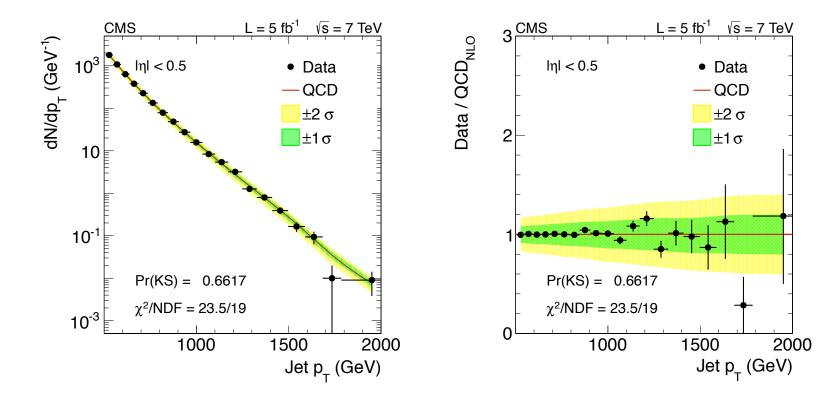
Search for Contact Interactions @ 8 TeV Plans

Jeff Haas, <u>Harrison B. Prosper</u>

Exotica-Multijets Meeting 07 March 2013

Reminder: 7 TeV Results



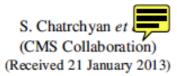
 $\Lambda > 9.9 \text{ TeV}, 14.3 \text{ TeV} @ 95 \text{ C.L.}$

7 TeV Results

Proof-reading, expect to be published soon!

PHYSICAL REVIEW D, VOLUME 00,

Search for contact interactions using the inclusive jet p_T spectrum in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV



Results are reported of a search for a deviation in the jet production cross section from the prediction of perturbative quantum chromodynamics at next-to-leading order. The search is conducted using a 7 TeV proton-proton data sample corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 5.0 fb⁻¹, collected with the Compact Muon Solenoid detector at the Large Hadron Collider. A deviation could arise from interactions characterized by a mass scale Λ too high to be probed directly at the LHC. Such phenomena can be modeled as contact interactions. No evidence of a deviation is found. Using the CL_s criterion, lower limits are set on Λ of 9.9 TeV and 14.3 TeV at 95% confidence level for models with destructive and constructive interference, respectively. Limits obtained with a Bayesian method are also reported.

DOI: PACS numbers: 13.85.Rm

Harrison Prosper

Outline

1. Overview

2. Plan

3. Status

Overview

Goal

• Using the full 8 TeV data set, compare measured inclusive jet p_T spectrum of central jets to CI models aiming for a preliminary result by early summer.

What do we need? Experimental input:

- Measured inclusive jet p_T spectrum
- A high p_T region where trigger efficiency is constant
- Jet energy resolution vs. jet p_T
- Jet energy scale uncertainty
- Jet energy resolution uncertainty

Overview

What do we need? Theoretical input:

- Program to calculate QCD @ NLO fastNLO (2.1.0-1360 + fnl3323y0.tab)
- Program to calculate CI @ NLO CIJET (Gao, arXiv:1301.7263v1)

Harrison Prosper 6

Overview: Models

The effective Lagrangian may be written as

$$L = L_{\text{QCD}} + \frac{\lambda}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{6} c_i O_i$$

where $\lambda = 1/\Lambda^2$ and c_i are free parameters, and O_i are dimension six operators. This Lagrangian yields a cross section of the form

$$\sigma = \sigma_{\text{QCD}} + [b(c) + b'(c, \lambda)]\lambda + [a(c) + a'(c, \lambda)]\lambda^{2}$$

The primed terms depend logarithmically on λ .

Proposed Analysis

We shall follow the approach of the 7 TeV analysis, but with the following changes:

- 1. Compute all models at next-to-leading order.
- 2. Drop use of simulated events.
- 3. Drop use of ansatz for the ratio (QCD+CI)/QCD.
- 4. Raise p_T threshold (if this proves advantageous)
- 5. Compute limits using a Bayesian method *only*

Proposed Analysis

Analysis Steps

- 1. Generate ensembles of MSTW2008 PDF sets using the procedure described at http://mstwpdf.hepforge.org/random/. Apply same procedure to CTEQ6.6.
- 2. For each PDF set, and random choices of the renormalization and factorization scales, calculate inclusive jet p_T spectrum.
- 3. Convolve these spectra with jet response function using randomly sampled (JES, JER) pairs.

Harrison Prosper

Proposed Analysis

Analysis Steps

5. Compute the marginal multinomial likelihood as before: $p(D \mid \lambda) = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^{M} p(D \mid \lambda, \theta_m)$

where θ denotes all the nuisance parameters. This time implement likelihood in RooFit/RooStats

- 6. Compute reference prior $\pi(\lambda)$
- 7. Compute limit using $\int_{0}^{\lambda^{*}} p(\lambda \mid D) d\lambda = 0.95$

Status

- ➤ We have exercised the fastNLO and CIJET programs
- ➤ The RooFit/RooStats implementation of the likelihood will be tested soon
- ➤ Work on the reference prior will start soon (Supriya Jain)
- The random sampling of MTSW2008 PDF sets not yet exercised, but example code exists
- Waiting for experimental input