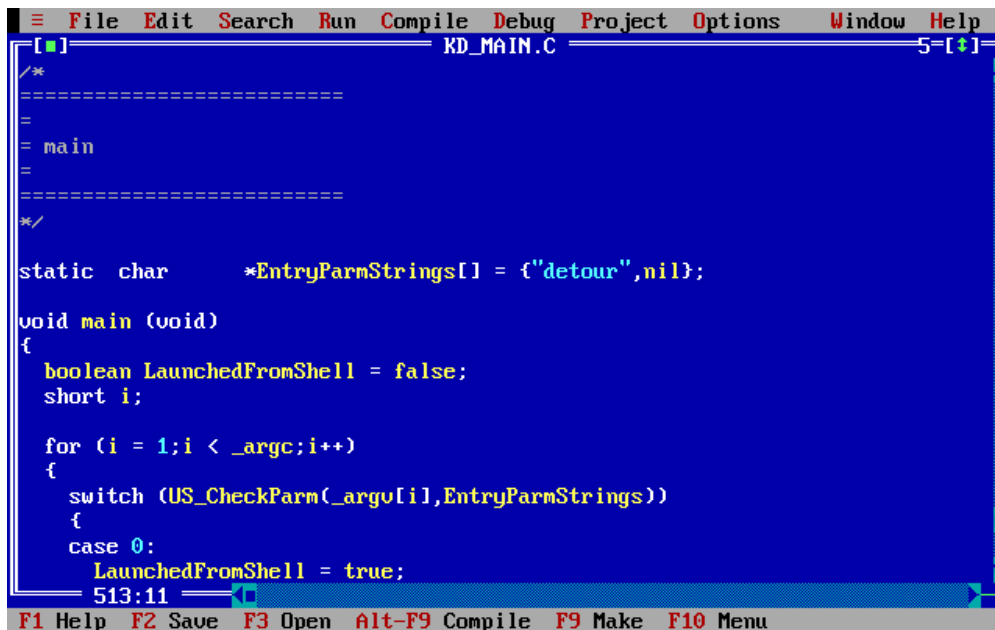


0.1 Programming

Development was done with Borland C++ 3.1 (but the language used was C) which by default ran in EGA mode 3 offering a screen 80 characters wide and 25 characters tall.

John Carmack took care of the runtime code. John Romero programmed many of the tools (TED5 map editor, IGRAB asset packer, MUSE sound packer). Jason Blochowiak wrote important subsystems of the game (Input manager, Sound manager, User manager).

Borland's solution was an all-in-one package. The IDE, BC.EXE, despite some instabilities allowed crude multi-windows code editing with pleasant syntax highlights. The compiler and linker were also part of the package under BCC.EXE and TLINK.EXE¹.



```

[ ] KD_MAIN.C 5-[ ]
/*
=====
=
= main
=
=====
*/

static char    *EntryParmStrings[] = {"detour",nil};

void main (void)
{
    boolean LaunchedFromShell = false;
    short i;

    for (i = 1;i < _argc;i++)
    {
        switch (US_CheckParm(_argv[i],EntryParmStrings))
        {
            case 0:
                LaunchedFromShell = true;
        }
    }
}
513:11
F1 Help F2 Save F3 Open Alt-F9 Compile F9 Make F10 Menu

```

Figure 1: Borland C++ 3.1 editor

¹Source: Borland C++ 3.1 User Guide.

There was no need to enter command-line mode however. The IDE allowed to create a project, build, run and debug.

