NAME

　　　　CUTEST_cgr – CUTEst tool to evaluate constraints gradients and gradient of objective/Lagrangian function.

SYNOPSIS

　　　　CALL CUTEST_cgr(status, n, m, X, Y, grlagf, G, jtrans, lj1, lj2, J_val)

DESCRIPTION

　　　　The CUTEST_cgr subroutine evaluates the gradients of the general constraints and of either the objective function $f(x)$ or the Lagrangian function $l(x, y) = f(x) + y^T c(x)$ corresponding to the problem decoded from a SIF file by the script *sifdecoder* at the point $(x, y) = (X,Y)$.

　　　　The problem under consideration is to minimize or maximize an objective function $f(x)$ over all $x \in R^n$ subject to general equations $c_i(x) = 0$, $(i \in 1, \ldots, m_E)$, general inequalities $c_i^l \leq c_i(x) \leq c_i^{u,}$ $(i \in m_E + 1, \ldots, m)$, and simple bounds $x^l \leq x \leq x^{u.}$ The objective function is group-partially separable and all constraint functions are partially separable.

ARGUMENTS

　　　　The arguments of CUTEST_cgr are as follows

　　　　status [out] - integer

　　　　　　the outputr status: 0 for a succesful call, 1 for an array allocation/deallocation error, 2 for an array bound error, 3 for an evaluation error,

　　　　n [in] - integer

　　　　　　the number of variables for the problem,

　　　　m [in] - integer

　　　　　　the total number of general constraints,

　　　　X [in] - real/double precision

　　　　　　an array which gives the current estimate of the solution of the problem,

　　　　Y [in] - real/double precision

　　　　　　an array which should give the Lagrange multipliers whenever grlagf is set .TRUE. but need not otherwise be set,

　　　　grlagf [in] - logical

　　　　　　a logical variable which should be set .TRUE. if the gradient of the Lagrangian function is required and .FALSE. if the gradient of the objective function is sought,

　　　　G [out] - real/double precision

　　　　　　an array which gives the value of the gradient of the objective or Lagrangian function evaluated at X and Y,

　　　　jtrans [in] - logical

　　　　　　a logical variable which should be set .TRUE. if the transpose of the constraint Jacobian is required and .FALSE. if the Jacobian itself is wanted. The Jacobian matrix is the matrix whose i-th row is the gradient of the i-th constraint function,

　　　　lj1 [in] - integer

　　　　　　the actual declared size of the leading dimension of J_val (with lj1 no smaller than n if jtrans is .TRUE. or m if jtrans is .FALSE.),

　　　　lj2 [in] - integer

　　　　　　the actual declared size of the trailing dimension of J_val (with lj2 no smaller than m if jtrans is .TRUE. or n if jtrans is .FALSE.),

　　　　J_val [out] - real/double precision

　　　　　　a two-dimensional array of dimension (lj1, lj2) which gives the value of the Jacobian matrix of the constraint functions, or its transpose, evaluated at X. If jtrans is .TRUE., the i,j-th component of the array will contain the i-th derivative of the j-th constraint function. Otherwise, if jtrans is .FALSE., the i,j-th component of the array will contain the j-th derivative of the i-th constraint function.

AUTHORS

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SEE ALSO

CUTEst: a Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment with safe threads,
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Computational Optimization and Applications **60**:3, pp.545-557, 2014.

CUTEr (and SifDec): A Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment, revisited,
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