NAME

runcutest - CUTEst interface to solvers.

SYNOPSIS

runcutest --package *pack* [--architecture *arch*] [--single] [--help] [--keep] [--rebuild] [--stash] [--output 0/I] [--limit *secs*] [--cfortran] [--debug] [--uncons] [-L*path/to/lib*] [--blas *keyword*] [--lapack *keyword*] [--decode *problem*[.SIF]]

DESCRIPTION

runcutest is the CUTEst interface to solvers. It replaces its predecessor CUTEr's combination of **runpackage**, pkg and sdpkg. The command accepts options in short or long form. Any option that is not directly recognized is passed unchanged to the SIF decoder, sifdecoder(1).

runcutest reads suitable architecture-dependent environment variables and then compiles and links all the relevant source files and libraries to form an executable of the package *package* running on problem *problem*.

The user has the opportunity to run commands before and after the run if need be. **runcutest** executes the script *package*_pre, if it exists, before the run. Similarly, it executes the script *package*_post, if it exists, after completion of the run.

runcutest Options

You can start runcutest with the following options. An option can be used either in short or long form.

-p, --package pack

Specifies the package or solver, *pack* to use. See the section **Currently Supported Packages** below. This is the only mandatory option.

-A, --architecture arch

Run the decoder using the architecture *arch*; the architeture is a string of the form machine.system.compiler as specified in the directory \$CUTEST/versions. If no -A option is given, a valid architecture given by the environment variable \$MYARCH will be used, but if \$MYARCH is invalid or empty the decoder will terminate.

-sp, --single

Run package in single-precision mode if available. Double precision is the default.

-h, --help

Print a short help message with the available command-line options.

-k, --keep

Keep the generated executable after use. May be useful when solving a particular problem with the same solver with different parameters. Deleting the executable after use is the default. This option is incompatible with -S.

-r, --rebuild

Force recompilation of the test problem. Default is to reuse object files.

-S. --stash

Stash problem files (code and data) away in a temporary directory so as not to pollute the working directory. This option is incompatible with –k.

-0, --**output** 0/1

Regulates the output level. Verbose mode is -o 1, silent mode is -o 0. Silent mode is the default.

-l, --limit secs

Sets a limit of secs second on the package runtime. Unlimited cputime is the default.

-c, --cfortran

Causes specialized compiler options to be used to specify that the main subroutine of *package* is written in C. This is necessary with some compilers, such as the Intel Fortran Compiler.

18 Feb 2013

-Lpath/to/lib

This option is passed directly to the linker and causes the path *path/to/lib* to be searched for libraries. Useful to specify custom BLAS and LAPACK libraries.

-b, −−blas *keyword*

Overrides usage of the default *linpack* library packaged with CUTEst. Instead, use the BLAS library specified by *keyword*. The keyword *keyword* has one of two forms. The first, *-lmyblas* causes the linker to search for BLAS subprograms in the libmyblas.a library. The second, *none*, causes the linker to skip inclusion of any external BLAS. Use the first option if an optimized BLAS library is available on the host system, e.g., the ATLAS BLAS. The second option is useful for packages which already include the necessary BLAS subprograms. Use of *none* may be useful if *package* already includes the BLAS subroutines on which it relies.

-K, --lapack keyword

Overrides usage of the default *linpack* library packaged with CUTEst. Instead, use the LAPACK library specified by *keyword*. The keyword *keyword* has one of two forms. The first, *-lmylapack* causes the linker to search for LAPACK subroutines in the libmylapack.a library. The second, *none*, causes the linker to skip inclusion of any external LAPACK. Use the first option if an optimized LAPACK library is available on the host system. The second option is useful for packages which already include the necessary LAPACK subprograms. Use of *none* may be useful if *package* already includes the LAPACK subroutines on which it relies.

-**D**, --decode problem[.SIF]

Applies the SIF decoder to the problem *problem.SIF* to produce the OUTSDIF.d file and the problem-dependant Fortan subroutines. If this flag is not specified, **runcutest** assumes that the problem has been decoded prior to the call.

additional command-line options

Any command-line option not documented in this manual page and/or in the help message of **run-cutest** is passed unchanged to the SIF decoder. See the **sifdecode** manual page for more information.

