#### **NAME**

CUTEST\_csgreh\_threaded - CUTEst tool to evaluate the constraint gradients, the Lagrangian Hessian in finite element format and the gradient of either the objective/Lagrangian in sparse format.

#### **SYNOPSIS**

CALL CUTEST\_csgreh\_threaded( status, n, m, X, Y, grlagf, nnzj, lj, J\_val, J\_var, J\_fun, ne, lhe\_ptr, HE\_row\_ptr, HE\_val\_ptr, lhe\_row, HE\_row, lhe\_val, HE\_val, byrows, thread)

#### DESCRIPTION

The CUTEST\_csgreh\_threaded subroutine evaluates both the gradients of the general constraint functions and the Hessian matrix of the Lagrangian function  $l(x, y) = f(x) + y^{T}c(x)$  for the problem decoded into OUTSDIF.d at the point (x, y) = (X, Y). This Hessian matrix is stored as a sparse matrix in finite element format

$$H = \sum_{e=1}^{ne} H_{e},$$

 $H = \sum_{e=1}^{ne} H_{e},$  where each square symmetric element  $H_e$  involves a small subset of the rows of the Hessian matrix. The subroutine also obtains the gradient of either the objective function or the Lagrangian function, stored in a sparse format.

The problem under consideration consists in minimizing (or maximizing) an objective function f(x) over all  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$  subject to general equations  $c_i(x) = 0$ ,  $(i \in 1, ..., m_E)$ , general inequalities  $c_i^l(x) \le c_i(x) \le c_i^u(x)$ ,  $(i \in m_E + 1, ..., m)$ , and simple bounds  $x^l \le x \le x^u$ . The objective function is group-partially separable and all constraint functions are partially separable.

#### **ARGUMENTS**

The arguments of CUTEST\_csgreh\_threaded are as follows

status [out] - integer

the outputr status: 0 for a successful call, 1 for an array allocation/deallocation error, 2 for an array bound error, 3 for an evaluation error, 4 for an out-of-range thread,

n [in] - integer

the number of variables for the problem,

m [in] - integer

the total number of general constraints,

X [in] - real/double precision

an array which gives the current estimate of the solution of the problem,

**Y** [in] - real/double precision

an array which gives the Lagrange multipliers,

grlagf [in] - logical

a logical variable which should be set .TRUE. if the gradient of the Lagrangian function is required and .FALSE. if the gradient of the objective function is sought,

nnzj [out] - integer

the number of nonzeros in J val,

**HE\_row** [out] - integer

an array which holds a list of the row indices involved which each element. Those for element i directly preced those for element i+1, i = 1, ..., ne-1. Since the elements are symmetric, HE\_row is also the list of column indices involved with each element.

li [in] - integer

the actual declared dimensions of J val, J var and J fun,

J val [out] - real/double precision

an array which gives the values of the nonzeros of the gradients of the objective, or Lagrangian, and general constraint functions evaluated at X and Y. The i-th entry of J\_val gives the value of the derivative with respect to variable J\_var(i) of function J\_fun(i),

#### J\_var [out] - integer

an array whose i-th component is the index of the variable with respect to which J\_val(i) is the derivative,

# J\_fun [out] - integer

an array whose i-th component is the index of the problem function whose value  $J_val(i)$  is the derivative.  $J_fun(i) = 0$  indicates the objective function whenever grlagf is .FALSE. or the Lagrangian function when grlagf is .TRUE., while  $J_fun(i) = j > 0$  indicates the j-th general constraint function.

## ne [out] - integer

the number, ne, of "finite-elements" used,

#### **lhe\_ptr** [in] - integer

the actual declared dimensions of HE\_row\_ptr and HE\_val\_ptr,

## **HE\_row\_ptr** [out] - integer

HE\_row\_ptr(i) points to the position in HE\_row of the first row index involved with element number e: the row indices of element number e are stored in HE\_row between the indices HE\_row\_ptr(e) and HE\_row\_ptr(e+1)-1. HE\_row\_ptr(ne+1) points to the first empty location in HE\_row,

## **HE\_val\_ptr** [out] - integer

HE\_val\_ptr(i) points to the position in HE\_val of the first nonzero involved with element number i: the values involved in element number e are stored in HE\_val between the indices HE\_val\_ptr(e) and HE\_val\_ptr(e+1)-1. HE\_val\_ptr(ne+1) points to the first empty location in HE\_val,

#### **lhe row** [in] - integer

the actual declared dimension of HE\_row,

#### **HE\_row** [out] - integer

an array which holds a list of the row indices involved which each element. Those for element e directly preced those for element e+1, e=1, ..., ne-1. Since the elements are symmetric, HE\_row is also the list of column indices involved with each element.

# lhe\_val [in] - integer

the actual declared dimension of HE\_val,

# **HE\_val** [out] - real/double precision

an array of the nonzeros in the upper triangle of  $H_e$ , evaluated at X and stored by rows, or by columns. Those for element e directly proceed those for element, e+1, i=1,..., ne-1. Element number e contains the values stored between

```
HE_val( HE_val_ptr(e) ) and HE_val( HE_val_ptr(e+1)-1 )
```

and involves the rows/columns stored between

```
HE_row( HE_row_ptr(e) ) and HE_row( HE_row_ptr(e+1)-1 ).
```

## byrows [in] - logical

must be set to .TRUE. if the upper triangle of each H\_i is to be stored by rows, and to .FALSE. if it is to be stored by columns,

# thread [in] - integer

thread chosen for the evaluation; threads are numbered from 1 to the value threads set when calling CUTEST csetup threaded.

#### AUTHORS

I. Bongartz, A.R. Conn, N.I.M. Gould, D. Orban and Ph.L. Toint

# **SEE ALSO**

CUTEr (and SifDec): A Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment, revisited, N.I.M. Gould, D. Orban and Ph.L. Toint,

ACM TOMS, 29:4, pp.373-394, 2003.

CUTE: Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment, I. Bongartz, A.R. Conn, N.I.M. Gould and Ph.L. Toint, TOMS, 21:1, pp.123-160, 1995.

cutest\_ugreh\_threaded(3M), sifdecoder(1).

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#### **ARGUMENTS**

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#### **lhe row** [in] - integer

the actual declared dimension of HE\_row,

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