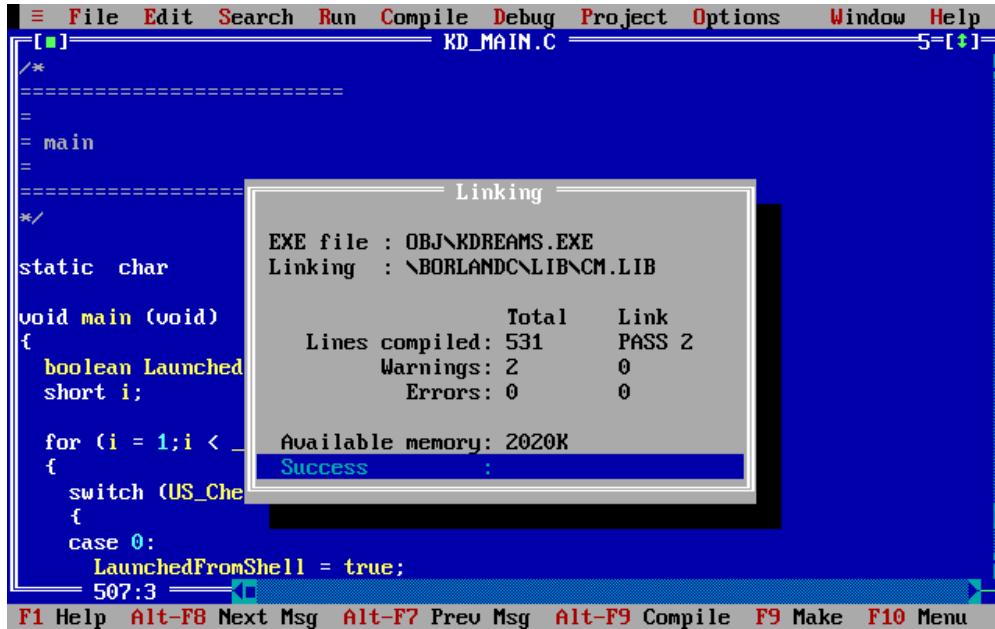
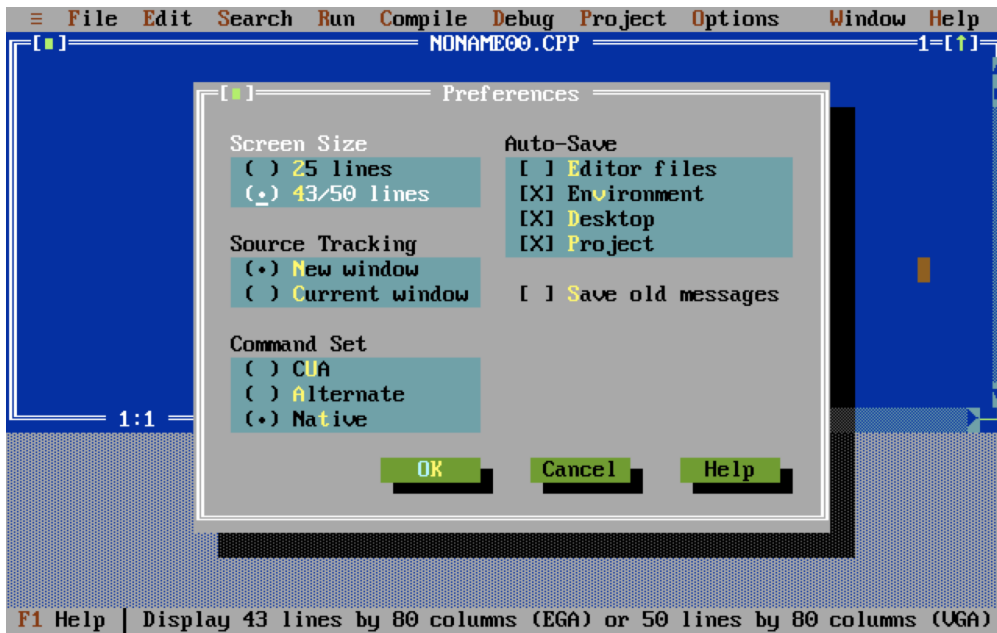
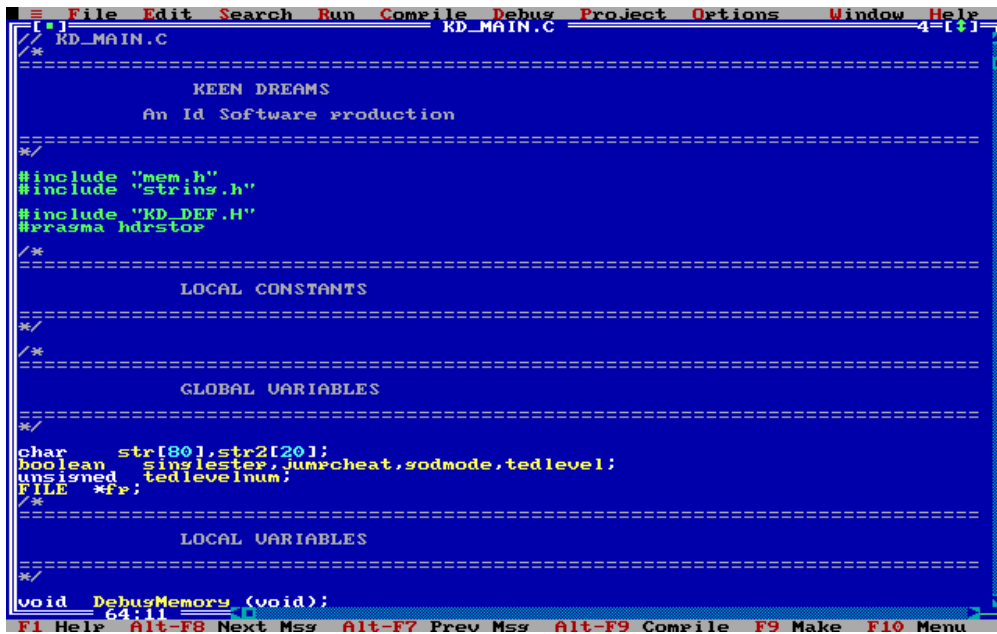


Figure 2: Compiling Keen Dreams with Borland C++ 3.1

Another way to improve screen real estate was to use "high resolution" 50x80 text mode.



The comments still fit perfectly on screen since only the vertical resolution is doubled.



The file KD_MAIN.C opened in both modes demonstrates the readability/visibility trade-off.

```

File Edit Search Run Compile Debug Project Options Window Help
KD_MAIN.C 5-[+]
/*
=====
=
= main
=
=====
*/

static char    *EntryParmStrings[] = {"detour",nil};

void main (void)
{
    boolean LaunchedFromShell = false;
    short i;

    for (i = 1;i < _argc;i++)
    {
        switch (US_CheckParm(_argv[i],EntryParmStrings))
        {
            case 0:
                LaunchedFromShell = true;
        }
    }
}
513:11
F1 Help F2 Save F3 Open Alt-F9 Compile F9 Make F10 Menu

```

```

File Edit Search Run Compile Debug Project Options Window Help
KD_MAIN.C 4-[+]
/*
=====
=
= main
=
=====
*/

static char    *EntryParmStrings[] = {"detour",nil};

void main (void)
{
    boolean LaunchedFromShell = false;
    short i;

    for (i = 1;i < _argc;i++)
    {
        switch (US_CheckParm(_argv[i],EntryParmStrings))
        {
            case 0:
                LaunchedFromShell = true;
                break;
        }
    }

    if (!LaunchedFromShell)
    {
        clrscr();
        puts("You must type START at the DOS prompt to run KEEN DREAMS.");
        exit(0);
    }

    InitGame();
    DemoLoop(); // DemoLoop calls Quit when everything is done
    Quit("Demo loop exited???");
}
-
530:4
F1 Help Alt-F8 Next Msg Alt-F7 Prev Msg Alt-F9 Compile F9 Make F10 Menu

```

0.2 Graphic Assets

All graphic assets were produced by Adrian Carmack. All of the work was done with Deluxe Paint (by Brent Iverson, Electronic Arts) and saved in ILBM² files (Deluxe Paint proprietary format). All assets were hand drawn with a mouse.



