

NAME

CUTEST_csetup_threaded – CUTEst tool to set up the data structures for constrained minimization.

SYNOPSIS

CALL CUTEST_csetup_threaded(status, input, out, threads, IO_BUFFER, n, m, X, X_l, X_u, Y, C_l, C_u, EQUATN, LINEAR, e_order, l_order, v_order)

DESCRIPTION

The CUTEST_csetup_threaded subroutine sets up the correct data structures for subsequent threaded computations on the problem decoded from a SIF file by the script *sifdecode*. The problem under consideration is to minimize or maximize an objective function $f(x)$ over all $x \in R^n$ subject to general equations $c_i(x) = 0$, ($i \in 1, \dots, m_E$), general inequalities $c_i^l(x) \leq c_i(x) \leq c_i^u(x)$, ($i \in m_E + 1, \dots, m$), and simple bounds $x^l \leq x \leq x^u$. The objective function is group-partially separable and all constraint functions are partially separable.

ARGUMENTS

The arguments of CUTEST_csetup_threaded are as follows

status [out] - integer

the output status: 0 for a successful call, 1 for an array allocation/deallocation error, 2 for an array bound error, 3 for an evaluation error, 4 for an out-of-range thread,

input [in] - integer

the unit number for the decoded data; the unit from which OUTSDIF.d is read,

out [in] - integer

the unit number for any error messages,

threads [in] - integer

the total number of independent evaluation threads that are required,

IO_BUFFER [in] - integer

an array of different unit numbers, one entry for each thread, for any internal input/output,

n [out] - integer

the number of variables for the problem,

m [out] - integer

the total number of general constraints,

X [out] - real/double precision

an array that gives the initial estimate of the solution of the problem,

X_l [out] - real/double precision

an array that gives lower bounds on the variables,

X_u [out] - real/double precision

an array that gives upper bounds on the variables,

Y [out] - real/double precision

an array that gives the initial estimate of the Lagrange multipliers at the solution of the problem. By convention, the signs of the Lagrange multipliers Y are set so the Lagrangian function can be written as $l(x, y) = f(x) + y^T c(x)$,

C_l [out] - real/double precision

an array that gives lower bounds on the inequality constraints,

C_u [out] - real/double precision

an array that gives upper bounds on the inequality constraints,

EQUATN [out] - logical

a logical array whose i -th component is `.TRUE.` if the i -th constraint is an equation (i in E) and `.FALSE.` if the constraint is an inequality (i in I),

LINEAR [out] - logical

a logical array whose i-th component is `.TRUE.` if the i-th constraint is linear or affine and `.FALSE.` otherwise,

e_order [in] - integer

if the user wishes the general equations to occur before the general inequalities in the list of constraints, `e_order` must be set to 1. If the general equations should follow the general inequalities, `e_order` must be set to 2. If the order is unimportant, `e_order` should be set to 0; any value except 1 and 2 will be interpreted as 0,

l_order [in] - integer

if the user wishes the general linear (or affine) constraints to occur before the general nonlinear ones in the list of constraints, `l_order` must be set to 1. If the general linear constraints should follow the general nonlinear ones, `l_order` must be set to 2. If the order is unimportant, `l_order` should be set to 0; any value except 1 and 2 will be interpreted as 0,

v_order [in] - integer

if the user wishes the nonlinear variables to occur before those that only appear linearly in the problem, in the list of variables, `v_order` must be set to 1; within the nonlinear variables the smaller set of either the nonlinear objective or nonlinear Jacobian variables will appear first. If the nonlinear variables must follow the linear ones, `v_order` should be set to 2. If the order is unimportant, `v_order` should be set to 0; any value except 1 and 2 will be interpreted as 0.

APPLICATION USAGE

A call to `CUTEST_csetup_threaded` must precede calls to other threaded evaluation tools, except `CUTEST_cdimen`, for generally-constrained problems.

AUTHORS

I. Bongartz, A.R. Conn, N.I.M. Gould, D. Orban and Ph.L. Toint

SEE ALSO

CUTEr (and SifDec): A Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment, revisited,
N.I.M. Gould, D. Orban and Ph.L. Toint,
ACM TOMS, **29**:4, pp.373-394, 2003.

CUTE: Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment, I. Bongartz, A.R. Conn, N.I.M. Gould and Ph.L. Toint, TOMS, **21**:1, pp.123-160, 1995.

`cutest_usetup_threaded(3M)`, `sifdecode(1)`.

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if the user wishes the nonlinear variables to occur before those that only appear linearly in the problem, in the list of variables, `v_order` must be set to 1; within the nonlinear variables the smaller set of either the nonlinear objective or nonlinear Jacobian variables will appear first. If the nonlinear variables must follow the linear ones, `v_order` should be set to 2. If the order is unimportant, `v_order` should be set to 0; any value except 1 and 2 will be interpreted as 0.

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