CURRENTLY SUPPORTED PACKAGES

There are currently interfaces to the following packages:

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See E. G. Birgin, R. Castillo and J. M. Martinez, *Numerical comparison of Augmented Lagrangian algorithms for nonconvex problems*, Computational Optimization and Applications 31, 31-56 (2005).

http://www.ime.usp.br/~egbirgin/tango/codes.php

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http://www.math.ufl.edu/~hager/papers/CG/

cgplus

The CG+ package is a nonlinear conjugate-gradient algorithm designed for unconstrained minimization by G. Liu, Jorge Nocedal and Richard Waltz (Northwestern U.).

http://users.eecs.northwestern.edu/~nocedal/CG+.html

cobyla

See M.J.D. Powell, A direct search optimization method that models the objective and constraint functions by linear interpolation, In Advances in optimization and numerical analysis, Proceedings of the Sixth workshop on Optimization and Numerical Analysis, Oaxaca, Mexico, volume 275 of Mathematics and its Applications, pp 51--67. Kluwer Academic Publishers (1994).

derchk

This package checks the dervatives supplied in the problem SIF file, and is due to Dominique Orban from Ecole Polytechnique de Montreal.

dfo

See A. R. Conn, K. Scheinberg and Ph.L. Toint, *On the convergence of derivative-free methods for unconstrained optimization*, Approximation Theory and Optimization: Tributes to M. J. D. Powell, Eds. A. Iserles and M. Buhmann, 83-108, Cambridge University Press (1997).

https://projects.coin-or.org/Dfo

direstsearch

The Direct Search suite provides a variety of pattern-search methods for derivative-free optimization and was written by Liz Dolan, Adam Gurson, Anne Shepherd, Chris Siefert, Virginia Torczon and Amy Yates.

http://www.cs.wm.edu/~va/software/DirectSearch/direct_code/

filtersd

See R. Fletcher *A sequential linear constraint programming algorithm for NLP*, SIAM Journal on Optimization, 22(3), pp. 772-794 (2012).

http://www.coin-or.org/projects/filterSD.xml

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FilterSQP is a filter-based SQP method for large-scale nonlinear programming by Roger Fletcher and Sven Leyffer from the University of Dundee.

gen77, gen90, genc

These package simply illustrates how CUTEst tools may be called in fortran 77, fortran 90 and C; the result is of no consequence.

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This package writes the matrix data for the given problem in Harwell or Rutherford-Boeing sparse matrix forrmat, and was provded by Nick Gould from the Rutherford Appleton Laboratory.

ipopt

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https://projects.coin-or.org/Ipopt

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http://www.ziena.com/knitro.htm

la04

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linuoa

See M.J.D. Powell, The LINUOA software for linearly unconstrained optimization without derivatives,

http://www.netlib.org/na-digest-html/13/v13n42.html#2

logo

See R. J. Vanderbei and D. F. Shanno *An Interior-Point Algorithm for Nonconvex Nonlinear Programming*, 13 (1-3) pp 231-252 (1999).

http://www.princeton.edu/~rvdb/loqo/LOQO.html

matlab

Creates a Matlab binary to allow CUTEst calls from Matlab. See \$CUTEST/src/matlab/README.matlab to see how to use the binary with Matlab. Note that there is a simplified interface **cutest2matlab** that may be used in preference. The environment variable MYMATLAB must be set to point to the directory containing Matlab's mex executable.

minos

See B. A. Murtagh and M. A. Saunders. *A projected Lagrangian algorithm and its implementation for sparse nonlinear constraints*, Mathematical Programming Study 16, 84-117 (1982).

http://www.sbsi-sol-optimize.com/asp/sol_product_minos.htm

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See M. Pernice and H. F. Walker, *NITSOL: a Newton iterative solver for nonlinear systems*, Special Issue on Iterative Methods, SIAM J. Sci. Comput., 19, 302-318 (1998).

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http://people.sc.fsu.edu/~jburkardt/f_src/praxis/praxis.html

ql

See K. Schittkowski, *QL: A Fortran code for convex quadratic programming - User's guide, Version 2.11*, Report, Department of Mathematics, University of Bayreuth (2005).

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snopt

See P. E. Gill, W. Murray and M. A. Saunders, *SNOPT: An SQP algorithm for large-scale constrained optimization*, SIAM Review 47(1) 99-131 (2005).

http://www.sbsi-sol-optimize.com/asp/sol_product_snopt.htm

spg

See E. G. Birgin, J. M. Martinez and M. Raydan, *Algorithm 813: SPG - software for convex-con-strained optimization*, ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software 27 340-349, (2001).

http://www.ime.usp.br/~egbirgin/tango/codes.php

sqic

See P. E. Gill and E. Wong, *Methods for Convex and General Quadratic Programming*, Technical Report NA 10-1, Dept. of Mathematics, University of California, San Diego (latest version 2013).

stats The package collects statistics about the types of variables and constraints involved in a given problem, and was written by Dominique Orban from Ecole Polytechnique de Montreal.

stenmin

See A. Bouaricha, Algorithm 765: STENMIN – a software package for large, sparse unconstrained optimization using tensor methods, ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, 23(1) 81-90 (1997).