Figure 3: Deluxe Paint was used to draw all assets in the game.

²InterLeaved BitMap.

0.2.1 Assets Workflow

After the graphic assets were generated, a tool (IGRAB) packed all ILBMs together in a compressed DATA archive (EGA-file) and generated a HEAD table, DICT file (KDR-files³) and C header file with asset IDs. The engine references an asset directly by using these IDs.

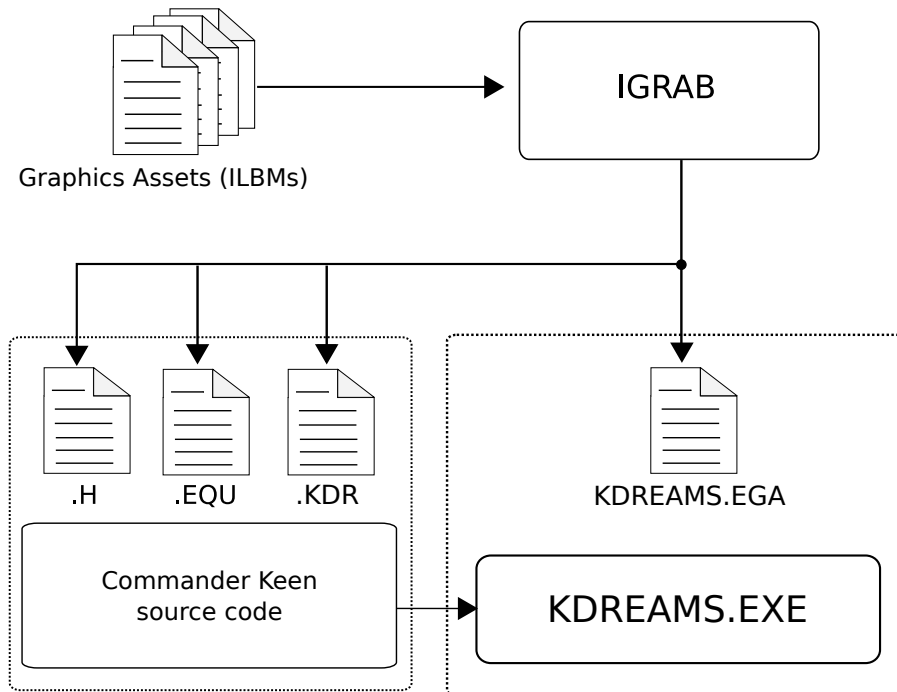


Figure 4: Asset creation pipeline for graphics items

In the engine code, asset usage is hardcoded via an enum. This enum is an offset into the HEAD table which gives an offset in the DATA archive. With this indirection layer, assets could be regenerated and reordered at will with no modification in the source code.

Trivia : The HEAD and DICT files in the source code must match the DATA file from the shareware version of Keen Dreams. The latest release of the source code (v1.93) doesn't match with the final shareware version 1.13. You need to retrieve a specific git commit to ensure a HEAD, DICT and DATA archive are matching, which will be explained in the next chapter.

³both KDR-files are located in the `static` folder of the source code.

```

////////////////////////////////////
//
// Graphics .H file for .KDR
// IGRAB-ed on Fri Sep 10 11:18:07 1993
//
////////////////////////////////////

#define CTL_STARTUPPIC          4
#define CTL_HELPU PIC          5
#define CTL_DISKUPPIC          6
#define CTL_CONTROLSUPPIC      7
#define CTL_SOUNDUPPIC         8
#define CTL_MUSICUPPIC         9
#define CTL_STARTDNPIC         10
#define CTL_HELPDNPIC          11
#define CTL_DISKDNPIC          12
#define CTL_CONTROLSDNPIC      13
...

#define CURSORARROWSPR         71
#define KEENSTANDRSPR          72
#define KEENRUNR1SPR           73
#define KEENRUNR2SPR           74
#define KEENRUNR3SPR           75
#define KEENRUNR4SPR           76
...

//
// Data LUMPs
//
#define CONTROLS_LUMP_START      4
#define CONTROLS_LUMP_END       68
#define KEEN_LUMP_START         72
#define KEEN_LUMP_END           212
#define WORLDKEEN_LUMP_START    213
#define WORLDKEEN_LUMP_END      240
#define BROCCOLASH_LUMP_START   241
#define BROCCOLASH_LUMP_END     256
#define TOMATO_LUMP_START       257
#define TOMATO_LUMP_END         260
...

```

0.2.2 Assets archive file structure

Figure 5 shows the structure of the KDREAMS.EGA asset archive file. The first sections contains data tables for pictures and sprites, followed by the font and all sprites and tiles.

pictable[]	STRUCTPIC
picmtable[]	STRUCTPICM
spritetable[]	STRUCTSPRITE
font	STARTFONT
pictures	STARTPICS
mask pictures	STARTPICSM STARTSPRITES
sprites	
tile-8	STARTTILE8
mask tile-8	STARTTILE8M STARTTILE16
tile-16	
mask tile-16	STARTTILE16M

Figure 5: File structure of KDREAMS. EGA archive file.

