.

-q min_q Mapping quality treshold (30).
-r report Report PDF.

-l read_len Read length.
-pk pickle Result pickle file.