http://www.netlib.org/toms/765

tao

TAO is an object-oriented package for large-scale optimization written by Todd Munson, Jason Sarich, Stefan Wild, Steven Benson and Lois Curfman McInnes,

http://www.mcs.anl.gov/research/projects/tao/

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See R.B. Schnabel and T.-T. Chow, R. B. Schnabel and T.-T. Chow, *Algorithm 739: A software package for unconstrained optimization using tensor methods*, ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, 20(4) 518-530 (1994).

http://www.netlib.org/toms/739

test

This package makes calls to all of the appropriate CUTEst tools to check for errors.

tron

See C. Lin and J. J. More', *Newton's method for large bound-constrained optimization problems*, SIAM J. Optimization 9(4) 1100-1127 (1999).

http://www.mcs.anl.gov/~more/tron/

uncmin

See J. E. Koontz, R.B. Schnabel, and B.E. Weiss, *A modular system of algorithms for unconstrained minimization*, ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, 11(4) 419-440 (1985).

vf13

VF13 is a line-search SQP method for constrained optimization by Mike Powell from the University of Cambridge.

http://www.hsl.rl.ac.uk/archive/index.html

Interfaces to the obsolete packages *hsl_ve12*, *osl*, *va15*, *ve09* and *ve14* previously supported in CUTEr have been withdrawn.

The packages *derchk*, *gen77/90/c*, *hrb*, *stats* and *test* are supplied as part of the CUTEst distribution and should work "as is". Anyone wishing to use one of remaining packages will need to download and install it first. See the README in the relevant subdirectory of \$CUTEST/src for further instructions.

A file with each of supported package's name may be found in the directory \$CUTEST/packages/ and indicates default locations for the package's binary and options files. These files may be edited if necessary, or copied into \$CUTEST/packages/(arrchitecture)/(precision)/ to allow for architecture or precision specfic settings; **runcutest** will use the architecture/precision specfic directory version, if any, in preference to the default version.

ENVIRONMENT

CUTEST

Directory containing CUTEst.

SIFDECODE

Directory containing SIFDecode.

MYARCH

The default architecture.

MASTSIF

A pointer to the directory containing the CUTEst problems collection. If this variable is not set, the current directory is searched for *problem.SIF*. If it is set, the current directory is searched first, and if *problem.SIF* is not found there, \$MASTSIF is searched.

AUTHORS

I. Bongartz, A.R. Conn, N.I.M. Gould, D. Orban and Ph.L. Toint

SEE ALSO

CUTEst: a Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment with safe threads,

N.I.M. Gould, D. Orban and Ph.L. Toint,

Technical Report, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, 2013.

CUTEr (and SifDec): A Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment, revisited,

N.I.M. Gould, D. Orban and Ph.L. Toint, ACM TOMS, **29**:4, pp.373-394, 2003.

CUTE: Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment,

I. Bongartz, A.R. Conn, N.I.M. Gould and Ph.L. Toint,

ACM TOMS, 21:1, pp.123-160, 1995.

sifdecoder(1), cutest2matlab(1).

NAME

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SYNOPSIS

runcutest --package *pack* [--architecture *arch*] [--single] [--help] [--keep] [--rebuild] [--stash] [--output 0/I] [--limit *secs*] [--cfortran] [--debug] [--uncons] [-L*path/to/lib*] [--blas *keyword*] [--lapack *keyword*] [--decode *problem*[.SIF]]

DESCRIPTION

runcutest is the CUTEst interface to solvers. It replaces its predecessor CUTEr's combination of **runpackage**, pkg and sdpkg. The command accepts options in short or long form. Any option that is not directly recognized is passed unchanged to the SIF decoder, sifdecoder(1).

runcutest reads suitable architecture-dependent environment variables and then compiles and links all the relevant source files and libraries to form an executable of the package *package* running on problem *problem*.

The user has the opportunity to run commands before and after the run if need be. **runcutest** executes the script *package*_pre, if it exists, before the run. Similarly, it executes the script *package*_post, if it exists, after completion of the run.

runcutest Options

You can start runcutest with the following options. An option can be used either in short or long form.

-p, --package pack

Specifies the package or solver, *pack* to use. See the section **Currently Supported Packages** below. This is the only mandatory option.

-A, --architecture arch

Run the decoder using the architecture *arch*; the architeture is a string of the form machine.system.compiler as specified in the directory \$CUTEST/versions. If no -A option is given, a valid architecture given by the environment variable \$MYARCH will be used, but if \$MYARCH is invalid or empty the decoder will terminate.

-sp, --single

Run package in single-precision mode if available. Double precision is the default.

-h, --help

Print a short help message with the available command-line options.

-k, --keep

Keep the generated executable after use. May be useful when solving a particular problem with the same solver with different parameters. Deleting the executable after use is the default. This option is incompatible with -S.