Boh the **pictable[]** and **picmtable[]** contain the width and height for each (masked) picture in the asset file.

picture index	width (bytes)	height (bytes)
0	5	32
1	5	32
2	5	32
3	5	32
4	5	32
5	5	32
6	5	32
7	5	32
...
64	5	24

The **spritetable[]** contains, beside width and height, also information on the sprite center, hit boundaries and number of bitshifts. Sprites will be explained in detail in section ?? on page ??.

```
// ID_VW.H

typedef struct
{
    int width,
    height,
    orgx,orgy,
    xl,yl,xh,yh,
    shifts;
} spritetabletype;

typedef struct
{
    int height;
    int location[256];
    char width[256];
} fontstruct;
```

The **font** segment contains a table for the height (same for all characters) and width of the font, as well as a reference where the character data is located in the archive file.



Figure 6: Font asset data.

The remainder of the archive file contains all graphic assets, including pictures, sprites and tiles. Each asset contains four planes, aligned with the EGA architecture. All masked tiles and sprites include an additional mask plane as well.



Figure 7: Picture assets.

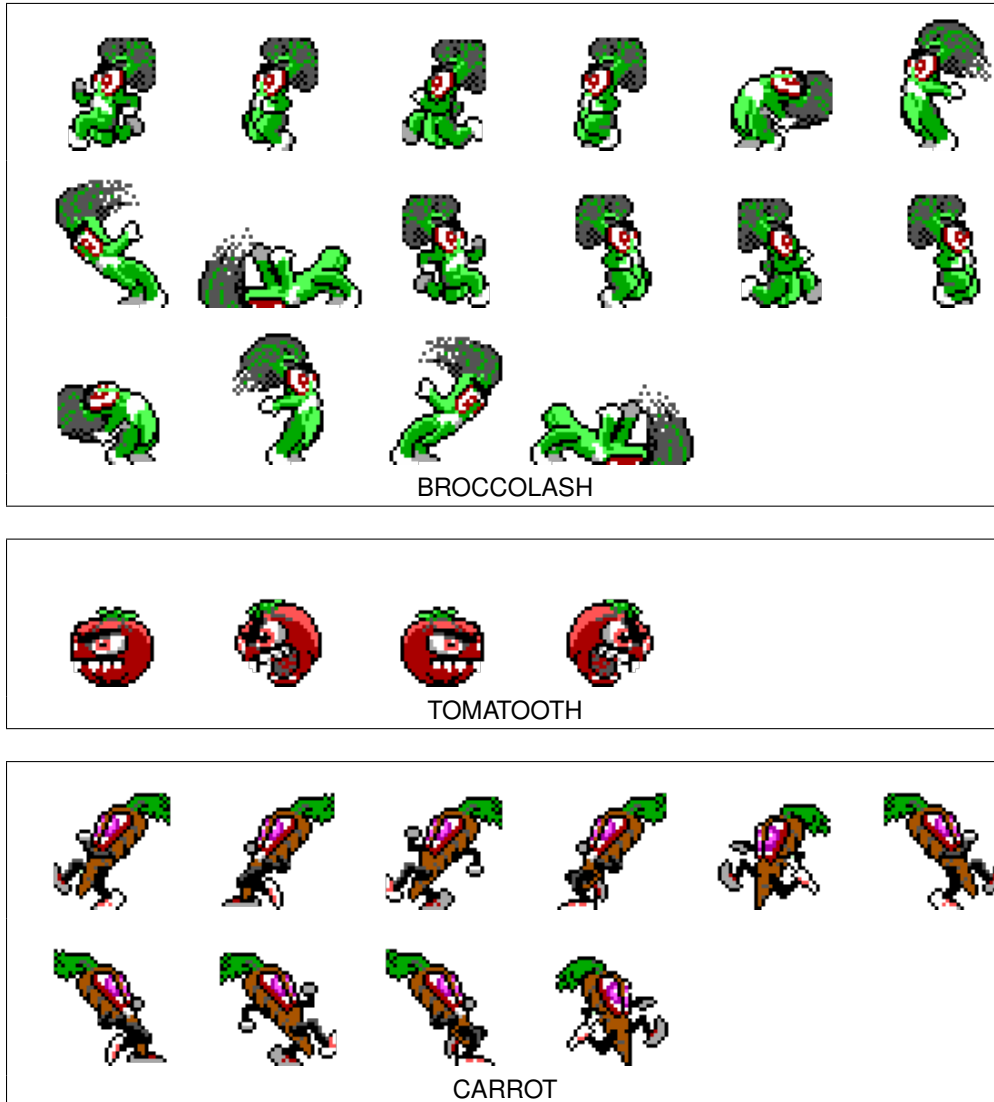


Figure 8: Sprite assets.

