# Programming day three: debugging, functions, and functional programming

Princeton Sociology Methods Camp

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### Feedback from last session

See Coding Feedback slides

## Data we'll be working with

**In-class lecture example**: same data as day 1 (AddHealth data)

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**Homework example**: CDC data where parents report that a vaccine caused autism in their child

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Source: National Public Radio

#### When do we write our own functions?

Times when user-written functions, often in conjunction with the apply family, come in handy, are:

- ▶ Repeat a process: on day 1, we reviewed how to use a for loop to avoid having to copy/paste code to repeat some process; functions can provide a more efficient and flexible way to avoid this repetition
- ▶ Transparency about what the code is doing: R has a plethora of packages that have built-in functions for many things we might want to do-for instance, the dplyr functions we reviewed yesterday that help with summary statistics; functions that facilitate "bootstrapped" quantities of interest. But what these functions are doing internally can be a black box, so to make sure we understand what's going on, we may want to write the function ourselves

## How to approach writing a function

- ► Ask yourself: "what problem am I trying to use this function to solve?"
- ▶ Once you've identified the problem, try writing code outside of the function to deal with a few simple cases of the problem
- ► Then, see what you can do to generalize the code from step two so that it can handle a variety of versions of the problem

#### Basic structure of a function

```
functionname <- function(argument1, argument2, argument3...)
{
  what to do
  return(what to return)
}</pre>
```

## For each example, we'll discuss as a class:

- 1. What problem is the function trying to solve?
- 2. What are the function's arguments in this case? (we may also for shorthand refer to these as a function's inputs)
- 3. What is the function doing with those arguments?
- 4. What does the function return? What class is it? (feel free to check using R)

## Live coding

Let's jump to our .qmd file to live code together!