-r, --rebuild

Force recompilation of the test problem. Default is to reuse object files.

-S. --stash

Stash problem files (code and data) away in a temporary directory so as not to pollute the working directory. This option is incompatible with –k.

-0, --**output** 0/1

Regulates the output level. Verbose mode is -o 1, silent mode is -o 0. Silent mode is the default.

-l, --limit secs

Sets a limit of secs second on the package runtime. Unlimited cputime is the default.

-c, --cfortran

Causes specialized compiler options to be used to specify that the main subroutine of *package* is written in C. This is necessary with some compilers, such as the Intel Fortran Compiler.

18 Feb 2013

-Lpath/to/lib

This option is passed directly to the linker and causes the path *path/to/lib* to be searched for libraries. Useful to specify custom BLAS and LAPACK libraries.

-b, −−blas *keyword*

Overrides usage of the default *linpack* library packaged with CUTEst. Instead, use the BLAS library specified by *keyword*. The keyword *keyword* has one of two forms. The first, *-lmyblas* causes the linker to search for BLAS subprograms in the libmyblas.a library. The second, *none*, causes the linker to skip inclusion of any external BLAS. Use the first option if an optimized BLAS library is available on the host system, e.g., the ATLAS BLAS. The second option is useful for packages which already include the necessary BLAS subprograms. Use of *none* may be useful if *package* already includes the BLAS subroutines on which it relies.

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-**D**, --decode problem[.SIF]

Applies the SIF decoder to the problem *problem.SIF* to produce the OUTSDIF.d file and the problem-dependant Fortan subroutines. If this flag is not specified, **runcutest** assumes that the problem has been decoded prior to the call.

additional command-line options

Any command-line option not documented in this manual page and/or in the help message of **run-cutest** is passed unchanged to the SIF decoder. See the **sifdecode** manual page for more information.

CURRENTLY SUPPORTED PACKAGES

There are currently interfaces to the following packages:

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direstsearch

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ql

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tenmin

See R.B. Schnabel and T.-T. Chow, R. B. Schnabel and T.-T. Chow, *Algorithm 739: A software package for unconstrained optimization using tensor methods*, ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, 20(4) 518-530 (1994).

http://www.netlib.org/toms/739

test

This package makes calls to all of the appropriate CUTEst tools to check for errors.

tron

See C. Lin and J. J. More', *Newton's method for large bound-constrained optimization problems*, SIAM J. Optimization 9(4) 1100-1127 (1999).

http://www.mcs.anl.gov/~more/tron/

uncmin

See J. E. Koontz, R.B. Schnabel, and B.E. Weiss, *A modular system of algorithms for unconstrained minimization*, ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, 11(4) 419-440 (1985).

vf13

VF13 is a line-search SQP method for constrained optimization by Mike Powell from the University of Cambridge.

http://www.hsl.rl.ac.uk/archive/index.html

Interfaces to the obsolete packages *hsl_ve12*, *osl*, *va15*, *ve09* and *ve14* previously supported in CUTEr have been withdrawn.

The packages *derchk*, *gen77/90/c*, *hrb*, *stats* and *test* are supplied as part of the CUTEst distribution and should work "as is". Anyone wishing to use one of remaining packages will need to download and install it first. See the README in the relevant subdirectory of \$CUTEST/src for further instructions.

A file with each of supported package's name may be found in the directory \$CUTEST/packages/ and indicates default locations for the package's binary and options files. These files may be edited if necessary, or copied into \$CUTEST/packages/(arrchitecture)/(precision)/ to allow for architecture or precision specfic settings; **runcutest** will use the architecture/precision specfic directory version, if any, in preference to the default version.

ENVIRONMENT

CUTEST

Directory containing CUTEst.

SIFDECODE

Directory containing SIFDecode.

MYARCH

The default architecture.

MASTSIF

A pointer to the directory containing the CUTEst problems collection. If this variable is not set, the current directory is searched for *problem.SIF*. If it is set, the current directory is searched first, and if *problem.SIF* is not found there, \$MASTSIF is searched.

AUTHORS

I. Bongartz, A.R. Conn, N.I.M. Gould, D. Orban and Ph.L. Toint

SEE ALSO

CUTEst: a Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment with safe threads,

N.I.M. Gould, D. Orban and Ph.L. Toint,

Technical Report, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, 2013.

CUTEr (and SifDec): A Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment, revisited,

N.I.M. Gould, D. Orban and Ph.L. Toint, ACM TOMS, **29**:4, pp.373-394, 2003.

CUTE: Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment,

I. Bongartz, A.R. Conn, N.I.M. Gould and Ph.L. Toint,

ACM TOMS, 21:1, pp.123-160, 1995.

sifdecoder(1), cutest2matlab(1).