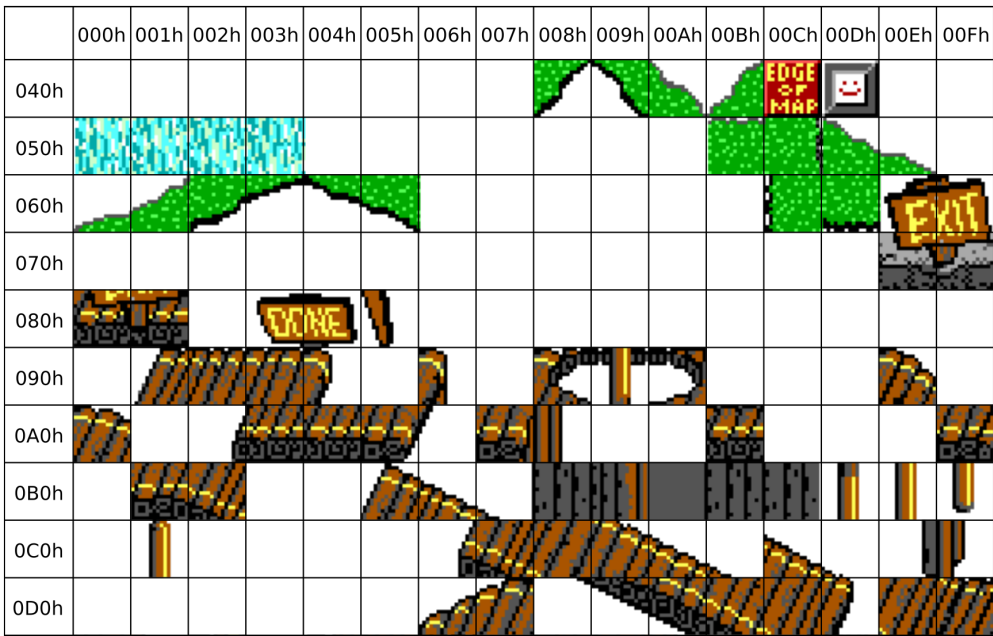
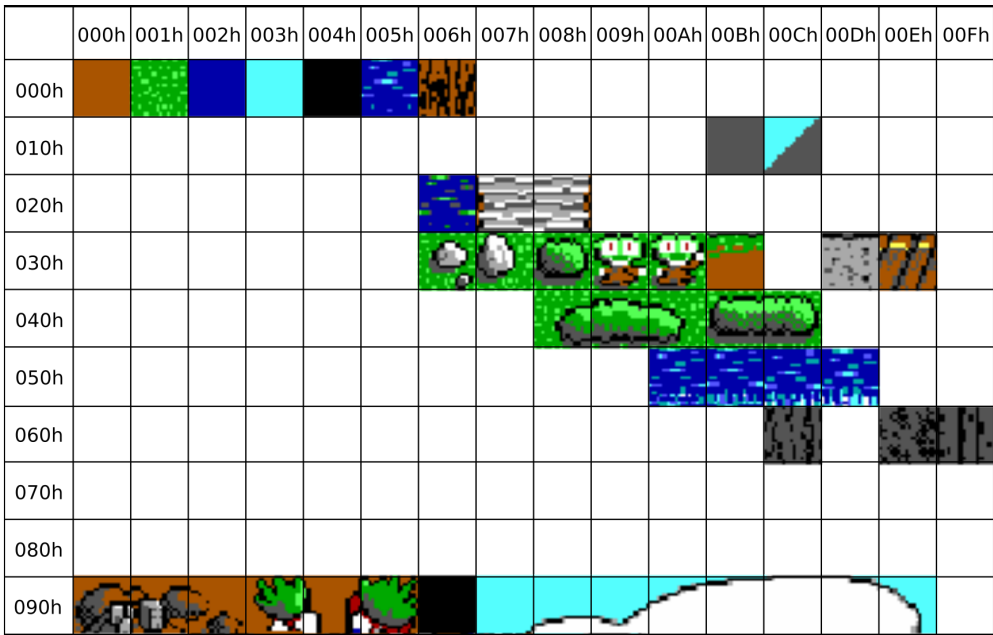
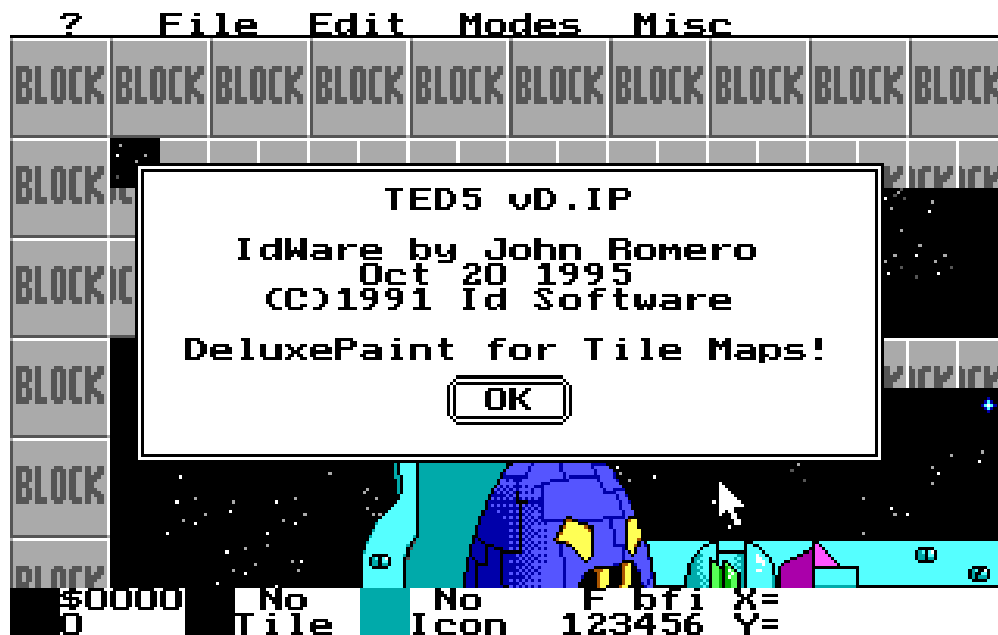


Figure 9: Background (Tile-16) and foreground (masked Tile-16) assets.

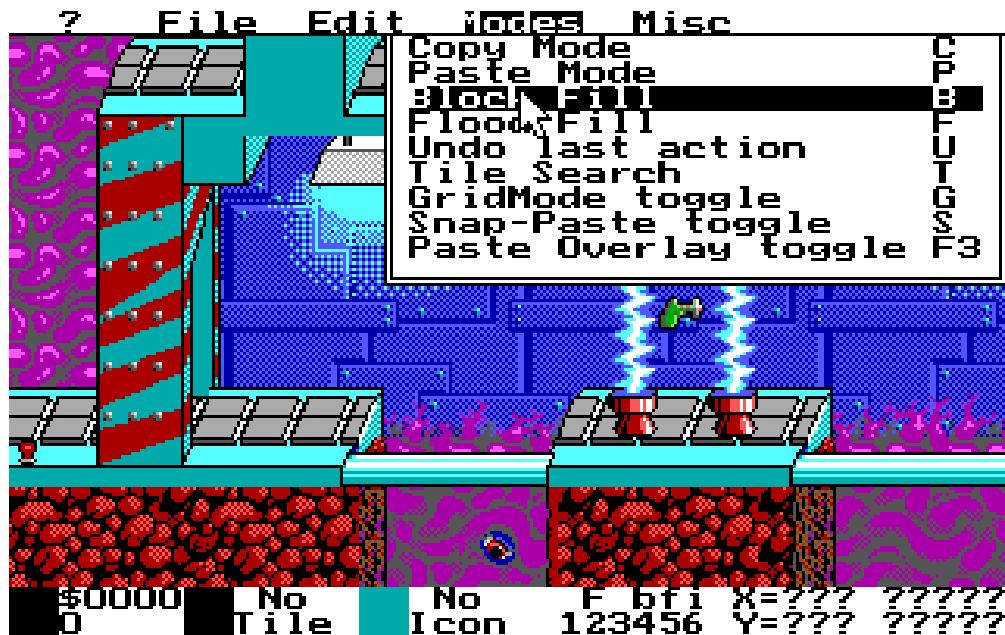
0.3 Maps

Maps were created using an in-house editor called TED5, short for Tile EDitor. Over the years TED5 had improvements and the same tool is later used for creating maps for both side-scrolling games and top-down games like *Wolfenstein 3D*.

TED5 is not stand-alone; in order to start, it needs an asset archive and the associated header (as described in the graphic asset workflow Figure 4 on page 6). This way, tile IDs are directly encoded in the map.



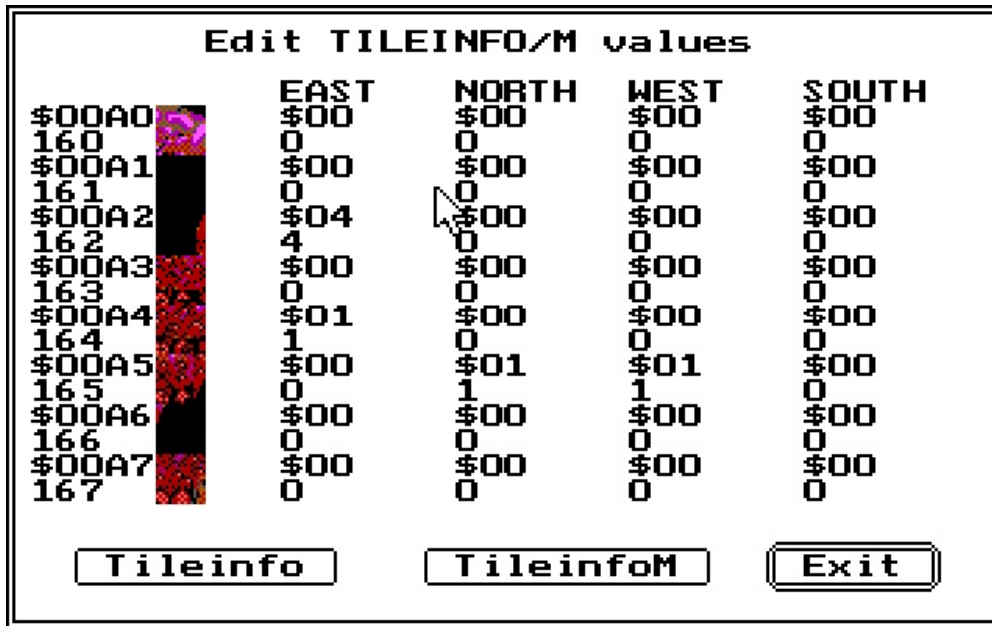
Trivia : The suffix, "vD.IP", was put in by the Rise of the Triad team in 1994. It stood for "Developers of Incredible Power".



TED5 allows placement of tiles on layers called "planes". In Commander Keen, there are three type of planes:

- Background plane tiles
- Foreground plane tiles, which is a mask over the background plane
- Information plane tiles, containing location of actors and special places

A level is created by placing tiles on each of these three layers. Each foreground and background tile could be enriched with additional tile information. It controls how everything interacts with tiles, like tile clipping, "deadly" tiles and animated tiles.



Just like IGRAB, the TED5 tool packed all levels together in a compressed MAP archive and generated a HEAD and DICT file (KDR-extension).

0.3.1 Map header structure

The map header structure is part of the engine code and contains a header offset and size, which refers to the location and size in the KDREAMS.MAP archive file.

```
typedef struct
{
    unsigned RLEWtag;           // RLE flag
    long headeroffsets[100];
    byte headersize[100];      // headers are very small
    byte tileinfo[];
} mapfiletype;
```

A maximum of 100 maps is supported in the game. The tileinfo[] data contains information for tile interaction.

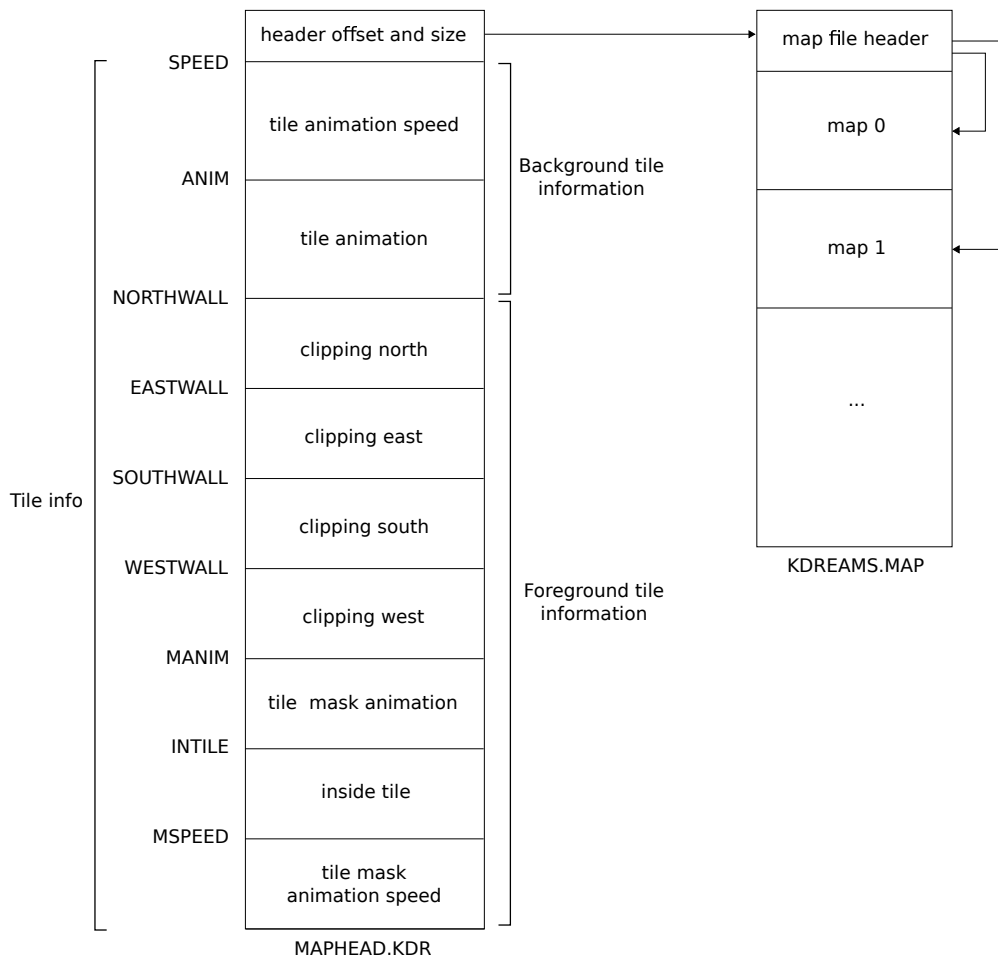


Figure 10: Structure of MAPHEAD.KDR header file.

For background tile animation two information tables are defined: **tile animation** and **tile animation speed**. The tile animation refers which tile, relative to this tile, the tile will animate to. In Table 1 the next animation after tile #90 is #91 (+1), followed by #92 (+1) and #93 (+1). After tile #93 (-3) the sequence is going back to tile #90. The animation speed is expressed in number of ticks before the next tile is displayed.

index	tile animation	tile animation speed
0	0	0
1	0	0
...
57	1	32
58	-1	24
...
90	1	8
91	1	8
92	1	8
93	-3	8
...

Table 1: Background tile animation.

The foreground tiles contain, beside tile animation (similar like background tiles), also clipping and 'inside' tile information.

The clipping tables contain how Commander Keen is clipped against foreground tiles. 'Inside' tile information is used to climb on a pole and mimics Commander Keen going through a floor opening ('inside' the tile). In section ?? (see page ??) both the clipping and 'inside' logic is further explained.

index	clip north	clip east	clip south	clip west	inside tile
...
238	0	1	5	0	0
239	0	0	0	0	0
240	0	0	5	0	0
241	0	0	0	0	128
242	1	1	1	1	128
243	1	0	1	0	0
244	0	0	2	0	0
...

Table 2: Foreground tile clipping and 'inside' tile information.

0.3.2 Map archive structure

The structure of KDREAMS.MAP archive is explained in Figure 11. For each map there is a small header containing the width, height and name of the map as well as a reference pointer to each of the three planes. Each plane exists out of a map of tile numbers for background, foreground and info.

```
typedef struct
{
    long        planestart[3];
    unsigned    planelength[3];
    unsigned    width,height;
    char        name[16];
} maptype;
```

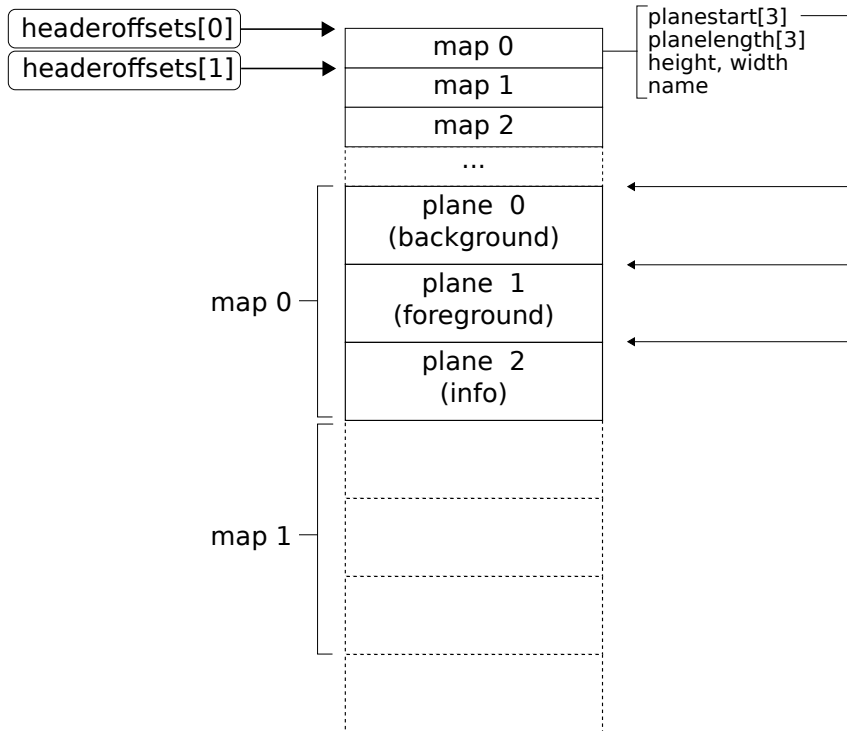


Figure 11: Structure of KDREAMS.MAP file.

0.4 Audio

0.4.1 Sounds

The original Commander Keen Trilogy did only support the default PC Speaker. With the introduction of Commander Keen in Keen Dreams the team decided to support sound cards as well.

Trivia : Apogee, the publisher of Ideas from the Deep, didn't publish any game with AdLib support until *Dark Ages* in 1991. And even then it still had pc speaker music.

id Software intended for Keen Dreams to have music and digital effects support for the SoundBlaster & Sound Source devices. In fact, Bobby Prince composed the song "You've Got to Eat Your Vegetables!!" for the game's introduction. However, Softdisk Publishing wanted Keen Dreams to fit on a single 360K floppy disk, and in order to do this, id Software had to scrap the game's music at the last minute. The team didn't even have time to remove the music setup menu.



Figure 12: Setup music menu in Keen Dreams, although there is no music in the game.

Trivia : The song "You've Got to Eat Your Vegetables!!" would finally make its debut in Commander Keen IV: Secret of the Oracle.

As a consequence, only two sets of each audio effect are shipped with the game:

1. For PC Speaker
2. For AdLib

Game music was not introduced until Commander Keen IV.

All sound effects are done by Robert Prince. Sound effects are created using Cakewalk and inhouse MUSE tool, which is extensively described in *Wolfenstein 3D*⁴ Just like described before, the MUSE tool packed all sound effects together in a compressed SOUND archive and generated a HEAD, DICT file and a C header file with asset IDs.

0.5 Distribution

On December 14th, 1990 the first episode was released via Apogee. Episodes 1-5 are all published by Apogee Software. The game engine and first episode were given for free and encourages to be copied and distributed to a maximum number of people. To receive the other episodes, each player had to pay \$30 (for Episode 1-3) to *ideas from the Deep*.

Commander Keen in Keen Dreams was published as a retail title by Softdisk, as part of a settlement for using Softdisk resources to make their own game⁵.

⁴See Wolfenstein 3D Blackbook, section 3.6 on page 94.

⁵The settlement with Softdisk is explained in Appendix ??



Figure 13: Retail version of Commander Keen in Keen Dreams by Softdisk.

In 1990, the Internet was still in its infancy and the best medium was the 3½-inch floppy disk. The game shipped as follows:

The files can be divided in seven parts:

- KDREAMS.EXE: Game engine.
- KDREAMS.EGA: Contains all the assets (sprites, tiles) needed during the game.
- KDREAMS.AUD: Sound effect files.
- KDREAMS.MAP: Contains all levels layouts.
- KDREAMS.CMP: Introduction picture of the game, which is a compressed LBM image file.

- Softdisk Help Library files, which are text screens, shown when starting the game
 - START.EXE: Decompress and show user guide, and then start the game.
 - LOADSCN.EXE: Shows the closing screen when quitting the game. Decompresses the ENDSCN.SCN chunk in LAST.SHL
 - *.SHL: Text user guide assets.
- Several *.TXT files which can be read in DOS by typing the corresponding *.BAT file.

```

Directory of C:\KDREAMS\
.                <DIR>                16-05-2023  21:04
..               <DIR>                16-05-2023  20:52
BKGMND  SHL                285 16-05-2023  20:59
FILE_ID DIZ                508 16-05-2023  20:59
HELP    BAT                34 16-05-2023  20:59
HELPINFO TXT              1,038 16-05-2023  20:59
INSTRUCT SHL             2,763 16-05-2023  20:59
KDREAMS AUD              3,498 16-05-2023  20:59
KDREAMS CFG              656 16-05-2023  21:00
KDREAMS CMP             14,189 16-05-2023  20:59
KDREAMS EGA            213,045 16-05-2023  20:59
KDREAMS EXE            354,691 04-05-2023  19:40
KDREAMS MAP             65,673 16-05-2023  20:59
LAST    SHL             1,634 16-05-2023  20:59
LICENSE DOC             8,347 16-05-2023  20:59
LOADSCN EXE             9,959 16-05-2023  20:59
MENU    SHL              447 16-05-2023  20:59
NAME    SHL              21 16-05-2023  20:59
ORDER   SHL             1,407 16-05-2023  20:59
PRODUCTS SHL            4,629 16-05-2023  20:59
QUICK   SHL             3,211 16-05-2023  20:59
README  TXT             1,714 16-05-2023  20:59
START   EXE            17,446 16-05-2023  20:59
VENDOR  BAT              32 16-05-2023  20:59
VENDOR  DOC            11,593 16-05-2023  20:59
VENDOR  TXT              810 16-05-2023  20:59
  24 File(s)          717,630 Bytes.
   2 Dir(s)          262,111,744 Bytes free.

C:\KDREAMS>

```

Figure 14: All Keen Dreams files as they appear in DOS command prompt.